

CALIFORNIA 6C ELECTRONIC TOLL COLLECTION STANDARD

VERSION 1.0

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to create and maintain a standard based on the ISO/IEC 18000-6C (known as 6C) communication protocol for tolling applications that use automatic vehicle identification (AVI). The guidance is intended for tag and reader manufacturers, toll lane vendors, system integrators, back-office providers, and other members of the RFID industry.

This programming standard meets the interoperability requirements developed by IBTTA's Roadside Interoperability Group.

1.2 Scope

This document addresses the following areas of interest:

- Memory Mapping
- Barcode Format
- Transponder Security and Data Integrity Validation
- Transponder Ordering and Delivery (Manifest Information)
- Compatibility with Existing Systems

1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

<i>TID</i>	Transponder Identification Gen2 transponder memory bank 10
<i>UM</i>	User Memory Gen2 transponder memory bank 11
<i>UII</i>	ISO/IEC 18000-6C transponder memory bank 01

2. MEMORY MAPPING

The ISO/IEC 18000-6C transponder memory is separated into four memory banks:

Bank 00	Reserved
Bank 10	TID
Bank 01	CRC, PC, Ull
Bank 11	User Memory

2.1 Reserved Memory Specification

The Reserved memory shall be programmed by the tag provider and contents shared with the issuing agency.

2.2 TID Memory Specification

The Transponder Identification (**TID**) memory shall contain a minimum of 64 bits (8 byte) unalterable unique chip ID programmed by the chip manufacturer. This field will not be specified to be any particular value, but it is assumed to be unique for all -6C chips, per the ISO 18000-6C standard.

2.3 Memory Bank 01 Specification

There are three memory areas contained with Memory Bank 01.

- Stored CRC – This 16 bit long area is stored at memory location 00h - 0Fh and is calculated by the transponder.
- Stored PC - This area is 16 bits long and is stored at memory location 10h – 1Fh. The PC word contains the Application Family Identifier (AFI) – an 8 bit identifier (the value being 0xB0) assigned to the 6C Toll Operators Coalition. This number has been assigned for tolling by ISO, along with the Data Storage Format Identifier (DSFID, value of 0x3E) and explicitly describes a tag belonging to the 6C Toll Operators Coalition.

This number can be used to filter the responses of tags to ensure that only toll tags are being read.

The PC word is encoded during chip initialization and is dependent on the type of chip being encoded, not on an individual tag's data.

- Ull – This area is at least 96 bits long and is stored beginning at memory location 20h. Any memory in excess of 96 bits is undefined and may be used by the issuing agency; however, the additional memory shall not interfere with any of the functionality contained in this document. The Ull shall provide read-only access to users. The issuing agency may lock write access permanently or may allow write access by a password maintained by the issuing agency.

2.3.1 MEMORY MAP

Area	#	Memory Address	Section	Description	Values
Stored CRC	1-16	00h-0Fh (16 bits)	Calculated	Area is calculated based on other transponder memory values per ISO 18000-6C specification.	Varies
Stored PC	1-5	10h-14h (5 bits)	Length	Number of 16 bit words in the UII	00110 = 6 words (indicates 96 bit UII) – will vary based on UII length
	6	15h (1 bit)	User Memory	Indicates status of the User Memory	0 = no user memory 1 = user memory available
	7	16h (1 bit)	XPC	Indicates status of extended tag features	0 = no XPC 1 = XPC available
	8	17h (1 bit)	Numbering System Indicator	Indicates if the tag is coded as an EPC or ISO tag.	0 = EPC 1 = ISO (correct value for 6C TOC applications)
	9-16	18h-1Fh (8 bits)	AFI	Application Family Identifier for 6C TOC – B0	1011 0000 = 6C TOC AFI (B0)
UII	1-8	20h-27h (8 bits)	DSFID	Data Storage Format Identifier for 6C TOC – 0x3E	0011 1110 = 6C TOC DSFID (3E)
	9 - 21	28h–34h (13 bits)	Agency Use	Individual agencies may add agency specific information here.	Assigned by agency
	22-33	35h-40h (1 bit) (5 bits)	Classification Class Vehicle Type	Classification is taken directly from 2.2 E-ZPass – IAG, 256 Bit Style #1, Format #1 and includes: The first bit indicates if the tag has been assigned a classification value. If 0 is selected, the following 11 bits shall be ignored. This field indicates the type of vehicle.	 0 = no class value assigned (default) 1 = class value assigned 00000 = undefined (default) 00001 = automobile 00010 = motorcycle 00011 = pickup truck 00100 = van (seats 1-9) 00101 = minibus (seats 10-15) 00110 = bus (seats 16+) 00111 = recreational vehicle 01000 = truck 01001 = auto transporter (≤ 65') 01010 = auto transporter (>65') 01011 = tractor & trailer (≤48') 01100 = tractor & trailer (>48') 01101 = tractor & dual trailers each (≤28.5') 01110 = tractor & dual trailers each (>28.5') 01111 = tractor & dual trailers each (one ≤28.5' other >28.5') 10000 = undefined 10001 = tractor/mobile home combination

Area	#	Memory Address	Section	Description	Values
		(4 bits)	Vehicle Axles	This field indicates the number of axles.	10010-11111 = undefined 0000 = undefined (default) 0001 = undefined 0010 = 2 axles 0011 = 3 axles 0100 = 4 axles 0101 = 5 axles 0110 = 6 axles 0111 = 7 axles 1000 = 8 axles 1001 = 9 axles 1010 = 10 axles 1011 = 11 axles 1100 = 12 axles 1101 = 13 axles 1110 = 14 axles 1111 = 15 axles
		(1bit)	Vehicle Weight	This field indicates the weight of vehicle.	0 = ≤ 7,000 lbs (default) 1 = > 7,000 lbs
		(1 bit)	Vehicle Rear Tires	This field indicates the number of rear tires.	0 = Single rear tires (default) 1 = Dual rear tires
	34-36	41h-43h (3 bits)	HOV Declaration	These three bits indicate the declaration status of the tag. All single mode transponders shall be assigned the default value – 000, unless they are carpool specific tags.	000 = single mode (default) 001 = SOV (non-carpool) 010 = HOV 2+ 011 = HOV 3+ 100 = Carpool (as defined by roadway) 101 = reserved for future use 110 = reserved for future use 111 = reserved for future use
	37-40	44h-47h (4 bits)	Version	There are 16 possible values to indicate the version of 6C TOC programming standard used on the tag.	0000 = unassigned 0001 = Ver. 1.0 0010 = Ver. 2.0 0011 = Ver. 3.0
	41-52	48h-53h (12 bits)	Agency	The Agency Code allows for up to 4,096 agencies. The known agencies are included in the values column. See Appendix A for details.	See Appendix A – Table of Agencies
	53-80	54h-6Fh (28 bits)	Transponder Serial Number	This identifies the particular tag within the agency. There are 268,435,456 values accommodated in this space. The values in this field will be assigned by each agency.	Assigned by agency
	81-96	70h-7Fh (16 bits)	Ull Validation (Hash Value)	This is calculated using the first 80 Ull bits and 32 byte key. Example is provided in Section 4.	Assigned at the time of transponder manufacturer. Calculated as per Section 5.

Table 1: Ull Memory Mapping

2.4 User Memory Specification

As of the publication date of this Version, none of the current 6C toll operators write to their tags, nor do any of them read the User memory. It is anticipated that this memory bank may be required to accommodate future group members or affiliates. The following general specifications shall apply.

The User memory shall have at least 512 bits (64 bytes) and shall NOT be read or write protected.

The User memory bank shall be designated as a temporary data field, where facilities may read and write whatever information is necessary, recognizing that the data may be overwritten at any time. For example, an agency operating a closed ticket type of system may choose to use this bank and write trip start date, time, location, and price as the trip begins and read this information at the conclusion of the trip. This could be used to compute the correct toll.

Any agency-specific use of User memory outside the specifications in this document should be closely coordinated to reduce the risk of future conflicts.

DSFID – Data Storage Format Identifier

The DSFID declares the data format for the data in User Memory. The User Memory portion of the tag shall have the following format:

#	Memory Address	Section	Description	Values
1-8	00h-07h (8 bits)	DSFID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data Storage Format Identifier 	0011 1110 = 6C TOC DSFID (3E)
9-20	08h-23h (12 bits)	Agency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 bit Agency Code. As assigned in the previous section. 	Section 2.3.1
21-27	24h-1Ah (7 bits)	Plaza ID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7 bit Plaza ID. Each operator may choose. 	To be defined by agencies using this field.
28-32	1Bh-1Fh (5 bits)	Lane ID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5 bit Lane ID. Each operator may choose. 	To be defined by agencies using this field.
33-57	20h-38h (25 bits)	Day/Time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 25 bit Day. Each operator may choose. (seconds since Jan 01 00:00:00) 	To be defined by agencies using this field.
58—60	39h-3Bh (3 bits)	Occupancy Setting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3 bit Occupancy. Each operator may choose. 	To be defined by agencies using this field.
61+	3Ch -	Undefined	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The remaining bits may be defined as individual agency needs arise. 	

Table 2: User Memory Mapping

3. TRANSPONDER REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Transponder Characteristics

3.1.1 MINIMUM ACTIVATION ENERGY

Tags shall have a minimum activation energy resulting in a read range between 7 m and 10 m.

3.1.2 RETURN SIGNAL STRENGTH (BACKSCATTER RANGE)

Tags shall have a minimum return signal strength resulting in a read of 14 m.

3.1.3 ANTENNA POLARIZATION AND POINTING LOSS

Tags shall be horizontally polarized.

Tag transmit and receive antenna loss in sensitivity shall not exceed 2.5 m loss in activation energy read range and return signal strength read range at +/- 15 degree tilt from horizontal angle, see Figure 1. For example, when a tag is not installed horizontally level ("crooked").

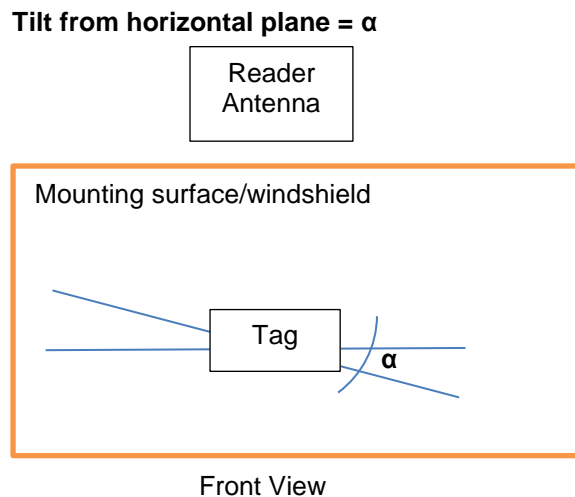


Figure 1. Diagram schematically depicting tilt from horizontal angle between tag placement and reader antenna.

Tags transmit and receive antenna loss in sensitivity shall not exceed 20% loss in minimum activation energy or return signal strength for tilt from vertical angles between 0 degrees to 45 degrees, see Figure 2. For example, this addresses windshield angles between steeply sloped windshields (sports car) and near vertical windshields (semi-tractor trailers).

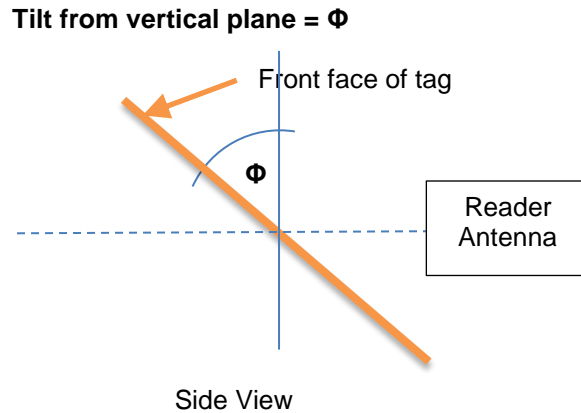


Figure 2. Diagram schematically depicting tilt from vertical angle between tag placement and reader antenna.

Tags transmit and receive antenna loss in sensitivity shall not exceed 20% loss in minimum activation energy or return signal strength at +/- 18 degree rotation from the horizontal plane, see Figure 3. For example, this addresses transponder mounting locations on flat windshields versus curved windshields and headlights.

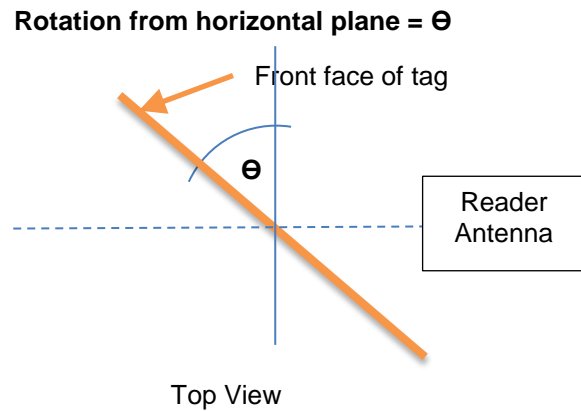


Figure 3. Diagram schematically depicting rotation from horizontal plane angle between tag placement and reader antenna.

4. BARCODE FORMAT

4.1 Barcode Format

The transponder barcode includes only the Agency Code and the Transponder Serial Number along with a check digit. The barcode shall be printed using EPC Code 128 and the code data digits shall be in decimal format AAAATTTTTTTTTTL where AAAA is the Agency Code as a 4-digit number with leading zeros, TTTTTTTTTT is the Transponder Serial Number (TSN) as a 10-digit number with leading zeros and L is the Luhn check digit computed using only the last 2 digits of the Agency Code and all 10 digits of the TSN.

Below the barcode the Agency Code, the TSN and the check digit shall be displayed in the following decimal format <AA>AA TTTTTTTTTT L. The printed Agency Code shall NOT contain leading zeros and shall be separated from the TSN by a double space., where <AA>AA is the Agency code excluding leading zeros. The TSN shall include the leading zeros (to fill all 10 digits) and shall be separated from the check digit number L by a double space.

<AA>AA TTTTTTTTTT L

Where:

<AA>AA = 4 digit Agency Code (leading zeroes not printed)

TTTTTTTTTT = 10 digit Transponder Serial Number (leading zeroes printed)

L = Check digit Luhn (mod10) coded – calculated based upon **<AA>AA** (third and fourth digits only) and **TTTTTTTTTT** (all ten digits)

For example, a transponder with serial number 12 for agency 77 would return 00770000000123 as the barcode content and the printed information below the barcode would be **77 000000012 3.**

Similarly for agency 449 a transponder with serial number 12 would return 04490000000122 as the barcode content and the printed information below the barcode would be **449 000000012 2.**

5. SECURITY AND DATA INTEGRITY VALIDATION

5.1 Overview

Transponder security is critical to the toll industry. It is anticipated that as more security features become available they will be evaluated and deployed, as appropriate. The following security measures are currently employed.

5.1.1 TID MEMORY BANK

The transponder identification number shall be uniquely assigned by the manufacturer. It shall be readable without a password, cannot be altered and must be unique.

5.1.2 UII MEMORY BANK

1. Read Password – The UII memory shall be readable without a password and mapped according to the requirement table in Section 2.3.1.
2. Write Password – The UII memory shall be writable with a password. The issuing agency shall be the only entity authorized to change the encoded bits on the transponder. The password shall be known only to the issuing agency.
3. UII Authentication/Validation – The UII memory data shall be authenticated with two hashed validation bytes. The UII Validation bytes can be used for transponder data verification and can also provide some level of transponder authentication. Further details are contained in Section 5.2
4. Encryption – Under development.

5.1.3 USER MEMORY BANK

1. Read Password – The User memory shall be readable without a password.
2. Write Password – The User memory shall be writable without a password.
3. Authentication/Validation – Authentication and validation shall not be used.
4. Encryption – Under development.

5.2 UII Validation

Below is example of how the UII validation bytes shall be calculated using:

1. The first 10 bytes of the UII (starting with the "DSFID" field)
2. The 32 byte key (determined by the tag issuing agency)
3. The bytes of the transponder TID¹ (length varies - see footnote)

For ensuring interagency interoperability and consistency between transponders manufactured by different vendors the open standard SHA1 hashing algorithm shall be used. The hashing sequence shall be:

- a. Concatenate the 10 UII memory bytes, the 32 byte key and the TID bytes to form a single byte sequence
- b. Determine the SHA1 hash of this byte sequence above
- c. For UII Validation the first 2 bytes from the 40 byte hash result shall be used.

UII Validation Reference Calculation is provided below:

UII 10 byte: **0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF**

Key 32 byte:

0x**AB**

TID (12 byte example): 0x00000000000000000000

Result 20 byte hash value: 0x**167F9C5B3933148B68AAD51EE3C4B5F858166451**

UII Validation bytes: 0x**167F**

The 12 UII bytes shall be encoded as: 0x**FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF167F**

Tags which are not fully serialized (that is, have at least a 48 bit unique serial number) will not conform to this standards document and should not be used for interoperable 6C tolling deployments.

¹ The TID length can vary per the ISO 18000-6C specification. For fully serialized tags, the complete header and serialized portion of the TID (which can be anywhere from 96 - 192 bits, given the allowable serial number length of 48 - 144 bits) will be used for the indicated calculations. Per the standard, the length of a transponder's TID serial number is indicated on each transponder, in bits 20h - 22h of the TID.
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6. TRANSPONDER ORDERING AND DELIVERY (MANIFEST INFORMATION)

To facilitate loading of data in back office transponder inventory on transponder delivery, manufacturers should provide a file with comma separated UII memory and TID. Each transponder entry should be on a new line:

12_Byte_UII_Memory,TID (length varies)

0101CE00010000000101CE8C ,E2003412012EC0FFEE041392²

² Note: Values shown are for illustrative purposes only and are not actual/valid EPC or TID values. A 12 byte TID is used for example purposes.

7. APPENDICES

7.1 Appendix A – Table of Agencies

Agency	Acronym	State	Status	Decimal	Hex	Binary
Reserved	N/A	N/A	Reserved	0	0	0000 0000 0000
Washington State Department of Transportation	WSDOT	WA	Assigned	77	4D	0000 0100 1101
Bay Area Toll Authority	BATA	CA	Assigned	101	65	0000 0110 0101
California Department of Transportation	CalTrans	CA	Assigned	102	66	0000 0110 0110
Transportation Corridor Agency	TCA	CA	Assigned	103	67	0000 0110 0111
			Unassigned	104	68	0000 0110 1000
Golden Gate Bridge, Highway and Tunnel District	GGBHTD	CA	Assigned	105	69	0000 0110 1001
Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority	LACMTA	CA	Assigned	106	6A	0000 0110 1010
Orange County Transportation Authority	OCTA	CA	Assigned	107	6B	0000 0110 1011
Riverside County Transportation Commission	RCTC	CA	Assigned	108	6C	0000 0110 1100
San Diego Association of Governments	SANDAG	CA	Assigned	109	6D	0000 0110 1101
Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority	VTA	CA	Assigned	110	6E	0000 0110 1110
South Bay Expressway, LLC	SBX	CA	Assigned	111	6F	0000 0110 1111
Sunol SMART Carpool Lanes Joint Powers Authority	Sunol JPA	CA	Assigned	112	70	0000 0111 0000
San Francisco County Transportation Authority	SFCTA	CA	Assigned	113	71	0000 0111 0001
San Bernardino Associated Governments	SANBAG	CA	Assigned	114	72	0000 0111 0010
Concession A25 sec	A25	QC	Assigned	115	73	0000 0111 0011
E-470	E-470	CO	Assigned	194	C2	0000 1100 0010
State Road & Toll Way Authority	SRTA	GA	Assigned	321	141	0001 0100 0001
Puerto Rico Highway and Transportation Authority	PRHTA	PR	Assigned	448	1C0	0001 1100 0000
Louisville-Southern Indiana Ohio River Bridges	LSIORB	KY	Assigned	449	1C1	0001 1100 0001
Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development	LADOTD	LA	Assigned	450	1C2	0001 1100 0010
Utah Department of Transportation	UDOT	UT	Reserved	1409	581	0101 1000 0001
Washington State Department of Transportation	WSDOT	WA	Reserved	1505	5E1	0101 1110 0001
Transportation Investment Corporation	TI Corp	BC	Assigned	2305	901	1001 0000 0001
Blue Water Bridge Authority	BWBA	ON	Assigned	2529	9E1	1001 1110 0001
Reserved for Testing	TEST	N/A	Reserved	4080 - 4095	FF0- FFF	1111 1111 0000- 1111 1111 1111

Table A-1: Agency IDs