CHAPTER 2C. WARNING SIGNS AND OBJECT MARKERS

Section 2C.01 Function of Warning Signs
Support:
01 Warning signs call attention to unexpected conditions on or adjacent to a highway, street, or private roads open to public travel (see definition in Section 1A.13) and to situations that might not be readily apparent to road users. Warning signs alert road users to conditions that might call for a reduction of speed or an action in the interest of safety and efficient traffic operations.

Section 2C.02 Application of Warning Signs
Standard:
01 The use of warning signs shall be based on an engineering study or on engineering judgment.
Guidance:
02 The use of warning signs should be kept to a minimum as the unnecessary use of warning signs tends to breed disrespect for all signs. In situations where the condition or activity is seasonal or temporary, the warning sign should be removed or covered when the condition or activity does not exist.
Option:
03 Consistent with the provisions of Chapter 2L, changeable message signs may be used to display a warning message.
04 Consistent with the provisions of Chapter 4L, a Warning Beacon may be used in combination with a standard warning sign.
Support:
05 The categories of warning signs are shown in Table 2C-1.
06 Warning signs provided in this Manual cover most of the conditions that are likely to be encountered. Additional warning signs for low-volume roads (as defined in Section 5A.01), temporary traffic control zones, school areas, grade crossings, and bicycle facilities are discussed in Parts 5 through 10, respectively.
07 Section 1A.09 contains information regarding the assistance that is available to jurisdictions that do not have engineers on their staffs who are trained and/or experienced in traffic control devices.

Section 2C.03 Design of Warning Signs
Standard:
01 Except as provided in Paragraph 2 or unless specifically designated otherwise, all warning signs shall be diamond-shaped (square with one diagonal vertical) with a black legend and border on a yellow background. Warning signs shall be designed in accordance with the sizes, shapes, colors, and legends contained in the “Standard Highway Signs and Markings” book and Caltrans’ California Sign Specifications (see Section 1A.11).
Option:
02 A warning sign that is larger than the size shown in the Oversized column in Table 2C-2 and 2C-2(CA) for that particular sign may be diamond-shaped or may be rectangular or square in shape.
03 Except for symbols on warning signs, minor modifications may be made to the design provided that the essential appearance characteristics are met. Modifications may be made to the symbols shown on combined horizontal alignment/intersection signs (see Section 2C.11) and intersection warning signs (see Section 2C.46) in order to approximate the geometric configuration of the intersecting roadway(s).
04 Word message warning signs other than those provided in this Manual may be developed by Caltrans (via CTCDC process) and installed by State and local highway agencies. See Section 2A.06.
04a Warning signs may be supplemented with a yellow flashing beacon.
05 Warning signs regarding conditions associated with pedestrians, bicyclists, and playgrounds may have a black legend and border on a yellow or fluorescent yellow-green background.
Standard:

06 Warning signs regarding conditions associated with school buses and schools and their related supplemental plaques shall have a black legend and border on a fluorescent yellow-green background (see Section 7B.07).

07 The use of educational plaques to supplement symbol signs is described in Section 2A.12.

Section 2C.04 Size of Warning Signs

Standard:

01 Except as provided in Section 2A.11, the sizes for warning signs shall be as shown in Table 2C-2 and 2C-2(CA).

Support:

02 Section 2A.11 contains information regarding the applicability of the various columns in Table 2C-2 and 2C-2(CA).

Standard:

03 Except as provided in Paragraph 5, the minimum size for all diamond-shaped warning signs facing traffic on a multi-lane conventional road where the posted speed limit is higher than 35 mph shall be 36 x 36 inches.

04 The minimum size for supplemental warning plaques that are not included in Table 2C-2 and 2C-2(CA) shall be as shown in Table 2C-3.

Option:

05 If a diamond-shaped warning sign is placed on the left-hand side of a multi-lane roadway to supplement the installation of the same warning sign on the right-hand side of the roadway, the minimum size identified in the Single Lane column in Table 2C-2 and 2C-2(CA) may be used.

06 Signs and plaques larger than those shown in Tables 2C-2 and 2C-3 may be used (see Section 2A.11).

Guidance:

07 The minimum size for all diamond-shaped warning signs facing traffic on exit and entrance ramps should be the size identified in Table 2C-2 and 2C-2(CA) for the mainline roadway classification (Expressway or Freeway). If a minimum size is not provided in the Freeway Column, the Expressway size should be used. If a minimum size is not provided in the Freeway or the Expressway Column, the Oversized size should be used.

Section 2C.05 Placement of Warning Signs

Support:

01 For information on placement of warning signs, see Sections 2A.16 to 2A.21.

02 The time needed for detection, recognition, decision, and reaction is called the Perception-Response Time (PRT). Table 2C-4 is provided as an aid for determining warning sign location. The distances shown in Table 2C-4 can be adjusted for roadway features, other signing, and to improve visibility.

Guidance:

03 Warning signs should be placed so that they provide an adequate PRT. The distances contained in Table 2C-4 are for guidance purposes and should be applied with engineering judgment. Warning signs should not be placed too far in advance of the condition, such that drivers might tend to forget the warning because of other driving distractions, especially in urban areas.

04 Minimum spacing between warning signs with different messages should be based on the estimated PRT for driver comprehension of and reaction to the second sign.

05 The effectiveness of the placement of warning signs should be periodically evaluated under both day and night conditions.

Option:

06 Warning signs that advise road users about conditions that are not related to a specific location, such as Deer Crossing or SOFT SHOULDER, may be installed in an appropriate location, based on engineering judgment, since they are not covered in Table 2C-4.

Standard:

07 Warning signs shall be installed in accordance with the general requirements for sign placement as described in Sections 2A.16 to 2A.21 and as shown in Figure 2A-3.
Section 2C.06 Horizontal Alignment Warning Signs

Support:
01 A variety of horizontal alignment warning signs (see Figure 2C-1), pavement markings (see Chapter 3B), and delineation (see Chapter 3F) can be used to advise motorists of a change in the roadway alignment. Uniform application of these traffic control devices with respect to the amount of change in the roadway alignment conveys a consistent message establishing driver expectancy and promoting effective roadway operations. The design and application of horizontal alignment warning signs to meet those requirements are addressed in Sections 2C.06 through 2C.15.

Standard:
02 In advance of horizontal curves on freeways, on expressways, and on roadways with more than 1,000 AADT that are functionally classified as arterials or collectors, horizontal alignment warning signs shall be used in accordance with Table 2C-5 based on the speed differential between the roadway’s posted or statutory speed limit or 85th-percentile speed, whichever is higher, or the prevailing speed on the approach to the curve, and the horizontal curve’s advisory speed.

Option:
03 Horizontal Alignment Warning signs may also be used on other roadways or on arterial and collector roadways with less than 1,000 AADT based on engineering judgment.

Section 2C.07 Horizontal Alignment Signs (W1-1 through W1-5, W1-11, W1-15)

Standard:
01 If Table 2C-5 indicates that a horizontal alignment sign (see Figure 2C-1) is required, recommended, or allowed, the sign installed in advance of the curve shall be a Curve (W1-2) sign unless a different sign is recommended or allowed by the provisions of this Section.

02 A Turn (W1-1) sign shall be used instead of a Curve sign in advance of curves that have advisory speeds of 30 mph or less (see Figure 2C-2).

Guidance:
03 Where there are two changes in roadway alignment in opposite directions that are separated by a tangent distance of less than 600 feet, the Reverse Turn (W1-3) sign should be used instead of multiple Turn (W1-1) signs and the Reverse Curve (W1-4) sign should be used instead of multiple Curve (W1-2) signs.

Support:
03a Refer to Section 2C.10 for Reverse Turn/Advisory Speed (W4-1(CA)) sign or Reverse Curve/Advisory Speed (W4-18(CA)) signs (see Figure 2C-1(CA)).

Option:
04 A Winding Road (W1-5) sign may be used instead of multiple Turn (W1-1) or Curve (W1-2) signs where there are three or more changes in roadway alignment each separated by a tangent distance of less than 600 feet.

Guidance:
04a The Winding Road (W1-5) sign should be used where there is a series of turns or curves which requires driving caution, and where curve or turn signs would be too numerous to be effective. This sign should be erected in advance of the second curve of the winding section of highway. The first curve should be marked with a curve or turn sign and an Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque. Where the winding road is 1 mile or more in length, a Next Distance (W7-3a) plaque should supplement the W1-5 sign. Where any of the curves has an advisory speed that is 10 mph or more below that of the first curve then it should be posted with a curve or turn sign and an Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque.

Option:
04b The WINDING LEVEE ROAD (SW22-1(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-1(CA)) may be used to warn road users of the roadway alignment where the use of curve warning signs have been determined not to be appropriate.

04c The Speed/Distance (SW22-1A(CA)) plaque (see Figure 2C-1(CA)) may be installed below the SW22-1(CA) sign. The Next Distance (W7-3a) plaque may be used when there is no advisory speed.

Standard:
04d If used, the Speed/Distance (SW22-1A(CA)) plaque shall be installed below the SW22-1(CA) sign.

05 A NEXT XX MILES (W7-3aP) supplemental distance plaque (see Section 2C.55) may be installed below the Winding Road sign where continuous roadway curves exist for a specific distance.
If the curve has a change in horizontal alignment of 135 degrees or more, the Hairpin Curve (W1-11) sign may be used instead of a Curve or Turn sign.

If the curve has a change of direction of approximately 270 degrees, such as on a cloverleaf interchange ramp, the 270-degree Loop (W1-15) sign may be used instead of a Curve or Turn sign.

Support:

Refer to Section 2C.10 for Hairpin Curve /Advisory Speed (W4-10(CA)) sign, 270-degree Loop/Advisory Speed (W4-14(CA)) sign and combination Truck Rollover Warning /Advisory Speed (W4-22(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-1(CA)).

Guidance:

When the Hairpin Curve sign or the 270-degree Loop sign is installed, either a One-Direction Large Arrow (W1-6) sign or Chevron Alignment (W1-8) signs should be installed on the outside of the turn or curve.

Option:

The TRACTOR-SEMIS OVER ___ FEET KINGPIN TO REAR AXLE NOT ADVISED (SW48(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-5(CA)) may be used on certain specified conventional highways and freeways that have restricted turning radii.

Standard:

At freeway off-ramps to restricted conventional highways, the freeway sign shall be installed with a NEXT EXIT (SW 48-1(CA)) sign.

Guidance:

The SW48(CA) sign should be located far enough in advance of the restricted area to allow the vehicle operator time to select an alternate route.

Option:

The NEXT EXIT (SW48-1(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-5(CA)) or Next Distance (W7-3a) plaque may supplement the SW48(CA) sign, as appropriate. Alternate messages for the SW 48-1(CA) sign may be NEXT RIGHT, SECOND EXIT, SECOND RIGHT, NEXT LEFT or SECOND LEFT.

Section 2C.08 Advisory Speed Plaque (W13-1P)

Option:

The Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque (see Figure 2C-1) may be used to supplement any warning sign to indicate the advisory speed for a condition.

Standard:

The use of the Advisory Speed plaque for horizontal curves shall be in accordance with the information shown in Table 2C-5. The Advisory Speed plaque shall also be used where an engineering study indicates a need to advise road users of the advisory speed for other roadway conditions.

If used, the Advisory Speed plaque shall carry the message XX MPH. The speed displayed shall be a multiple of 5 mph.

Except in emergencies or when the condition is temporary, an Advisory Speed plaque shall not be installed until the advisory speed has been determined by an engineering study.

The Advisory Speed plaque shall only be used to supplement a warning sign and shall not be installed as a separate sign installation.

The advisory speed shall be determined by an engineering study that follows established engineering practices.

Support:

Among the established engineering practices that are appropriate for the determination of the recommended advisory speed for a horizontal curve are the following:

A. An accelerometer that provides a direct determination of side friction factors
B. A design speed equation
C. A traditional ball-bank indicator using the following criteria:
   1. 16 degrees of ball-bank for speeds of 20 mph or less
   2. 14 degrees of ball-bank for speeds of 25 to 30 mph
   3. 12 degrees of ball-bank for speeds of 35 mph and higher

The 16, 14, and 12 degrees of ball-bank criteria are comparable to the current AASHTO horizontal curve design guidance. Research has shown that drivers often exceed existing posted advisory curve speeds by 7 to 10 mph.
Guidance:

09 The advisory speed should be determined based on free-flowing traffic conditions.

10 Because changes in conditions, such as roadway geometrics, surface characteristics, or sight distance, might affect the advisory speed, each location should be evaluated periodically or when conditions change.

Standard:

11 If used, the speed shown on the W13-1P plaque shall not be in excess of the posted or maximum speed limit. The advisory speed shall be determined in accordance with this section.

12 The Advisory Speed plaque shall not be used in conjunction with any sign other than a warning sign, nor shall it be used alone. When used, it shall be positioned below the warning sign.

Guidance:

13 In determining the need for curve or turn warning signs, consideration should be given to driver expectancy based on the driving environment. If the curve can be driven at legal speed without discomfort, there is normally no need for a sign. A curve warning sign should be considered in advance of any curve that produces a reading of 10 degrees on a Ball Bank Indicator at speeds lower than the approach speed. If a curve warning sign is needed, it should be supplemented with an advisory speed message.

14 A mechanical or electronic Ball Indicator should be used to determine the advisory speed for curves.

Support:

15 This speed is shown on the Horizontal Alignment signs (see Section 2C.06), Combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Speed Signs (see Section 2C.10), Advisory Exit and Ramp Speed Signs (see Section 2C.14), Combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Exit and Ramp Speed Signs (see Section 2C.15) and Advisory Speed Plaque.

Option:

16 The Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque may also be used with a number of other warning signs.

Support:

17 One method of determining the advisory speed is to drive the curve at several selected uniform speeds and plot the Ball Bank Indicator readings as shown in Figure 2C-101(CA).

Guidance:

18 A minimum of three speed runs should be made in each direction.

Support:

19 The limiting Ball Bank Indicator value for comfort is 16° for speeds of 20 mph or less, approximately 14° for speeds of 25 to 30 mph, inclusive and 12° for speeds of 35 mph or higher.

Standard:

20 The speeds shown on the sign shall be in mph.

Guidance:

21 The speed shown on the sign should be in 5 mph increments to the lowest appropriate speed found for the condition.

Option:

22 A changeable message sign that displays to approaching drivers the speed at which they are traveling may be installed on the same post and in conjunction with any horizontal alignment sign that has an advisory speed.

23 Any horizontal alignment that has an advisory speed may be supplemented with a changeable message sign that displays the horizontal alignment sign, advisory speed and the approaching driver’s speed.

Standard:

24 If a changeable message sign is installed, the legend YOUR SPEED XX (MPH) or such similar legend shall be shown.

25 The color of the changeable message sign shall be a yellow legend on a black background or the reverse of these colors.

Section 2C.09 Chevron Alignment Sign (W1-8)

Standard:

01 The use of the Chevron Alignment (W1-8) sign (see Figures 2C-1 and 2C-2) to provide additional emphasis and guidance for a change in horizontal alignment shall be in accordance with the information shown in Table 2C-5.

Option:

02 When used, Chevron Alignment signs may be used instead of or in addition to standard delineators.
Standard:
03 The Chevron Alignment sign shall be a vertical rectangle. No border shall be used on the Chevron Alignment sign.
04 If used, a minimum of three Chevron Alignment signs shall be installed on the outside of a turn or curve, in line with and at approximately a right angle to approaching traffic. Chevron Alignment signs shall be installed at a minimum height of 4 feet, measured vertically from the bottom of the sign to the elevation of the near edge of the traveled way.

Guidance:
05 The approximate spacing of Chevron Alignment signs on the turn or curve measured from the point of curvature (PC) should be as shown in Table 2C-6.
06 If used, Chevron Alignment signs should be visible for a sufficient distance to provide the road user with adequate time to react to the change in alignment.

Standard:
07 Chevron Alignment signs shall not be placed on the far side of a T-intersection facing traffic on the stem approach to warn drivers that a through movement is not physically possible, as this is the function of a Two-Direction (or One-Direction) Large Arrow sign.
08 Chevron Alignment signs shall not be used to mark obstructions within or adjacent to the roadway, including the beginning of guardrails or barriers, as this is the function of a object marker (see Section 2C.63).

Section 2C.10 Combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Speed Signs (W1-1a, W1-2a)

Option:
01 The Turn (W1-1) sign or the Curve (W1-2) sign may be combined with the Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque (see Section 2C.08) to create a combination Turn/Advisory Speed (W1-1a) sign or combination Curve/Advisory Speed (W1-2a) sign (see Figure 2C-1).
01a The Reverse Turn (W1-3) sign or the Reverse Curve (W1-4) sign may be combined with the Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque (see Section 2C.08) to create a combination Reverse Turn/Advisory Speed (W4-1(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-1(CA)), or combination Reverse Curve/Advisory Speed (W4-18(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-1(CA)).
01b The Hairpin Curve (W1-11) sign or the 270-degree Loop (W1-15) sign may be combined with the Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque (see Section 2C.08) to create a combination Hairpin Curve/Advisory Speed (W4-10(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-1(CA)), or combination 270-degree Loop/Advisory Speed (W4-14(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-1(CA)).
01c The Truck Rollover Warning (W1-13) sign may be combined with the Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque (see Section 2C.08) to create a combination Truck Rollover Warning/Advisory Speed (W4-22(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-1(CA)).
02 The combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Speed sign may be used to supplement the advance Horizontal Alignment warning sign and Advisory Speed plaque based upon an engineering study.

Standard:
03 If used, the combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Speed sign shall not be used alone and shall not be used as a substitute for a Horizontal Alignment warning sign and Advisory Speed plaque at the advance warning location. The combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Speed sign shall only be used as a supplement to the advance Horizontal Alignment warning sign.

Guidance:
03a If used, the combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Speed sign shall be installed at the beginning of the turn or curve.

Support:
03b The combination Turn/Advisory Speed (W1-1a) sign or combination Curve/Advisory Speed (W1-2a) sign (see Figure 2C-1) is used at problem locations where the Horizontal Alignment (W1-1 through W1-5) signs have not proven to be effective.

Standard:
03c When used, combination Turn/Advisory Speed (W1-1a) sign or combination Curve/Advisory Speed (W1-2a) sign (see Figure 2C-1) shall be used in the head-on position (left side) and/or at the beginning of the turn or curve (right side).
Guidance:

03d When used, the square shape should be used in the head-on position (left side) for combination Turn/Advisory Speed (W1-1a) sign or combination Curve/Advisory Speed (W1-2a) sign (see Figure 2C-1).

03e When used, the diamond shape should be used in the beginning of the turn or curve (right side) for the combination Turn/Advisory Speed (W1-1a) sign or combination Curve/Advisory Speed (W1-2a) sign (see Figure 2C-1).

03f Existing pavement markings should also be evaluated.

Standard:

03g The advisory speed shall be determined in accordance with Section 2C.08.

Guidance:

04 The advisory speed displayed on the combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Speed sign should be based on the advisory speed for the horizontal curve using recommended engineering practices (see Section 2C.08).

Section 2C.11 Combination Horizontal Alignment/Intersection Signs (W1-10 Series)

Option:

01 The Turn (W1-1) sign or the Curve (W1-2) sign may be combined with the Cross Road (W2-1) sign or the Side Road (W2-2 or W2-3) sign to create a combination Horizontal Alignment/Intersection (W1-10 series) sign (see Figure 2C-1) that depicts the condition where an intersection occurs within or immediately adjacent to a turn or curve.

Guidance:

02 Elements of the combination Horizontal Alignment/Intersection sign related to horizontal alignment should comply with the provisions of Section 2C.07, and elements related to intersection configuration should comply with the provisions of Section 2C.46. The symbol design should approximate the configuration of the intersecting roadway(s). No more than one Cross Road or two Side Road symbols should be displayed on any one combination Horizontal Alignment/Intersection sign.

Standard:

03 The use of the combination Horizontal Alignment/Intersection sign shall be in accordance with the appropriate Turn or Curve sign information shown in Table 2C-5.

Section 2C.12 One-Direction Large Arrow Sign (W1-6)

Option:

01 A One-Direction Large Arrow (W1-6) sign (see Figure 2C-1) may be used either as a supplement or alternative to Chevron Alignment signs in order to delineate a change in horizontal alignment (see Figure 2C-2).

02 A One-Direction Large Arrow (W1-6) sign may be used to supplement a Turn or Reverse Turn sign (see Figure 2C-2) to emphasize the abrupt curvature.

Standard:

03 The One-Direction Large Arrow sign shall be a horizontal rectangle with an arrow pointing to the left or right.

04 The use of the One-Direction Large Arrow sign shall be in accordance with the information shown in Table 2C-5.

05 If used, the One-Direction Large Arrow sign shall be installed on the outside of a turn or curve in line with and at approximately a right angle to approaching traffic.

06 The One-Direction Large Arrow sign shall not be used where there is no alignment change in the direction of travel, such as at the beginnings and ends of medians or at center piers.

07 The One-Direction Large Arrow sign directing traffic to the right shall not be used in the central island of a roundabout.

Guidance:

08 If used, the One-Direction Large Arrow sign should be visible for a sufficient distance to provide the road user with adequate time to react to the change in alignment.

09 Type N-1(CA) (OM1-3) object marker should be used below and on the same post as the W1-6 sign. See Section 2C.65.
Section 2C.13 Truck Rollover Warning Sign (W1-13)

Option:
01 A Truck Rollover Warning (W1-13) sign (see Figure 2C-1) may be used to warn drivers of vehicles with a high center of gravity, such as trucks, tankers, and recreational vehicles, of a curve or turn where geometric conditions might contribute to a loss of control and a rollover as determined by an engineering study.

Support:
02 Among the established engineering practices that are appropriate for the determination of the truck rollover potential of a horizontal curve are the following:
   A. An accelerometer that provides a direct determination of side friction factors
   B. A design speed equation
   C. A traditional ball-bank indicator using 10 degrees of ball-bank (see Figure 2C-101(CA)).

Standard:
03 If a Truck Rollover Warning (W1-13) sign is used, it shall be accompanied by an Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque indicating the recommended speed for vehicles with a higher center of gravity.

Option:
04 The Truck Rollover Warning sign may be displayed as a static sign, as a static sign supplemented by a flashing warning beacon, or as a changeable message sign activated by the detection of an approaching vehicle with a high center of gravity that is traveling in excess of the recommended speed for the condition.

Support:
05 The curved arrow on the Truck Rollover Warning sign shows the direction of roadway curvature. The truck tips in the opposite direction.

Section 2C.14 Advisory Exit and Ramp Speed Signs (W13-2 and W13-3)

Standard:
01 Advisory Exit Speed (W13-2) and Advisory Ramp Speed (W13-3) signs (see Figure 2C-1) shall be vertical rectangles. The use of Advisory Exit Speed and Advisory Ramp Speed signs on freeway and expressway ramps shall be in accordance with the information shown in Table 2C-5.

Guidance:
02 If used, the Advisory Exit Speed sign should be installed along the deceleration lane and the advisory speed displayed should be based on an engineering study. When a Truck Rollover (W1-13) sign (see Section 2C.13) is also installed for the ramp, the advisory exit speed should be based on the truck advisory speed for the horizontal alignment using recommended engineering practices.
03 If used, the Advisory Exit Speed sign should be visible in time for the road user to decelerate and make an exiting maneuver.

Support:
04 Table 2C-4 lists recommended advance sign placement distances for deceleration to various advisory speeds.

Guidance:
05 If used, the Advisory Ramp Speed sign should be installed on the ramp to confirm the ramp advisory speed.
06 If used, Chevron Alignment (W1-8) signs and/or One-Direction Large Arrow (W1-6) signs should be installed on the outside of the exit curve as described in Sections 2C.09 and 2C.12.

Option:
07 Where there is a need to remind road users of the recommended advisory speed, a horizontal alignment warning sign with an advisory speed plaque may be installed at or beyond the beginning of the exit curve or on the outside of the curve, provided that it is apparent that the sign applies only to exiting traffic. These signs may also be used at intermediate points along the ramp, especially if the ramp curvature changes and the subsequent curves on the ramp have a different advisory speed than the initial ramp curve.

Support:
08 Figure 2C-3 shows an example of advisory speed signing for an exit ramp.
Guidance:

09 The Advisory Exit Speed (W13-2) sign (see Figure 2C-1) should be placed on the right of exit ramps just beyond the neutral area (gore) to advise motorists of the speed at which the exit ramp can be comfortably negotiated. Consideration should also be given to the speed at which traffic can enter the surface street at the end of the ramp if a stop is not required.

Support:

10 The W13-2 sign is not necessary for an exit ramp that has tangent alignment and terminates at a stop sign or a signal.

Guidance:

11 The Advisory Ramp Speed (W13-3) sign (see Figure 2C-1) should be placed on the right of the freeway to freeway connector ramps just beyond the neutral area (gore) where the ramps cannot be comfortably negotiated by motorists at approach speeds.

12 Where additional warning is needed for ramp curvature beyond the neutral area (gore), a curve warning sign and an advisory speed should be posted.

Standard:

13 The advisory speed shall be determined in accordance with Section 2C.08.

Section 2C.15 Combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Exit and Ramp Speed Signs (W13-6 and W13-7)

Option:

01 A horizontal alignment sign (see Section 2C.07) may be combined with an Advisory Exit Speed or Advisory Ramp Speed sign to create a combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Exit Speed (W13-6) sign or a combination Horizontal Alignment/Advisory Ramp Speed (W13-7) sign (see Figure 2C-1). These combination signs may be used where the severity of the exit ramp curvature might not be apparent to road users in the deceleration lane or where the curvature needs to be specifically identified as being on the exit ramp rather than on the mainline.

Section 2C.16 Hill Signs (W7-1, W7-1a)

Guidance:

01 The Hill (W7-1) sign (see Figure 2C-4) should be used in advance of a downgrade where the length, percent of grade, horizontal curvature, and/or other physical features require special precautions on the part of road users.

02 The Hill sign and supplemental grade (W7-3P) plaque (see Section 2C.57) used in combination, or the W7-1a sign used alone, should be installed in advance of downgrades for the following conditions:

A. 5% grade that is more than 3,000 feet in length,
B. 6% grade that is more than 2,000 feet in length,
C. 7% grade that is more than 1,000 feet in length,
D. 8% grade that is more than 750 feet in length, or
E. 9% grade that is more than 500 feet in length.

03 These signs should also be installed for steeper grades or where crash experience and field observations indicate a need.

04 Supplemental plaques (see Section 2C.57) and larger signs should be used for emphasis or where special hill characteristics exist. On longer grades, the use of the Hill sign with a distance (W7-3aP) plaque or the combination distance/grade (W7-3bP) plaque at periodic intervals of approximately 1-mile spacing should be considered.

Standard:

05 If the percent grade is displayed on a supplemental plaque, the plaque shall be placed below the Hill (W7-1) sign.

Option:

06 A USE LOW GEAR (W7-2P) or TRUCKS USE LOWER GEAR (W7-2bP) supplemental plaque (see Figure 2C-4) may be used to indicate a situation where downshifting as well as braking might be advisable.

07 The SLOW TRUCKS (W51(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-4(CA)) may be used to inform drivers that slow moving trucks substantially interfere with the flow of traffic. The Next Distance (W7-3a) plaque may be used with the W51(CA) sign.
Section 2C.17 Truck Escape Ramp Signs (W7-4 Series)

Guidance:

01 Where applicable, truck escape (or runaway truck) ramp advance warning signs (see Figure 2C-4) should be located approximately 1 mile, and 1/2 mile in advance of the grade, and of the ramp. A sign also should be placed at the gore. A RUNAWAY VEHICLES ONLY (R4-10) sign (see Section 2B.35) should be installed near the ramp entrance to discourage other road users from entering the ramp. No Parking (R8-3) signs should be placed near the ramp entrance. NO STOPPING ANYTIME (R26A(S)(CA)) signs should be placed to keep motorists from stopping in the path of runaway trucks.

Standard:

02 When truck escape ramps are installed, at least one of the W7-4 series signs shall be used.

Option:

03 A SAND (W7-4dP), GRAVEL (W7-4eP), or PAVED (W7-4fP) supplemental plaque (see Figure 2C-4) may be used to describe the ramp surface. State and local highway agencies Caltrans (via CTCDC process, see Section 2A.06) may develop appropriate word message signs for the specific situation.

Standard:

04 The DEEP GRAVEL (W30B(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-4(CA)) shall be placed on all truck escape ramps.

Guidance:

05 The W30B(CA) sign should be placed near the outside edge of the paved ramp prior to the beginning of the gravel bed. See Figure 3F-103(CA) for Runaway Truck Ramp sign and marking details.

06 The RIGHT (LEFT) EXIT (W30C(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-4(CA)) should be used to indicate a right or left exit to a truck escape ramp.

Support:

07 Erect the W30C(CA) sign below and on the same post with the first W7-4 sign.

Section 2C.18 HILL BLOCKS VIEW Sign (W7-6)

Option:

01 A HILL BLOCKS VIEW (W7-6) sign (see Figure 2C-4) may be used in advance of a crest vertical curve to advise road users to reduce speed as they approach and traverse the hill as only limited stopping sight distance is available.

Guidance:

02 When a HILL BLOCKS VIEW sign is used, it should be supplemented by an Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque indicating the recommended speed for traveling over the hillcrest based on available stopping sight distance.

Section 2C.19 ROAD NARROWS Sign (W5-1)

Guidance:

01 Except as provided in Paragraph 2, a ROAD NARROWS (W5-1) sign (see Figure 2C-5) should be used in advance of a transition on two-lane roads where the pavement width is reduced abruptly to a width such that vehicles traveling in opposite directions cannot simultaneously travel through the narrow portion of the roadway without reducing speed.

Option:

02 The ROAD NARROWS (W5-1) sign may be omitted on low-volume local streets that have speed limits of 30 mph or less.

03 Additional emphasis may be provided by the use of object markers and delineators (see Sections 2B.63 2C.63 through 2B.65 2C.65 and Chapter 3F). The Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque (see Section 2C.08) may be used to indicate the recommended speed.

04 The Downward Arrow (SW44(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-5(CA)) may be used where object markers (see Sections 2C.63 and 2C.65) may be ineffective, with the downward arrow either left or right, to mark obstructions in the roadway where traffic is permitted to pass on one side only.
Section 2C.20 NARROW BRIDGE Sign (W5-2)

Guidance:
01 A NARROW BRIDGE (W5-2) sign (see Figure 2C-5) should be used in advance of any bridge or culvert having a two-way roadway clearance width of 16 to 28 feet, or any bridge or culvert having a roadway clearance less than the width of the approach travel lanes.
02 Additional emphases should be provided by the use of object markers, delineators, and/or pavement markings.
Option:
03 A NARROW BRIDGE sign may be used in advance of a bridge or culvert on which the approach shoulders are narrowed or eliminated.
Support:
04 See Figure 3F-104(CA) for narrow bridge sign and marking details.
Option:
05 The TUNNEL (SW37(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-5(CA)) may be used to warn road user that there is a tunnel ahead.

Section 2C.21 ONE LANE BRIDGE Sign (W5-3)

Guidance:
01 A ONE LANE BRIDGE (W5-3) sign (see Figure 2C-5) should be used on two-way roadways in advance of any bridge or culvert:
   A. Having a clear roadway width of less than 16 feet, or
   B. Having a clear roadway width of less than 18 feet when commercial vehicles constitute a high proportion of the traffic, or
   C. Having a clear roadway width of 18 feet or less where the sight distance is limited on the approach to the structure.
02 Additional emphases should be provided by the use of object markers, delineators, and/or pavement markings.

Section 2C.22 Divided Highway Sign (W6-1)

Guidance:
01 A Divided Highway (W6-1) sign (see Figure 2C-5) should be used on the approaches to a section of highway (not an intersection or junction) where the opposing flows of traffic are separated by a median or other physical barrier.
Standard:
02 The Divided Highway (W6-1) sign shall not be used instead of a Keep Right (R4-7 series) sign on the approach end of a median island.
Support:
03 See Figure 3B-14(CA) for signing and marking applications for lane reductions.

Section 2C.23 Divided Highway Ends Sign (W6-2)

Guidance:
01 A Divided Highway Ends (W6-2) sign (see Figure 2C-5) should be used in advance of the end of a section of physically divided highway (not an intersection or junction) as a warning of two-way traffic ahead.
02 The Two-Way Traffic (W6-3) sign (see Section 2C.44) should be used to give warning and notice of the transition to a two-lane, two-way section.
Support:
03 See Figure 3B-14(CA) for signing and marking applications for lane reductions.

Section 2C.24 Freeway or Expressway Ends Signs (W19 Series)

Option:
01 A FREEWAY ENDS XX MILES (W19-1) sign or a FREEWAY ENDS (W19-3) sign (see Figure 2C-5) may be used in advance of the end of a freeway.
Section 2C.25 Double Arrow Sign (W12-1)
Option:
01 The Double Arrow (W12-1) sign (see Figure 2C-5) may be used to advise road users that traffic is permitted to pass on either side of an island, obstruction, or gore in the roadway. Traffic separated by this sign may either rejoin or change directions.
Guidance:
02 If used on an island, the Double Arrow sign should be mounted near the approach end.
03 If used in front of a pier or obstruction, the Double Arrow sign should be mounted on the face of, or just in front of, the obstruction. Where stripe markings are used on the obstruction, they should be discontinued to leave a 3-inch space around the outside of the sign.

Section 2C.26 DEAD END/NO OUTLET Signs (W14-1, W14-1a, W14-2, W14-2a)
Option:
01 The DEAD END (W14-1) sign (see Figure 2C-5) may be used at the entrance of a single road or street that terminates in a dead end or cul-de-sac. The NO OUTLET (W14-2) sign (see Figure 2C-5) may be used at the entrance to a road or road network from which there is no other exit.
02 DEAD END (W14-1a) or NO OUTLET (W14-2a) signs (see Figure 2C-5) may be used in combination with Street Name (D3-1) signs (see Section 2D.43) to warn turning traffic that the cross street ends in the direction indicated by the arrow.
03 At locations where the cross street does not have a name, the W14-1a or W14-2a signs may be used alone in place of a street name sign.
Standard:
04 The DEAD END (W14-1a) and NO OUTLET (W14-2a) signs shall be horizontal rectangles with an arrow pointing to the left or right.
05 When the W14-1 or W14-2 sign is used, the sign shall be posted as near as practical to the entry point or at a sufficient advance distance to permit the road user to avoid the dead end or no outlet condition by turning at the nearest intersecting street.
06 The DEAD END (W14-1a) or NO OUTLET (W14-2a) signs shall not be used instead of the W14-1 or W14-2 signs where traffic can proceed straight through the intersection into the dead end street or no outlet area.
Option:
07 The END (W31(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-5(CA)) may be used where a street or highway ends.
08 The ROAD ENDS ------- FT (W31A(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-5(CA)) may be used in advance of the END (W31(CA)) sign.
Support:
09 Install in a head-on position (left side) in combination with an end-of-roadway marker. See Section 2C.66.
10 See Figure 2C-13 and 2C-13(CA) for examples of object markers and more details.

Section 2C.27 Low Clearance Signs (W12-2 and W12-2a)
Standard:
01 The Low Clearance (W12-2) sign (see Figure 2C-5) shall be used to warn road users of clearances less than 12 inches above the statutory maximum vehicle height.
Guidance:

02 The actual clearance should be displayed on the Low Clearance sign to the nearest 1 inch not exceeding the actual clearance. However, in areas that experience changes in temperature causing frost action, a reduction, not exceeding 3 inches, should be used for this condition.

03 Where the clearance is less than the legal maximum vehicle height, the W12-2 sign with a supplemental distance plaque should be placed at the nearest intersecting road or wide point in the road at which a vehicle can detour or turn around.

04 In the case of an arch or other structure under which the clearance varies greatly, two or more signs should be used as necessary on the structure itself to give information as to the clearances over the entire roadway.

05 Clearances should be evaluated periodically, particularly when resurfacing operations have occurred.

Option:

06 The Low Clearance sign may be installed on or in advance of the structure. If a sign is placed on the structure, it may be a rectangular shape (W12-2a) with the appropriate legend (see Figure 2C-5).

Standard:

07 The Low Clearance (W12-2) sign shall be used to warn motorists of low structure clearances.

08 For clearance 15 feet 6 inch or less, in addition to the W12-2a, two advance Low Clearance signs shall be installed on the right side of the roadway. The first W12-2 sign shall be placed in advance of the nearest intersecting street or highway or wide point in the road at which a motorist can detour or safely turn around.

Guidance:

09 A Distance Ahead (W34A(CA)) plaque should be placed below the W12-2 sign at this location.

Standard:

10 The second W12-2 sign shall be placed in advance of the structure.

Support:

11 No W34A(CA) plaque is needed at the second location.

Standard:

12 The W12-2 sign shall display the same clearance as shown on the W12-2a plaque.

Guidance:

13 The Distance Ahead (W34A(CA)) plaque when used, should be placed below a W12-2 sign.

Standard:

14 The ___ FT ___ IN plaque (W12-2a) shall be used to warn motorists of structural clearance 15 feet 6 inch or less.

Guidance:

15 The W12-2a plaque should be centered over the traveled way on the approach side of all underpasses, overheads, viaducts, overcrossings, undercrossings, and grade separations for State highways.

Standard:

16 The W12-2a plaque shall not encroach over the shoulder area.

17 The W12-2a plaque shall display the minimum vertical clearance to the nearest inch, not exceeding the measured value.

18 The CAUTION, VERTICAL CLEARANCE ___’ ___” Arrow (W34C(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-5(CA)) shall be used on all blind approaches to structures with clearances 15 feet 6 inch or less.

Support:

19 The W34C(CA) sign is used to warn motorists of low structure clearance around corners.

Guidance:

20 The W34C(CA) sign should be placed at a location where the motorist can detour or safely turn around before making the turn.

Standard:

21 The W34C(CA) sign shall display the same clearance as shown on the W12-2a plaque.

Section 2C.28 BUMP and DIP Signs (W8-1, W8-2)

Guidance:

01 BUMP (W8-1) and DIP (W8-2) signs (see Figure 2C-6) should be used to give warning of a sharp rise or depression in the profile of the road.
Standard:

01a When used at a cattle guard, the BUMP (W8-1) or DIP (W8-2) signs shall be supplemented with a diagonal downward pointing arrow (W16-7p) plaque showing the location of the cattle guard.

Option:
02 These signs may be supplemented with an Advisory Speed plaque (see Section 2C.08).

Standard:

03 The DIP sign shall not be used at a short stretch of depressed alignment that might momentarily hide a vehicle.

Guidance:
04 A short stretch of depressed alignment that might momentarily hide a vehicle should be treated as a no-pasing zone when center line striping is provided on a two-lane or three-lane road (see Section 3B.02).

Section 2C.29 SPEED HUMP Sign (W17-1)

Guidance:
01 The SPEED HUMP (W17-1) sign (see Figure 2C-6) should be used to give warning of a vertical deflection in the roadway that is designed to limit the speed of traffic.
02 If used, the SPEED HUMP sign should be supplemented by an Advisory Speed plaque (see Section 2C.08).

Option:
03 If a series of speed humps exists in close proximity, an Advisory Speed plaque may be eliminated on all but the first SPEED HUMP sign in the series.
04 The legend SPEED BUMP may be used instead of the legend SPEED HUMP on the W17-1 sign.

Option:
04a If a series of speed humps exist in close proximity, a SPEED HUMPS AHEAD (W84(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may replace the first SPEED HUMP sign in the series, provided additional warning of speed humps are provided through signs or pavement markings at the speed humps.
04b If speed humps exist on a network of streets within an area accessible by a limited number of access points to the area, an optional SPEED HUMP AREA (W85(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be placed at each access point to the area, provided additional warning of speed humps are provided through signs or markings at the speed humps.

Support:
05 Speed humps generally provide more gradual vertical deflection than speed bumps. Speed bumps limit the speed of traffic more severely than speed humps. Other forms of speed humps include speed tables and raised intersections. However, these differences in engineering terminology are not well known by the public, so for signing purposes these terms are interchangeable.

Section 2C.30 PAVEMENT ENDS Sign (W8-3)

Guidance:
01 A PAVEMENT ENDS (W8-3) word message sign (see Figure 2C-6) should be used where a paved surface changes to either a gravel treated surface or an earth road surface.
02 An Advisory Speed plaque (see Section 2C.08) may be used when the change in roadway condition requires a reduced speed.

Section 2C.31 Shoulder Signs (W8-4, W8-9, W8-17, W8-23, and W8-25)

Option:
01 The SOFT SHOULDER (W8-4) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn of a soft shoulder condition.
02 The LOW SHOULDER (W8-9) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn of a shoulder condition where there is an elevation difference of less than 3 inches between the shoulder and the travel lane.

Guidance:
03 The Shoulder Drop Off (W8-17) sign (see Figure 2C-6) should be used where an unprotected shoulder drop-off, adjacent to the travel lane, exceeds 3 inches in depth for a significant continuous length along the roadway, based on engineering judgment.
Option:
04 A SHOULDER DROP-OFF (W8-17P) supplemental plaque (see Figure 2C-6) may be mounted below the W8-17 sign.
05 The NO SHOULDER (W8-23) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn road users that a shoulder does not exist along a portion of the roadway.
06 The SHOULDER ENDS (W8-25) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn road users that a shoulder is ending.

Standard:
07 When used, shoulder signs shall be placed in advance of the condition (see Table 2C-4).

Guidance:
08 Additional shoulder signs should be placed at appropriate intervals along the road where the condition continually exists.

Support:
09 The low shoulder condition (elevation difference up to 3 inches) between shoulder and the travel lane is not treated as a permanent condition on State highways.

Standard:
10 The black on yellow background LOW SHOULDER (W8-9) sign shall not be used on State highways.

Option:
11 The black on orange background LOW SHOULDER (W8-9) sign may be used on State highways to warn of a shoulder condition where there is an elevation difference of less than 3 inch between the shoulder and the travel lane. See Section 6F.44.

Section 2C.32 Surface Condition Signs (W8-5, W8-7, W8-8, W8-11, W8-13, and W8-14)

Option:
01 The Slippery When Wet (W8-5) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn of unexpected slippery conditions. Supplemental plaques with legends such as ICE, WHEN WET, STEEL DECK, or EXCESS OIL may be used with the W8-5 sign to indicate the reason that the slippery conditions might be present.

Standard:
01a When used at a cattle guard, the Slippery When Wet (W8-5) signs shall be supplemented with a diagonal downward pointing arrow (W16-7p) plaque showing the location of the cattle guard.

Option:
02 The LOOSE GRAVEL (W8-7) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn of loose gravel on the roadway surface.
03 The ROUGH ROAD (W8-8) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn of a rough roadway surface. It may be desirable to supplement this sign with an Advisory Speed (W13-1P) plaque. Where the rough road is 1 mile or more in length, the W8-8 sign may be supplemented with a Next Distance (W7-3a) plaque.
04 An UNEVEN LANES (W8-11) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn of a difference in elevation between travel lanes.
05 The BRIDGE ICES BEFORE ROAD (W8-13) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used in advance of bridges to advise bridge users of winter weather conditions. The BRIDGE ICES BEFORE ROAD sign may be removed or covered during seasons of the year when its message is not relevant.

Guidance:
06 The FALLEN ROCKS (W8-14) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may Rock Slide Area symbol (W50-1(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) should be used in advance of an area that is adjacent to a hillside, mountain, or cliff where rocks frequently fall onto the roadway.

Guidance:
07 When used, Surface Condition signs should be placed in advance of the beginning of the affected section (see Table 2C-4), and additional signs should be placed at appropriate intervals along the road where the condition exists.
Option:
08 The SLIDE AREA (W38(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be used in advance of where slides on the highway could be expected.
09 The SNOW SLIDE AREA (SW41(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be used in areas of known snow slide or avalanche activity.
10 The Next Distance (W7-3a) plaque may be used below the W38(CA), W50-1(CA) and SW41(CA) signs.
11 The DRIFTING SAND (SW32(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be used to warn traffic of drifting sand on the roadway.
12 The WATCH FOR SNOW SLIPPERY (SW46(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be used to warn road users of conditions where snow may be on the roadway surface, but chains are not yet required. The SW46(CA) sign may be placed in advance of areas where such conditions may exist, and intermittently as needed where such conditions may exist for long sections of highways.
13 The SW46(CA) sign may be displayed when weather conditions are such that it would be reasonable to assume that snow on the roadway would be a possibility.

Guidance:
14 The SW46(CA) sign should be removed when such conditions are no longer present.

Section 2C.33 Warning Signs and Plaques for Motorcyclists (W8-15, W8-15P, and W8-16)

Support:
01 The signs and plaques described in this Section are intended to give motorcyclists advance notice of surface conditions that might adversely affect their ability to maintain control of their motorcycle under wet or dry conditions. The use of some of the advance surface condition warning signs described in Section 2C.32, such as Slippery When Wet, LOOSE GRAVEL, or ROUGH ROAD, can also be helpful to motorcyclists if those conditions exist.

Option:
02 If a portion of a street or highway features a roadway pavement surface that is grooved or textured instead of smooth, such as a grooved skid resistance treatment for a horizontal curve or a brick pavement surface, a GROOVED PAVEMENT (W8-15) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to provide advance warning of this condition to motorcyclists, bicyclists, and other road users. Alternate legends such as TEXTURED PAVEMENT or BRICK PAVEMENT may also be used on the W8-15 sign.
03 If a bridge or a portion of a bridge includes a metal or grated surface, a METAL BRIDGE DECK (W8-16) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to provide advance warning of this condition to motorcyclists, bicyclists, and other road users.
04 A Motorcycle (W8-15P) plaque (see Figure 2C-6) may be mounted below or above a W8-15 or W8-16 sign if the warning is intended to be directed primarily to motorcyclists.

Section 2C.34 NO CENTER LINE Sign (W8-12)

Option:
01 The NO CENTER LINE (W8-12) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn of a roadway without center line pavement markings.

Section 2C.35 Weather Condition Signs (W8-18, W8-19, W8-21, and W8-22)

Option:
01 The ROAD MAY FLOOD (W8-18) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn road users that a section of roadway is subject to frequent flooding. A Depth Gauge (W8-19) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may also be installed within a roadway section that frequently floods.

Standard:
02 If used, the Depth Gauge sign shall be in addition to the ROAD MAY FLOOD sign and shall indicate the depth of the water at the deepest point on the roadway.

Guidance:
02a The FLOODED (W55(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) should be used in advance of locations where the highway is flooded.
Standard:

02a The W55(CA) signs shall be removed or covered when the condition no longer exists.

Option:

02c The FLASH FLOOD AREA (SW35(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be used in advance of depressions in the highway alignment that are subject to flash flooding.

Option:

03 The GUSTY WINDS AREA (W8-21) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn road users that wind gusts frequently occur along a section of highway that are strong enough to impact the stability of trucks, recreational vehicles, and other vehicles with high centers of gravity. A NEXT XX MILES (W7-3a) supplemental plaque may be mounted below the W8-21 sign to inform road users of the length of roadway that frequently experiences strong wind gusts.

04 The FOG AREA (W8-22) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn road users that foggy conditions frequently reduce visibility along a section of highway. A NEXT XX MILES (W7-3a) supplemental plaque may be mounted below the W8-22 sign to inform road users of the length of roadway that frequently experiences foggy conditions.

Support:

05 The Federal Highway Administration has encouraged use of the phrase WHEN FLOODED TURN AROUND DON'T DROWN as an official warning sign.

Option:

06 WHEN FLOODED TURN AROUND DON'T DROWN (W87(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be installed at low-water crossings or at bridges or culverts which cannot pass high flood flows.

Guidance:

07 If used, WHEN FLOODED TURN AROUND DON'T DROWN W87(CA) sign should be installed at locations where stream waters flooding across a road have made passage unsafe.

Section 2C.36 Advance Traffic Control Signs (W3-1, W3-2, W3-3, W3-4)

Standard:

01 The Advance Traffic Control symbol signs (see Figure 2C-6) include the Stop Ahead (W3-1), Yield Ahead (W3-2), and Signal Ahead (W3-3) signs. These signs shall be installed on an approach to a primary traffic control device that is not visible for a sufficient distance to permit the road user to respond to the device (see Table 2C-4). The visibility criteria for a traffic control signal shall be based on having a continuous view of at least two signal faces for the distance specified in Table 4D-2.

Support:

02 Figure 2A-4 shows the typical placement of an Advance Traffic Control sign.

03 Permanent obstructions causing the limited visibility might include roadway alignment or structures. Intermittent obstructions might include foliage or parked vehicles.

Guidance:

04 Where intermittent obstructions occur, engineering judgment should determine the treatment to be implemented.

Option:

05 An Advance Traffic Control sign may be used for additional emphasis of the primary traffic control device, even when the visibility distance to the device is satisfactory.

06 An advance street name plaque (see Section 2C.58) may be installed above or below an Advance Traffic Control sign.

07 A warning beacon may be used with an Advance Traffic Control sign.

07a A BE PREPARED TO STOP (W3-4) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used in advance of a traffic control device that could require motorists to stop, such as a traffic control signal or a STOP sign.

08 A BE PREPARED TO STOP (W3-4) sign (see Figure 2C-6) and WATCH FOR STOPPED VEHICLES (SW60(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be used to warn motorists of stopped traffic caused by a traffic control signal or such as in advance of a section of roadway that regularly experiences traffic congestion.
Standard:

09 When a BE PREPARED TO STOP sign is used in advance of a traffic control signal, it shall be used in addition to a Signal Ahead sign and shall be placed downstream from the Signal Ahead (W3-3) sign.

Option:

10 The BE PREPARED TO STOP (W3-4) sign or WATCH FOR STOPPED VEHICLES (SW60(CA)) sign may be supplemented with a warning beacon (see Section 4L.03).

Guidance:

11 When the warning beacon is interconnected with a traffic control signal or queue detection system, the BE PREPARED TO STOP sign should be supplemented with a WHEN FLASHING (W16-13P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12).

Support:

12 Section 2C.40 contains information regarding the use of a NO MERGE AREA (W4-5P) supplemental plaque in conjunction with a Yield Ahead sign.

Standard:

13 WHEN FLASHING (W16-13P) plaque shall not be used to supplement the BE PREPARED TO STOP (W3-4) sign or WATCH FOR STOPPED VEHICLES (SW60(CA)) sign.

Support:

14 Studies indicate that the W16-13P plaque is generally not effective as a warning device for motorists approaching signalized intersections. Not using the W16-13P plaque also addresses the situation when a warning beacon is inoperative for any reason.

Guidance:

15 The Stop Ahead sign (W3-1) should not be used in the approach to an intersection where there is channelization and the majority of the traffic turns to the right without being required to stop.

Option:

16 The STOP AHEAD pavement markings may be placed in accordance with Section 3B.20.

17 The SIGNAL/STOP AHEAD Arrow sign (SW26(CA)) may be used in the head-on position (left side) where W3-1 and W3-3 signs have proven ineffective.

Guidance:

18 The W3-1 and W3-3 signs should be left in place when the SW26(CA) sign is placed.

Section 2C.37 Advance Ramp Control Signal Signs (W3-7 and W3-8)

Support:

00 For State highways, see Caltrans’ Ramp Metering Design Manual. See Section 1A.11 for information regarding this publication.

Option:

01 A RAMP METER AHEAD (W3-7) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used to warn road users that a freeway entrance ramp is metered and that they will encounter a ramp control signal (see Chapter 4I).

Guidance:

02 When the ramp control signals are in operation operated only during certain periods of the day, a RAMP METERED WHEN FLASHING (W3-8) sign (see Figure 2C-6), or an overhead Activated Blank-Out “METER ON” (W88-2(CA), W88-3(CA)) message sign, or “PREPARE TO STOP” (W89(CA)) message sign should be installed in advance of the ramp control signal near the entrance to the ramp, or on the arterial on the approach to the ramp, to alert road users to the presence and operation of ramp meters. See Figure 2C-06(CA).

Standard:

03 The RAMP METERED WHEN FLASHING sign shall be supplemented with a warning beacon (see Section 4L.03) that flashes when the ramp control signal is in operation.

Section 2C.38 Reduced Speed Limit Ahead Signs (W3-5, W3-5a)

Guidance:

01 A Reduced Speed Limit Ahead (W3-5 or W3-5a) sign (see Figure 2C-7) should be used to inform road users of a reduced speed zone where the speed limit is being reduced by more than 10 mph, or where engineering judgment indicates the need for advance notice to comply with the posted speed limit ahead.
Standard:
02 If used, Reduced Speed Limit Ahead signs shall be followed by a Speed Limit (R2-1) sign installed at the beginning of the zone where the speed limit applies.
03 The speed limit displayed on the Reduced Speed Limit Ahead sign shall be identical to the speed limit displayed on the subsequent Speed Limit sign.

Option:
04 The TRAILERS-CAMPERS-GUSTY WIND AREA NEXT ___ MILES (SW17-1(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-6(CA)) may be used where known or potential wind collision problems exist.

Section 2C.39 DRAW BRIDGE Sign (W3-6)

Standard:
01 A DRAW BRIDGE (W3-6) sign (see Figure 2C-6) shall be used in advance of movable bridge signals and gates (see Section 4J.02) to give warning to road users, except in urban conditions where such signing would not be practical.

Guidance:
02 Where physical conditions prevent a motorist driving at the legal speed limit from having a continuous view of at least one signal indication before reaching the stop line, an auxiliary device should be provided in advance of movable bridge signals and gates.

Option:
03 This device may be either a supplemental signal or the mandatory DRAW BRIDGE (W3-6) sign to which has been added a flashing yellow beacon interconnected with movable bridge control.

Support:
04 See Figure 3F-104(CA) for narrow bridge sign and marking details.

Section 2C.40 Merge Signs (W4-1, W4-5)

Option:
01 A Merge (W4-1) sign (see Figure 2C-8) may be used to warn road users on the major roadway that merging movements might be encountered in advance of a point where lanes from two separate roadways converge as a single traffic lane and no turning conflict occurs.
02 A Merge sign may also be installed on the side of the entering roadway to warn road users on the entering roadway of the merge condition.

Guidance:
03 The Merge sign should be installed on the side of the major roadway where merging traffic will be encountered and in such a position as to not obstruct the road user’s view of entering traffic.
04 Where two roadways of approximately equal importance converge, a Merge sign should be placed on each roadway.
05 When a Merge sign is to be installed on an entering roadway that curves before merging with the major roadway, such as a ramp with a curving horizontal alignment as it approaches the major roadway, the Entering Roadway Merge (W4-5) sign (see Figure 2C-8) should be used to better portray the actual geometric conditions to road users on the entering roadway.
06 The Merge sign should not be used where two roadways converge and merging movements are not required.
07 The Merge sign should not be used in place of a Lane Ends sign (see Section 2C.42) where lanes of traffic moving on a single roadway must merge because of a reduction in the actual or usable pavement width.

Option:
08 An Entering Roadway Merge (W4-5) sign with a NO MERGE AREA (W4-5P) supplemental plaque (see Figure 2C-8) mounted below it may be used to warn road users on an entering roadway that they will encounter an abrupt merging situation without an acceleration lane at the downstream end of the ramp.
09 A Merge (W4-1) sign with a NO MERGE AREA (W4-5P) supplemental plaque mounted below it may be used to warn road users on the major roadway that traffic on an entering roadway will encounter an abrupt merging situation without an acceleration lane at the downstream end of the ramp.
For a yield-controlled channelized right-turn movement onto a roadway without an acceleration lane, a NO MERGE AREA (W4-5P) supplemental plaque may be mounted below a Yield Ahead (W3-2) sign and/or below a YIELD (R1-2) sign when engineering judgment indicates that road users would expect an acceleration lane to be present.

Guidance:

When installed at freeway entrance ramps, the W4-1 sign should be installed in advance of the paved gore area.

Option:

On expressways, the THRU TRAFFIC MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W74(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-8(CA)) may be used in advance of the RIGHT(LEFT) LANE MUST TURN RIGHT(LEFT) sign (R3-7).

Guidance:

On conventional highways, the RIGHT(LEFT) LANE TURNS RIGHT(LEFT) AHEAD (W73A(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-8(CA)) and/or the THRU TRAFFIC MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W74(CA)) should be used in advance of the RIGHT(LEFT) LANE MUST TURN RIGHT(LEFT) sign (R3-7).

Support:

See Figure 3B-14(CA) for signs and lane reduction markings.

Standard:

The THRU TRAFFIC MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W74(CA)) sign shall be used on freeways and expressways to inform motorists that the outside or inside lane is being dropped at the next exit, and through traffic must merge into the adjacent lane.

Guidance:

The W74(CA) sign should not be used for a lane reduction.

Option:

The W74(CA) signs may also be used on conventional highways.

Support:

See Figure 3B-10(CA) for lane drop signing and markings at exit ramps.

Option:

The RIGHT(LEFT) LANE TURNS RIGHT(LEFT) AHEAD (W73A(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-8(CA)) and/or the THRU TRAFFIC MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W74(CA)) sign may be used in black on orange version for temporary traffic control zones.

Support:

See Figures 6H-22, 6H-24 and 6H-25 for merge signs used for temporary traffic controls.

**Section 2C.41 Added Lane Signs (W4-3, W4-6)**

Guidance:

The Added Lane (W4-3) sign (see Figure 2C-8) should be installed in advance of a point where two roadways converge and merging movements are not required. When possible, the Added Lane sign should be placed such that it is visible from both roadways; if this is not possible, an Added Lane sign should be placed on the side of each roadway.

When an Added Lane sign is to be installed on a roadway that curves before converging with another roadway that has a tangent alignment at the point of convergence, the Entering Roadway Added Lane (W4-6) sign (see Figure 2C-8) should be used to better portray the actual geometric conditions to road users on the curving roadway.

When installed at freeway entrance ramps, the sign should be installed in advance of the paved gore area.

**Section 2C.42 Lane Ends Signs (W4-2, W9-1, W9-2)**

Guidance:

The LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W9-2) sign or the Lane Ends (W4-2) sign should be used to warn of the reduction in the number of traffic lanes in the direction of travel on a multi-lane highway (see Figure 2C-8).

Standard:

For consistency, the LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W9-2) sign is deleted, only Lane Ends (W4-2) symbol sign shall be used.
Option:
02 The RIGHT (LEFT) LANE ENDS (W9-1) sign (see Figure 2C-8) may be used in advance of the Lane Ends (W4-2) sign or the LANE ENDS MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W9-2) sign as additional warning or to emphasize that the traffic lane is ending and that a merging maneuver will be required.

Guidance:
03 If used, the RIGHT (LEFT) LANE ENDS (W9-1) Lane Ends (W4-2) sign should be installed adjacent to the Lane-Reduction Arrow pavement markings.

Option:
04 On one-way streets or on divided highways where the width of the median will permit, two Lane Ends signs may be placed facing approaching traffic, one on the right-hand side and the other on the left-hand side or median.

Support:
05 Section 3B.09 contains information regarding the use of pavement markings in conjunction with a lane reduction.

Guidance:
06 Where an extra lane has been provided for slower moving traffic (see Section 2B.31), a Lane Ends word sign or a Lane Ends (W4-2) symbol sign should be installed in advance of the downstream end of the extra lane.
07 Lane Ends signs should not be installed in advance of the downstream end of an acceleration lane.

Standard:
08 In dropped lane situations, regulatory signs (see Section 2B.20) shall be used to inform road users that a through lane is becoming a mandatory turn lane. The W4-2, W9-1, and W9-2 signs shall not be used in dropped lane situations.

Guidance:
09 The RIGHT (LEFT) LANE ENDS sign (W9-1) should be used in conjunction with the Lane Ends (W4-2) sign.

Support:
10 The W9-2 or W4-2 sign is not to be used for a lane drop at an exit.
11 See Figure 3B-14(CA) for signing and marking applications for lane reductions.

Standard:
12 The RIGHT (LEFT) LANE EXITS AHEAD (W73(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-8(CA)) shall be placed between the THRU TRAFFIC MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W74(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-8(CA)) and the RIGHT (LEFT) LANE MUST EXIT sign (R18A(CA)), at locations where overhead Exit Only signs (E11-1 Series or W61(CA) Series) are not in place for lane drops at freeway exit ramps.

Guidance:
13 On expressways, the RIGHT(LEFT) LANE TURNS RIGHT(LEFT) AHEAD (W73A(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-8(CA)) should be used in advance of the RIGHT(LEFT) LANE MUST TURN RIGHT(LEFT) sign (R3-7).
14 On conventional highways, the RIGHT(LEFT) LANE TURNS RIGHT(LEFT) AHEAD (W73A(CA)) sign and/or the THRU TRAFFIC MERGE LEFT (RIGHT) (W74(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-8(CA)) should be used in advance of the RIGHT(LEFT) LANE MUST TURN RIGHT(LEFT) sign (R3-7).

Support:
15 See Figure 3B-10(CA) for lane drop signing and markings at exit ramps.
16 See Figure 3B-14(CA) for signs and lane reduction markings.

Section 2C.43 RIGHT (LEFT) LANE EXIT ONLY AHEAD Sign (W9-7)

Option:
01 The RIGHT (LEFT) LANE EXIT ONLY AHEAD (W9-7) sign (see Figure 2C-8) may be used to provide advance warning to road users that traffic in the right-hand (left-hand) lane of a roadway that is approaching a grade-separated interchange will be required to depart the roadway on an exit ramp at the next interchange.

Standard:
02 The W9-7 sign shall be a horizontal rectangle with a black legend and border on a yellow background.
Guidance:
03 If used, the W9-7 sign should be installed upstream from the first overhead guide sign that contains an EXIT ONLY sign panel or upstream from the first RIGHT (LEFT) LANE MUST EXIT (R3-33) regulatory sign, whichever is farther upstream from the exit.

Support:
04 Section 2B.23 contains information regarding a regulatory sign that can also be used for lane drops at grade-separated interchanges.

Section 2C.44 Two-Way Traffic Sign (W6-3)

Guidance:
01 A Two-Way Traffic (W6-3) sign (see Figure 2C-8) should be used to warn road users of a transition from a multi-lane divided section of roadway to a two-lane, two-way section of roadway.
02 A Two-Way Traffic (W6-3) sign with an AHEAD (W16-9P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) should be used to warn road users of a transition from a one-way street to a two-lane, two-way section of roadway (see Figure 2B-14).

Option:
03 The Two-Way Traffic sign may be used at intervals along a two-lane, two-way roadway and may be used to supplement the Divided Highway (Road) Ends (W6-2) sign discussed in Section 2C.23.

Guidance:
04 The Two-Way Traffic (W6-3) sign should also be used at locations where motorists could perceive that they are on a one-way roadway when, in fact, they are on a two lane, two-way highway. Following are some typical situations:
   A. Construction sites where a two-lane highway is being converted to a freeway or an expressway.
   B. Two-lane, two-way highways where ultimate freeway or expressway right-of-way has been purchased and grading for the full width has been completed.
   C. Two-lane, two-way highways following long sections of multi-lane freeway or expressway.
   D. Two-way highway with edge lines but with no centerlines.

Standard:
05 The TWO WAY TRAFFIC (W44A(CA)) plaque (see figure 2C-8(CA)), if used, shall be positioned below the W6-3 sign.
06 The Black on Yellow PASS WITH CARE (W83(CA)) sign (see figure 2C-8(CA)), when used, shall be positioned below the Two Way Traffic (W6-3) sign where two-way traffic is being routed over a single roadway of a divided highway and passing is permitted.

Support:
07 See Figure 3B-14(CA) for signing and marking applications for lane reductions.
08 Typical example of W6-3 sign application is shown in Figure 3B-104(CA).

Section 2C.45 NO PASSING ZONE Sign (W14-3)

Standard:
01 The NO PASSING ZONE (W14-3) sign (see Figure 2C-8) shall be a pennant-shaped isosceles triangle with its longer axis horizontal and pointing to the right. When used, the NO PASSING ZONE sign shall be installed on the left side of the roadway at the beginning of no-passing zones identified by pavement markings or DO NOT PASS signs or both (see Sections 2B.28 and 3B.02).

Option:
02 The NO PASSING ZONE (W14-3) sign may be used at the beginning of no-passing zones identified by either pavement markings or DO NOT PASS signs or both (see Sections 2B.28 and 3B.02).

Section 2C.46 Intersection Warning Signs (W2-1 through W2-8)

Option:
01 A Cross Road (W2-1) symbol, Side Road (W2-2 or W2-3) symbol, T-Symbol (W2-4), or Y-Symbol (W2-5) sign (see Figure 2C-9) may be used in advance of an intersection to indicate the presence of an intersection and the possibility of turning or entering traffic.
02 The Circular Intersection (W2-6) symbol sign (see Figure 2C-9) may be installed in advance of a circular intersection (see Figures 2B-21 through 2B-23).
Guidance:

03 If an approach to a roundabout has a statutory or posted speed limit of 40 mph or higher, the Circular Intersection (W2-6) symbol sign should be installed in advance of the circular intersection.

Option:

04 An educational plaque (see Figure 2C-9) with a legend such as ROUNDABOUT (W16-17P) or TRAFFIC CIRCLE (W16-12P) may be mounted below a Circular Intersection symbol sign.

05 The relative importance of the intersecting roadways may be shown by different widths of lines in the symbol.

06 An advance street name plaque (see Section 2C.58) may be installed above or below an Intersection Warning sign.

Guidance:

07 The Intersection Warning sign should illustrate and depict the general configuration of the intersecting roadway, such as cross road, side road, T-intersection, or Y-intersection.

08 Intersection Warning signs, other than the Circular Intersection (W2-6) symbol sign and the T-intersection (W2-4) symbol sign should not be used on approaches controlled by STOP signs, YIELD signs, or signals.

09 If an Intersection Warning sign is used where the side roads are not opposite of each other, the Offset Side Roads (W2-7) symbol sign (see Figure 2C-9) should be used instead of the Cross Road symbol sign.

10 If an Intersection Warning sign is used where two closely-spaced side roads are on the same side of the highway, the Double Side Roads (W2-8) symbol sign (see Figure 2C-9) should be used instead of the Side Road symbol sign.

11 No more than two side road symbols should be displayed on the same side of the highway on a W2-7 or W2-8 symbol sign, and no more than three side road symbols should be displayed on a W2-7 or W2-8 symbol sign.

Support:

12 Figure 2A-4 shows the typical placement of an Intersection Warning sign.

Option:

13 A bulb shape may be placed on the appropriate leg of the Cross Road (W2-1), Side Road (W2-2 or W2-3), T-Symbol (W2-4), or Y-Symbol (W2-5) advance intersection signs to indicate a "Dead End" condition. See Section 2C.26 for DEAD END (W14-1) sign.

Guidance:

14 The END FREEWAY ______ MI (W69(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-9(CA)) should be used at locations where traffic leaving the freeway comes into a lower standard roadway. At problem locations dual installations with yellow flashing beacons or overhead installations should be considered. The W69(CA) sign should also be used at transitions from freeways to expressways.

Option:

15 The END FREEWAY (SW36(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-9(CA)) may be used at locations where traffic leaving the freeway comes into a lower standard roadway. It may also be used where additional emphasis is needed for the W69(CA) sign.

Guidance:

16 The CROSS TRAFFIC AHEAD (W70(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-9(CA)) should be used at locations where traffic leaves a freeway section and enters an expressway section to warn motorists that crossing at grade may be expected.

Option:

17 Where two sections of freeway are connected by a section of expressway of a relatively short distance, the Next Distance (W7-3a) plaque may be installed below the W70(CA) sign.

Section 2C.47 Two-Direction Large Arrow Sign (W1-7)

Standard:

01 The Two-Direction Large Arrow (W1-7) sign (see Figure 2C-9) shall be a horizontal rectangle.

02 If used, it shall be installed on the far side of a T-intersection in line with, and at approximately a right angle to, traffic approaching from the stem of the T-intersection.

03 The Two-Direction Large Arrow sign shall not be used where there is no change in the direction of travel such as at the beginnings and ends of medians or at center piers.

04 The Two-Direction Large Arrow sign directing traffic to the left and right shall not be used in the central island of a roundabout.
Guidance:
05 The Two-Direction Large Arrow sign should be visible for a sufficient distance to provide the road user with adequate time to react to the intersection configuration.
06 Type N-1(CA) (OM1-3) object marker should be used below and on the same post as the W1-7 sign. See Section 2C.65.

Section 2C.48 Traffic Signal Signs (W25-1, W25-2)
Standard:
01 At locations where either a W25-1 or a W25-2 sign is required based on the provisions in Section 4D.05, the W25-1 or W25-2 sign (see Figure 2C-9) shall be installed near the left-most signal head. The W25-1 and W25-2 signs shall be vertical rectangles.

Guidance:
02 The “yellow trap” should be eliminated rather than trying to correct it with these signs. See Part 4.


Option:
01 Vehicular Traffic Warning (W8-6, W11-1, W11-5, W11-5a, W11-8, W11-10, W11-11, W11-12P, W11-14, W11-15, and W11-15a) signs (see Figure 2C-10) may be used to alert road users to locations where unexpected entries into the roadway by trucks, bicyclists, farm vehicles, emergency vehicles, golf carts, horse-drawn vehicles, or other vehicles might occur. The TRUCK CROSSING (W8-6) word message sign may be used as an alternate to the Truck Crossing (W11-10) symbol sign.

Support:
02 These locations might be relatively confined or might occur randomly over a segment of roadway.

Guidance:
03 Vehicular Traffic Warning signs should be used only at locations where the road user’s sight distance is restricted, or the condition, activity, or entering traffic would be unexpected.
04 If the condition or activity is seasonal or temporary, the Vehicular Traffic Warning sign should be removed or covered when the condition or activity does not exist.

Option:
05 The combined Bicycle/Pedestrian (W11-15) sign may be used where both bicyclists and pedestrians might be crossing the roadway, such as at an intersection with a shared-use path. A TRAIL X-ING (W11-15P) supplemental plaque (see Figure 2C-10) may be mounted below the W11-15 sign. The TRAIL CROSSING (W11-15a) sign may be used to warn of shared-use path crossings where pedestrians, bicyclists, and other user groups might be crossing the roadway.

06 The W11-1, W11-15, and W11-15a signs and their related supplemental plaques may have a fluorescent yellow-green background with a black legend and border.

07 Supplemental plaques (see Section 2C.53) with legends such as AHEAD, XX FEET, NEXT XX MILES, or SHARE THE ROAD may be mounted below Vehicular Traffic Warning signs to provide advance notice to road users of unexpected entries.

Guidance:
08 If used in advance of a pedestrian and bicycle crossing, a W11-15 or W11-15a sign should be supplemented with an AHEAD or XX FEET plaque to inform road users that they are approaching a point where crossing activity might occur.

Standard:
09 If a post-mounted W11-1, W11-11, W11-15, or W11-15a sign is placed at the location of the crossing point where golf carts, pedestrians, bicyclists, or other shared-use path users might be crossing the roadway, a diagonal downward pointing arrow (W16-7P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) shall be mounted below the sign. If the W11-1, W11-11, W11-15, or W11-15a sign is mounted overhead, the W16-7P supplemental plaque shall not be used.

Option:
10 The crossing location identified by a W11-1, W11-11, W11-15, or W11-15a sign may be defined with crosswalk markings (see Section 3B.18).
Standard:
11 The Emergency Vehicle (W11-8) sign (see Figure 2C-10) with the EMERGENCY SIGNAL AHEAD (W11-12P) supplemental plaque (see Figure 2C-10) shall be placed in advance of all emergency-vehicle traffic control signals (see Chapter 4G).

Option:
12 The Emergency Vehicle (W11-8) sign, or a word message sign indicating the type of emergency vehicle (such as rescue squad), may be used in advance of the emergency-vehicle station when no emergency-vehicle traffic control signal is present.

Standard:
12a The Emergency Vehicle (W11-8) sign or the EMERGENCY VEHICLES (SW52(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-10(CA)) shall be used for all types of emergency vehicles.

Guidance:
12b Vehicular Traffic signs should not be placed on the highway where the unexpected entry is located on an intersecting roadway.

Option:
13 A Warning Beacon (see Section 4L.03) may be used with any Vehicular Traffic Warning sign to indicate specific periods when the condition or activity is present or is likely to be present, or to provide enhanced sign conspicuity.

A supplemental WHEN FLASHING (W16-13P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) may be used with any Vehicular Traffic Warning sign that is supplemented with a Warning Beacon to indicate specific periods when the condition or activity is present or is likely to be present.

Standard:
15 WHEN FLASHING (W16-13P) plaque shall not be used to supplement any Vehicular Traffic Warning sign.

Support:
16 Studies indicate that the W16-13P plaque is generally not effective as a warning device for motorists approaching signalized intersections. Not using the W16-13P plaque also addresses the situation when a warning beacon is inoperative for any reason.

Option:
17 The Snowmobile (W11-6) and Golf Cart (W11-11) signs may be used to alert road users to locations where unexpected entries into the roadway by snowmobiles or golf carts might occur, such as at snowmobile or golf cart crossings. Refer to CVC 38025. Also refer to CVC 21115.1.

The W11-11 sign may also be used in combination with the SHARE THE ROAD (W16-1) sign at locations where a local agency permits the sharing of the roadway with slower moving golf carts. Refer to CVC 21115.

The OFF HIGHWAY VEHICLES (SW47(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-10(CA)) may be used in advance of a segment of highway that permits the use of regular vehicular traffic and also the driving of off highway motor vehicles on that portion of the highway.

Guidance:
20 A Next Distance (W7-3a) plaque should supplement this sign.

Option:
21 The WATCH FOR SNOW REMOVAL EQUIPMENT (SW58(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-10(CA)) may be used on highways leading to snow areas.

Guidance:
22 The SW58(CA) sign should be covered or removed during the summer season.

Support:
23 The SW58(CA) sign is normally placed at lower elevations where the first snow is usually encountered.

Section 2C.50 Non-Vehicular Warning Signs (W11-2, W11-3, W11-4, W11-6, W11-7, W11-9, and W11-16 through W11-22)

Option:
01 Non-Vehicular Warning (W11-2, W11-3, W11-4, W11-6, W11-7, W11-9, and W11-16 through W11-22) signs (see Figure 2C-11) may be used to alert road users in advance of locations where unexpected entries into the roadway might occur or where shared use of the roadway by pedestrians, animals, or equestrians might occur.
Support:
02 These conflicts might be relatively confined, or might occur randomly over a segment of roadway.

Guidance:
03 If used in advance of a pedestrian, snowmobile, or equestrian crossing, the W11-2, W11-6, W11-7, and W11-9 signs should be supplemented with plaques (see Section 2C.55) with the legend AHEAD or XX FEET to inform road users that they are approaching a point where crossing activity might occur.

Standard:
04 If a post-mounted W11-2, W11-6, W11-7, or W11-9 sign is placed at the location of the crossing point where pedestrians, snowmobilers, or equestrians might be crossing the roadway, a diagonal downward pointing arrow (W16-7P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) shall be mounted below the sign. If the W11-2, W11-6, W11-7, or W11-9 sign is mounted overhead, the W16-7P plaque shall not be used.

Option:
05 A Pedestrian Crossing (W11-2) sign may be placed overhead or may be post-mounted with a diagonal downward pointing arrow (W16-7P) plaque at the crosswalk location where Yield Here To (Stop Here For) Pedestrians signs (see Section 2B.11) have been installed in advance of the crosswalk.

Standard:
06 If a W11-2 sign has been post-mounted at the crosswalk location where a Yield Here To (Stop Here For) Pedestrians sign is used on the approach, the Yield Here To (Stop Here For) Pedestrians sign shall not be placed on the same post as or block the road user’s view of the W11-2 sign.

Option:
07 An advance Pedestrian Crossing (W11-2) sign with an AHEAD or a distance supplemental plaque may be used in conjunction with a Yield Here To (Stop Here For) Pedestrians sign on the approach to the same crosswalk.

08 The crossing location identified by a W11-2, W11-6, W11-7, or W11-9 sign may be defined with crosswalk markings (see Section 3B.18).

09 The W11-2 and W11-9 signs and their related supplemental plaques may have a fluorescent yellow-green background with a black legend and border.

Support:
09a Refer to CVC 21364 and 21365 for the Cattle (W11-4) sign.
09b Refer to CVC 21805 for the Equestrian (W11-7) sign.

Guidance:
09c The Deer Crossing (W11-3) sign should be used only after confirmation from a Department of Fish and Wildlife warden having jurisdiction in the area that a substantial problem exists.

Option:
09d The Migrating Bears (SW59(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-11(CA)) may be used in advance of an area known to be inhabited by bear and there have been reported instances where bears are crossing the roadway.

Guidance:
09e If used, the NEXT XX MILES supplemental plaque should be placed at approximately 5 mile intervals, or when intersecting major traffic generators.

Option:
09f The DEAF CHILDREN NEAR (SW38(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-11(CA)) may be used on city streets or county roads to indicate that a deaf child is near. Refer to CVC 21351.7.

09g The SENIOR ZONE (SW50-1P(CA)) plaque or SENIOR (SW50-2P(CA)) plaque (see Figure 2C-11(CA)) may be used in combination, above the Speed Limit (R2-1 (25,20 or 15)) sign on any street or road, other than a State highway, with a speed limit greater than 25 mph that is adjacent to a senior citizen facility. Refer to CVC 22352 and 22358.4.

Guidance:
10 When a fluorescent yellow-green background is used, a systematic approach featuring one background color within a zone or area should be used. The mixing of standard yellow and fluorescent yellow-green backgrounds within a selected site area should be avoided.
Option:
11 A Warning Beacon (see Section 4L.03) may be used with any Non-Vehicular Warning sign to indicate specific periods when the condition or activity is present or is likely to be present, or to provide enhanced sign conspicuity.

A supplemental WHEN FLASHING (W16-13P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) may be used with any Non-Vehicular Warning sign that is supplemented with a Warning Beacon to indicate specific periods when the condition or activity is present or is likely to be present.

Standard:
13 WHEN FLASHING (W16-13P) plaque shall not be used to supplement any Non-Vehicular Warning sign.

Support:
14 Studies indicate that the W16-13P plaque is generally not effective as a warning device for motorists approaching signalized intersections. Not using the W16-13P plaque also addresses the situation when a warning beacon is inoperative for any reason.

Section 2C.51 Playground Sign (W15-1)

Option:
01 The Playground (W15-1) sign (see Figure 2C-11) may be used to give advance warning of a designated children’s playground that is located adjacent to the road.

02 The Playground sign may have a fluorescent yellow-green background with a black legend and border.

Guidance:
03 If the access to the playground area requires a roadway crossing, the application of crosswalk pavement markings (see Section 3B.18) and Non-Vehicular Warning signs (see Section 2C.50) should be considered.

04 The PLAYGROUND (SW49(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-11(CA)) should not be used alone.

Option:
05 The SW49(CA) sign may be used in combination above the Speed Limit (R2-1 (25)) sign and WHEN CHILDREN ARE PRESENT (S4-2) sign on any street or road, other than a State highway, with a speed limit greater than 25 mph that is adjacent to a children’s playground within a public park. Refer to CVC 22357.1.

Section 2C.52 NEW TRAFFIC PATTERN AHEAD Sign (W23-2)

Option:
01 A NEW TRAFFIC PATTERN AHEAD (W23-2) sign (see Figure 2C-6) may be used on the approach to an intersection or along a section of roadway to provide advance warning of a change in traffic patterns, such as revised lane usage, roadway geometry, or signal phasing.

Guidance:
02 The NEW TRAFFIC PATTERN AHEAD sign should be removed when the traffic pattern returns to normal, when the changed pattern is no longer considered to be new, or within six months.

Section 2C.53 Use of Supplemental Warning Plaques

Option:
01 A supplemental warning plaque (see Figure 2C-12) may be displayed with a warning or regulatory sign when engineering judgment indicates that road users require additional warning information beyond that contained in the main message of the warning or regulatory sign.

Standard:
02 Supplemental warning plaques shall be used only in combination with warning or regulatory signs. They shall not be mounted alone or displayed alone. If used, a supplemental warning plaque shall be installed on the same post(s) as the warning or regulatory sign that it supplements. 03 Unless otherwise provided in this Manual for a particular plaque, supplemental warning plaques shall be mounted below the sign they supplement.
Section 2C.54 Design of Supplemental Warning Plaques

Standard:
01 A supplemental warning plaque used with a warning sign shall have the same legend, border, and background color as the warning sign with which it is displayed. A supplemental warning plaque used with a regulatory sign shall have a black legend and border on a yellow background.
02 Supplemental warning plaques shall be square or rectangular.

Section 2C.55 Distance Plaques (W16-2 Series, W16-3 Series, W16-4P, W7-3aP)

Option:
01 The Distance Ahead (W16-2 series and W16-3 series) plaques (see Figure 2C-12) may be used to inform the road user of the distance to the condition indicated by the warning sign.
02 The Next Distance (W7-3aP and W16-4P) plaques (see Figures 2C-4 and 2C-12) may be used to inform road users of the length of roadway over which the condition indicated by the warning sign exists.
03 The Distance Ahead (W34A(CA)) plaque (see Figure 2C-12(CA)) may be used to inform the road user of the distance to the condition indicated by the warning sign.

Guidance:
04 When the distance is in miles, the mileage shown should be to the nearest 1/4 mile for a distance of less than 1 mile and to the nearest mile for distances over one mile. The text “MILE” should be used for a distance of one mile or less. The text “MILES” should be used for distances over one mile.

Section 2C.56 Supplemental Arrow Plaques (W16-5P, W16-6P)

Guidance:
01 If the condition indicated by a warning sign is located on an intersecting road and the distance between the intersection and condition is not sufficient to provide adequate advance placement of the warning sign, a Supplemental Arrow (W16-5P or W16-6P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) should be used below the warning sign.

Standard:
02 Supplemental Arrow plaques shall have the same legend design as the Advance Turn Arrow and Directional Arrow auxiliary signs (see Sections 2D.26 and 2D.28) except that they shall have a black legend and border on a yellow or fluorescent yellow-green background, as appropriate.

Section 2C.57 Hill-Related Plaques (W7-2 Series, W7-3 Series)

Guidance:
01 Hill-Related (W7-2 series, W7-3 series) plaques (see Figure 2C-4) or other appropriate legends and larger signs should be used for emphasis or where special hill characteristics exist.
02 On longer grades, the use of the distance plaque (W7-3aP or W7-3bP) at periodic intervals of approximately 1-mile spacing should be considered.

Option:
03 The WATCH DOWNHILL SPEED (SW4-1(CA)) sign (see Figure 2C-4(CA)) may be used on long downhill grades to remind motorists to maintain the posted speed.

Section 2C.58 Advance Street Name Plaque (W16-8P, W16-8aP)

Option:
01 An Advance Street Name (W16-8P or W16-8aP) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) may be used with any Intersection sign (W2 series, W10-2, W10-3, or W10-4) or Advance Traffic Control (W3 series) sign to identify the name of the intersecting street.

Standard:
02 The lettering on Advance Street Name plaques shall be composed of a combination of lower-case letters with initial upper-case letters.
03 If two street names are used on the Advance Street Name plaque, a directional arrow pointing in the direction of the street shall be placed next to each street name. Arrows pointing to the left shall be placed to the left of the street name, and arrows pointing to the right shall be placed to the right of the street name.
Chapter 2C – Warning Signs and Object Markers

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Guidance:

04 If two street names are used on the Advance Street Name plaque, the street names and associated arrows should be displayed in the following order:

A. For a single intersection, the name of the street to the left should be displayed above the name of the street to the right; or

B. For two sequential intersections, such as where the plaque is used with an Offset Side Roads (W2-7) or a Double Side Road (W2-8) symbol sign, the name of the first street encountered should be displayed above the name of the second street encountered, and the arrow associated with the second street encountered should be an advance arrow, such as the arrow shown on the W16-6P arrow plaque (see Figure 2C-12).

Section 2C.59 CROSS TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP Plaque (W4-4P)

Option:

01 The CROSS TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP (W4-4P) plaque (see Figure 2C-9) may be used in combination with a STOP sign when engineering judgment indicates that conditions are present that are causing or could cause drivers to misinterpret the intersection as an all-way stop.

02 Alternative messages (see Figure 2C-9) such as TRAFFIC FROM LEFT (RIGHT) DOES NOT STOP (W4-4aP) or ONCOMING TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP (W4-4bP) may be used when such messages more accurately describe the traffic controls established at the intersection.

Guidance:

02a The CROSS TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP (W4-4P) plaque should be used in combination with a STOP sign at two-way stop-controlled intersections when a conversion from four-way stop to two-way stop operation is implemented.

03 Plaques with the appropriate alternative messages of TRAFFIC FROM LEFT (RIGHT) DOES NOT STOP or ONCOMING TRAFFIC DOES NOT STOP should be used at intersections where STOP signs control all but one approach to the intersection, unless the only non-stopped approach is from a one-way street.

Standard:

04 If a W4-4P plaque or a plaque with an alternative message is used, it shall be mounted below the STOP sign.

Section 2C.60 SHARE THE ROAD Plaque (W16-1P)

Option:

01 In situations where there is a need to warn drivers to watch for other slower forms of transportation traveling along the highway, such as bicycles, golf carts, horse-drawn vehicles, or farm machinery, a SHARE THE ROAD (W16-1P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) may be used.

Standard:

02 A W16-1P plaque shall not be used alone. If a W16-1P plaque is used, it shall be mounted below either a Vehicular Traffic Warning sign (see Section 2C.49) or a Non-Vehicular Warning sign (see Section 2C.50). The background color of the W16-1P plaque shall match the background color of the warning sign with which it is displayed.

Support:

03 Refer to Section 9B.06 for Bicycles May Use Full Lane (R4-11) sign.

04 Refer to Section 9B.102 for PASS Bicycle 3 FT MIN (R117(CA)) sign.

Section 2C.61 Photo Enforced Plaque (W16-10P)

Option:

01 A Photo Enforced (W16-10P) plaque or a PHOTO ENFORCED (W16-10aP) word message plaque (see Figure 2C-12) may be mounted below a warning sign to advise road users that the regulations associated with the condition being warned about (such as a traffic control signal or a toll plaza) are being enforced by photographic equipment.

Standard:

02 If used below a warning sign, the Photo Enforced (W16-10P or W16-10aP) plaque shall be a rectangle with a black legend and border on a yellow background.
Section 2C.62 NEW Plaque (W16-15P)

Option:
01 A NEW (W16-15P) plaque (see Figure 2C-12) may be mounted above a regulatory sign when a new regulation takes effect in order to alert road users to the new traffic regulation. A NEW plaque may also be mounted above an advance warning sign (such as a Signal Ahead sign for a newly-installed traffic control signal) for a new traffic regulation.

Standard:
02 The NEW plaque shall not be used alone.
03 The NEW plaque shall be removed no later than 6 months after the regulation has been in effect.

Section 2C.63 Object Marker Design and Placement Height

Support:
01 Type 1, 2, and 3 object markers are used to mark obstructions within or adjacent to the roadway. Type 4 object markers are used to mark the end of a roadway.

Standard:
02 When used, object markers (see Figure 2C-13) shall not have a border and shall consist of an arrangement of one or more of the following types:

Type 1—a diamond-shaped sign, at least 18 inches on a side, consisting of either a yellow (OM1-1) or black (OM1-2) sign with nine yellow retroreflective devices, each with a minimum diameter of 3 inches, mounted symmetrically on the sign, or an all-yellow retroreflective sign (OM1-3).

Type 2—either a marker (OM2-1V or OM2-1H) consisting of three yellow retroreflective devices, each with a minimum diameter of 3 inches, arranged either horizontally or vertically on a white sign measuring at least 6 x 12 inches; or an all-yellow horizontal or vertical retroreflective sign (OM2-2V or OM2-2H), measuring at least 6 x 12 inches.

Type 3—a striped marker, 12 x 36 inches, consisting of a vertical rectangle with alternating black and retroreflective yellow stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees toward the side of the obstruction on which traffic is to pass. The minimum width of the yellow and black stripes shall be 3 inches.

Type 4—a diamond-shaped sign, at least 18 inches on a side, consisting of either a red (OM4-1) or black (OM4-2) sign with nine red retroreflective devices, each with a minimum diameter of 3 inches, mounted symmetrically on the sign, or an all-red retroreflective sign (OM4-3).

Type L(CA) Utility Pole marker (see Figure 2C-13(CA)) shall be yellow retroreflective material consisting of three 2 x 12 inch horizontal rectangles arranged vertically on a utility pole.

Type Q(CA) object marker (see Figure 2C-13(CA)) shall be a vertical tubular marker, with a height of 18 to 24 inch and a minimum cross sectional dimension of 2 ¼ inch. The yellow retroreflective material shall consist of three bands, each 3 inch in height or a single band 9 inch in height.

Type R(CA) (OM-3C) object marker (see Figure 2C-13(CA)) size shall be 24 x 30 inch.

Support:
02a A cross-reference of object markers is shown in Table 2C-101(CA).
03 A better appearance can be achieved if the black stripes are wider than the yellow stripes.
04 Type 3 object markers with stripes that begin at the upper right side and slope downward to the lower left side are designated as right object markers (OM3-R). Object markers with stripes that begin at the upper left side and slope downward to the lower right side are designated as left object markers (OM3-L).

Guidance:
05 When used for marking obstructions within the roadway or obstructions that are 8 feet or less from the shoulder or curb, the minimum mounting height, measured from the bottom of the object marker to the elevation of the near edge of the traveled way, should be 4 feet.
06 When used to mark obstructions more than 8 feet from the shoulder or curb, the clearance from the ground to the bottom of the object marker should be at least 4 feet.
07 Object markers should not present a vertical or horizontal clearance obstacle for pedestrians.

Standard:
07a Figure 2C-13(CA) shall be used for mounting height of object markers.
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Section 2C.64 Object Markers for Obstructions Within the Roadway

Standard:

01 Obstructions within the roadway shall be marked with a Type 1 or Type 3 object marker. In addition to markers on the face of the obstruction, warning of approach to the obstruction shall be given by appropriate pavement markings (see Section 3B.10).

Option:

02 To provide additional emphasis, a Type 1 or Type 3 object marker may be installed at or near the approach end of a median island.

03 To provide additional emphasis, large surfaces such as bridge piers may be painted with diagonal stripes, 12 inches or greater in width, similar in design to the Type 3 object marker.

Standard:

04 The alternating black and retroreflective yellow stripes (OM3-L, OM3-R) shall be sloped down at an angle of 45 degrees toward the side on which traffic is to pass the obstruction. If traffic can pass to either side of the obstruction, the alternating black and retroreflective yellow stripes (OM3-C) shall form chevrons that point upwards.

Option:

05 Appropriate signs (see Sections 2B.32 and 2C.25) directing traffic to one or both sides of the obstruction may be used instead of the object marker.

06 Objects in a paved area within 8 feet of the traveled way may be marked with a Type P(CA) (OM-3L, OM-3R) or Type R(CA) (OM-3C) object marker.

07 The Type Q(CA) object marker may be used to emphasize objects within the roadway, for example, curb noses, where it is desirable that the marker be visible from all directions.

Guidance:

08 If any object marker is located behind the guard rail, all of the marker panel should be visible to approaching traffic.

09 The Type P(CA) (OM-3L, OM-3R) object marker should be in line with the inner edge of the obstruction.

Section 2C.65 Object Markers for Obstructions Adjacent to the Roadway

Support:

01 Obstructions not actually within the roadway are sometimes so close to the edge of the road that they need a marker. These include underpass piers, bridge abutments, handrails, ends of traffic barriers, utility poles, and culvert headwalls. In other cases there might not be a physical object involved, but other roadside conditions exist, such as narrow shoulders, drop-offs, gores, small islands, and abrupt changes in the roadway alignment, that might make it undesirable for a road user to leave the roadway, and therefore would create a need for a marker.

Standard:

02 If a Type 2 or Type 3 object marker is used to mark an obstruction adjacent to the roadway, the edge of the object marker that is closest to the road user shall be installed in line with the closest edge of the obstruction.

03 Where Type 3 object markers are applied to the approach ends of guardrail and other roadside appurtenances, sheeting without a substrate shall be directly affixed to the approach end of the guardrail in a rectangular shape conforming to the size of the approach end of the guardrail with alternating black and retroreflective yellow stripes sloping downward at a angle of 45 degrees toward the side of the obstruction on which traffic is to pass.

04 Type 1 and Type 4 object markers shall not be used to mark obstructions adjacent to the roadway.

Guidance:

05 Standard warning signs in this Chapter should also be used where applicable.
Option:
06 Objects outside of the paved shoulder, within 12 feet of the traveled way, may be marked with Type L(CA) object markers.
07 The Type L(CA) (OM2-2V and OM2-2H) object markers may be placed in front of, alongside of, or attached to the object. Where objects are very close to each other, only the first object may need to be marked.
08 The Type L(CA) Utility Pole marker may be used to mark a utility pole.

Standard:
09 If used on State highways, Type L-1(CA) (OM2-2V) object marker shall be used instead of Type L-2(CA) (OM2-2V).

Guidance:
10 If used, the utility company should be responsible for installing and maintaining the Type L(CA) Utility Pole marker.

Support:
11 See Section 2C.12 and 2C.47 for use of Type N-1(CA) (OM1-3) object markers in conjunction with One-Direction Large Arrow (W1-6) and Two-Direction Large Arrow (W1-7) signs for abrupt changes in the roadway alignment.
12 See Section 6F.105(CA) for use of Type N(CA), P(CA) and R(CA) object markers for temporary traffic control.

Option:
13 If engineering judgment indicates that the exit gore at an interchange cannot be negotiated in a reasonable manner, then in addition to the Type F and G delineators, Type R(CA) (OM-3C) object marker may be used as shown in Figure 3F-102(CA).

Section 2C.66 Object Markers for Ends of Roadways

Support:
01 The Type 4 object marker is used to warn and alert road users of the end of a roadway in other than construction or maintenance areas.

Standard:
02 If an object marker is used to mark the end of a roadway, a Type 4 object marker shall be used.

Option:
03 The Type 4 object marker may be used in instances where there are no alternate vehicular paths.

Standard:
03a The end-of-roadway marker shall be used at the end of a road or cul-de-sac street where there is no alternate vehicular path.
04 Where conditions warrant, more than one marker, or a larger marker with or without a Type 3 Barricade (see Section 2B.67), may be used at the end of the roadway.

Standard:
05 The minimum mounting height, measured vertically from the bottom of a Type 4 object marker to the elevation of the near edge of the traveled way, shall be 4 feet.
05a Figure 2C-13(CA) shall be used for mounting height of the end-of-the-roadway marker.

Guidance:
06 Appropriate advance warning signs in this Chapter should be used.

Support:
07 See Section 2C.26 for use of end-of-roadway marker in conjunction with END (W31(CA)) sign.
Figure 2C-1. Horizontal Alignment Signs and Plaques

W1-1    W1-1a    W1-2    W1-2a    W1-3    W1-4
W1-5    W1-6    W1-8    W1-10    W1-10a  W1-10b
W1-10c  W1-10d  W1-10e  W1-11    W1-13
W1-15    35 MPH  EXIT 25 MPH  RAMP 35 MPH  EXIT 25 MPH  RAMP 25 MPH

Note: Turn arrows and reverse turn arrows may be substituted for the curve arrows and reverse curve arrows on the W1-10 series signs where appropriate.
Figure 2C-1 (CA). Horizontal Alignment Signs and Plaques

W4-1 (CA)  W4-10 (CA)  W4-14 (CA)  W4-18 (CA)

W4-22 (CA)  SW22-1 (CA)  SW22-1A (CA)

Vehicle Speed Feedback Sign
(Assembly example shown with WF-2a)
Figure 2C-2. Example of Warning Signs for a Turn

Notes:
1. See Table 2C-4 for advance placement distance guidelines
2. See Table 2C-5 for the selection of horizontal alignment signs
3. See Table 2C-6 for spacing of W1-8 signs
4. A 25-mph advisory speed is shown for illustrative purposes only
Figure 2C-3. Example of Advisory Speed Signing for an Exit Ramp

Notes:
1. See Table 2C-4 for advance placement distance guidelines
2. See Table 2C-5 for the selection of horizontal alignment signs
3. See Table 2C-6 for spacing of W1-8 signs
4. A 30-mph ramp advisory speed and 40-mph exit advisory speed are shown for illustrative purposes only

See Section 2E.37 for information regarding Exit Gore signs
Figure 2C-4. Vertical Grade Signs and Plaques

Figure 2C-4 (CA). Vertical Grade Signs and Plaques
Figure 2C-5. Miscellaneous Warning Signs

- ROAD NARROWS W5-1
- NARROW BRIDGE W5-2
- ONE LANE BRIDGE W5-3
- DEAD END W14-1
- NO OUTLET W14-2
- FREEWAY ENDS 1 MILE W19-1
- EXPRESSWAY ENDS 1 MILE W19-2
- ALL TRAFFIC MUST EXIT W19-5

Figure 2C-5 (CA). Miscellaneous Warning Signs

- WEIGHT LIMIT W20 (CA)
- WEIGHT LIMIT W20A (CA)
- END W31 (CA)
- ROAD ENDS 500 FT W31A (CA)
- CAUTION W34C (CA)
- TUNNEL SW37 (CA)
- SW44 (CA)
- SW48 (CA)
- NEXT RIGHT SW48-1 (CA)
Figure 2C-6. Roadway and Weather Condition and Advance Traffic Control Signs and Plaques

- Draw Bridge (W3-6)
- Ramp Meter Ahead (W3-7)
- Ramp Metered When Flashing (W3-8)
- Be Prepared to Stop (W3-4)
- Bump (W8-1)
- Dip (W8-2)
- Pavement Ends (W8-3)
- Soft Shoulder (W8-4)
- Rough Road (W8-5)
- When Wet (W8-5P)
- Ice (W8-5aP)
- Steel Deck (W8-5bP)
- Excess Oil (W8-5cP)
- Loose Gravel (W8-7)
- Low Shoulder (W8-9)
- Uneven Lanes (W8-11)
- No Center Line (W8-12)
- Bridge Ices Before Road (W8-13)
- Fallen Rocks (W8-14)
- Grooved Pavement (W8-15)
- Metal Bridge Deck (W8-16)
- Shoulder Drop-Off (W8-17)
- Road May Flood (W8-18)
- Gusty Winds Area (W8-21)
- Fog Area (W8-22)
- No Shoulder (W8-23)
- Shoulder Ends (W8-25)
- Speed Hump (W17-1)
- New Traffic Pattern Ahead (W23-2)
Figure 2C-6 (CA). Roadway and Weather Condition and Advance Traffic Control Signs and Plaques

- **SW17-1 (CA)**: Trailers-Campers Gusty Wind Area Next Miles
- **SW26 (CA)**: Signal Ahead
- **SW32 (CA)**: Drifting Sand
- **SW35 (CA)**: Flash Flood Area
- **SW41 (CA)**: Snow Slide Area
- **SW46 (CA)**: Watch for Snow Slippery
- **SW60 (CA)**: Watch for Stopped Vehicles
- **W38 (CA)**: Slide Area
- **W50-1 (CA)**: Flooded
- **W55 (CA)**: Flooded
- **W84 (CA)**: Speed Humps Ahead
- **W85 (CA)**: Speed Hump Area
- **W87 (CA)**: When Flooded Turn Around Don’t Drown
- **W88-2 (CA) Activated Blank-Out**: Meter On
- **W88-3 (CA) Activated Blank-Out**: 710 South Meter On
- **W89 (CA) Activated Blank-Out**: Prepare to Stop

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Figure 2C-7. Reduced Speed Limit Ahead Signs

- **W3-5**: Speed Limit 45
- **W3-5a**: 45 MPH Speed Zone Ahead
**Figure 2C-8. Merging and Passing Signs and Plaques**

- W4-1
- W4-2
- W4-3
- W4-5
- W4-SP
- W4-6
- W6-3
- W9-1
- W9-2
- W9-7
- W14-3

---

**Figure 2C-8 (CA). Merging and Passing Signs and Plaques**

- W44A (CA)
- W73 (CA)
- W73A (CA)
- W74 (CA)
- W83 (CA)
Figure 2C-9. Intersection Warning Signs and Plaques

W1-7  W2-1  W2-2  W2-3  W2-4

W2-5  W16-17P (optional)  W4-4P  W4-4aP  W2-8

W2-6  OR  TRAFFIC CIRCLE  W4-4bP  W2-7L  W2-7R

W2-7L

W25-1  W25-2

Figure 2C-9 (CA). Intersection Warning Signs and Plaques

W69 (CA)  W70 (CA)  SW36 (CA)
Figure 2C-10. Vehicular Traffic Warning Signs and Plaques

- TRUCK CROSSING (W8-6)
- BICYCLE (W11-1*)
- TRACTOR (W11-5)
- TRACTOR (W11-5a)
- FIRE TRUCK (W11-8)
- TRUCK (W11-10)
- ELECTRIC FORKLIFT (W11-11)
- EMERGENCY SIGNAL AHEAD (W11-12P)
- ANIMAL CROSSING (W11-14)
- BICYCLE CROSSING (W11-15*)
- TRAIL CROSSING (W11-15a*)
- (optional)

* A fluorescent yellow-green background color may be used for this sign or plaque.

Figure 2C-10 (CA). Vehicular Traffic Warning Signs and Plaques

- OFF HIGHWAY VEHICLES (SW47 (CA))
- EMERGENCY VEHICLES (SW52 (CA))
- WATCH FOR SNOW REMOVAL EQUIPMENT (SW58 (CA))
Figure 2C-11. Non-Vehicular Warning Signs

W11-2 (Pedestrian)  W11-3 (Deer)  W11-4 (Cow)  W11-6  W11-7
W11-9 (Wheelchair)  W11-16 (Bear)  W11-17 (Sheep)  W11-18 (Bighorn Sheep)  W11-19 (Donkey)

* A fluorescent yellow-green background color may be used for this sign or plaque.

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Figure 2C-11 (CA). Non-Vehicular Warning Signs

SW38 (CA)  SW49 (CA)  SW59 (CA)

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SW50-1P (CA)  SW50-2P (CA)
Figure 2C-12. Supplemental Warning Plaques

- SHARE THE ROAD: W16-1P
- 500 FEET: W16-2P
- 500 FT: W16-2aP
- 2 MILES: W16-3P
- 2 MILES: W16-3aP
- NEXT 500 FT: W16-4P
- LEFT: W16-5P
- LEFT: W16-6P
- LEFT: W16-6P
- First St: W16-7P
- W16-8P
- Elm St Lumsden Rd: W16-8aP
- AHEAD: W16-9P
- AHEAD: W16-10P
- PHOTO ENFORCED: W16-10aP
- WHEN FLASHING: W16-13P
- NEW: W16-15P
- NOTICE: W16-18P

Figure 2C-12 (CA). Supplemental Warning Plaques

- 3 MILES AHEAD: W34A (CA)
Figure 2C-13. Object Markers

Type 1 Object Markers
(obstructions within the roadway)

OM1-1
OM1-2
OM1-3

Type 2 Object Markers
(obstructions adjacent to the roadway)

OM2-1V
OM2-2V
OM2-1H
OM2-2H

Type 3 Object Markers
(obstructions adjacent to or within the roadway)

OM3-L
OM3-C
OM3-R

Type 4 Object Markers
(end of roadway)

OM4-1
OM4-2
OM4-3
Figure 2C-13 (CA). California Object Markers (Sheet 1 of 2)

Type K (CA) Object Marker (Type 2) (obstructions adjacent to the roadway)

Type K-1 (CA) (OM2-2H)
Type K-2 (CA) (OM2-2V)

Type L (CA) Object Marker (Type 2) (obstructions adjacent to the roadway)

Type L-1 (CA) (OM2-2V)
Type L-2 (CA) (OM2-2V)

Type N (CA) Object Marker (Type 1 or Type 4) (obstructions within the roadway or end of roadway)

Type N-1 (CA) (OM1-3), Type N-2 (CA) (OM4-3)

NOT TO SCALE
Figure 2C-13 (CA). California Object Markers (Sheet 2 of 2)

Type P (CA) Object Marker (Type 3) (obstructions adjacent to the roadway)

Type Q (CA) Object Marker (Type 1) (obstructions within the roadway)

Type R (CA) Object Marker (Type 1) (obstructions within the roadway)

(OM-3L) (OM-3R) (OM-3C)

NOT TO SCALE
Figure 2C-101 (CA). Determination of Comfortable Speed From Ball Bank Indicator Readings

Driver
Observer
Vehicle
Date

Type of Pavement
Condition of Pavement
Min. Sight Dist. Thru Curve
Approach Speed

(Estimated or Observed)

Co. Rte. PM
Sta. To
Direction
Weather

20
15
10

BALL BANK INDICATOR (DEGREES)

BANKING LIMITS:

Limit Line (see Section 2C.08)
Limit Line For Trucks (see Section 2C.13)

10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70

SPEED M.P.H.

FHWA’s MUTCD 2009 Edition, including Revisions 1 & 2, as amended for use in California
November 7, 2014
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<td>Bump, Dip, Speed Hump</td>
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<td>Shoulder, Uneven Lanes</td>
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<td>Slippery When Wet, Loose Gravel, Rough Road, Bridge Ices Before Road, Fallen Rocks</td>
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<td>Grooved Pavement, Metal Bridge Deck</td>
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<td>Road May Flood, Flood Gauge, Gusty Winds Area, Fog Area</td>
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<td>Traffic Related</td>
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<td>Advance Traffic Control</td>
<td>Stop Ahead, Yield Ahead, Signal Ahead, Be Prepared To Stop, Speed Reduction, Drawbridge Ahead, Ramp Meter Ahead</td>
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<td>Traffic Flow</td>
<td>Merge, No Merge Area, Lane Ends, Added Lane, Two-Way Traffic, Right Lane Exit Only Ahead, No Passing Zone</td>
<td>W4-1,2,3,5,5P,6,W5-3,W9-1a,7,W14-3</td>
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<td>Cross Road, Side Road, T, Y, Circular Intersection, Side Roads</td>
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<td>Large Arrow (two directions)</td>
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<td>Truck Crossing, Truck (symbol), Emergency Vehicle, Tractor, Bicycle, Golf Cart, Horse-Drawn Vehicle, Trail Crossing</td>
<td>W8-6,W11-1,5,5a,8,10,11,12P,14,15,15P,15a,W16-23P</td>
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<td>Pedestrian, Deer, Cattle, Snowmobile, Equestrian, Wheelchair, Large Animals, Playground</td>
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<td>Distance</td>
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<td>Share The Road</td>
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<td>Photo Enforced</td>
<td>W16-10P,10a,P</td>
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## Table 2C-2. Warning Sign and Plaque Sizes (Sheet 1 of 3)

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<th>Section</th>
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### Table 2C-2. Warning Sign and Plaque Sizes (Sheet 2 of 3)

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### Table 2C-2(CA). California Warning Sign and Plaque Sizes (Sheet 1 of 2)

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<th>Sign or Plaque</th>
<th>Designation</th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Conventional Road</th>
<th>Expressway</th>
<th>Freeway</th>
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<td>Single Lane</td>
<td>Multi-Lane</td>
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<td>36X45</td>
<td>36X45</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPEED HUMPS AHEAD</td>
<td>W84(CA)</td>
<td>2C.29</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>30X30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPEED HUMP AREA</td>
<td>W85(CA)</td>
<td>2C.29</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>---</td>
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<td>30X30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHEN FLOODED TURN AROUND DON'T DROWN</td>
<td>W87(CA)</td>
<td>2C.35</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>48X48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;METER ON&quot; Activated Blank-Out</td>
<td>W88-2(CA)</td>
<td>2C.37</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>96X48</td>
<td>96X48</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;__ PREPARE TO STOP__ METER ON&quot; Activated Blank-Out</td>
<td>W88-3(CA)</td>
<td>2C.37</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>96X48</td>
<td>96X48</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATCH DOWNHILL SPEED</td>
<td>W84-1(CA)</td>
<td>2C.57</td>
<td>72X72</td>
<td>72X72</td>
<td>72X72</td>
<td>72X72</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRAILERS-CAMPERS-GUSTY WIND AREA NEXT ___ MILES</td>
<td>W17-1(CA)</td>
<td>2C.38</td>
<td>122X48</td>
<td>122X48</td>
<td>122X48</td>
<td>122X48</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WINDING LEVEE ROAD</td>
<td>W22-1(CA)</td>
<td>2C.07</td>
<td>42X42</td>
<td>42X42</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed/Distance plaque</td>
<td>W22-1A(CA)</td>
<td>2C.07</td>
<td>30X18</td>
<td>30X18</td>
<td>30X18</td>
<td>30X18</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIGNAL/STOP AHEAD Arrow</td>
<td>W26(CA)</td>
<td>2C.36</td>
<td>60X60</td>
<td>72X72</td>
<td>72X72</td>
<td>72X72</td>
<td>72X72 (ramps)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DRIFTING SAND</td>
<td>W32(CA)</td>
<td>2C.32</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>30X30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Revised December 9, 2015
### Table 2C-2(CA). California Warning Sign and Plaque Sizes (Sheet 2 of 2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sign or Plaque</th>
<th>Sign Designation</th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Single Lane</th>
<th>Multi-Lane</th>
<th>Expressway</th>
<th>Freeway</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Oversized</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLASH FLOOD AREA</td>
<td>SW35(CA)</td>
<td>2C.35</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>END FREEWAY</td>
<td>SW36(CA)</td>
<td>2C.46</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TUNNEL</td>
<td>SW37(CA)</td>
<td>2C.20</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEAF CHILDREN NEAR</td>
<td>SW38(CA)</td>
<td>2C.50</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>24X24</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNOW SLIDE AREA</td>
<td>SW41(CA)</td>
<td>2C.32</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downward Arrow</td>
<td>SW44(CA)</td>
<td>2C.19</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATCH FOR SNOW SLIPPERY</td>
<td>SW46(CA)</td>
<td>2C.32</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF HIGHWAY VEHICLES</td>
<td>SW47(CA)</td>
<td>2C.49</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRACTOR-SEMSIS OVER ___ FEET KINGPIN TO REAR AXLE NOT ADVISED</td>
<td>SW48(CA)</td>
<td>2C.07</td>
<td>48X36</td>
<td>48X36</td>
<td>72X54</td>
<td>72X54</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEXT RIGHT</td>
<td>SW48-1(CA)</td>
<td>2C.07</td>
<td>48X12</td>
<td>48X12</td>
<td>72X18</td>
<td>72X18</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLAYGROUND</td>
<td>SW49(CA)</td>
<td>2C.51</td>
<td>36X12</td>
<td>36X12</td>
<td>36X12</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SENIOR ZONE</td>
<td>SW50-1P(CA)</td>
<td>2C.50</td>
<td>24X18</td>
<td>24X18</td>
<td>24X18</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SENIOR</td>
<td>SW50-2P(CA)</td>
<td>2C.50</td>
<td>24X8</td>
<td>24X8</td>
<td>24X8</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMERGENCY VEHICLES</td>
<td>SW52(CA)</td>
<td>2C.49</td>
<td>42X42</td>
<td>42X42</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATCH FOR SNOW REMOVAL EQUIPMENT</td>
<td>SW58(CA)</td>
<td>2C.49</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>54X48</td>
<td>54X48</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Migrating Bears</td>
<td>SW59(CA)</td>
<td>2C.50</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>30X30</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATCH FOR STOPPED VEHICLES</td>
<td>SW60(CA)</td>
<td>2C.36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>36X36</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>48X48</td>
<td>---</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 2C-3. Minimum Size of Suplemental Warning Plaques

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size of Warning Sign</th>
<th>1 Line</th>
<th>2 Lines</th>
<th>Arrow</th>
<th>Square</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24 x 24</td>
<td>24 x 12</td>
<td>24 x 18</td>
<td>24 x 12</td>
<td>18 x 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 x 30</td>
<td>30 x 18</td>
<td>30 x 24</td>
<td>30 x 18</td>
<td>24 x 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36 x 36</td>
<td>30 x 18</td>
<td>30 x 24</td>
<td>30 x 18</td>
<td>24 x 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48 x 48</td>
<td>30 x 18</td>
<td>30 x 24</td>
<td>30 x 18</td>
<td>24 x 24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: 1. Larger supplemental plaques may be used when appropriate. 2. Dimensions in inches are shown as width x height.
### Table 2C-4. Guidelines for Advance Placement of Warning Signs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Posted or 85th-Percentile Speed</th>
<th>Condition A: Speed reduction and lane changing in heavy traffic&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>Condition B: Deceleration to the listed advisory speed (mph) for the condition</th>
<th>0&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>10&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>20&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>30&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>40&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>50&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>60&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>70&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20 mph</td>
<td>225 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 mph</td>
<td>325 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 mph</td>
<td>460 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 mph</td>
<td>565 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 mph</td>
<td>670 ft</td>
<td>125 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 mph</td>
<td>775 ft</td>
<td>175 ft</td>
<td>125 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 mph</td>
<td>885 ft</td>
<td>250 ft</td>
<td>200 ft</td>
<td>175 ft</td>
<td>125 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55 mph</td>
<td>990 ft</td>
<td>325 ft</td>
<td>275 ft</td>
<td>225 ft</td>
<td>200 ft</td>
<td>125 ft</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 mph</td>
<td>1,100 ft</td>
<td>400 ft</td>
<td>350 ft</td>
<td>325 ft</td>
<td>275 ft</td>
<td>200 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 mph</td>
<td>1,200 ft</td>
<td>475 ft</td>
<td>450 ft</td>
<td>400 ft</td>
<td>350 ft</td>
<td>275 ft</td>
<td>200 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 mph</td>
<td>1,250 ft</td>
<td>550 ft</td>
<td>525 ft</td>
<td>500 ft</td>
<td>450 ft</td>
<td>375 ft</td>
<td>275 ft</td>
<td>150 ft</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75 mph</td>
<td>1,350 ft</td>
<td>650 ft</td>
<td>625 ft</td>
<td>600 ft</td>
<td>550 ft</td>
<td>475 ft</td>
<td>375 ft</td>
<td>250 ft</td>
<td>100 ft&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>1</sup> The distances are adjusted for a sign legibility distance of 180 feet for Condition A. The distances for Condition B have been adjusted for a sign legibility distance of 250 feet, which is appropriate for an alignment warning symbol sign. For Conditions A and B, warning signs with less than 6-inch legend or more than four words, a minimum of 100 feet should be added to the advance placement distance to provide adequate legibility of the warning sign.

<sup>2</sup> Typical conditions are locations where the road user must use extra time to adjust speed and change lanes in heavy traffic because of a complex driving situation. Typical signs are Merge and Right Lane Ends. The distances are determined by providing the driver a PRT of 14.0 to 14.5 seconds for vehicle maneuvers (2005 AASHTO Policy, Exhibit 3-3, Decision Sight Distance, Avoidance Maneuver E) minus the legibility distance of 180 feet for the appropriate sign.

<sup>3</sup> Typical condition is the warning of a potential stop situation. Typical signs are Stop Ahead, Yield Ahead, Signal Ahead, and Intersection Warning signs. The distances are based on the 2005 AASHTO Policy, Exhibit 3-1, Stopping Sight Distance, providing a PRT of 2.5 seconds, a deceleration rate of 11.2 feet/second<sup>2</sup>, minus the sign legibility distance of 180 feet.

<sup>4</sup> Typical conditions are locations where the road user must decrease speed to maneuver through the warning condition. Typical signs are Turn, Curve, Reverse Turn, or Reverse Curve. The distance is determined by providing a 2.5 second PRT, a vehicle deceleration rate of 10 feet/second<sup>2</sup>, minus the sign legibility distance of 250 feet.

<sup>5</sup> No suggested distances are provided for these speeds, as the placement location is dependent on site conditions and other signing. An alignment warning sign may be placed anywhere from the point of curvature up to 100 feet in advance of the curve. However, the alignment warning sign should be installed in advance of the curve and at least 100 feet from any other signs.

<sup>6</sup> The minimum advance placement distance is listed as 100 feet to provide adequate spacing between signs.

### Table 2C-5. Horizontal Alignment Sign Selection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Horizontal Alignment Sign</th>
<th>Difference Between Speed Limit and Advisory Speed (See Section 2C.06)</th>
<th>5 mph</th>
<th>10 mph</th>
<th>15 mph</th>
<th>20 mph</th>
<th>25 mph or more</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turn (W1-1), Curve (W1-2), Reverse Turn (W1-3), Reverse Curve (W1-4), Winding Road (W1-5), and Combination Horizontal Alignment/Intersection (W10-11) (See Section 2C.07 to determine which sign to use)</td>
<td>Recommended</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advisory Speed Plate (W13-15)</td>
<td>Recommended</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chevrons (W1-8) and/or One Direction Large Arrow (W1-8)</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Recommended</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exit Speed (W13-2) and Ramp Speed (W13-3) on exit ramp</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Recommended</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 2C-101(CA). California Object Markers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Object Marker</th>
<th>California Designation</th>
<th>MUTCD Designation</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type K Object Marker</td>
<td>K-1(CA)</td>
<td>OM2-2H</td>
<td>2C.63, 2C.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type K Object Marker</td>
<td>K-2(CA)</td>
<td>OM2-2V</td>
<td>2C.63, 2C.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type L Object Marker</td>
<td>L-1(CA)</td>
<td>OM2-2V</td>
<td>2C.63, 2C.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type L Object Marker</td>
<td>L-2(CA)</td>
<td>OM2-2V</td>
<td>2C.63, 2C.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type N Object Marker</td>
<td>N-1(CA)</td>
<td>OM1-3</td>
<td>2C.12, 2C.47, 2C.63, 2C.64, 2C.65, 6F.105(CA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical End-of-Roadway Marker</td>
<td>N-2(CA)</td>
<td>OM4-3</td>
<td>2C.26, 2C.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type P Object Marker</td>
<td>P(CA)</td>
<td>OM-3L and OM-3R</td>
<td>2C.63, 2C.64, 6F.105(CA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type Q Object Marker</td>
<td>Q(CA)</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>2C.63, 2C.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type R Object Marker</td>
<td>R(CA)</td>
<td>OM-3C</td>
<td>2C.63, 2C.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical CA Type L Object Marker</td>
<td>Utility Pole</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>2C.63, 2C.65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>