

**Section 1 Sample Types and Frequencies**

**Section 1  
Sample Types  
and Frequencies**

**6-101 General**

**6-101  
General**

Sampling and testing materials or products and quality of work must be in strict accordance with contract specifications. Sampling and testing are of equal importance.

Samplers must be familiar with materials handling and processing methods as well as contract requirements. Their knowledge of testing must be sufficient to ensure compatibility between samples and test procedures.

It is the resident engineer’s responsibility to ensure the safety of the sampler. The sampler should report any hazardous conditions encountered to the resident engineer. The district weights and measures coordinator inspects material production plants for safety in areas that the sampler will enter.

**6-102 Types of Sampling and Testing**

**6-102  
Types of Sampling  
and Testing**

The following describes the different types of sampling and testing used by Caltrans.

6-102A Preliminary Tests

Preliminary tests are tests made prior to award of a contract. Construction personnel rarely sample for preliminary tests. Such tests are used for design purposes to provide data for the materials information package for prospective bidders.

6-102B Initial Samples and Tests

Initial samples and tests are performed on materials proposed for use in the project. These tests determine whether proposed materials or products meet specifications.

Construction personnel may sample potential sources. Tests may be performed by the district materials laboratory or the Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services, (METS) depending on their respective capabilities.

Soils and aggregate samples to be tested by METS must be forwarded by the district materials laboratory. Do not send them directly to METS.

Sampling and testing potential source materials is not mandatory unless specified. Charge the contractor for the cost of sampling and testing potential sources in accordance with Section 6, “Control of Materials,” of the *Standard Specifications*. The normal time required for complete testing of potential sources is as follows:

*Table 6-1.1 Time Required for Source Testing*

Aggregates for bituminous mixtures	2 weeks
Aggregates for cement treatment	4 weeks
Aggregates for concrete mixture	4 weeks
Aggregates for concrete pavement	60 days
Screenings	2 weeks
Soils	3 weeks
Untreated base materials	3 weeks

### 6-102C Acceptance Tests

Acceptance tests are tests performed on materials that will be incorporated into the work. Sampling should begin as soon as the material is delivered or in place. Continue acceptance testing as work progresses.

Sample materials entering the work at the locations specified in the *Standard Specifications* or the special provisions. If the sampling location is not specified, sample at the location indicated in the tables, at the end of this section. Sample products such as portland cement concrete, concrete treated base, and asphalt concrete randomly.

Turn around times required for specific acceptance tests performed by a Caltrans materials laboratory are shown in the following table:

Table 6-1.2 Turn Around Times for Acceptance Tests

Material	Priority tests (Work Days)	Normal tests (Work Days)
Aggregates for cement treatment (R-Value only)	5	7
Aggregates for concrete	3	7
Aggregates to be mixed with bituminous material in the lab	10	(priority only)
Base materials, untreated	7	12
Bituminous mixture	3	7
Asphaltic emulsion	3	15
Liquid asphalt	3	15
Paving asphalt	3	15
Portland cement	12	30
Screenings	3	7
		Minimum Time (Work days)
Coating tests		3
Expansion joint material		3
Fencing, all types		2
Guide posts		3
Geosynthetic fabrics		3
Geosynthetic fabrics (UV testing)		45
Metal guardrail		7
Pavement markers		4
Prestressing steel		10
Reinforcing steel and wire		2
Rubber (accompanied by manufacturers test report)		3
Rubber (without test report)		14
Structural steel		10
Type B joint seal		7

### 6-102C (1) *Priority of Testing Samples*

Mark all Form TL-0101s, "Sample Identification Card," "Priority" or "Normal".

#### 6-102C (1a) Priority

Use the "priority" designation for the first few samples of each construction material and all acceptance samples and tests of bituminous mixtures. Continue using the priority designation until the resident engineer has assurance that the material being produced is of consistent quality. Use the "priority" designation for all samples if the material being supplied is of questionable quality or if the operation or the source of the material changes.

Indicate if there is a preference for telephone, faxed, or e-mailed test results on Form TL-0101, along with the telephone number of the person who is to receive them.

#### 6-102C (1b) Normal

For tests on samples from potential sources and for samples on materials entering the work after the resident engineer has assurance that the material is of consistent acceptable quality use the "normal" designation. Reports on tests with "normal" designations are distributed by mail.

### 6-102C (2) *Certification of Samplers and Testers*

All acceptance testers require certification. No tests or samples are to be taken on Caltrans projects unless the tester is certified in the test being performed.

Training and certification of samplers and testers is covered in detail in the *Quality Independent Assurance Manual*.

#### 6-102D Independent Assurance Sampling and Testing

Independent assurance sampling and testing is the responsibility of the district materials engineer. See the *Independent Assurance Manual* published by METS for details. The district materials unit keeps results of independent assurance samples and tests.

If any of the assurance tests fail, the tester will notify the resident engineer immediately by telephone.

#### 6-102E Federal Highway Administration Samples and Tests

When the project includes federal funding, a representative of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) may select samples or sample locations. Label the sampling, directed by FHWA, "FHWA Check Samples," and send them to either the district materials laboratory or METS for testing. FHWA, the district materials engineer, and the resident engineer receive copies of test results for check samples.

#### 6-102F Special Samples and Tests

Specific problems such as roadway failures, difficulty in achieving required densities, or inconsistent test results, may require special samples and tests. When such material problems are encountered, contact the district materials engineer. The district materials engineer may request help from the Division of Construction or METS. The unit that requests a research project will provide oversight for special investigations and sampling.

### **6-103 6-103 Acceptance Records**

#### **Acceptance Records**

Keep records of all samples and tests in the project files as permanent job records. Materials incorporated into the project, represented by failing tests, must be documented in the project files also. For more information on procedures to follow in the case of failing tests refer to Section 3-6, "Control of Materials," of this manual.

It is not necessary to secure separate samples for each project when two or more projects receive materials from the same source. File a copy of the test report with each project.

### **6-104 6-104 Test Result Summary**

#### **Test Result Summary**

Monitor acceptance testing by using form CEM-3701, "Test Result Summary." Corrective action or retesting failing tests must be noted in the "Remarks" column of the form.

### **6-105 6-105 Field Tested Material Sample Identification**

#### **Field Tested Material Sample Identification**

Prepare Form TL-0101, "Sample Identification Card," in accordance with the following details:

- Fill in every blank space with complete information, including the quantity and lot of the material sampled.
- Distribute copies as shown on the form on the same day the sample is shipped.
- The "Location of Source" must clearly indicate the place where the sample was obtained.
- For liquid asphalts, paving asphalts and asphaltic emulsions include the refinery designations and shipment number. This data is available from the Certificate of Compliance that accompanies the materials.
- For asphalt concrete samples, be sure to:
  1. Identify the plant producing the material.
  2. Include the type of mix and maximum size of aggregate represented by the sample.
  3. Under "Remarks," include the grade and source of the bituminous binder contained in the sample.
  4. Under "Remarks," record the percentage of bituminous binder designated by the engineer.
- Be sure that the Sample Identification Card indicates the use for which the material is intended so that the proper tests will be performed. This is especially important for electrical conductors, as the applicable specifications depend on where and how the conductor is to be used. Without this information, the testing engineer does not know what specification to use in determining compliance.
- Indicate whether it is intended to crush oversize material or if any special blends are contemplated for potential sources of aggregate testing.
- To protect the Sample Identification Card against moisture or stains, place it in an oil and waterproof envelope.

### **6-106 Contractor Requested Sampling and Testing from Local Deposits**

When charging the contractor for testing local materials as specified in Section 6-2, “Local Materials,” of the *Standard Specifications* note this under “Remarks” on Form TL-0101. The district materials laboratory will advise the resident engineer of the amount of the charges.

### **6-107 Shipping of Samples**

When shipping samples from the job to the laboratory, use the most economical mode of transportation available consistent with the time element involved. Do not ship samples cash on delivery to METS.

### **6-108 Project Certification**

Send a materials certification memorandum to the Division of Construction upon completion of each project. File a copy of the memorandum in the job files and forward the original to the Division of Construction as soon as possible, preferably with submission of the final or semifinal estimate. Note All non-conforming materials on the memorandum. This includes materials accepted at reduced pay factors under acceptance specifications.

For federally funded projects early submission of the memorandum is necessary to expedite the submission of a voucher to FHWA.

A construction engineer must sign the materials certification memorandum.

An example materials certification memorandum follows:

### **6-106 Contractor Requested Sampling and Testing from Local Deposits**

### **6-107 Shipping of Samples**

### **6-108 Project Certification**

## Example 6-1.1 Project Certification Memorandum

State of California

Business Transportation and Housing Agency

### Memorandum

To:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Division of Construction  
Attention: Progress Pay Coordinator

Date:  
File: Category 61  
Job Stamp:

From: **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

Subject: Materials Certification

This is to certify that:

The results of the tests on acceptance samples indicate that the materials incorporated in the construction work and the construction operations controlled by sampling and testing were in conformity with the approved plans and specifications

- Exceptions to the plan and specifications are explained on the back of this memorandum (or on attached sheet).
- No Exceptions to the plans and specifications were found.

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(signed by a Construction Engineer)*



## **6-109 Materials**

The tables on the following pages provide a guide for sampling and testing requirements.

Close adherence to the sample size requirement shown in the table will prevent unnecessary delays and the expense of obtaining supplementary samples to complete tests.

The frequency of sampling indicated in the tables is a guide under normal conditions. Materials well within specifications and uniform in character may require less frequent sampling and testing.

In the project files, document adjustments to the testing frequencies shown in the tables.

## **6-109 Materials**

Table 6-1.3 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE – PAVEMENT (1 of 3)

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE, See Notes (6) (9) - PAVEMENT				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	REMARKS
COARSE AGGREGATE	LA Rattler (500 Rev.) See Note (6)	211	See Note (3)	See Note (2)		1. For every 3,000 m <sup>3</sup> , if preliminary tests show abrasion loss greater than 40% . See Note (1)
	Clanness Value	227			1. For every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per day m <sup>3</sup> . See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per cumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day if 3 consecutive tests over 80
	Alkalinity Reactivity	ASTM C1293 or ASTM C1260	Aggregate producer submit its certified test results from qualified laboratory for approval			Contact METS for list of approved sources
FINE AGGREGATE	Compressive Test	213	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	Only if initial test shows critical or contamination is suspected	
	Mortar Strength	515				
	Sand Equivalent	217			1. For every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per cumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day if 3 consecutive tests over 80
AGGREGATE	Durability	229				



Table 6-1.3 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE – PAVEMENT (2 of 3)

COARSE & FINE AGGREGATE	Specific Gravity & Absorption	206, 207	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	When aggregate source changes, See Note (7)	Soundness for Fine Aggregate waived if durability is > 60
	Soundness	202			1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per day min. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per cumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	
	Sieve Analysis	528	See Note (4)	See Note (5)		
	Freeze-Thaw	223 & /or 226		Not applicable	1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per day min. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per cumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	Sample must be in an airtight container
	Moisture					
CEMENT	Various Properties		3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance (See REMARKS)	1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per day min. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per cumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	If no Certificate of Compliance, sample at least 14 days prior to use for previously tested brands, 35 days for untested brands
WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-L plastic jug with lined, sealed lid.	At point of use (See REMARKS)	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)	City water supplies for domestic use usually need not be tested unless suspected of high chloride or sulfate content. On job-weils are to be tested
ADDITIONAL FEATURES	Air-entraining properties, chloride identification	ASTM C260	1-L can or plastic bottle of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use	As new supplies arrive on the job or each time brand is changed	
	Water reducers or set retarders	ASTM C494	1-L can of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use, untested brands require 5 weeks prior to use		Prior to sampling and testing, check with METS for brands that may be used when properly certified

Table 6-1.3 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (6) – PAVEMENT (3 of 3)

CONCRETE	Yield	518	See test method. See Note (8)	See ASTM C 172	1 for each 4 hours production	
					When test specimens are fabricated and when consistency or uniformity is questionable, minimum 2 per day	1 set for each 3,000 m <sup>3</sup>
Ball Penetration		533				When test specimens are fabricated and when consistency or uniformity is questionable, minimum 2 per day
Modulus of Rupture		523	1 set of 3 beams 150 x 800 mm (in.) for center point loading and 150 x 150 x 510 mm (in.) for third-point loading			Recommend minimum 2 sets per shift. Normally, from each set, break 1 beam at 7 days, 1 beam at 10 days, and 3rd beam as required, 50% decrease after 10 sets if all in compliance
Air Content		504			As required, minimum once every 4 hours, each time 518 is performed	When specified for freeze thaw resistance, acceptance testing shall not be less than once every hour
Coarse aggregate per m <sup>3</sup> of concrete		529	45 kg		As required to assure uniformity of concrete, see Standard Specifications, Section 90-6.01	
Thickness		531			As required, see Standard Specifications, Section 40-1.35	
Compliance (See Standard Specifications & special provisions)			1-J can		As new shipments arrive on job or each time brand is changed	For chlorinated rubber base type, sample and test if not previously inspected at the source

NOTE:

- (1) Not required if P.C.C. from same source is used on other work and test is being made there. No need to duplicate the test just for the sake of record. The actual test results may be used anywhere they are applicable.
- (2) From materials in stockpile: 60 days prior to use.
- (3) 70 kg of 63 mm x 375 mm - 45 kg of 37.5 mm x 19 mm - 35 kg of 19 mm x No. 4-35 kg of pea gravel - 25 kg of sand. This material for test number 202, 206, 207, 211, 213, 214, 217, 227, 229 and 515.
- (4) See California Test No. 528 or contact the Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services (METS).
- (5) Contact district materials engineer for special sampling procedures at least 120 calendar days before intended use.
- (6) For lightweight concrete, see Standard Specifications and special provisions.
- (7) When prior test results are acceptable and material appears to be of uniform composition, a maximum of 2 tests per day will satisfy acceptance test requirements for this material. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (8) No deductions for cement content will be made based on the results of California Test No. 518.
- (9) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.



Table 6-1.4 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (6) - BRIDGES & MAJOR STRUCTURES  
(R.C.B., P.C.C. Arch Culverts, Retaining Walls) (1 of 3)

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE, See Notes (6) (9) - BRIDGES & MAJOR STRUCTURES (R.C.B., P.C.C. Arch Culverts, Retaining Walls)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	REMARKS
COARSE AGGREGATE	LA Ratter (500 Rev.) See Note (6)	211	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per day in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per accumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup> .	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day if 3 consecutive tests over 80
	Clanness Value	227				
FINE AGGREGATE	Alkali-Silica Reactivity	ASTM C1293 or ASTM C1260	Aggregate producer submit certified test results from qualified lab to METS for approval			Contact METS for list of approved sources
	Compressive Test	213	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	Only if initial test shows critical or contamination is suspected	
AGGREGATE	Mortar Strength	515				
	Sand Equivalent	217			1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per accumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day if 3 consecutive tests over 80
	Durability	229				
	Specific Gravity & Absorption	206, 207	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	When aggregate source changes, See Note (7)	
	Soundness	214				Soundness for Fine Aggregate waived if durability is > 60
COARSE & FINE AGGREGATE	Sieve Analysis	202			1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per accumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	
	Freeze-Thaw	528	See Note (4)	See Note (5)		
	Moisture	223 & /or 226		Not applicable	1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per day in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per accumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	Sample must be in an airtight container

Table 6-1.4 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (6) - BRIDGES & MAJOR STRUCTURES  
(R.C.B., P.C.C. Arch Culverts, Retaining Walls) (2 of 3)

CEMENT	Various Properties	3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance (See REMARKS)	1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per day in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per cumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	If no Certificate of Compliance, samples at least 14 days prior to use for previously tested brands, 35 days for untested brands
WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	Clean 2-l plastic jug with lid, sealed lid	At point of use (See REMARKS)	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)	
	Air entraining properties, chloride identification	1-l can or plastic bottle of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach M ETS at least 1 week prior to use	As new supplies arrive on the job or each time brand is changed	Prior to sampling and testing, check with M ETS for brands that may be used when properly certified
ADDITIONAL MATERIALS	Chloride properties, chloride identification	1-l can of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach M ETS at least 1 week prior to use, untested brands require 5 weeks prior to use		
	Water Reducers or Set Retarder				
CONCRETE	Yield	See test method. See Note (8)	See ASTM C172	As necessary to assure accuracy of mix design; min. 2 per each mix design	
	Bulk Penetration			When test specimen is fabricated & when consistency or uniformity is questionable, min. 2 per day	
	Slump				Concrete placed under water, seal course
	Compressive Strength	1 set of 125 x 250 mm cylinders for each test	See ASTM C172	1 set for approximately every 250 m <sup>3</sup> concrete or as required for acceptance. Min. 1 set per job and class of concrete for each days production of critical structural elements	For trial batches, see Standard Specifications or job special provisions and Section 6-3 of this manual
	Air Content			Min. once every 4 hours of production and when test specimens are fabricated	Where air is specified for freeze-thaw resistance, a min. of 1 per each 25 m <sup>3</sup>
	Coarse aggregate per m <sup>3</sup> of concrete			As required to assure uniformity of concrete, see Standard Specifications, Section 90	



Table 6-1.4 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (6) - BRIDGES & MAJOR STRUCTURES  
(R.C.B., P.C.C. Arch Culverts, Retaining Walls) (3 of 3)

PRESTRESSED TENDON GROUT	Efflux time	541	1-125 x 250 mm cylindrical can	From batch immediately after mixing for prequalification, thereafter from outlet end of tendon and/or storage tank	At the start of each day's work and thereafter 1 test per each 5% of ducts	Repeat acceptance tests whenever source of materials is changed
PIGMENTED CURING COMPOUND	Compliance (See Standard Specifications and special provisions)		1-L Can		Periodically to ensure compliance	

**NOTE:**

- (1) Not required if P.C.C. from same source is used on other work and tests being made there. No need to duplicate the test just for the sake of record. The actual test results may be used anywhere they are applicable.
- (2) From material site or stockpile; 60 days prior to use.
- (3) 70 kg of 63 mm x 37.5 mm - 45 kg of 37.5 mm x 19 mm - 35 kg of 19 mm x No. 4-35 kg of pea gravel - 25 kg of sand. This material for test numbers 202, 206, 207, 211, 213, 217, 227 229 and 515.
- (4) See California Test No. 528 or contact the Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services (METS).
- (5) Contact district materials engineer for special sampling procedures at least 120 calendar days before intended use.
- (6) For lightweight concrete, see Standard Specifications and special provisions.
- (7) When prior test results are acceptable and material appears to be of uniform composition, a maximum of 2 tests per day will satisfy acceptance test requirements for this material. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (8) No deductions for cement content will be made based on the results of California Test No. 518.
- (9) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.

Table 6-1.5 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE, See Notes (6) (9) (10)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
COARSE AGGREGATE	LA Rattler (500 Rev.) See Note (6)	211	See Note (3)	See Note (2)		
	Compress strength	227			1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per day in. See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per accumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day if 3 consecutive tests over 80
FINE AGGREGATE	Compressive Test	213	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	Only if initial test shows critical or contamination is suspected	
	Mortar Strength	515				
	Sand Equivalent	217			1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per accumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day if 3 consecutive tests over 80
COARSE & FINE AGGREGATE	Durability	229				
	Specific Gravity & Absorption	206, 207	See Note (3)	See Note (2)	When aggregate source changes, See Note (7)	
	Soundness	214				Soundness for Fine Aggregate waived if durability is > 60
	Sieve Analysis	202			1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per accumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	
	Freeze-Thaw	528	See Note (4)	See Note (5)		
	Moisture	223 & /or 226		Not applicable	1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> , See Notes (1) (7). If production is less than 250 m <sup>3</sup> , 1 per accumulative 250 m <sup>3</sup>	Sample must be in an airtight container
CEMENT See Note (6)	Various Properties		3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance (See REMARKS)	1 for every 400 m <sup>3</sup> used. 1 per day in., 2 per day max. See Note (1). See Section 6-2 of this manual.	If no certificate of compliance, sample at least 14 days prior to use for previously tested brands, 35 days for untested brands



Table 6-1.5 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE cont.

WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-L plastic jug with lined, sealed lid.	At point of use (See REMARKS)	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)	City water supplies for domestic use usually need not be tested unless suspected of high chloride or sulfate content. On job-wells are to be tested.	
ADMIKTURES	Air-entraining properties, chloride identification	ASTM C 260	1-L can or plastic bottle of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use	As new supplies arrive on the job or each time brand is changed	P prior to sampling and testing, check with METS for brands that may be used when properly certified	
	Water-reducing or set-retarders	ASTM C 494	1-L can of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use, untested brands require 5 weeks prior to use	As necessary to assure accuracy of mix design, min. 2 per each mix design		
CONCRETE	Yield, Cement Factor	518	See test method, See Note (8)	See ASTM C 172	When test specimen is fabricated & when consistency or uniformity is questionable, Min. 2 per day	If yield tested for payment, 1 per each 1200 m <sup>3</sup> , min. of 2 per mix design per job	
	Ball Penetration	533					
	Slump	ASTM C 143					Concrete placed underwater
	Compressive Strength	ASTM C 172, 540	1 set of 125 x 250 mm cylinders			One set for each day when volume exceeds 20 m <sup>3</sup> , See Note (1). None if total days less than 20 m <sup>3</sup>	
	Air Content	504				As required. See specifications.	Where specified for freeze-thaw resistance

NOTE:

- (1) Not required if P.C.C. from same source is used on other work and test is being made there. No need to duplicate the test just for the sake of record. The actual test results may be used anywhere they are applicable.
- (2) From material site or stockpile, 60 days prior to use.
- (3) 70 kg of 63 mm x 37.5 mm - 45 kg of 37.5 mm x 19 mm - 35 kg of 19 mm x No. 4 - 35 kg of pea gravel - 25 kg of sand. This material for test numbers 202, 206, 207, 211, 213, 217, 227 229 and 515.
- (4) See California Test No. 528 or contact the Office of Materials Engineering and Testing Services (METS).
- (5) Contact distributor materials engineer for special sampling procedures at least 120 calendar days before intended use.
- (6) Form for concrete, sample and test only at resident engineer's discretion.
- (7) When prior test results are acceptable and material appears to be of uniform composition, a maximum of 2 tests per day will satisfy acceptance test requirements for this material. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (8) No deductions for cement content will be made based on the results of California Test No. 518.
- (9) For lightweight concrete, see Standard Specifications and special provisions.
- (10) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.

Table 6-1.6 ASPHALT CONCRETE

ASPHALT CONCRETE, See Notes (2) (3)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
AGGREGATE PRIOR TO MIXING	LA Rattler (500 Rev.)	211	Type A & B UNPROCESSED 115 kg	Materials site, stockpile, or plant, See Note (7)	As necessary for acceptance, See Note (8)	
	Specific Gravity (coarse and fine aggregate)	206, 208	PROCESSED 25 kg of each bin size			
	CKE	303				
	% Crushed Particles	205	Open graded 25 kg			
	Sieve Analysis	202, 105				
PAVING ASPHALT, LIQUID ASPHALT, ASPHALT EMULSION	Sand Equivalent	217		Test if no Certifications of Compliance. Asphalt line, See Note (6)	As necessary for acceptance	Made on open graded asphalt concrete only
	Film Stipping	302	Asphalt-L can			
	In accordance with applicable section of Standard Specifications		Emulsion 2-L plastic jug			
				Test if no Certification of Compliance. Emulsion Storage Tank	Once daily, See Note (6)	
					Each Shipment	



Table 6-1.6 ASPHALT CONCRETE cont.

COMPLETE MIXTURE	Swell	305	DGAC 7 KG CARTON  OGAC 1-L can	As necessary for information and/or acceptance  1 for each 450 tonnes, 2 per day min.  1 sample representing each 4 hours of production  As per California Test 375	When less than a total of 450 tonnes is to be placed, sample and test only at resident engineer's discretion  Total Sample:  DGAC : Four cartons (about 30 kg) OGAC : Four 1-L cans (about 6 kg)	
	Moist. Vapor Susceptibility	307				
	Stabilometer	366				
	Sieve Analysis	202				
	Asphalt Content	310, 362, 379				
	Moisture	310, 370				
	In-Place Density	375				As specified or bit size
	Max. Density	375				Two 7-kg cartons

Note:

- (1) On smaller projects being supplied from sources currently in use on larger projects, a copy of the acceptance test information on asphalt concrete aggregate is all that is required.
- (2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.
- (3) When special provisions state that production shall be "from commercially asphalt and aggregate", sample and test only at resident engineer's discretion.
- (4) Not required if P.C.C. from same source is being used on other work and test is being made there. No need to duplicate tests, results may be used anywhere they are applicable.
- (5) When prior test results are acceptable and material appears to be of uniform composition, a maximum of 2 tests per day will satisfy acceptance test requirements for this material. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (6) When continuous mixing plants used, sample and test for specific gravity at least monthly.
- (7) When sampling for AC mix design (California Test No. 367), aggregate samples must be taken from the combined feed in advance of mixing, for batch mixing, samples from hot bins.
- (8) Refer to Standard Specifications 39-3.03, "Proportioning" for frequency of AC mix design (California Test No. 367) sampling.



Table 6-1.7 LEAN CONCRETE BASE

LEAN CONCRETE BASE, See Note (2)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	REMARKS
AGGREGATE	Sand Equivalent	217	45 kg for aggregate qualification	Materials site or stockpile	1 sample for each 2500 tonnes or 1500 m <sup>3</sup> , See Note (1)	
	Sieve Analysis	202, 105				
	Compressive strength of laboratory mixtures, recommended in cement content	548				
CEMENT	Various Properties		3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance (See REMARKS)	Each 100 tonnes of cement, 2 per day max.	If no Certificate of Compliance, sample at least 14 days before use for previously tested brands, 35 days for untested brands
WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 471	Clean 2-L plastic jug with lid, sealed lid	At point of use (See REMARKS)	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)	City water supplies for domestic use need not be tested unless suspected of high chloride or sulfate content. On the job wells are to be tested
ADMIXTURES	Air entraining properties, chloride identification	ASTM C260	1-L can or plastic bottle of liquid, 1 kg of powder	Samples must reach METS at least 1 week prior to use, untested brands require 5 weeks prior to use	As new supplies arrive on the job or each time brand is changed	Prior to sampling and testing, contact METS for brands which may be used prior to sampling and testing when properly certified
	Water reducers or set retarders	ASTM C494	1-L can of liquid, 1 kg of powder			



Table 6-1.7 LEAN CONCRETE BASE cont.

COMPLETED MIXTURE	Ball Penetration	533		See ASTM C172	At least once for every 4 hours of production	
	Air Content D in ensbns	504			At least once for each day's production As required	
CURING COMPOUND	Compliance with specifications		1-L can		As new shipments arrive on job or each time brand is changed	

Note:

- (1) If material is uniform and well within specification limits, the frequency is decreased to 1 a day unless source is changed. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.

Table 6-1.8 CEMENT TREATED BASE ROAD MIX OR PLANT MIX

CEMENT TREATED BASE ROAD MIX OR PLANT MIX, See Note (2)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
AGGREGATE	R-Value (with & without cement) Compressive Strength	301	45 kg for aggregate qualification	Materials site or stockpile		Class B only
		312				
	Sieve Analysis	202, 105			Minimum 1 acceptance test per project on all projects	Class A
		217				
COMPLETED MIX	Compressive Strength	312	See California Test 312 Part II		See Section 4-27 of this manual	Use min. of 1 person fill in during full-time operation
		338	See California Test 338 Part I			
	Relative Compaction	312, 216, 231				
		Thickness				
CEMENT	Various Properties		3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance (See REMARKS)	Each 100 tonnes of cement, 2 per day max.	If no Certificate of Compliance, sample at least 14 days before use for previously tested brands, 35 days for untested brands
		WATER	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-l plastic jug with lined, sealed lid	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)
LIQUID ASPHALT	In accordance with special provisions & Standard Specifications				1-l can	None with Certificate of Compliance. If no Certificate of Compliance, then from storage tank of distributor truck

NOTE:

(1) If materials uniform and well within specification limits, the frequency is decreased to 1 per day unless source is changed. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.

(2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.



Table 6-1.9 ASPHALT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (ATPB)  
 Table 6-1.10 CEMENT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (CTPB)

ASPHALT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (ATPB), See Note (1)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
AGGREGATE	Grading	202	25 kg	Materials site, stockpile or plant bins	2 times daily	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day if 3 consecutive test over 62
	% Crushed Particles	205			As necessary for acceptance	
	LA Ratio (500 Rev.)	211			Once per 4 hours of production	
	Clanness Value	227			1 for every 5 days paving, for 1st 10 days	
	Fin Stripping	302				
ASPHALT	In accordance with specifications		1-L can	Test only if no Certification of Compliance	One daily	
	Asphalt Content	310, 362	Two 1-L cans		1 for every 4 hours of production	

CEMENT TREATED PERMEABLE BASE (CTPB)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
AGGREGATE	Grading	202	See Note (2)	See Note (3)	Once for each 4 hours of production, See Note (4)	Recommend 1 acceptance test per day if 3 consecutive test over 80
	LA Ratio (500 Rev.)	211				
	Clanness Value	227			Once for each 4 hours of production, See Note (4)	
CEMENT	Various tests		3.5 kg	None with Certificate of Compliance	Once for each 100 tonnes, 2 per day max.	
	Chlorides, Sulfates	405, 422, 417	Clean 2-L plastic jug with lined, sealed lid	At point of use (See REMARKS)	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)	City water supplies for domestic use need not be tested unless suspected of high chloride or sulfate content. On the job wells are to be tested

Note:

- (1) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.
- (2) 35 kg of 0.30 m No. 19 mm x No. 4. This material for test number 202, 211 and 227.
- (3) From material site or stockpile, 60 days prior to use.
- (4) Not required if P.C.C. from same source is used on other work and test is being made there. No need to duplicate the test just for the sake of record. The actual test results may be used anywhere they are applicable.



Table 6-1.11 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS, See Note (3)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	POTENTIAL REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING	
AGGREGATE BASE	% Crushed Particles	205	45 kg for initial samples, 25 kg for control samples	Materials site or stockpile	As necessary for acceptance Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m <sup>3</sup> , See Note (1) If initial source changes or new source developed Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m <sup>3</sup> , See Notes (1) (2) Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m <sup>3</sup> , See Note (1) 2 times daily if paid for by weight	Minimum 1 acceptance test per project
	Sieve Analysis	202				
	Durability Index	229				
	R-Value	301				
	Sand Equivalent	217				
	Moisture	226				
	Relative Compaction Dimensions	216 or 231	15 kg			
AGGREGATE SUBBASE	Sieve Analysis	202	25 kg	Materials site or stockpile	Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m <sup>3</sup> , See Note (1) Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m <sup>3</sup> , See Notes (1) (2) Every 2500 tonnes or 1500 m <sup>3</sup> , See Note (1) As necessary for acceptance	Minimum 1 acceptance test per project
	R-Value	301				
	Sand Equivalent	217				
	Relative Compaction Dimensions	216 or 231	15 kg			

Note:

- (1) If material is uniform and well within specification limits, the frequency is decreased to 1 per day unless source is changed. Adjustments to testing frequencies shall be documented in the project files.
- (2) R-Value testing may be waived when test records demonstrate that material from the same source, and having comparable grading and sand equivalent values, meets the minimum R-Value requirements.
- (3) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.



Table 6-1.12 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS, See note (2)					POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING		
IMPORTED BORROW	Relative Compaction	216, 231	15 kg		As required for acceptance		
	R-Value	301	25 kg	Test material below grading plane both in cut and in fill			
BASEMENT SOIL	Relative Compaction	216, 231	15 kg		As necessary for acceptance		
	Grade Tolerance						
EMBANKMENT	Relative Compaction	216, 231	15 kg		As necessary for acceptance		
	Unconfined Compressive Strength	373	45 kg	Native soils, test each type of material to be treated	If initial source changes	To determine appropriate lime content	
COMPLETED MIX	Lime Content	338	10 kg		As necessary for acceptance		
	Relative Compaction	216, 231			In place after compaction		
LIME	Various Properties		2-L can with friction lid	None with Certificate of Compliance	Each bag delivered		
			2-L plastic jug	None with Certificate of Compliance. If no Certificate of Compliance, then from storage tank of distributor truck	Each shipment		
LEAF TREATMENT, See Note (1)							

Note:

(1) Not to be used for the lime treatment of AC aggregates.

(2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.

Table 6-1.13 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS, See Note (2)				POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS	ACCEPTANCE TESTS	REMARKS	
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	LOCATION OR TIME OF SAMPLING	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING		
PENETRATION	Liquid Asphalt	Various Properties	1-L CAN	None with Certificate of Compliance	Each shipment		
	SAND	Sieve Analysis	2.5 kg	Materials site or stockpile	As necessary for acceptance		
BITUMINOUS SEALS	PAVING ASPHALT	Various Properties	Asphalt-L can, Emulsion 2-L plastic jug	None with Certificate of Compliance	Each shipment		
		Binder Distribution	339				
	SCREENINGS	LA Rattler	211	25 kg	Stockpile	As necessary for acceptance	
		% Crushed Particles	205			Twice daily	
		Sieve Analysis	202, 105			As necessary for acceptance	
		Film Stripping	302			Once daily	
	SLURRY SEAL AGGREGATE	Cleaness Value	227				
		Sand Equivalent	217	12.5 kg	Stockpile	As necessary for acceptance	
		Sieve Analysis	202				
		Film Stripping	302				
SOLID OR SEMISOLID AIR REFINED ASPHALT	Durability Index	229					
	In accordance with Standard Specifications		1.5 kg	Barrels or sacks	Each 29 barrels or sacks		
PERMEABLE MATERIAL	Sieve Analysis	202	70 KG	Stockpile	1 daily or as required for acceptance		
	Durability Index	229			If initial source changes or new source developed		
	Sand Equivalent	217			1 daily or as required for acceptance		



Table 6-1.13 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS cont.

STRUCTURE BACKFILL	Sieve Analysis	202	Materials site	As required for acceptance	
	Sand Equivalent	217			
SLOPE PROTECTION	Relative Compaction	216 or 231	Quarry	As required for acceptance (See REMARKS)	Adequate size of sample protection documented by measuring or weighing the material
	Size				
	Apparent Specific Gravity	206			
ASBESTOS SHEET PACKING	Absorption	206			
	Durability Index	229	35 kg		
ASBESTOS SHEET PACKING			300 x 300 mm	1 each lot	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
ASPHALT PLANK			Contact M ETS for instructions	Contact M ETS for instructions	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
BARBED WIRE			1 m length	Each 50 rolls or fraction	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source. If less than 150 m of fence, See Note (1)
BO LTS AND HARDWARE			2 samples each diameter	Each lot	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source

Note:

(1) Resident engineer may accept on the basis of visual examination provided the source has recently furnished similar material found to be satisfactory under the normal sampling and testing procedures of the Department. Place resident engineer's written approval in the project file.

(2) See California Test No. 125 for sampling procedures.

Table 6-1.14 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS		POTENTIAL SOURCE TESTS		ACCEPTANCE TESTS		REMARKS
MATERIAL OR PRODUCT	TEST FOR	TEST NO.	SAMPLE SIZE & CONTAINER TYPE	FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING		
BRICK	Compliance with specifications		10 fill size	Contact M E T S for instructions	Contact M E T S for instructions	Sample and test if not previously inspected a source. If less than 105 M of fence, See note (1)
CHAIN LINK FENCING			0.6 m width		Each 50 rolls or fraction	Sample and test if not previously inspected a source. If less than 30 M of fence, See note (1)
CONCRETE AND CLAY PIPE			Contact M E T S for instructions		Contact M E T S for instructions	Sample and test if not previously inspected a source. If less than 10 M <sup>5</sup> of fence, See note (1)
JOINT FILLER EXPANSION			150 mm long fill width of sheet		Each 100 m <sup>2</sup> not less than 2 per shipment	Sample and test if not previously inspected a source. If less than 10 M <sup>5</sup> of fence, See note (1)
ELECTRICAL CONDUCTOR			2 each 75 mm long, include markings		Each type each lot	Sample and test if not previously inspected at source. Certificate of Compliance required for 5000 V cable.
GALVANIZED PIPE			300 mm length from each end of length tested of each size		Each 500 lengths or fraction	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
GEO-SYNTHETICS FILTER, REINFORCED & PAVING FABRICS & FENCE, ETC.			1 piece, 1 m x fill width of roll		Each lot	Certificate of Compliance required for each lot. Unroll at least 1 circum fence before sampling.
JOINT SEAL, TYPE B			Contact M E T S			Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
JOINT SEALING COMPOUND 2-COMPONENT POLYSULFIDE POLYURETHANE			1-L of each component		1 sample from each component of each batch	
MOPPING ASPHALT			1-L		Each lot	



Table 6-1.14 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS cont.

PAINT	Compliance with specifications	For bridge form a job structure, send an unopened 20-L can. Form Miscellaneous Forming, 1-L (see Section 6-2 in this manual)	Each batch	Unused portion of 20-L sample will be returned to job. See Section 6-2 in this manual. If less than 75-L, See Note (1).
PAVEMENT MARKERS		50 m long from center of length		Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
PLASTIC CONDUIT		1 unit or full size bar	Each lot	
RAISED BARS (PRECAST)		2 samples 0.75m except 1m or #14 & #18	As necessary for acceptance	Sample and test at job site
REINFORCING STEEL		Contact METS for instructions	Contact METS for instructions	Sample and test if not previously inspected at the source
STEEL PRODUCTS		2 samples, 0.75 m cut parallel to direction of rolling	Each heat or 10 tonnes or fraction	
STRUCTURAL STEEL AND MISCELLANEOUS IRON AND STEEL		1 m <sup>2</sup> of asphalt saturated cotton fabric	1 sample from each lot	Meshes of fabric shall be substantially open
WATER-PROOFING MATERIALS	ASTM D 173	2.5 kg of asphalt		Contractor's stock must be kept covered
	ASTM D 449	1-L of asphalt primer		
	ASTM D 41	1 m <sup>2</sup>	Each 10 tonnes or fraction	
WIRE MESH REINFORCING		Per special provisions or as instructed	Per special provisions or as instructed, at time of use	
WIRE ROPE OR CABLE				

Note:

(1) Resident engineer may accept on the basis of visual examination provided the source has recently furnished satisfactory test results under the normal sampling and testing procedures of the Department. Place resident engineer's written approval in the project file.