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Note: Addenda information is NOT included with the electronic documents available via electronic file transfer. Only bidder or non-bidder package holders listed with the Caltrans Plans and Bid Documents section as described above will receive addenda information.



STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
AND
SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN

**LOS ANGELES COUNTY NEAR INDUSTRY AT THE EASTERN MAINTENANCE STATION AT 1940 SOUTH
WORKMAN MILL ROAD**

DISTRICT 07, ROUTE 5729

**For Use in Connection with Standard Specifications Dated JULY 1995, Standard Plans Dated JULY 1997, and Labor
Surcharge and Equipment Rental Rates.**

CONTRACT NO. 07-4E3004

07-LA-5729-

Bids Open: June 22, 2000
Dated: May 22, 2000

OSD

IMPORTANT SPECIAL NOTICES

- Attention is directed to Section 3 of the Special Provisions, regarding award of contract. The periods of time specified in Section 3-1.01, "Award of Contract," of the Standard Specifications, within which award of contract may be made have been extended for this contract.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Caltrans is conducting a pilot program in cooperation with Surety 2000, to test electronic bond verification systems. The purpose of the pilot program is to test the use of Surety 2000 for verifying a bidder's bond electronically.

Surety 2000 is an Internet-based surety verification and security system, developed by the surety industry. Surety agents may contact Surety 2000 at 1-800-660-3263.

Bidders are encouraged to participate in the pilot program. To participate, the bidder is asked to provide the "Authorization Code" provided by Surety 2000, on a separate sheet, together with the standard bidder's bond required by the specifications. The bidder's surety agent may obtain the "Authorization Code" from Surety 2000.

The Department will use the "Authorization Code" to access the Surety 2000 database, and independently verify the actual bidder's bond and document the functioning of the Surety 2000 system.

"Authorization Codes" will be used only to verify bidder's bonds, and only as part of the pilot program. The use of "Authorization Codes" will not be accepted in lieu of the bidder's bond or other bidder's security required in the specifications during the pilot study.

The function of the Surety 2000 system is to provide an easier way for Contractors to protect their bid security, and to discourage fraud. This system is available to all California admitted sureties and surety agents.

The results of the pilot study will be tabulated, and at some time in the future, the Department may consider accepting electronic bidder's bond verification in lieu of the bidder's bond specified.

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STANDARD PLANS LIST

The Standard Plan sheets applicable to this contract include, but are not limited to those indicated below. The Revised Standard Plans (RSP) and New Standard Plans (NSP) which apply to this contract are included as individual sheets of the project plans.

A10A	Abbreviations
A10B	Symbols
A24C	Pavement Markings - Symbols and Numerals
A24D	Pavement Markings - Words
A24E	Pavement Markings - Words and Crosswalks
A85	Chain Link Fence
A87	Curbs, Dikes and Driveways
A90	Accessible Parking
H1	Planting and Irrigation - Abbreviations
<i>RSP H2</i>	<i>Planting and Irrigation - Symbols</i>
H3	Planting and Irrigation - Details
H4	Planting and Irrigation - Details
H5	Planting and Irrigation - Details
H6	Planting and Irrigation - Details
RS4	Roadside Signs - Typical Installation Details No. 4
ES-6D	Lighting Standards - Types 30 and 31

State Project with DVBE Goals having a 60 Day Award (03-08-00)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

CONTRACT NO. 07-4E3004

07-LA-5729-

Sealed proposals for the work shown on the plans entitled:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROJECT PLANS FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN LOS ANGELES COUNTY NEAR INDUSTRY AT THE EASTERN MAINTENANCE STATION AT 1940 SOUTH WORKMAN MILL ROAD

will be received at the Department of Transportation, 3347 Michelson Drive, Suite 100, Irvine, CA 92612-1692, until 2 o'clock p.m. on June 22, 2000, at which time they will be publicly opened and read in Room C - 1116 at the same address.

Contract No. 07-4E3004

Proposal forms for this work are included in a separate book entitled:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN LOS ANGELES COUNTY NEAR INDUSTRY AT THE EASTERN MAINTENANCE STATION AT 1940 SOUTH WORKMAN MILL ROAD

General work description: Remove existing Administration Building and construct a new Regional Office.

This project has a goal of 3 percent disabled veteran business enterprise (DVBE) participation.

No prebid meeting is scheduled for this project.

Bids are required for the entire work described herein.

At the time this contract is awarded, the Contractor shall possess either a Class A or Class B license.

The Contractor must also be properly licensed at the time the bid is submitted, except that on a joint venture bid a joint venture license may be obtained by a combination of licenses after bid opening but before award in conformance with Business and Professions Code, Section 7029.1.

This contract is subject to state contract nondiscrimination and compliance requirements pursuant to Government Code, Section 12990.

Preference will be granted to bidders properly certified as a "Small Business" as determined by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources at the time of bid opening in conformance with the provisions in Section 2-1.05, "Small Business Preference," of the special provisions, and Section 1896 et seq, Title 2, California Code of Regulations. A form for requesting a "Small Business" preference is included with the bid documents. Applications for status as a "Small Business" must be submitted to the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, 1531 "I" Street, Second Floor, Sacramento, CA 95814, Telephone No. (916) 322-5060.

A reciprocal preference will be granted to "California company" bidders in conformance with Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code. (See Sections 2 and 3 of the special provisions.) A form for indicating whether bidders are or are not a "California company" is included in the bid documents and is to be filled in and signed by all bidders.

Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms for bidding this project can only be obtained at the Department of Transportation, Plans and Bid Documents, Room 0200, MS #26, Transportation Building, 1120 N Street, Sacramento, California 95814, FAX No. (916) 654-7028, Telephone No. (916) 654-4490. Use FAX orders to expedite orders for project plans, special provisions and proposal forms. FAX orders must include credit card charge number, card expiration date and authorizing signature. Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms may be seen at the above Department of Transportation office and at the offices of the District Directors of Transportation at Irvine, Oakland, and the district in which the work is situated. Standard Specifications and Standard Plans are available through the State of California, Department of Transportation, Publications Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, CA 95815, Telephone No. (916) 445-3520.

Cross sections for this project are not available.

The successful bidder shall furnish a payment bond and a performance bond.

Pursuant to Section 1773 of the Labor Code, the general prevailing wage rates in the county, or counties, in which the work is to be done have been determined by the Director of the California Department of Industrial Relations. These wages are set forth in the General Prevailing Wage Rates for this project, available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for the district in which the work is situated, and available from the California Department of Industrial Relations' Internet Web Site at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov>. Future effective general prevailing wage rates which have been predetermined and are on file with the Department of Industrial Relations are referenced but not printed in the general prevailing wage rates.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Deputy Director Transportation Engineering

Dated May 22, 2000

FTN

Contract No. <<Dist>>-<<Contract_No>>

COPY OF ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE
(NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING PURPOSES)
07-4E3004

Item	Item Code	Item	Unit of Measure	Estimated Quantity
1	150608	REMOVE CHAIN LINK FENCE	M	50
2	160101	CLEARING AND GRUBBING	LS	LUMP SUM
3	190101	ROADWAY EXCAVATION	M3	320
4 (S)	200001	HIGHWAY PLANTING	LS	LUMP SUM
5 (S)	204099	PLANT ESTABLISHMENT WORK	LS	LUMP SUM
6 (S)	208000	IRRIGATION SYSTEM	LS	LUMP SUM
7	260201	CLASS 2 AGGREGATE BASE	M3	190
8	390103	ASPHALT CONCRETE (TYPE B)	TONN	210
9	394040	PLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE DIKE (TYPE A)	M	20
10	731502	MINOR CONCRETE (MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION)	M3	65
11	800391	CHAIN LINK FENCE (TYPE CL-1.8)	M	35
12	804000	CHAIN LINK SLIDING GATE	LS	LUMP SUM
13	018394	COMMUNICATION TOWER	LS	LUMP SUM
14	018395	TEMPORARY TRAILER OFFICE	LS	LUMP SUM
15	994650	BUILDING WORK	LS	LUMP SUM

**STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Annexed to Contract No. 07-4E3004

SECTION 1. SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS

The work embraced herein shall conform to the provisions in the Standard Specifications dated July 1995, and the Standard Plans dated July 1997, of the Department of Transportation insofar as the same may apply, and these special provisions.

Amendments to the Standard Specifications set forth in these special provisions shall be considered as part of the Standard Specifications for the purposes set forth in Section 5-1.04, "Coordination and Interpretation of Plans, Standard Specifications and Special Provisions," of the Standard Specifications. Whenever either the term "Standard Specifications is amended" or the term "Standard Specifications are amended" is used in the special provisions, the indented text following said term shall be considered an amendment to the Standard Specifications. In case of conflict between such amendments and the Standard Specifications, the amendments shall take precedence over and be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

In case of conflict between the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, the special provisions shall take precedence over and be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

SECTION 2. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

2-1.01 GENERAL

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 2, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions which the bidder must observe in the preparation of the proposal form and the submission of the bid.

In addition to the subcontractors required to be listed in conformance with Section 2-1.054, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Standard Specifications, each proposal shall have listed therein the name and address of each DVBE subcontractor to be used for credit in meeting the goal, and to whom the bidder proposes to directly subcontract portions of the work. The list of subcontractors shall also set forth the portion of work that will be performed by each subcontractor listed. A sheet for listing the subcontractors is included in the Proposal.

The Bidder's Bond form mentioned in the last paragraph in Section 2-1.07, "Proposal Guaranty," of the Standard Specifications will be found following the signature page of the Proposal.

In conformance with Public Contract Code Section 7106, a Noncollusion Affidavit is included in the Proposal. Signing the Proposal shall also constitute signature of the Noncollusion Affidavit.

Submit request for substitution of an "or equal" item, and the data substantiating the request to the Department of Transportation, Construction Division Chief, 120 S. Spring Street, Room 232, Los Angeles, CA 90012, so that the request is received by the Department by close of business on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening.

2-1.02 DISABLED VETERAN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DVBE)

Section 10115 of the Public Contract Code requires the Department to implement provisions to establish a goal for Disabled Veterans Business Enterprise (DVBE) in contracts.

It is the policy of the Department that Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) shall have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed solely with state funds. The Contractor shall ensure that DVBEs have the maximum opportunity to participate in the performance of this contract and shall take all necessary and reasonable steps for this assurance. The Contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the award and performance of subcontracts. Failure to carry out the requirements of this paragraph shall constitute a breach of contract and may result in termination of this contract or other remedy the Department may deem appropriate.

Bidder's attention is directed to the following:

- A. "Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise" (DVBE) means a business concern certified as a DVBE by the Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, Department of General Services.
- B. A DVBE may participate as a prime contractor, subcontractor, joint venture partner with a prime or subcontractor, or vendor of material or supplies.

- C. Credit for DVBE prime contractors will be 100 percent.
- D. A DVBE joint venture partner must be responsible for specific contract items of work, or portions thereof. Responsibility means actually performing, managing and supervising the work with its own forces. The DVBE joint venture partner must share in the ownership, control, management responsibilities, risks and profits of the joint venture. The DVBE joint venturer must submit the joint venture agreement with the Caltrans Bidder DVBE Information form required in Section 2-1.04, "Submission of DVBE Information," elsewhere in these special provisions.
- E. A DVBE must perform a commercially useful function, i.e., must be responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work and must carry out its responsibility by actually performing, managing and supervising the work.
- F. Credit for DVBE vendors of materials or supplies is limited to 60 percent of the amount to be paid to the vendor for the material unless the vendor manufactures or substantially alters the goods.
- G. Credit for trucking by DVBEs will be as follows:
 - 1. One hundred percent of the amount to be paid when a DVBE trucker will perform the trucking with his/her own trucks, tractors and employees.
 - 2. Twenty percent of the amount to be paid to DVBE trucking brokers who do not have a "certified roster."
 - 3. One hundred percent of the amount to be paid to DVBE trucking brokers who have signed agreements that all trucking will be performed by DVBE truckers if credit is toward the DVBE goal, a "certified roster" showing that all trucks are owned by DVBEs, and a signed statement on the "certified roster" that indicates that 100 percent of revenue paid by the broker will be paid to the DVBEs listed on the "certified roster."
 - 4. Twenty percent of the amount to be paid to trucking brokers who are not a DVBE but who have signed agreements with DVBE truckers assuring that at least 20 percent of the trucking will be performed by DVBE truckers if credit is toward the DVBE goal, a "certified roster" showing that at least 20 percent of the number of trucks are owned by DVBE truckers, and a signed statement on the "certified roster" that indicates that at least 20 percent of the revenue paid by the broker will be paid to the DVBEs listed on the "certified roster."

The "certified roster" referred to herein shall conform to the requirements in Section 2-1.04, "Submission Of DVBE Information," elsewhere in these special provisions.

- H. DVBEs and DVBE joint venture partners must be certified DVBEs as determined by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, 1531 "I" Street, Second Floor, Sacramento, CA 95814, on the date bids for the project are opened before credit may be allowed toward the DVBE goal. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify that DVBEs are certified.
- I. Noncompliance by the Contractor with these requirements constitutes a breach of this contract and may result in termination of the contract or other appropriate remedy for a breach of this contract.

2-1.03 DVBE GOAL FOR THIS PROJECT

The Department has established the following goal for Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) participation for this project:

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE): 3 percent.

It is the bidder's responsibility to make a sufficient portion of the work available to subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DVBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to assure meeting the goal for DVBE participation.

The Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, Department of General Services, may be contacted at (916) 322-5060 or visit their internet web site at <http://www.osmb.dgs.ca.gov/> for program information and certification status. The Department's Business Enterprise Program may also be contacted at (916) 227-9599 or the internet web site at <http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/bep/>.

2-1.04 SUBMISSION OF DVBE INFORMATION

The required DVBE information shall be submitted on the "CALTRANS BIDDER - DVBE INFORMATION" form included in the Proposal. If this information is not submitted with the bid, the DVBE information forms shall be removed from the documents prior to submitting the bid.

It is the bidder's responsibility to make enough work available to DVBEs and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DVBEs to meet the goal for DVBE participation or to provide information to establish that, prior to bidding, the bidder made adequate good faith efforts to do so.

If the DVBE information is not submitted with the bid, the apparent successful bidder (low bidder), the second low bidder and the third low bidder shall submit the DVBE information to the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, California 95814 so the information is received by the Department no later than 4:00 p.m. on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening. DVBE information sent by U.S. Postal Service certified mail with return receipt and certificate of mailing and mailed on or before the third day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening will be accepted even if it is received after the fourth day following bid opening. Failure to submit the required DVBE information by the time specified will be grounds for finding the bid or proposal nonresponsive. Other bidders need not submit DVBE information unless requested to do so by the Department.

The bidder's DVBE information shall establish that good faith efforts to meet the DVBE goal have been made. To establish good faith efforts, the bidder shall demonstrate that the goal will be met or that, prior to bidding, adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal were made.

Bidders are cautioned that even though their submittal indicates they will meet the stated DVBE goal, their submittal should also include their adequate good faith efforts information along with their DVBE goal information to protect their eligibility for award of the contract in the event the Department, in its review, finds that the goal has not been met.

The bidder's DVBE information shall include the names of DVBE firms that will participate, with a complete description of work or supplies to be provided by each, the dollar value of each DVBE transaction, and a written confirmation from the DVBE that it is participating in the contract. A copy of the DVBE's quote will serve as written confirmation that the DVBE is participating in the contract. When 100 percent of a contract item of work is not to be performed or furnished by a DVBE, a description of the exact portion of that work to be performed or furnished by that DVBE shall be included in the DVBE information, including the planned location of that work. The work that a DVBE prime contractor has committed to performing with its own forces as well as the work that it has committed to be performed by DVBE subcontractors, suppliers and trucking companies will count toward the goal.

If credit for trucking by a DVBE trucking broker is shown on the bidder's information as 100 percent of the revenue to be paid by the broker is to be paid to DVBE truckers, a "certified roster" of the broker's trucks to be used must be included. The "certified roster" must indicate that all the trucks are owned by certified DVBEs and must show the DVBE truck numbers, owner's name, Public Utilities Commission Cal-T numbers, and the DVBE certification numbers. The roster must indicate that all revenue paid by the broker will be paid to DVBEs listed on the "certified roster".

If credit for trucking by a trucking broker who is not a DVBE is shown in the bidder's information, a "certified roster" of the broker's trucks to be used must be included. The "certified roster" must indicate that at least 20 percent of the broker's trucks are owned by certified DVBEs and must show the DVBE truck numbers, owner's name, Public Utilities Commission Cal-T numbers, and the DVBE certification number. The roster must indicate that at least 20 percent of the revenue paid by the broker will be paid to DVBEs listed on the "certified roster".

A bidder shall be deemed to have made good faith efforts upon submittal, within time limits specified by the Department, of documentary evidence that all of the following actions were taken:

- A. Contact was made with the Office of Small Business Certification and Resources (OSBCR), Department of General Services or their web site at <http://www.osmb.dgs.ca.gov/> to identify Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises.
- B. Advertising was published in trade media and media focusing on Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises, unless time limits imposed by the Department do not permit that advertising.
- C. Invitations to bid were submitted to potential Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise contractors.
- D. Available Disabled Veteran Business Enterprises were considered.

2-1.05 SMALL BUSINESS PREFERENCE

Attention is directed to "Award and Execution of Contract" of these special provisions.

Attention is also directed to the Small Business Procurement and Contract Act, Government Code Section 14835, et seq and Title 2, California Code of Regulations, Section 1896, et seq.

Bidders who wish to be classified as a Small Business under the provisions of those laws and regulations, shall be certified as Small Business by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources, 1531 "I" Street, Second Floor, Sacramento, CA 95814.

To request Small Business Preference, bidders shall fill out and sign the Request for Small Business Preference form in the Proposal and shall attach a copy of their Office of Small Business Certification and Resources (OSBCR) small business certification letter to the form. The bidder's signature on the Request for Small Business Preference certifies, under penalty of perjury, that the bidder is certified as Small Business at the time of bid opening and further certifies, under penalty of perjury, that under the following conditions, at least 50 percent of the subcontractors to be utilized on the project are either certified Small Business or have applied for Small Business certification by bid opening date and are subsequently granted Small Business certification.

The conditions requiring the aforementioned 50 percent level of subcontracting by Small Business subcontractors apply if:

- A. The lowest responsible bid for the project exceeds \$100,000; and
- B. The project work to be performed requires a Class A or a Class B contractor's license; and
- C. Two or more subcontractors will be used.

If the above conditions apply and Small Business Preference is granted in the award of the contract, the 50 percent Small Business subcontractor utilization level shall be maintained throughout the life of the contract.

2-1.06 CALIFORNIA COMPANY PREFERENCE

Attention is directed to "Award and Execution of Contract" of these special provisions.

In conformance with the requirements of Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code, a "California company" will be granted a reciprocal preference for bid comparison purposes as against a nonresident contractor from any state that gives or requires a preference to be given contractors from that state on its public entity construction contracts.

A "California company" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or other business entity that was a licensed California contractor on the date when bids for the public contract were opened and meets one of the following:

- A. Has its principal place of business in California.
- B. Has its principal place of business in a state in which there is no local contractor preference on construction contracts.
- C. Has its principal place of business in a state in which there is a local contractor construction preference and the contractor has paid not less than \$5000 in sales or use taxes to California for construction related activity for each of the five years immediately preceding the submission of the bid.

To carry out the "California company" reciprocal preference requirements of Section 6107 of the Public Contract Code, all bidders shall fill out and sign the California Company Preference form in the Proposal. The bidder's signature on the California Company Preference form certifies, under penalty of perjury, that the bidder is or is not a "California company" and if not, the amount of the preference applied by the state of the nonresident Contractor.

A nonresident Contractor shall disclose any and all bid preferences provided to the nonresident Contractor by the state or country in which the nonresident Contractor has its principal place of business.

Proposals without the California Company Preference form filled out and signed may be rejected.

SECTION 3. AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions concerning award and execution of contract.

The award of the contract, if it be awarded, will be made within 60 days after the opening of the proposals. This period will be subject to extension for such further period as may be agreed upon in writing between the Department and the bidder concerned. The award, if made, will be to the lowest responsible bidder whose proposal complies with all the requirements prescribed and who has met the goal for DVBE participation or has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so. Meeting the goal for DVBE participation or demonstrating, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so is a condition for being eligible for award of contract.

A "Payee Data Record" form will be included in the contract documents to be executed by the successful bidder. The purpose of the form is to facilitate the collection of taxpayer identification data. The form shall be completed and returned to the Department by the successful bidder with the executed contract and contract bonds. For the purposes of the form, vendor shall be deemed to mean the successful bidder. The form is not to be completed for subcontractors or suppliers. Failure to complete and return the "Payee Data Record" form to the Department as provided herein will result in the retention of 20 percent of payments due the contractor and penalties of up to \$20,000. This retention of payments for failure to complete the "Payee Data Record" form is in addition to any other retention of payments due the Contractor.

Attention is also directed to "Small Business Preference" of these special provisions. Any bidder who is certified as a Small Business by the Department of General Services, Office of Small Business Certification and Resources will be allowed a preference in the award of this contract, if it be awarded, under the following conditions:

- A. The apparent low bidder is not certified as a Small Business, or has not filled out and signed the Request for Small Business Preference included with the bid documents and attached a copy of their Office of Small Business Certification and Resources (OSBCR) small business certification letter to the form; and

- B. The bidder filled out and signed the Request for Small Business Preference form included with the bid documents and attached a copy of their Office of Small Business Certification and Resources (OSBCR) small business certification letter to the form.

The small business preference will be a reduction in the bid submitted by the small business contractor, for bid comparison purposes, by an amount equal to 5 percent of the amount bid by the apparent low bidder, the amount not to exceed \$50,000. If this reduction results in the small business contractor becoming the low bidder, then the contract will be awarded to the small business contractor on the basis of the actual bid of the small business contractor notwithstanding the reduced bid price used for bid comparison purposes.

Attention is also directed to "California Company Preference" of these special provisions.

The amount of the California company reciprocal preference shall be equal to the amount of the preference applied by the state of the nonresident contractor with the lowest responsive bid, except where the "California company" is eligible for a California Small Business Preference, in which case the preference applied shall be the greater of the two, but not both.

If the bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid is not a "California company" and with the benefit of the reciprocal preference, a "California company's" responsive bid is equal to or less than the original lowest responsive bid, the "California company" will be awarded the contract at its submitted bid price except as provided below.

Small business bidders shall have precedence over nonsmall business bidders in that the application of the "California company" preference for which nonsmall business bidders may be eligible shall not result in the denial of the award to a small business bidder.

SECTION 4. BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

Attention is directed to the provisions in Sections 8-1.03, "Beginning of Work," 8-1.06, "Time of Completion," 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages," and 20-4.08, "Plant Establishment Work," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall begin work within 15 calendar days after the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation.

The work (except plant establishment work) shall be diligently prosecuted to completion before the expiration of

164 WORKING DAYS

beginning on the fifteenth calendar day after approval of the contract.

The Contractor shall pay to the State of California the sum of \$250 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work (except plant establishment work) in excess of the number of working days prescribed above.

The Contractor shall diligently prosecute all work (including plant establishment) to completion before the expiration of

344 WORKING DAYS

beginning on the fifteenth calendar day after approval of the contract.

The Contractor shall pay to the State of California the sum of \$250 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in completing the work in excess of the number of working days prescribed above.

In no case will liquidated damages of more than \$250 per day be assessed.

SECTION 5. GENERAL

SECTION 5-1. MISCELLANEOUS

5-1.00 PLANS AND WORKING DRAWINGS

When the specifications require working drawings to be submitted to the Division of Structure Design, the drawings shall be submitted to: Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Mail Station 9, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, CA 95816, Telephone (916) 227-8252.

5-1.003 LABORATORY

Section 1-1.25, "Laboratory," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

1-1.25 Laboratory.—The Division of Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Structural Foundations of the Department of Transportation, or established laboratories of the various Districts of the Department,

or other laboratories authorized by the Department to test materials and work involved in the contract. When a reference is made in the specifications to the "Transportation Laboratory," the reference shall mean the Division of Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Structural Foundations, located at 5900 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, CA 95819, Telephone (916) 227-7000.

5-1.005 CONTRACT BONDS

Attention is directed to Section 3-1.02, "Contract Bonds," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions. The payment bond shall be in a sum not less than the following:

1. One hundred percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract when the total amount payable does not equal or exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000).
2. Fifty percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract when the total amount payable is not less than five million dollars (\$5,000,000) and does not exceed ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).
3. Twenty-five percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract when the total amount payable exceeds ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).

5-1.01 LABOR NONDISCRIMINATION

Attention is directed to the following Notice that is required by Chapter 5 of Division 4 of Title 2, California Code of Regulations.

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR NONDISCRIMINATION PROGRAM (GOV. CODE, SECTION 12990)

Your attention is called to the "Nondiscrimination Clause", set forth in Section 7-1.01A(4), "Labor Nondiscrimination," of the Standard Specifications, which is applicable to all nonexempt state contracts and subcontracts, and to the "Standard California Nondiscrimination Construction Contract Specifications" set forth therein. The Specifications are applicable to all nonexempt state construction contracts and subcontracts of \$5000 or more.

5-1.02 LABOR CODE REQUIREMENTS

Section 7-1.01A(1), "Hours of Labor," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

7-1.01A(1) Hours of Labor.— Eight hours labor constitutes a legal day's work. The Contractor or any subcontractor under the Contractor shall forfeit, as a penalty to the State of California, \$25 for each worker employed in the execution of the contract by the respective Contractor or subcontractor for each calendar day during which that worker is required or permitted to work more than 8 hours in any one calendar day and 40 hours in any one calendar week in violation of the provisions of the Labor Code, and in particular, Section 1810 to Section 1815, thereof, inclusive, except that work performed by employees of Contractors in excess of 8 hours per day, and 40 hours during any one week, shall be permitted upon compensation for all hours worked in excess of 8 hours per day at not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay, as provided in Section 1815 thereof.

Section 7-1.01A(2), "Prevailing Wage," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

7-1.01A(2) Prevailing Wage.— The Contractor and any subcontractor under the Contractor shall comply with Labor Code Sections 1774 and 1775. Pursuant to Section 1775, the Contractor and any subcontractor under the Contractor shall forfeit to the State or political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded a penalty of not more than fifty dollars (\$50) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker paid less than the prevailing rates as determined by the Director of Industrial Relations for the work or craft in which the worker is employed for any public work done under the contract by the Contractor or by any subcontractor under the Contractor in violation of the provisions of the Labor Code and in particular, Labor Code Sections 1770 to 1780, inclusive. The amount of this forfeiture shall be determined by the Labor Commissioner and shall be based on consideration of the mistake, inadvertence, or neglect of the Contractor or subcontractor in failing to pay the correct rate of prevailing wages, or the previous record of the Contractor or subcontractor in meeting their respective prevailing wage obligations, or the willful failure by the Contractor or subcontractor to pay the correct rates of prevailing wages. A mistake, inadvertence, or neglect in failing to pay the correct rate of prevailing wages is not excusable if the Contractor or subcontractor had knowledge of the obligations under the Labor Code. In addition to the penalty and pursuant to Labor Code Section 1775, the difference between the prevailing wage rates and the amount paid to each worker for each calendar day or portion thereof for which each worker was paid less than the prevailing wage rate shall be paid to each worker by the Contractor or subcontractor. If a worker employed by a subcontractor on a public works project is not paid the general

prevailing per diem wages by the subcontractor, the prime contractor of the project is not liable for the penalties described above unless the prime contractor had knowledge of that failure of the subcontractor to pay the specified prevailing rate of wages to those workers or unless the prime contractor fails to comply with all of the following requirements:

1. The contract executed between the contractor and the subcontractor for the performance of work on the public works project shall include a copy of the provisions of Sections 1771, 1775, 1776, 1777.5, 1813, and 1815 of the Labor Code.
2. The contractor shall monitor the payment of the specified general prevailing rate of per diem wages by the subcontractor to the employees, by periodic review of the certified payroll records of the subcontractor.
3. Upon becoming aware of the subcontractor's failure to pay the specified prevailing rate of wages to the subcontractor's workers, the contractor shall diligently take corrective action to halt or rectify the failure, including, but not limited to, retaining sufficient funds due the subcontractor for work performed on the public works project.
4. Prior to making final payment to the subcontractor for work performed on the public works project, the contractor shall obtain an affidavit signed under penalty of perjury from the subcontractor that the subcontractor has paid the specified general prevailing rate of per diem wages to the subcontractor's employees on the public works project and any amounts due pursuant to Section 1813 of the Labor Code.

Pursuant to Section 1775 of the Labor Code, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement shall notify the Contractor on a public works project within 15 days of the receipt by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of a complaint of the failure of a subcontractor on that public works project to pay workers the general prevailing rate of per diem wages. If the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement determines that employees of a subcontractor were not paid the general prevailing rate of per diem wages and if the Department did not retain sufficient money under the contract to pay those employees the balance of wages owed under the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, the contractor shall withhold an amount of moneys due the subcontractor sufficient to pay those employees the general prevailing rate of per diem wages if requested by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. The Contractor shall pay any money retained from and owed to a subcontractor upon receipt of notification by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement that the wage complaint has been resolved. If notice of the resolution of the wage complaint has not been received by the Contractor within 180 days of the filing of a valid notice of completion or acceptance of the public works project, whichever occurs later, the Contractor shall pay all moneys retained from the subcontractor to the Department. These moneys shall be retained by the Department pending the final decision of an enforcement action.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1773 of the Labor Code, the Department has obtained the general prevailing rate of wages (which rate includes employer payments for health and welfare, pension, vacation, travel time, and subsistence pay as provided for in Section 1773.8 of the Labor Code, apprenticeship or other training programs authorized by Section 3093 of the Labor Code, and similar purposes) applicable to the work to be done, for straight time, overtime, Saturday, Sunday and holiday work. The holiday wage rate listed shall be applicable to all holidays recognized in the collective bargaining agreement of the particular craft, classification or type of workmen concerned. The general prevailing wage rates and any applicable changes to these wage rates are available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for the district in which the work is situated. For work situated in District 9, the wage rates are available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for District 6, located at Fresno. General prevailing wage rates are also available from the California Department of Industrial Relations' Internet Web Site at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov>.

The wage rates determined by the Director of Industrial Relations for the project refer to expiration dates. Prevailing wage determinations with a single asterisk after the expiration date are in effect on the date of advertisement for bids and are good for the life of the contract. Prevailing wage determinations with double asterisks after the expiration date indicate that the wage rate to be paid for work performed after this date has been determined. If work is to extend past this date, the new rate shall be paid and incorporated in the contract. The Contractor shall contact the Department of Industrial Relations as indicated in the wage rate determinations to obtain predetermined wage changes.

Pursuant to Section 1773.2 of the Labor Code, general prevailing wage rates shall be posted by the Contractor at a prominent place at the site of the work.

Changes in general prevailing wage determinations which conform to Labor Code Section 1773.6 and Title 8 California Code of Regulations Section 16204 shall apply to the project when issued by the Director of Industrial Relations at least 10 days prior to the date of the Notice to Contractors for the project.

The State will not recognize any claim for additional compensation because of the payment by the Contractor of any wage rate in excess of the prevailing wage rate set forth in the contract. The possibility of wage increases is one of the elements to be considered by the Contractor in determining the bid, and will not under any circumstances be considered as the basis of a claim against the State on the contract.

7-1.01A(2)(a) Travel and Subsistence Payments.— Attention is directed to the requirements of Section 1773.8 of the Labor Code. The Contractor shall make travel and subsistence payments to each workman, needed to execute the work, in accordance with the requirements in Labor Code Section 1773.8.

The first and second paragraphs of Section 7-1.01A(3), "Payroll Records," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

7-1.01A(3) Payroll Records.— Attention is directed to the provisions of Labor Code Section 1776, a portion of which is quoted below. Regulations implementing Labor Code Section 1776 are located in Sections 16016 through 16019 and Sections 16207.10 through 16207.19 of Title 8, California Code of Regulations.

"1776. (a) Each contractor and subcontractor shall keep accurate payroll records, showing the name, address, social security number, work classification, straight time and overtime hours worked each day and week, and the actual per diem wages paid to each journeyman, apprentice, worker, or other employee employed by him or her in connection with the public work. Each payroll record shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under penalty of perjury, stating both of the following:

(1) The information contained in the payroll record is true and correct.

(2) The employer has complied with the requirements of Sections 1771, 1811, and 1815 for any work performed by his or her employees on the public works project.

"(b) The payroll records enumerated under subdivision (a) shall be certified and shall be available for inspection at all reasonable hours at the principal office of the contractor on the following basis:

(1) A certified copy of an employee's payroll record shall be made available for inspection or furnished to the employee or his or her authorized representative on request.

(2) A certified copy of all payroll records enumerated in subdivision (a) shall be made available for inspection or furnished upon request to a representative of the body awarding the contract, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, and the Division of Apprenticeship Standards of the Department of Industrial Relations.

(3) A certified copy of all payroll records enumerated in subdivision (a) shall be made available upon request by the public for inspection or for copies thereof. However, a request by the public shall be made through either the body awarding the contract, the Division of Apprenticeship Standards, or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. If the requested payroll records have not been provided pursuant to paragraph (2), the requesting party shall, prior to being provided the records, reimburse the costs of preparation by the contractor, subcontractors, and the entity through which the request was made. The public shall not be given access to the records at the principal office of the contractor.

"(c) The certified payroll records shall be on forms provided by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement or shall contain the same information as the forms provided by the division.

"(d) A contractor or subcontractor shall file a certified copy of the records enumerated in subdivision (a) with the entity that requested the records within 10 days after receipt of a written request.

"(e) Any copy of records made available for inspection as copies and furnished upon request to the public or any public agency by the awarding body, the Division of Apprenticeship Standards, or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement shall be marked or obliterated in a manner so as to prevent disclosure of an individual's name, address, and social security number. The name and address of the contractor awarded the contract or the subcontractor performing the contract shall not be marked or obliterated.

"(f) The contractor shall inform the body awarding the contract of the location of the records enumerated under subdivision (a), including the street address, city and county, and shall, within five working days, provide a notice of a change of location and address.

"(g) The contractor or subcontractor shall have 10 days in which to comply subsequent to receipt of a written notice requesting the records enumerated in subdivision (a). In the event that the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply within the 10-day period, he or she shall, as a penalty to the state or political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded, forfeit twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker, until strict compliance is effectuated. Upon the request of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, these penalties shall be withheld from progress payments then due. A contractor is not subject to a penalty assessment pursuant to this section due to the failure of a subcontractor to comply with this section."

The penalties specified in subdivision (g) of Labor Code Section 1776 for noncompliance with the provisions of Section 1776 may be deducted from any moneys due or which may become due to the Contractor.

5-1.023 INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE

Section 7-1.12, "Responsibility for Damage," of the Standard Specifications is deleted. All references to Section 7-1.12 in the Contract documents shall be deemed to mean Sections 7-1.121, "Indemnification," and 7-1.122, "Insurance," as added below.

The Standard Specifications is amended by adding the following Section 7-1.121, "Indemnification," and Section 7-1.122, "Insurance," before Section 7-1.125, "Legal Action Against the Department":

7-1.121 Indemnification.—With the exception that this section shall in no event be construed to require indemnification by the Contractor to a greater extent than permitted by law, the Contractor shall defend, indemnify and save harmless the State, including its officers, directors, agents (excluding agents who are design professionals), and employees, and each of them (Indemnitees), from any and all claims, demands, causes of action, damages, costs, expenses, actual attorneys' fees, losses or liabilities, in law or in equity, of every kind and nature whatsoever (Claims), arising out of or in connection with the Contractor's performance of this contract for:

- A. Bodily injury including, but not limited to, bodily injury, sickness or disease, emotional injury or death to persons, including, but not limited to, the public, any employees or agents of the Contractor, State, Department, or any other contractor and;
- B. Damage to property of anyone including loss of use thereof;

caused or alleged to be caused in whole or in part by any negligent or otherwise legally actionable act or omission of the Contractor or anyone directly or indirectly employed by the Contractor or anyone for whose acts the Contractor may be liable.

Except as otherwise provided by law, the indemnification provisions above shall apply regardless of the existence or degree of fault of Indemnitees. The Contractor, however, shall not be obligated to indemnify Indemnitees for Claims arising from conduct delineated in Civil Code section 2782. Further, the Contractor's indemnity obligation shall not extend to Claims to the extent they arise from any defective or substandard condition of the roadway which existed at or prior to the time the Contractor commenced work, unless this condition has been changed by the work or the scope of the work requires the Contractor to maintain existing Roadway facilities and the claim arises from the Contractor's failure to maintain. The Contractor's indemnity obligation shall extend to Claims arising after the work is completed and accepted only if these Claims are directly related to alleged acts or omissions of the Contractor which occurred during the course of the work. No inspection by the Department, its employees or agents shall be deemed a waiver by the Department of full compliance with the requirements of this section.

The Contractor's obligation to defend and indemnify shall not be excused because of the Contractor's inability to evaluate liability or because the Contractor evaluates liability and determines that the Contractor is not liable to the claimant. The Contractor will respond within 30 days to the tender of any claim for defense and indemnity by the State, unless this time has been extended by the State. If the Contractor fails to accept or reject a tender of defense and indemnity within 30 days, in addition to any other remedy authorized by law, so much of the money due the Contractor under and by virtue of the contract as shall reasonably be considered necessary by the Department, may be retained by the State until disposition has been made of the claim or suit for damages, or until the Contractor accepts or rejects the tender of defense, whichever occurs first.

With respect to third party claims against the Contractor, the Contractor waives any and all rights of any type to express or implied indemnity against the State, its directors, officers, employees, or agents (excluding agents who are design professionals).

7-1.122 Insurance.—Insurance shall conform to the following requirements:

7-1.122A Casualty Insurance.—The Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, procure and maintain insurance on all of its operations with companies acceptable to the Department as follows. All insurance shall be kept in full force and effect from the beginning of the work through final acceptance by the State. In addition, the Contractor shall maintain completed operations coverage with a carrier acceptable to the Department through the expiration of the patent deficiency in construction statute of repose set forth in Section 337.1 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

7-1.122A(1) Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance.—Workers' Compensation insurance shall be provided as specified in Section 7-1.01A(6), "Workers' Compensation." Employer's Liability Insurance shall be provided in amounts not less than:

- (a) \$1 000 000 for each accident for bodily injury by accident.
- (b) \$1 000 000 policy limit for bodily injury by disease.
- (c) \$1 000 000 for each employee for bodily injury by disease.

If there is an exposure of injury to the Contractors' employees under the U.S. Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, the Jones Act or under laws, regulations or statutes applicable to maritime employees, coverage shall be included for such injuries or claims.

7-1.122A(2) Liability Insurance.—The Contractor shall carry General Liability and Umbrella or Excess Liability Insurance covering all operations by or on behalf of the Contractor providing insurance for bodily injury liability, and property damage liability for the limits of liability indicated below and including coverage for:

- (a) premises, operations and mobile equipment
- (b) products and completed operations
- (c) broad form property damage (including completed operations)
- (d) explosion, collapse and underground hazards
- (e) personal injury
- (f) contractual liability

7-1.122A(3) Liability Limits/Additional Insureds.—The limits of liability shall be at least:

- (a) \$1 000 000 for each occurrence (combined single limit for bodily injury and property damage).
- (b) \$2 000 000 aggregate for products-completed operations.
- (c) \$2 000 000 general aggregate. This general aggregate limit shall apply separately to the Contractor's work under this Agreement.
- (d) \$5 000 000 umbrella or excess liability. For projects over \$25 000 000 only, an additional \$10 000 000 umbrella or excess liability (for a total of \$15 000 000). Umbrella or excess policy shall include products liability completed operations coverage and may be subject to \$5 000 000 or \$15 000 000 aggregate limits. Further, the umbrella or excess policy shall contain a clause stating that it takes effect (drops down) in the event the primary limits are impaired or exhausted.

The State and the Department, including their officers, directors, agents (excluding agents who are design professionals), and State employees, shall be named as additional insureds under the General Liability and Umbrella Liability Policies with respect to liability arising out of or connected with work or operations performed by or on behalf of the Contractor under this contract. Coverage for such additional insureds shall not extend to liability:

- (1) arising from any defective or substandard condition of the Roadway which existed at or prior to the time the Contractor commenced work, unless such condition has been changed by the work or the scope of the work requires the Contractor to maintain existing Roadway facilities and the claim arises from the Contractor's failure to maintain; or
- (2) for claims occurring after the work is completed and accepted unless these claims are directly related to alleged acts or omissions of the Contractor which occurred during the course of the work; or
- (3) to the extent prohibited by Section 11580.04 of the Insurance Code.

The policy shall stipulate that the insurance afforded the additional insureds shall apply as primary insurance. Any other insurance or self insurance maintained by the Department or State will be excess only and shall not be called upon to contribute with this insurance. Such additional insured coverage shall be provided by a policy provision or by an endorsement providing coverage at least as broad as Additional Insured (Form B) endorsement form CG 2010, as published by the Insurance Services Office (ISO).

7-1.122B Automobile Liability Insurance.—The Contractor shall carry automobile liability insurance, including coverage for all owned, hired and non-owned automobiles. The primary limits of liability shall be not less than \$1 000 000 combined single limit each accident for bodily injury and property damage. The umbrella or excess liability coverage required under Section 7-1.122A(3), "Liability Limits/Additional Insureds," shall also apply to automobile liability.

7-1.122C Policy Forms, Endorsements and Certificates.—The Contractor's General Liability Insurance shall be provided under Commercial General Liability policy form no. CG0001 as published by the Insurance Services Office (ISO) or under a policy form at least as broad as policy form no. CG0001.

Evidence of insurance in a form acceptable to the Department, including the required "additional insured" endorsements, shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Department at or prior to the pre-construction conference. The evidence of insurance shall provide that there will be no cancellation, lapse, or reduction of coverage without thirty (30) days' prior written notice to the Department. Certificates of Insurance, as evidence of required insurance, for the General Liability, Auto Liability and Umbrella-Excess Liability policies shall set forth deductible amounts applicable to each policy and all exclusions which are added by endorsement to each policy. The Department may expressly allow deductible clauses, which it does not consider excessive, overly broad, or harmful to the interests of the State. Standard ISO form CG 0001 or similar exclusions will be allowed provided they are not inconsistent with the requirements of this section. Allowance of any additional exclusions is at the discretion of the Department. Regardless of the allowance of exclusions or deductions by the Department, the Contractor shall be responsible for any deductible amount and shall warrant that the coverage provided to the Department is consistent with the requirements of this section.

7-1.122D Enforcement.—The Department may take any steps as are necessary to assure Contractor's compliance with its obligations. Should any insurance policy lapse or be canceled during the contract period the Contractor shall, within thirty (30) days prior to the effective expiration or cancellation date, furnish the Department with evidence of renewal or replacement of the policy. Failure to continuously maintain insurance coverage as herein provided is a material breach of contract. In the event the Contractor fails to maintain any insurance coverage required, the Department may, but is not required to, maintain this coverage and charge the expense to the Contractor or terminate this Agreement. The required insurance shall be subject to the approval of Department, but any acceptance of insurance certificates by the Department shall in no way limit or relieve the Contractor of the Contractor's duties and responsibilities under the Contract to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the State, its officers, agents, and employees. Insurance coverage in the minimum amounts set forth herein shall not be construed to relieve the Contractor for liability in excess of such coverage, nor shall it preclude the State from taking other actions as is available to it under any other provision of the contract or law. Failure of the Department to enforce in a timely manner any of the provisions of this section shall not act as a waiver to enforcement of any of these provisions at a later date.

7-1.122E Self-Insurance.—Self-insurance programs and self-insured retentions in insurance policies are subject to separate annual review and approval by the State of evidence of the Contractor's financial capacity to respond. Additionally, self-insurance programs or retentions must provide the State with at least the same protection from liability and defense of suits as would be afforded by first-dollar insurance.

7-1.122F Miscellaneous.—Nothing contained in the Contract is intended to make the public or any member thereof a third party beneficiary of the Insurance or Indemnity provisions of these Standard Specifications, nor is any term, condition or other provision of the Contract intended to establish a standard of care owed to the public or any member thereof.

5-1.025 ARBITRATION

The last paragraph in Section 9-1.10, "Arbitration," of the Standard Specifications, is amended to read:

Arbitration shall be initiated by a Complaint in Arbitration made in compliance with the requirements of those regulations. A Complaint in Arbitration by the Contractor shall be made not later than 90 days after the date of service in person or by mail on the Contractor of the final written decision by the Department on the claim.

5-1.03 PAYMENT OF WITHHELD FUNDS

Section 9-1.065, "Payment of Withheld Funds," of the Standard Specifications, is amended by adding the following after the third paragraph:

Alternatively, and subject to the approval of the Department, the payment of retentions earned may be deposited directly with a person licensed under Division 6 (commencing with Section 17000) of the Financial Code as the escrow agent. Upon written request of an escrow agent that has not been approved by the Department under subdivision (c) of Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code, the Department will provide written notice to that escrow agent within 10 business days of receipt of the request indicating the reason or reasons for not approving that escrow agent. The payments will be deposited in a trust account with a Federally chartered bank or savings association within 24 hours of receipt by the escrow agent. The Contractor shall not place any retentions with the escrow agent in excess of the coverage provided to that escrow agent pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 17314 of the Financial Code. In all

respects not inconsistent with subdivision (c) of Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code, the remaining provisions of Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code shall apply to escrow agents acting pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 10263 of the Public Contract Code.

5-1.04 INTEREST ON PAYMENTS

Interest shall be payable on progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments, extra work payments and claim payments as follows:

1. Unpaid progress payments, payment after acceptance and final payments shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after the Engineer prepares the payment estimate.
2. Unpaid extra work bills shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after preparation of the first pay estimate following the receipt of a properly submitted and undisputed extra work bill. To be properly submitted, the bill must be submitted within 7 days of the performance of the extra work and in accordance with the requirements of Section 9-1.03C, "Records," and Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications. An undisputed extra work bill not submitted within 7 days of performance of the extra work will begin to accrue interest 30 days after the preparation of the second pay estimate following submittal of the bill.
3. The rate of interest payable for unpaid progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments and extra work payments shall be 10 percent per annum.
4. The rate of interest payable on a claim, protest or dispute ultimately allowed under this contract shall be 6 percent per annum. Interest shall begin to accrue 61 days after the Contractor submits to the Engineer information in sufficient detail to enable the Engineer to ascertain the basis and amount of said claim, protest or dispute.

The rate of interest payable on any award in arbitration shall be 6 percent per annum if allowed under the provisions of Civil Code Section 3289.

5-1.05 PUBLIC SAFETY

The Contractor shall provide for the safety of traffic and the public in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall install temporary railing (Type K) between a lane open to public traffic and an excavation, obstacle, or storage area when the following conditions exist:

- (1) Excavations.—The near edge of the excavation is 3.6 m or less from the edge of the lane, except:
 - (a) Excavations covered with sheet steel or concrete covers of adequate thickness to prevent accidental entry by traffic or the public.
 - (b) Excavations less than 0.3-m deep.
 - (c) Trenches less than 0.3-m wide for irrigation pipe or electrical conduit, or excavations less than 0.3-m in diameter.
 - (d) Excavations parallel to the lane for the purpose of pavement widening or reconstruction.
 - (e) Excavations in side slopes, where the slope is steeper than 1:4 (vertical:horizontal).
 - (f) Excavations protected by existing barrier or railing.
- (2) Temporarily Unprotected Permanent Obstacles.—The work includes the installation of a fixed obstacle together with a protective system, such as a sign structure together with protective railing, and the Contractor elects to install the obstacle prior to installing the protective system; or the Contractor, for the Contractor's convenience and with permission of the Engineer, removes a portion of an existing protective railing at an obstacle and does not replace such railing complete in place during the same day.
- (3) Storage Areas.—Material or equipment is stored within 3.6 m of the lane and the storage is not otherwise prohibited by the provisions of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The approach end of temporary railing (Type K), installed in conformance with the provisions in this section "Public Safety" and in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications, shall be offset a minimum of 4.6 m from the edge of the traffic lane open to public traffic. The temporary railing shall be installed on a skew toward the edge of the traffic lane of not more than 0.3-m transversely to 3 m longitudinally with respect to the edge of the traffic lane. If the 4.6-m minimum offset cannot be achieved, the temporary railing shall be installed on the 10 to 1 skew to obtain the maximum available offset between the approach end of the railing and the edge of the traffic lane, and an array of temporary crash cushion modules shall be installed at the approach end of the temporary railing.

Temporary railing (Type K) shall conform to the provisions in Section 12-3.08, "Temporary Railing (Type K)," of the Standard Specifications. Temporary railing (Type K), conforming to the details shown on 1995 Standard Plan T3 or 1992 Standard Plan T3, may be used. Temporary railing (Type K) fabricated prior to January 1, 1993, and conforming to 1988 Standard Plan B11-30 may be used, provided the fabrication date is printed on the required Certificate of Compliance.

The fourteenth paragraph of Section 12-3.08, "Temporary Railing (Type K)," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

Each rail unit placed within 3 m of a traffic lane shall have a reflector installed on top of the rail as directed by the Engineer. A Type P marker panel shall also be installed at each end of railing installed adjacent to a two-lane, two-way highway and at the end facing traffic of railing installed adjacent to a one-way roadbed. If the railing is placed on a skew, the marker shall be installed at the end of the skew nearest the traveled way. Type P marker panels shall conform to the provisions in Section 82, "Markers and Delineators," except that the Contractor shall furnish the marker panels.

Reflectors on temporary railing (Type K) shall conform to the provisions in "Approved Traffic Products" of these special provisions.

Temporary crash cushion modules shall conform to the provisions in "Temporary Crash Cushion Module" of these special provisions.

Except for installing, maintaining and removing traffic control devices, whenever work is performed or equipment is operated in the following work areas the Contractor shall close the adjacent traffic lane unless otherwise provided in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions:

Approach speed of public traffic (Posted Limit) (Kilometers Per Hour)	Work Areas
Over 72 (45 Miles Per Hour)	Within 1.8 m of a traffic lane but not on a traffic lane
56 to 72 (35 to 45 Miles Per Hour)	Within 0.9-m of a traffic lane but not on a traffic lane

The lane closure provisions of this section shall not apply if the work area is protected by permanent or temporary railing or barrier.

When traffic cones or delineators are used to delineate a temporary edge of traffic lane, the line of cones or delineators shall be considered to be the edge of traffic lane, however, the Contractor shall not reduce the width of an existing lane to less than 3 m without written approval from the Engineer.

When work is not in progress on a trench or other excavation that required closure of an adjacent lane, the traffic cones or portable delineators used for the lane closure shall be placed off of and adjacent to the edge of the traveled way. The spacing of the cones or delineators shall be not more than the spacing used for the lane closure.

Suspended loads or equipment shall not be moved nor positioned over public traffic or pedestrians.

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions in this section "Public Safety," including furnishing and installing temporary railing (Type K) and temporary crash cushion modules, shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

5-1.06 SURFACE MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT

Attention is directed to the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act of 1975, commencing in Public Resources Code, Mining and Geology, Section 2710, which establishes regulations pertinent to surface mining operations.

Material from mining operations furnished for this project shall only come from permitted sites in compliance with the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act of 1975.

The requirements of this section shall apply to all materials furnished for the project, except for acquisition of materials in conformance with Section 4-1.05, "Use of Materials Found on the Work," of the Standard Specifications.

5-1.07 REMOVAL OF ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

When the presence of asbestos or hazardous substances are not shown on the plans or indicated in the specifications and the Contractor encounters materials which the Contractor reasonably believes to be asbestos or a hazardous substance as defined in Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, and the asbestos or hazardous substance has not been rendered harmless, the Contractor may continue work in unaffected areas reasonably believed to be safe, and shall immediately cease work in the affected area and report the condition to the Engineer in writing.

In accordance with Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, all such removal of asbestos or hazardous substances including any exploratory work to identify and determine the extent of the asbestos or hazardous substance will be performed by separate contract.

If delay of work in the area delays the current controlling operation, the delay will be considered a right of way delay and the Contractor will be compensated for the delay as provided in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

5-1.08 YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE

This contract is subject to Year 2000 Compliance for automated devices in the State of California. Year 2000 compliance is defined as follows:

Year 2000 compliance for automated devices in the State of California is achieved when embedded functions have or create no logical or mathematical inconsistencies when dealing with dates prior to and beyond 1999. The year 2000 is recognized and processed as a leap year. The product must also operate accurately in the manner in which it was intended for date operation without requiring manual intervention.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance from the manufacturer in accordance with the provisions of Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for all automated devices furnished for the project.

5-1.09 SUBCONTRACTOR AND DVBE RECORDS

The Contractor shall maintain records of all subcontracts entered into with certified DVBE subcontractors and records of materials purchased from certified DVBE suppliers. The records shall show the name and business address of each DVBE subcontractor or vendor and the total dollar amount actually paid each DVBE subcontractor or vendor.

Upon completion of the contract, a summary of these records shall be prepared on Form CEM-2402 (S) and certified correct by the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative, and shall be furnished to the Engineer.

5-1.095 PERFORMANCE OF DVBE SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS

The DVBEs listed by the Contractor in response to the provisions in Section 2-1.04, "Submission of DVBE Information," and Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions, which are determined by the Department to be certified DVBEs, shall perform the work and supply the materials for which they are listed, unless the Contractor has received prior written authorization to perform the work with other forces or to obtain the materials from other sources.

Authorization to utilize other forces or sources of materials may be requested for the following reasons:

- A. The listed DVBE, after having had a reasonable opportunity to do so, fails or refuses to execute a written contract, when the written contract, based upon the general terms, conditions, plans and specifications for the project, or on the terms of the subcontractor's or supplier's written bid, is presented by the Contractor.
- B. The listed DVBE becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- C. The listed DVBE fails or refuses to perform the subcontract or furnish the listed materials.
- D. The Contractor stipulated that a bond was a condition of executing a subcontract and the listed DVBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the bond requirements of the Contractor.
- E. The work performed by the listed subcontractor is substantially unsatisfactory and is not in substantial conformance with the plans and specifications, or the subcontractor is substantially delaying or disrupting the progress of the work.
- F. The listed DVBE subcontractor is not licensed pursuant to the Contractor's License Law.
- G. It would be in the best interest of the State.

The Contractor shall not be entitled to payment for the work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DVBE or by other forces (including those of the Contractor) pursuant to prior written authorization of the Engineer.

5-1.097 SUBCONTRACTING

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," of the Standard Specifications, Section 2, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," and Section 3, "Submission of DVBE Information and Award and Execution of Contract," elsewhere in these special provisions and these special provisions.

The third paragraph of Section 8-1.01 shall not apply to this contract.

The DVBE information furnished under Section 3-1.01A, "DVBE Information," of these special provisions is in addition to the subcontractor information required to be furnished under said Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," and Section 2-1.054, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Standard Specifications.

Section 10115 of the Public Contract Code requires the Department to implement provisions to establish a goal for Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) participation in highway contracts that are state funded. As a part of this requirement:

1. No substitution of a DVBE subcontractor shall be made at any time without the written consent of the Department, and
2. If a DVBE subcontractor is unable to perform successfully and is to be replaced, the Contractor will be required to make good faith efforts to replace the original DVBE subcontractor with another DVBE subcontractor.

The requirement in Section 2-1.02, "Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE)," of these special provisions that DVBEs must be certified on the date bids are opened does not apply to DVBE substitutions after award of the contract.

5-1.098 PROMPT PROGRESS PAYMENT TO SUBCONTRACTORS

Attention is directed to the provisions in Sections 10262 and 10262.5 of the Public Contract Code and Section 7108.5 of the Business and Professions Code concerning prompt payment to subcontractors.

5-1.10 AREAS FOR CONTRACTOR'S USE

Attention is directed to the requirements specified in Section 7-1.19, "Rights in Land and Improvements," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The State property shall be used only for purposes that are necessary to perform the required work. The Contractor shall not occupy the right of way, or allow others to occupy the right of way, for purposes which are not necessary to perform the required work.

Temporary storage of equipment and materials on State property may be arranged with the Engineer, subject to the prior demands of State maintenance forces and to all other contract requirements. Use of the Contractor's work areas and other State-owned property shall be at the Contractor's own risk, and the State shall not be held liable for any damage to or loss of materials or equipment located within such areas.

5-1.11 PAYMENTS

Attention is directed to Sections 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," and 9-1.07, "Payment After Acceptance," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Clearing and Grubbing \$10,000

No partial payment will be made for any materials on hand which are furnished but not incorporated in the work.

In determining the partial payments to be made to the Contractor, only the following listed materials will be considered for inclusion in the payment as materials furnished but not incorporated in the work:

Communications Tower
Temporary Office Space

5-1.12 SOUND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

Sound control shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01I, "Sound Control Requirements," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The noise level from the Contractor's operations, between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m., shall not exceed 86 dbA at a distance of 15 m. This requirement in no way relieves the Contractor from responsibility for complying with local ordinances regulating noise level.

The noise level requirement shall apply to the equipment on the job or related to the job, including but not limited to trucks, transit mixers or transient equipment that may or may not be owned by the Contractor. The use of loud sound signals shall be avoided in favor of light warnings except those required by safety laws for the protection of personnel.

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

5-1.13 RELATIONS WITH THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

A portion of this project is within an the jurisdiction of the County of Los Angeles. A permit has been issued to the Department of Transportation covering work to be performed under this contract. The Contractor shall be fully informed of all rules, regulations and conditions that may govern the Contractor's operations in the areas and shall conduct the work accordingly.

Copies of the agreement may be obtained and are available for inspection at the office of the District Director of Transportation at 120 South Spring Street, Room 244 Los Angeles, CA 90012, Telephone Number (213) 897-0054.

The Contractor shall have readily available, copies of the Permit at the worksite at all times during periods of work and must be presented to personnel from the permitting agency at all times.

SECTION 6. (BLANK)

SECTION 7. (BLANK)

SECTION 8. MATERIALS

SECTION 8-1. MISCELLANEOUS

8-1.01 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State, materials and products in the inch-pound (imperial) system which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following provisions:

Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.

Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish necessary information as required by the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision will be final.

When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, the list of sources of material as specified in Section 6-1.01, "Source of Supply and Quality of Materials," of the Standard Specification shall include a list of substitutions to be made and contract items involved. In addition, for a change in design or details the Contractor shall submit plans and working drawings in conformance with Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications.

Unless otherwise specified, the following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS
ASTM Designation: A 325M

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x thread pitch	IMPERIAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
M16 x 2	5/8
M20 x 2.5	3/4
M22 x 2.5	7/8
M24 x 3	1
M27 x 3	1-1/8
M30 x 3.5	1-1/4
M36 x 4	1-1/2

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT, ASTM Designation: A 82

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm ²	US CUSTOMARY UNITS SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch ² x 100
MW9	W1.4
MW10	W1.6
MW13	W2.0
MW15	W2.3
MW19	W2.9
MW20	W3.1
MW22	W3.5
MW25	W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only
MW26	W4.0
MW30	W4.7
MW32	W5.0
MW35	W5.4
MW40	W6.2
MW45	W6.5
MW50	W7.8
MW55	W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only
MW60	W9.3
MW70	W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only
MW80	W12.4
MW90	W14.0
MW100	W15.5

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR BAR REINFORCEMENT

METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER TO BE SUBSTITUTED
13	4
16	5
19	6
22	7
25	8
29	9
32	10
36	11
43	14
57	18

No adjustment will be required in spacing or total number of reinforcing bars due to a difference in minimum yield strength between metric and non-metric bars.

The sizes in the following tables of materials and products are exact conversions of metric sizes of materials and products and are listed as acceptable equivalents:

CONVERSION TABLE FOR SIZES OF:

- (1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS, ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55, and
 (2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
6, or 6.35	1/4
8 or 7.94	5/16
10, or 9.52	3/8
11, or 11.11	7/16
13 or 12.70	1/2
14, or 14.29	9/16
16, or 15.88	5/8
19, or 19.05	3/4
22, or 22.22	7/8
24, 25, or 25.40	1
29, or 28.58	1-1/8
32, or 31.75	1-1/4
35, or 34.93	1-3/8
38 or 38.10	1-1/2
44, or 44.45	1-3/4
51, or 50.80	2
57, or 57.15	2-1/4
64, or 63.50	2-1/2
70 or 69.85	2-3/4
76, or 76.20	3
83, or 82.55	3-1/4
89 or 88.90	3-1/2
95, or 95.25	3-3/4
102, or 101.60	4

CONVERSION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL

UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS		HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED SHEETS (GALVANIZED)	
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT US STANDARD GAGE	METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT GALVANIZED SHEET GAGE
mm	inch	mm	inch
7.94	0.3125	4.270	0.1681
6.07	0.2391	3.891	0.1532
5.69	0.2242	3.510	0.1382
5.31	0.2092	3.132	0.1233
4.94	0.1943	2.753	0.1084
4.55	0.1793	2.372	0.0934
4.18	0.1644	1.994	0.0785
3.80	0.1495	1.803	0.0710
3.42	0.1345	1.613	0.0635
3.04	0.1196	1.461	0.0575
2.66	0.1046	1.311	0.0516
2.28	0.0897	1.158	0.0456
1.90	0.0747	1.006 or 1.016	0.0396
1.71	0.0673	0.930	0.0366
1.52	0.0598	0.853	0.0336
1.37	0.0538	0.777	0.0306
1.21	0.0478	0.701	0.0276
1.06	0.0418	0.627	0.0247
0.91	0.0359	0.551	0.0217
0.84	0.0329	0.513	0.0202
0.76	0.0299	0.475	0.0187
0.68	0.0269	-----	-----
0.61	0.0239	-----	-----
0.53	0.0209	-----	-----
0.45	0.0179	-----	-----
0.42	0.0164	-----	-----
0.38	0.0149	-----	-----

CONVERSION TABLE FOR WIRE

METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT USA STEEL WIRE THICKNESS inch	GAGE NO.
6.20	0.244	3
5.72	0.225	4
5.26	0.207	5
4.88	0.192	6
4.50	0.177	7
4.11	0.162	8
3.76	0.148	9
3.43	0.135	10
3.05	0.120	11
2.69	0.106	12
2.34	0.092	13
2.03	0.080	14
1.83	0.072	15
1.57	0.062	16
1.37	0.054	17
1.22	0.048	18
1.04	0.041	19
0.89	0.035	20

CONVERSION TABLE FOR PIPE PILES

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch x inch
PP 360 x 4.55	NPS 14 x 0.179
PP 360 x 6.35	NPS 14 x 0.250
PP 360 x 9.53	NPS 14 x 0.375
PP 360 x 11.12	NPS 14 x 0.438
PP 406 x 12.70	NPS 16 x 0.500
PP 460 x T	NPS 18 x T"
PP 508 x T	NPS 20 x T"
PP 559 x T	NPS 22 x T"
PP 610 x T	NPS 24 x T"
PP 660 x T	NPS 26 x T"
PP 711 x T	NPS 28 x T"
PP 762 x T	NPS 30 x T"
PP 813 x T	NPS 32 x T"
PP 864 x T	NPS 34 x T"
PP 914 x T	NPS 36 x T"
PP 965 x T	NPS 38 x T"
PP 1016 x T	NPS 40 x T"
PP 1067 x T	NPS 42 x T"
PP 1118 x T	NPS 44 x T"
PP 1219 x T	NPS 48 x T"
PP 1524 x T	NPS 60 x T"

The thickness in inches (T") represents an exact conversion of the metric thickness in millimeters (T).

CONVERSION TABLE FOR STRUCTURAL TIMBER AND LUMBER

METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED DRY, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED GREEN, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	EQUIVALENT NOMINAL US SIZE inch x inch
19x89	20x90	1x4
38x89	40x90	2x4
64x89	65x90	3x4
89x89	90x90	4x4
140x140	143x143	6x6
140x184	143x190	6x8
184x184	190x190	8x8
235x235	241x241	10x10
286x286	292x292	12x12

CONVERSION TABLE FOR NAILS AND SPIKES

METRIC COMMON NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	METRIC BOX NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	METRIC SPIKE, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE Penny-weight
50.80 2.87	50.80 2.51	————	6d
63.50 3.33	63.50 2.87	————	8d
76.20 3.76	76.20 3.25	76.20 4.88	10d
82.55 3.76	82.55 3.25	82.55 4.88	12d
88.90 4.11	88.90 3.43	88.90 5.26	16d
101.60 4.88	101.60 3.76	101.60 5.72	20d
114.30 5.26	114.30 3.76	114.30 6.20	30d
127.00 5.72	127.00 4.11	127.00 6.68	40d
————	————	139.70 7.19	50d
————	————	152.40 7.19	60d

8-1.02 APPROVED TRAFFIC PRODUCTS

The Department maintains a List of Approved Traffic Products. The Engineer shall not be precluded from sampling and testing products on the List of Approved Traffic Products.

The manufacturer of products on the List of Approved Traffic Products shall furnish the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for each type of traffic product supplied.

The following is the List of Approved Traffic Products:

PAVEMENT MARKERS, PERMANENT TYPE

RETROREFLECTIVE

Apex, Model 921 (100 mm x 100 mm)

Ray-O-Lite, Models SS (100 mm x 100 mm), RS (100 mm x 100 mm) and AA (100 mm x 100 mm)

Stimsonite, Models 88 (100 mm x 100 mm), 911 (100 mm x 100 mm), 953 (70 mm x 114 mm)

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3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)

RETROREFLECTIVE WITH ABRASION RESISTANT SURFACE (ARS)

Ray-O-Lite "AA" ARS (100 mm x 100 mm)
Stimsonite, Models 911 (100 mm x 100 mm), 953 (70 mm x 114 mm)
3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)

RETROREFLECTIVE WITH ABRASION RESISTANT SURFACE (ARS)
(Used for recessed applications)

Stimsonite, Model 948 (58 mm x 119 mm)
Ray-O-Lite, Model 2002 (58 mm x 117 mm)
Stimsonite, Model 944SB (51 mm x 100 mm)*
Ray-O-Lite, Model 2004 ARS (51 mm x 100 mm)*

*For use only in 114 mm wide (older) recessed slots

NON-REFLECTIVE FOR USE WITH EPOXY ADHESIVE, 100 mm Round

Apex Universal (Ceramic)
Highway Ceramics, Inc. (Ceramic)

NON-REFLECTIVE FOR USE WITH BITUMEN ADHESIVE, 100 mm Round

Apex Universal (Ceramic)
Apex Universal, Model 929 (ABS)
Elgin Molded Plastics, "Empco-Lite" Model 900 (ABS)
Highway Ceramics, Inc. (Ceramic)
Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Models P20-2000W and 2001Y (ABS)
Interstate Sales, "Diamond Back" (ABS) and (Polypropylene)
Alpine Products, D-Dot (ABS)
Road Creations, Model RCB4NR (Acrylic)

PAVEMENT MARKERS, TEMPORARY TYPE

TEMPORARY MARKERS FOR LONG TERM DAY/NIGHT USE (6 months or less)

Apex Universal, Model 924 (100 mm x 100 mm)
Davidson Plastics Corp., Model 3.0 (100 mm x 100 mm)
Elgin Molded Plastics, "Empco-Lite" Model 901 (100 mm x 100 mm)
Road Creations, Model R41C (100 mm x 100 mm)
Vega Molded Products "Temporary Road Marker" (75 mm x 100 mm)

TEMPORARY MARKERS FOR SHORT TERM DAY/NIGHT USE (14 days or less)
(For seal coat or chip seal applications, clear protective covers are required)

Apex Universal, Model 932
Davidson Plastics, Models T.O.M., T.R.P.M., and "HH" (High Heat)
Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model 1280/1281

STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIALS

PERMANENT TRAFFIC STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING TAPE

Advanced Traffic Marking, Series 300 and 400
Brite-Line, Series 1000
Swarco Industries, "Director 35" (For transverse application only)
Swarco Industries, "Director 60"

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3M, "Stamark" Series 380 and 5730
3M, "Stamark" Series A320 Bisymmetric (For use on low-volume roadways only)
3M, "Stamark" Series A420, A440, N420, and N440 (For transverse application only)

TEMPORARY (REMOVABLE) STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING TAPE
(6 months or less)

Brite-Line, Series 100
P.B. Laminations, Aztec, Grade 102
Swarco Industries, "Director-2"
3M, "Stamark," Series A620
3M Series A145 Removable Black Line Mask
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)
Advanced Traffic Marking Black "Hide-A-Line"
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)

PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC (Heated in place)

Flint Trading, "Premark" and "Premark 20/20 Flex"
Pavemark, "Hotape"

REMOVABLE TRAFFIC PAINT

Belpro, Series 250/252 and No. 93 Remover

CLASS 1 DELINEATORS

ONE-PIECE DRIVEABLE FLEXIBLE TYPE, 1700 mm

Carsonite, Curve-Flex CFRM-400
Carsonite, Roadmarker CRM-375
Davidson Plastics, "Flexi-Guide Models 400 and 566"
FlexStake, Model 654TM
GreenLine Models HWD1-66 and CGD1-66
J. Miller Industries, Model JMI-375 (with soil anchor)

SPECIAL USE FLEXIBLE TYPE, 1700 mm

Carsonite, "Survivor" with 450 mm U-Channel base
FlexStake, Model 604
GreenLine Models HWD and CGD (with 450 mm U-Channel base)
Safe-Hit with 200 mm pavement anchor (SH248-GP1)
Safe-Hit with 380 mm soil anchor (SH248-GP2) and with 450 mm soil anchor (SH248-GP3)

SURFACE MOUNT FLEXIBLE TYPE, 1200 mm

Bent Manufacturing Company, "Masterflex" Model MF-180EX-48
Carsonite, "Super Duck II"
FlexStake, Surface Mount, Models 704 and 754TM

CHANNELIZERS

SURFACE MOUNT TYPE, 900 mm

Bent Manufacturing Company, "Masterflex" Models MF-360-36 (Round) and MF-180-36 (Flat)
Carsonite, "Super Duck" (Flat SDF-436, Round SDR-336)
Carsonite, Super Duck II Model SDCF203601MB "The Channelizer"
Davidson Plastics, Flex-Guide Models FG300LD and FG300UR
FlexStake, Surface Mount, Models 703 and 753TM

GreenLine, Model SMD-36
The Line Connection, "Dura-Post" Model DP36-3 (Permanent)
The Line Connection, "Dura-Post" Model DP36-3C (Temporary)
Repo, Models 300 and 400
Safe-Hit, Guide Post, Model SH236SMA

CONICAL DELINEATORS, 1070 mm

(For 700 mm Traffic Cones, see Standard Specifications)

Bent Manufacturing Company "T-Top"
Plastic Safety Systems "Navigator-42"
Roadmaker Company "Stacker"
Traffix Devices "Grabber"

OBJECT MARKERS

TYPE "K", 450 mm

Carsonite, Model SMD-615
FlexStake, Model 701KM
Repo, Models 300 and 400
Safe-Hit, Model SH718SMA
The Line Connection, Model DP21-4K

TYPE "K-4", 450-600 mm
(Shown as Type "Q" in the Traffic Manual)

Carsonite, Super Duck II
FlexStake, Model 701KM
Repo, Models 300 and 400
Safe-Hit, Models SH8 24SMA_WA and SH8 24GP3_WA
The Line Connection, Model DP21-4Q

TEMPORARY RAILING (TYPE K) REFLECTORS AND CONCRETE BARRIER MARKERS

IMPACTABLE TYPE

ARTUK, "FB"
Davidson Plastics, Model PCBM-12
Duraflex Corp., "Flexx 2020" and "Electriflexx"

NON-IMPACTABLE TYPE

ARTUK, JD Series
Stimsonite, Model 967 (with 83 mm Acrylic cube corner reflector)
Stimsonite, Model 967LS
Vega Molded Products, Models GBM and JD

THREE BEAM BARRIER MARKERS

(For use to the left of traffic)

Duraflex Corp., "Railrider"
Davidson Plastics, "Mini" (75 mm x 254 mm)

CONCRETE BARRIER DELINEATORS, 400 mm

(For use to the right of traffic. When mounted on top of barrier, places top of reflective element at 1200 mm)

Davidson Plastics, Model PCBM T-16
Safe-Hit, Model SH216RBM

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**CONCRETE BARRIER-MOUNTED MINI-DRUM
(260 mm x 360 mm x 570 mm)**

Stinson Equipment Company "SaddleMarker"

SOUND WALL DELINEATOR

(Applied to a vertical surface. Top of reflective element at 1200 mm)

Davidson Plastics, PCBM S-36

GUARD RAILING DELINEATOR

(Top of reflective element at 1200 mm above plane of roadway)

WOOD POST TYPE, 686 mm

Carsonite, Model 427
Davidson Plastics FG 427 and FG 527
FlexStake, Model 102 GR
GreenLine GRD 27
J.Miller Model JMI-375G
Safe-Hit, Model SH227GRD

STEEL POST TYPE

Carsonite, Model CFGR-327 with CFGRBK300 Mounting Bracket

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING FOR:

CHANNELIZERS, BARRIER MARKERS, AND DELINEATORS

3M, High Intensity
Reflexite, PC-1000 Metalized Polycarbonate
Reflexite, AC-1000 Acrylic
Reflexite, AP-1000 Metalized Polyester
Reflexite, AR-1000 Abrasion Resistant Coating
Stimsonite, Series 6200 (For rigid substrate devices only)

TRAFFIC CONES, 330 mm Sleeves

Reflexite SB (Polyester), Vinyl or "TR" (Semi-transparent)

TRAFFIC CONES, 100 mm and 150 mm Sleeves

3M Series 3840
Reflexite Vinyl, "TR" (Semi-transparent) or "Conformalite"

BARRELS AND DRUMS

Reflexite, "Super High Intensity" or "High Impact Drum Sheeting"
3M Series 3810

BARRICADES: Type I, Engineering Grade

American Decal, Adcolite
Avery Dennison, 1500 and 1600
3M, Scotchlite, Series CW

BARRICADES: Type II, Super Engineering Grade

Contract No. «Dist»-«Contract_No»

Avery Dennison, "Fasign" 2500 Series
Kiwalite Type II
Nikkalite 1800 Series

SIGNS: Type II, Super Engineering Grade

Avery Dennison, "Fasign" 2500 Series
Kiwalite, Type II
Nikkalite 1800 Series

SIGNS: Type III, High-Intensity Grade

3M Series 3800
Nippon Carbide, Nikkalite Brand Ultralite Grade II

SIGNS: Type IV, High-Intensity Prismatic Grade

Stimsonite Series 6200

SIGNS: Type VII, High-Intensity Prismatic Grade

3M Series 3900

SIGNS: Type VI, Roll-Up Signs

Reflexite, Vinyl (Orange), Reflexite "SuperBright" (Fluorescent orange)
3M Series RS34 (Orange) and RS20 (Fluorescent orange)

SIGN SUBSTRATE FOR CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS

ALUMINUM

FIBERGLASS REINFORCED PLASTIC (FRP)

Sequentia, "Polyplate"
Fiber-Brite

8-1.03 SLAG AGGREGATE

Aggregate produced from slag resulting from any steel-making process or from air-cooled iron blast furnace slag shall not be used on this project.

8-1.04 MEASUREMENT OF QUANTITIES

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The following is added after the third paragraph in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," of the Standard Specifications:

All elements of the material plant controller which affect the accuracy or delivery of data shall be made available for the application of security seals. These devices will be inspected and adjusting elements sealed prior to the first production of materials for the contract. The security seals will be furnished by the Engineer. Material production shall cease when alteration, disconnection, or otherwise manipulation of the security seals occur and production shall not resume until the device is inspected and resealed by the Engineer.

SECTION 8-2. CONCRETE

8-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

Portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 12 "Building Work" of these special provisions.

SECTION 9. (BLANK)

SECTION 10. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

SECTION 10-1. GENERAL

10-1.01 ORDER OF WORK

Order of work shall conform to the provisions in Section 5-1.05, "Order of Work," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The work shall be performed in conformance with the stages of construction shown on the plans. Nonconflicting work in subsequent stages may proceed concurrently with work in preceding stages, provided satisfactory progress is maintained in the preceding stages of construction.

In each stage, the Contractor shall provide access to the maintenance yard at all times.

Attention is directed to the requirements specified under "Irrigation Conduits" elsewhere in these special provisions, regarding the placing of irrigation conduits prior to paving operations.

Attention is directed to "Existing Highway Irrigation Facilities" of these special provisions regarding the checking of existing irrigation facilities that are to remain in place, prior to the start of any irrigation work.

Attention is directed to "Irrigation Systems Functional Test" of these special provisions, regarding restrictions for planting operations.

Attention is directed to Section 20-5.027B, "Wiring Plans and Diagrams," of the Standard Specifications regarding submittal of working drawings.

10-1.02 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

Water pollution control work shall conform to the requirements in Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications, and these special provisions.

Water pollution control work shall conform to the requirements in the Construction Contractor's Guide and Specifications of the Caltrans Storm Water Quality Handbooks, dated April 1997, and addenda thereto issued up to and including the date of advertisement of the project, hereafter referred to as the "Handbook." Copies of the Handbook may be obtained from the Department of Transportation, Material Operations Branch, Publication Distribution Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, California 95815, Telephone: (916) 445-3520.

Copies of the Handbook are also available for review at Department of Transportation, Construction Office, Room 244, 120 Spring Street, Los Angeles, California 90012.

The Contractor shall become fully informed of, and comply with the applicable provisions of the Handbook and Federal, State and local regulations that govern the Contractor's operations and storm water discharges from both the project site and areas of disturbance outside the project limits during construction.

Unless arrangements for disturbance of areas outside the project limits are made by the Department and made part of the contract, it is expressly agreed that the Department assumes no responsibility to the Contractor or property owner whatsoever with respect to any arrangements made between the Contractor and property owner to allow disturbance of areas outside the project limits.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the costs and for any liability imposed by law as a result of the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements set forth in this section "Water Pollution Control" including, but not limited to, compliance with the applicable provisions of the Handbook and Federal, State and local regulations. For the purposes of this paragraph, costs and liabilities include but are not limited to fines, penalties and damages whether assessed against the State or the Contractor, including those levied under the Federal Clean Water Act and the State Porter Cologne Water Quality Act.

In addition to any remedy authorized by law, so much of the money due the Contractor under the contract that shall be considered necessary by the Department may be retained by the State of California until disposition has been made of the costs and liabilities.

The retention of money due the Contractor shall be subject to the following:

1. The Department will give the Contractor 30 days notice of its intention to retain funds from any partial payment which may become due to the Contractor prior to acceptance of the contract. Retention of funds from any payment made after acceptance of the contract may be made without prior notice to the Contractor.
2. No retention of additional amounts out of partial payments will be made if the amount to be retained does not exceed the amount being withheld from partial payments pursuant to Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications.
3. If the Department has retained funds and it is subsequently determined that the State is not subject to the costs and liabilities in connection with the matter for which the retention was made, the Department shall be liable for interest on the amount retained at the legal rate of interest for the period of the retention.

Conformance with the requirements of this section "Water Pollution Control," shall not relieve the Contractor from the Contractor's responsibilities, as provided in Sections 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property," 7-1.121, "Indemnification," and 7-1.122, "Insurance," of the Standard Specifications.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM PREPARATION, APPROVAL AND UPDATES

As part of the water pollution control work, a Water Pollution Control Program, hereafter referred to as the "WPCP," is required for this contract. The WPCP shall conform to the requirements in Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications, the requirements in the Handbook, and these special provisions.

No work having potential to cause water pollution, as determined by the Engineer, shall be performed until the WPCP has been approved by the Engineer.

Within 10 days after the approval of the contract, the Contractor shall submit 3 copies of the WPCP to the Engineer. The Contractor shall allow 7 days for the Engineer to review the WPCP. If revisions are required, as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the WPCP within 7 days of receipt of the Engineer's comments and shall allow 7 days for the Engineer to review the revisions. Upon the Engineer's approval of the WPCP, 3 additional copies of the WPCP incorporating the required changes shall be submitted to the Engineer. Minor changes or clarifications to the initial submittal may be made and attached as amendments to the WPCP. In order to allow construction activities to proceed, the Engineer may conditionally approve the WPCP while minor revisions or amendments are being completed.

The objectives of the WPCP shall be to identify pollution sources that may adversely affect the quality of storm water discharges associated with the project and to identify, construct, implement and maintain water pollution control measures, hereafter referred to as control measures, to reduce to the extent feasible pollutants in storm water discharges from the construction site during construction under this contract.

The WPCP shall incorporate control measures in the following categories:

1. Soil stabilization practices;
2. Sediment control practices;
3. Sediment tracking control practices;
4. Wind erosion control practices; and
5. Nonstorm water management and waste management and disposal control practices.

Specific objectives and minimum requirements for each category of control measures are contained in the Handbook.

The Contractor shall consider the objectives and minimum requirements presented in the Handbook for each of the above categories. When minimum requirements are listed for any category, the Contractor shall incorporate into the WPCP and implement on the project, one or more of the listed minimum controls required in order to meet the pollution control objectives for the category. In addition, the Contractor shall consider other control measures presented in the Handbook and shall incorporate into the WPCP and implement on the project the control measures necessary to meet the objectives of the WPCP. The Contractor shall document the selection process in accordance with the procedure specified in the Handbook.

The WPCP shall include, but not be limited to, the following items as described in the Handbook:

1. Project description and Contractor's certification;
2. Project information;
3. Pollution sources, control measures, and water pollution control drawings; and
4. Amendments, if any.

The Contractor shall amend the WPCP, graphically and in narrative form, whenever there is a change in construction activities or operations which may affect the discharge of significant quantities of pollutants to surface waters, ground waters, municipal storm drain systems, or when deemed necessary by the Engineer. The WPCP shall also be amended if the WPCP has not achieved the objective of reducing pollutants in storm water discharges. Amendments shall show additional control measures or revised operations, including those in areas not shown in the initially approved WPCP, which are required on the

project to control water pollution effectively. Amendments to the WPCP shall be submitted for review and approval by the Engineer in the same manner specified for the initially approved WPCP. Amendments shall be dated and attached to the on-site WPCP document.

The Contractor shall keep a copy of the WPCP, together with updates, revisions and amendments at the project site.

WPCP IMPLEMENTATION

Upon approval of the WPCP, the Contractor shall be responsible throughout the duration of the project for installing, constructing, inspecting and maintaining the control measures included in the WPCP and any amendments thereto and for removing and disposing of temporary control measures. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer or specified in these special provisions, the Contractor's responsibility for WPCP implementation shall continue throughout any temporary suspension of work ordered in accordance with Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of Work," of the Standard Specifications. Requirements for installation, construction, inspection, maintenance, removal and disposal of control measures are specified in the Handbook and these special provisions.

Soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures, including minimum requirements, shall be provided throughout the winter season, defined as between November 1 and March 15.

Implementation of soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures for soil-disturbed areas of the project site shall be completed, except as provided for below, no later than 20 days prior to the beginning of the winter season or upon start of applicable construction activities for projects which begin either during or within 20 days of the winter season.

Throughout the winter season, the active, soil-disturbed area of the project site shall be no more than 1.95 hectares. The Engineer may approve, on a case-by-case basis, expansions of the active, soil-disturbed area limit. The Contractor shall demonstrate the ability and preparedness to fully deploy soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures to protect soil-disturbed areas of the project site before the onset of precipitation. The Contractor shall maintain a quantity of soil stabilization and sediment control materials on site equal to 100 percent of that sufficient to protect unprotected, soil-disturbed areas on the project site and shall maintain a detailed plan for the mobilization of sufficient labor and equipment to fully deploy control measures required to protect unprotected, soil-disturbed areas on the project site prior to the onset of precipitation. The Contractor shall include a current inventory of control measure materials and the detailed mobilization plan as part of the WPCP.

Throughout the winter season, soil-disturbed areas of the project site shall be considered to be nonactive whenever soil disturbing activities are expected to be discontinued for a period of 20 or more days and the areas are fully protected. Areas that will become nonactive either during the winter season or within 20 days thereof shall be fully protected with soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures within 10 days of the discontinuance of soil disturbing activities or prior to the onset of precipitation, whichever is first to occur.

Throughout the winter season, active soil-disturbed areas of the project site shall be fully protected at the end of each day with soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures unless fair weather is predicted through the following work day. The weather forecast shall be monitored by the Contractor on a daily basis. The National Weather Service forecast shall be used, or an alternative weather forecast proposed by the Contractor may be used if approved by the Engineer. If precipitation is predicted prior to the end of the following work day, construction scheduling shall be modified, as required, and the Contractor shall deploy functioning control measures prior to the onset of the precipitation.

The Contractor shall implement, year-round and throughout the duration of the project, control measures included in the WPCP for sediment tracking, wind erosion, nonstorm water management and waste management and disposal.

The Engineer may order the suspension of construction operations which create water pollution if the Contractor fails to conform to the requirements of this section "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

MAINTENANCE

To ensure the proper implementation and functioning of control measures, the Contractor shall regularly inspect and maintain the construction site for the control measures identified in the WPCP. The Contractor shall identify corrective actions and time frames to address any deficient measures or reinstate any measures that have been discontinued.

The construction site inspection checklist provided in the Handbook shall be used to ensure that the necessary measures are being properly implemented, and to ensure that the control measures are functioning adequately. The Contractor shall submit one copy of each site inspection record to the Engineer.

During the winter season, inspections of the construction site shall be conducted by the Contractor to identify deficient measures, as follows:

1. Prior to a forecast storm;
2. After all precipitation which causes runoff capable of carrying sediment from the construction site;
3. At 24 hour intervals during extended precipitation events; and
4. Routinely, at a minimum of once every 2 weeks.

If the Contractor or the Engineer identifies a deficiency in the deployment or functioning of an identified control measure, the deficiency shall be corrected by the Contractor immediately, or by a later date and time if requested by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer in writing, but not later than the onset of subsequent precipitation events. The correction of deficiencies shall be at no additional cost to the State.

PAYMENT

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Those control measures which are shown on the project plans and for which there is a contract item of work will be measured and paid for as that item of work.

The Engineer will retain an amount equal to 25 percent of the estimated value of the contract work performed during estimate periods in which the Contractor fails to conform to the requirements of this section "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

Retentions for failure to conform to the requirements of this section "Water Pollution Control" shall be in addition to the other retentions provided for in the contract. The amounts retained for failure of the Contractor to conform to the requirements of this section will be released for payment on the next monthly estimate for partial payment following the date that a WPCP has been implemented and maintained, and water pollution is adequately controlled, as determined by the Engineer.

10-1.03 TEMPORARY FENCES AND GATES

Temporary fences and gates shall be furnished and constructed, maintained, and later removed as shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Except as otherwise specified in this section, temporary fences and gates shall conform to the plan details and the specifications for permanent fences and gates of similar character as provided in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications.

Used materials may be installed providing the used materials are good, sound, and are suitable for the purpose intended, as determined by the Engineer.

Materials may be commercial quality providing the dimensions and sizes of the materials are equal to, or greater than, the dimensions and sizes shown on the plans or specified herein.

Posts shall be either metal or wood at the Contractor's option.

Galvanizing and painting of steel items will not be required.

Treating wood with wood preservatives will not be required.

Concrete footings for metal posts will not be required.

Temporary fences and gates that are damaged from any cause during the progress of the work shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

When no longer required for the work as determined by the Engineer, temporary fences and gates shall be removed. Removed facilities shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site of the work, except as otherwise provided in this section.

Removed temporary fence and gates materials that are not damaged may be reused in the permanent work providing such materials conform to all of the requirements specified for the permanent work and such materials are new when used for the temporary fences.

Holes caused by the removal of temporary fences shall be backfilled in accordance with the provisions in the second paragraph of Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for installing temporary fences and gates, maintaining, removing, and disposing of temporary fences and gates shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items for temporary fences and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.04 DAMAGE REPAIR

Attention is directed to the provisions in Sections 7-1.16, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work and Materials," and 7-1.165, "Damage by Storm, Flood, Tsunami or Earthquake," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

When as a result of freezing conditions (as defined herein) during the plant establishment period, plants have died or, in the opinion of the Engineer, have deteriorated to a point beyond which they will not mature as typical examples of their species, the Engineer may direct replacement of the affected plants. The total cost of ordered plant replacement work will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications. A freezing condition, for the purpose of this specification, occurs when the temperature at or near the affected area has been officially recorded below 0°C and plants have been killed or damaged to the degree described above.

When, as a result of drought conditions (as defined herein) during the plant establishment period, plants have died or, in the opinion of the Engineer, have deteriorated to a point beyond which they will not mature as typical examples of their

species, the Engineer may direct replacement of the affected plants. The total cost of ordered plant replacements, after water has been restricted or stopped, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications. Any restriction or shutoff of available water shall not relieve the Contractor from performing other contract work. A drought condition occurs when the Department, or its supplier, restricts or stops delivery of water to the Contractor to the degree that plants have died or deteriorated as described above.

When the provisions in Section 7-1.165, "Damage by Storm, Flood, Tsunami or Earthquake," of the Standard Specifications, are applicable, the provisions above for payment of costs for repair of damage due to rain, freezing conditions and drought shall not apply.

10-1.05 RELIEF FROM MAINTENANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY

The Contractor may be relieved of the duty of maintenance and protection for those items not directly connected with plant establishment work, except highway planting and irrigation systems in accordance with the provisions in Section 7-1.15, "Relief From Maintenance and Responsibility," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.06 MAINTAINING TRAFFIC

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.08, "Public Convenience," 7-1.09, "Public Safety," and 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and to the Section entitled "Public Safety" elsewhere in these special provisions, and these special provisions. Nothing in these special provisions shall be construed as relieving the Contractor from the responsibilities specified in Section 7-1.09.

No work that would require a lane closure shall be performed.

10-1.07 EXISTING HIGHWAY FACILITIES

The work performed in connection with various existing highway facilities shall conform to the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

10-1.07A REMOVE CHAIN LINK FENCE AND GATES

Existing chain link fence and gates, including post footings and anchor blocks, where shown on the plans, shall be removed and disposed of.

Removing chain link gate will be measured and paid for by the meter as removed chain link fence.

Full compensation for backfilling and compacting post holes in the median and cutting off pipe post sleeves or other type post anchorages on structures shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per meter for remove cable-chain link fence and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.08 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

Clearing and grubbing shall conform to the provisions in Section 16, "Clearing and Grubbing," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

All improvements remaining either wholly or partially within the right of way, including, but not limited to, buildings, foundations and slabs above ground, shall be demolished and removed as part of the work included under clearing and grubbing.

The State reserves the right to salvage any material from the improvements prior to the date set for opening of bids.

The Contractor shall not dispose of the improvements or materials therefrom by sale, gift, or in any manner whatsoever to the general public at the site, provided however, that this provision shall not be construed as limiting or prohibiting the sale or disposal of such improvements or materials at the site to duly licensed contractors or material men, and provided that the materials are removed from the improvement by the State's Contractor. Removal of buildings as a unit, or in sections capable of reassembly as a structure, is expressly prohibited.

10-1.08A BUILDING DEMOLITION

This work shall consist of demolition and removal of improvements designated on the plans within the project limits, including, but not limited to, building, foundations and slabs above ground and other features shown to be removed. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer not less than 10 working days prior to beginning the building demolition.

Disposal.--The Contractor shall not dispose of the improvements or material therefrom by sale, gift, or in any manner whatsoever to the general public at the site, provided however, that these provisions shall not be construed as limiting or prohibiting the sale or disposal of such improvements or materials at the site to duly licensed contractors or materials men, and provided that the materials are removed from the improvement by the State's Contractor. Removal of the buildings as a unit, or in sections capable of reassembly as a structure, is expressly prohibited. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in

writing not less than 2 weeks prior to beginning any building demolition.in order that all State owned equipment and State employee owned equipment may be removed.

Full compensation for building demolition, specified herein shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for clearing and grubbing and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.08B REMOVING PORTIONS OF EXISTING FACILITIES

This work shall consist of removing portions of the existing facilities, including removal of existing work to gain access to or for new work, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The limits of removal shall be located and identified. Items to be removed and the interface of items to be removed and items to remain intact shall be identified and marked.

Existing concrete footings shall be removed to an elevation 300 mm below new footings.

Piping and conduits to be abandoned shall be capped or plugged.

Materials that are to be removed, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of away from the State property in accordance with the requirements in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside of the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for removing portion of existing facilities specified herein shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for clearing and grubbing and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.08C REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF ASBESTOS

Scope.--This work shall consist of removing and disposing of hazardous or asbestos-related materials which are designated on the plans or specified in these special provisions to be removed and disposed of.

Where existing hazardous or asbestos-related materials are to be removed during demolition, construction or alterations, such material shall be treated as hazardous waste, and shall be removed, hauled and disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and ordinances.

Codes and standards.--Codes which govern removal and disposal of materials containing asbestos include, but are not necessarily limited to the following:

1. California Health and Safety Code, Division 20, Chapter 6.5, Hazardous Waste Control.
2. California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4, Chapter 30, "Minimum Standards for Management of Hazardous and Extremely Hazardous Material," latest revisions, as applicable.
3. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, General Industry Safety Order 5208 Asbestos.
4. Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Part 26 (amended), of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Preparation.--Prior to performing operations involving the removal of hazardous waste containing asbestos, the Contractor shall provide written notification to the following agencies:

State Department of Toxic Substances Control
400 P Street
Sacramento, CA 95814
Telephone No. (916) 322-0476

Division of Occupational Safety and Health
2424 Arden Way, Suite 165
Sacramento, CA 95825
Telephone No. (916) 263-2800

The Contractor shall notify Division of Occupational Safety and Health (CAL OSHA) 24 hours prior to performing removal operations of materials containing asbestos.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer 3 working days in advance of commencement of removal operations of material containing asbestos.

Handling.--The Contractor shall comply with all Federal, State, and local regulations for the removal of material containing asbestos prior to demolition, shall place such removed material in approved plastic containers (double ply, 0.15 mm minimum thickness, plastic bags) with caution labels affixed to said bags. Such caution labels shall have conspicuous, legible lettering which spells out the following, or equivalent warning:

**CAUTION
CONTAINS ASBESTOS FIBERS
BREATHING ASBESTOS DUST MAY
CAUSE SERIOUS BODILY HARM**

At the option of the Contractor, the removed materials containing asbestos may be placed directly into a roll off or drop box which shall have the same caution label affixed on all sides.

The Contractor shall comply with all Federal, State and local requirements for safety which shall include providing employees with coveralls (preferably disposable plastic coated), rubber gloves (to be discarded after use), rubber boots (to be washed thoroughly after use), and disposable dust respirators (to cover nose and mouth). The use of goggles shall be optional.

The Contractor shall be responsible for verifying that all employees, who are involved in asbestos removal operations, wear the protective devices enumerated herein during removal operations.

Transporting.--All haulers of hazardous waste material shall be currently registered with the State Department of Health Services (DOHS), and shall have a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Identification Number (U.S. EPA I.D. Number). All vehicles used to transport hazardous waste material shall have affixed to the vehicle a valid Certificate of Compliance issued by DOHS. If a roll off or drop box is utilized, both the drop box and the transporting vehicle must have a valid Certificate of Compliance issued by DOHS.

Disposal.--The Engineer will obtain the required EPA generator identification numbers, and will sign the hazardous waste manifests.

The Contractor shall dispose of all hazardous waste containing asbestos at a Class I, Class II-1, Class II-2, or Class 3 disposal site (old designation), or at a Class I, Class II, or Class 3 disposal site (new designation), which had previously agreed to accept the hazardous waste.

The Contractor shall notify the proper authorities at the disposal site in advance of delivery of hazardous waste containing asbestos to the disposal site.

The removal and disposal of asbestos material or asbestos contaminated material will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.08D LEAD ABATEMENT

Scope.--The work shall consist of procedures for removal, repair, and disposal of lead based materials which are designation on the plans or specified in these special provisions to be removed and disposed of.

Where existing lead based materials are to be removed during demolition, construction or alterations, such material shall be treated as hazardous waste, and shall be removed, hauled and disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and local laws and ordinances.

Payment.--Removal, including necessary measures for protection of personnel, and disposal of lead based materials will be paid for as provided in Section 4-1.03, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

Health and safety.--A Code of Safe Practices, an Injury and Illness Prevention Program, and a Hazard Communication Program in accordance with the provisions of Construction Safety Orders 1509 and 1510 shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.

Codes and standards.--Codes which govern removal and disposal of materials containing lead include, but are not limited to the following:

1. California Health and Safety Code, Division 20, Chapter 6.5, "Hazardous Waste Control Act."
2. California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4, Chapter 30, "Minimum Standards for Management of Hazardous and Extremely Hazardous Material."
3. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, General Industry Safety Order, Section 1532.1, Lead.
4. Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Part 26 (amended), of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Compliance program.--The Contractor shall submit the compliance programs required in subsection (e)(2), "Compliance Program," of said Section 1532.1, "Lead," to the Engineer for approval before starting removal work on the project and at such times when revisions to the program are ordered by the Engineer. The compliance programs shall be prepared by an industrial hygienist certified by the American Council of Industrial Hygiene. The Engineer will notify the Contractor of the approval or rejection of any submitted or revised compliance program in not more than 10 working days.

If measures being taken by the Contractor are inadequate to provide for worker safety and the containment and collection of residue from existing paint systems, the Engineer will direct the Contractor to revise his operations and the compliance program. Such directions will be in writing and will specify the items of work for which the Contractor's compliance programs are inadequate. No further work shall be performed on said items until the compliance programs are adequate and, if required, a revised compliance program has been approved.

The State will not be liable to the Contractor for failure to approve all or any portion of an originally submitted or revised compliance program for worker safety and the containment and collection of residue from existing paint systems, nor for any delays to the work due to the Contractor's failure to submit an acceptable compliance program.

Field sampling.--The Contractor shall furnish sampling and testing programs for air and soil as applicable. The programs shall be prepared and carried out by an industrial hygienist certified by the American Council of Industrial Hygiene. The number and location of the samples shall be designated by the Engineer.

Air samples, if required, shall be collected during removal operations to measure concentrations of heavy metals and total particulate matter in the ambient air as PM-10 (particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 10 micrometers). Air samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations 40 CFR PART 50, Appendix J, except as follows:

1. Air samples shall be Reference or Equivalent Method PM-10 Samplers as designated by the U. S. Environmental Agency and in accordance with requirements of 40 CFR PART 53.
2. Sampling time each day shall coincide with the time of removal operations but the duration of sampling shall be not less than 8 hours.
3. Immediately following analysis for PM-10, all samples will be analyzed for heavy metal content in accordance with 40 CFR PART 50, Appendix G.

A minimum of 4 soil samples shall be collected before start of work which disturbs the existing paint system, and a minimum of 4 soil samples shall be collected within 36 hours following completion of the work which disturbs the existing paint system. A soil sample shall consist of 5 plugs, each 20 mm diameter and 15 mm deep, taken at each corner and center of a 0.30 meter square area. Soil samples shall be analyzed for total lead, total chromium and total zinc in accordance with Method 3050 in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, SW-846" by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Sample analysis results shall be submitted in triplicate to the Engineer within 10 days after sampling. Sample analysis reports shall be prepared by the certified hygienist and include the following information:

For both air and soil sample analysis results, the date and sample location of sample collection, sample number, contract number, and facility name as shown on the contract plans will be required.

For air sample analysis results, the following will be required:

1. Start time, end time and duration of sample collection.
2. Start time and end times of cleaning on the day of sample collection.
3. Concentrations of PM-10 expressed as micrograms PM-10 per standard cubic meter of air.
4. Concentrations of heavy metals expressed as micrograms per standard cubic meter of air.

For soil sample analysis results, the concentrations of heavy metal expressed as parts million will be required.

Notification.--The Contractor shall notify the Engineer 3 working days in advance of commencement of removal operations of material containing lead or lead based materials.

Method of removal.--Painted materials shall be removed using the wet process removal equipment and methods, to a depth required to remove all paint and provide clean substrate suitable for a new finish.

Removed material and water used for removal shall be collected. Removed material shall be separated from water using approved filters.

Handling.--The Contractor shall comply with all Federal, State, and local regulations for the removal of material containing lead prior to demolition, shall place such removed material in approved plastic containers (double ply, 0.15 mm minimum thickness, plastic bags) with caution labels affixed to said bags. Such caution labels shall have conspicuous, legible lettering which spells out the following, or equivalent warning:

**CAUTION
CONTAINS LEAD**

Temporary storage on the ground of material and residue produced when the existing paint system is disturbed will not be permitted. Material and residue shall be stored in leak proof containers and shall be handled in such a manner that no spillage will occur.

At the option of the Contractor, the removed lead based materials may be placed directly into a roll off or drop box which shall have the same caution label affixed on all sides.

Safety measures.--The Contractor shall comply with all Federal, State and local requirements for safety which shall include providing employees with coveralls (preferably disposable plastic coated), rubber gloves (to be discarded after use), rubber boots (to be washed thoroughly after use), and respirators.

The Contractor shall be responsible for verifying that all employees, who are involved in removal operations, wear the required protective devices during removal operations.

DISPOSAL.--

Transporting.--All haulers of hazardous waste material shall be currently registered with the State Department of Health Services (DOHS), and shall have a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Identification Number (U.S. EPA I.D. Number). All vehicles used to transport hazardous waste material shall have affixed to the vehicle a valid Certificate of Compliance issued by DOHS. If a roll off or drop box is utilized, both the drop box and the transporting vehicle must have a valid Certificate of Compliance issued by DOHS.

Disposal.--The Engineer will obtain the required EPA generator identification numbers, and will sign the hazardous waste manifests.

All material and residue produced during removal operations shall be tested and disposed of by the Contractor in California at an approved Class 1 disposal facility in accordance with the requirements of the disposal facility operator.

The Contractor shall notify the proper authorities at the disposal site in advance of delivery of hazardous waste containing lead to the disposal site.

The removal and disposal of lead material or lead contaminated material will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.09 EARTHWORK

Earthwork shall conform to the provisions in Section 19, "Earthwork," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Existing asphalt concrete surfacing and temporary driveway to be removed, shall be removed and disposed of away from the project site in accordance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications. The outline of the area to be removed shall be cut on a neat line with a power-driven saw to a minimum depth of 50 mm before removing the surfacing.

Full compensation for cutting existing surfacing shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

The requirements in the second paragraph of Section 19-5.03, "Relative Compaction (95 Percent)," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

Imported borrow placed within 1.5 m of the finished grade shall have a Resistance (R-Value) of not less than 35.

10-1.10 IRRIGATION CONDUITS

Irrigation conduit shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5, "Irrigation Systems," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Irrigation conduit shall be installed where shown on the plan.

Irrigation conduit shall be installed a minimum of 300 mm below finished grade and shall extend 75 mm beyond all paving or seatwall. The ends of the conduit shall be capped. Metallic tape shall be laid in the trench prior to backfilling the trench.

Irrigation conduit shall include conduit water line crossover, sprinkler control crossover and appurtenances.

Conduit shall be placed in open trench prior to paving operations in accordance with the provisions in Section 20-5.03B, "Conduit for Water Line Crossovers and Sprinkler Control Crossovers," of the Standard Specifications.

100 mm conduit shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) Class 315 plastic pipe and shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: D1785.

Water line crossover shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.03C, "Water Line Crossovers," of the Standard Specifications, and shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) plastic pipe, 1120 or 1220. PVC plastic pipe water line crossovers shall have a minimum pressure rating (PR) of 200 psi.

Sprinkler control crossover shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.027D, "Sprinkler Control Crossovers," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for irrigation conduits including, water line crossovers, sprinkler control crossovers and appurtenances shall be considered as included in the Irrigation System and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.11 AGGREGATE BASE

Aggregate base shall be Class 2 and shall conform to the provisions in Section 26, "Aggregate Bases," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The first paragraph of Section 26-1.02A, "Class 2 Aggregate Base," of the Standard Specifications is amended by adding the following sentences:

Aggregate may include or consist of material processed from reclaimed asphalt concrete, portland cement concrete, lean concrete base, cement treated base, glass or a combination of any of these materials. Aggregate base incorporating reclaimed glass shall not be placed at locations where surfacing will not be placed over the aggregate base.

The fourth paragraph in Section 26-1.02A, is amended by adding the following sentence:

Untreated reclaimed asphalt concrete and portland cement concrete will not be considered to be treated with lime, cement or other chemical material for purposes of performing the Durability Index test.

10-1.12 ASPHALT CONCRETE

Asphalt concrete shall be Type B and shall conform to the provisions in Section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer not less than 5 working days prior to beginning any paving operations.

If the Contractor selects the batch mixing method, asphalt concrete shall be produced by the automatic batch mixing method as provided in Section 39-3.03A(2), "Automatic Proportioning," of the Standard Specifications.

In addition to the aggregate requirements listed in Section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the Standard Specifications, the combined aggregates shall conform to the following quality requirement when mixed with paving asphalt Grade AR-4000 in the amount of asphalt determined to be optimum by California Test 367:

Test	California Test	Requirement
Surface Abrasion	360, Method A	Loss not to exceed 10 grams

10-1.13 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION

Curb and driveways shall conform to the provisions in Section 73, "Concrete Curbs and Sidewalks," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Curb ramp detectable warning surface shall conform to the details shown on the plans and shall not be constructed or installed on curb ramps with a slope that exceeds 6.67 percent. The finished surfaces of the detectable warning surface shall be free from blemishes.

Curb ramp detectable warning surface shall consist of raised truncated domes constructed or installed on curb ramps. Detectable warning surface, at the option of the Contractor, shall be either cast-in-place or stamped into the surface of the curb ramp, or shall be a prefabricated surface installed on the curb ramp. The color of detectable warning surface shall be yellow conforming to Federal Color Number 33538 of Standard Number 595B. Detectable warning surface either cast-in-place or stamped into the surface of the curb ramp shall be painted yellow in conformance with the provisions of Section 59-6, "Painting Concrete," of the Standard Specifications.

Prior to constructing curb ramps with cast-in-place or stamped detectable warning surface, the Contractor shall construct a test panel on the job site of a size not less than 600 mm by 600 mm. The test panel shall be constructed, finished and cured with the same materials, tools, equipment and methods to be used in constructing the proposed permanent work. Additional

test panels shall be constructed as necessary until a panel is produced which demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the ability of the selected procedure to produce a detectable warning surface that meets all of the specified requirements.

Full compensation for constructing or installing curb ramp detectable warning surface shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per cubic meter for minor concrete (curb ramp) and no separate payment will be made therefor.

10-1.14 CHAIN LINK FENCE

Chain link fence shall be Type CL-1.8 and shall conform to the provisions in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.15 CHAIN LINK SLIDING GATES

Chain link sliding gates shall be Type CL-1.8 conforming to the provisions in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval, working drawings for the sliding gate.

The working drawings shall detail rollers, wheels, latches, guides, inverted "V" track, latch and locking components, and other required appurtenances.

The sliding gate shall be supported on rollers, tracks and guides such that the gate remains vertical, true to alignment in any position between open and closed. The tracking alignment on the latch end of the gate shall be by inverted angle iron "V" track cast in minimum 635 mm wide by 203 mm deep reinforced concrete footing across the gate opening. The gate shall be provided with matching cast iron "V" guide rollers on the latch end of the gate.

Fence and guide posts set in concrete footings shall be capped or filled with concrete grout.

Grout for fence and guide posts shall conform to the requirements specified under Section 51-1.135, "Mortar," of the Standard Specifications.

The force to open and close the rolling gates shall not exceed 9 kg.

Reinforced concrete footing shall be included in the unit price of the chain link sliding gate.

Chain link fence gate will be measured and paid for lump sum in the same manner specified in Section 80-4.03 of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.16 COMMUNICATION TOWER

The telecommunications tower described in these special provisions, shall be used primarily for supporting telecommunications antennas and their associated hardware. Associated hardware includes but is not limited to: waveguide and coaxial cable support systems, ladder, and antenna mounts.

The scope of the work encompassed by this specification includes the furnishing of all materials, materials testing, labor, transportation, and engineering to completely design, fabricate, and erect a self-supporting telecommunications tower, including all appurtenances, foundations, microwave antenna mounts, and VHF/UHF antenna mounts (outriggers).

Microwave antennas, microwave antenna second struts, and VHF/UHF antennas and all antenna waveguides and antenna coaxial cables will be furnished and installed by others.

SUBMITTALS

Working drawings, material lists, descriptive data, samples and other submittals specified in these special provisions shall be submitted for approval in accordance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Certifications

All design and analysis computations and installation drawings developed or, and used in this project shall be certified and stamped by a California-licensed Civil or Structural Engineer.

Drawings and Plans to be Submitted by the Contractor

The Contractor shall submit 3 complete sets of plans approved and signed by a licensed California civil or structural engineer.

The plans shall include the following:

1. Foundation plans
2. Tower plans with all appurtenances added by these special provisions and identified as such
3. Wind loading calculations with all appurtenances added by these special provisions and identified as such
4. Seismic calculations with all appurtenances added by these special provisions and identified as such

5. Ice loading calculation with all appurtenances added by these special provisions and identified as such

General

To insure the quality of the furnished items and the installation of those items in an acceptable manner, the following shall be part of a quality control and assurance program used for implementation of the specifications and requirements contained in these special provisions.

Tower Manufacturer Certification: The Contractor shall obtain products from a Tower Manufacturer with a minimum of 10 continuous years in the immediate past of successful experience specialization in the manufacture of communications towers as specified herein; the Contractor shall cause the Tower Manufacturer to produce a certificate, which shall be co-signed by the Contractor, authenticating the Tower Manufacturer's minimum experience required herein.

Tower Structural Analysis Submittals

Design Plans and Drawings: Shall clearly and completely show all tower components, dimensions, weldments, antenna types, sizes, weights, and projected areas for wind design; and shall properly be cross-referenced with other drawings.

Cross-Reference: Use commonly-used, logical, and consistent cross-referencing symbols, conventions, and the like.

Titles: Identify each and every sheet and drawing.

Identification: Shall include the signatory engineer name, title, firm name, address, telephone number, facsimile number, and e-mail address, on lower, right-hand side of each sheet.

Drawings shall show all the design loading parameters.

Material specifications: Shall clearly and completely show requirements for the various types of materials that will enter the work. The grades and materials shall be shown on the drawings for each item.

A finite element analysis computer program using a three-dimensional (space) first order elastic approach shall be used to structurally analyze the tower. A graphical interface in the computer program shall print a line drawing of the tower, identifying and numbering the joints (nodes). Displacements and stresses shall be listed for each joint in addition to the per section or total tower analysis summary. When excessive shear forces and moments occur on tower locations other than joints, an additional second order analysis may be required. (Excessive forces and moments would be caused by conditions such as all microwave antennas loaded on one face of the tower, or several microwave antennas concentrated in one compact location of the tower mounted at non-joint locations).

Structural calculations, including all loads, forces, moments, and foundation calculations shall be provided such that they are easily read and understood and can be documented for future reference. The software program name shall be included. The tower shall be analyzed as a space truss model. Three-dimensional calculations must be used.

Calculations: Computations, stress diagrams and other pertinent data shall be included in the submittal drawings and specifications, and shall be complete, and shall include, but not be limited to, the design of the tower, electrical, foundation, and the like; calculations for individual structural members shall be organized, tabulated, and properly represented so as to effect individual member design to be clearly, readily, and properly deducible.

Calculation Criteria: Computations shall include a statement of calculation criteria, clearly and concisely outlining the basis for the structural design; computations shall clearly and properly indicate the way by which the structure will resist vertical loads, horizontal forces, and the like.

Loads and Forces: The computations shall clearly and properly establish that the structure will resist the loads and forces in accordance with, and cross-referenced with, CBSC; assumed safe bearing pressures on soils and specified strengths of concrete shall be included in computations and noted on plans and drawings; where unusual conditions occur, such additional data as are pertinent to the Work shall be submitted.

Eccentricities: Calculations used to determine member stresses shall include the effects of horizontal and vertical eccentricities at the connection joints.

Transfer Loads: Calculations shall clearly show how all vertical and horizontal loads are transferred from the steel tower to the concrete foundation.

Foundation Design: Provide foundation design and installation methods and procedures; include drawings, specifications, and calculations prepared, stamped, and signed by a current California-licensed Civil Engineer. The foundation shall meet or exceed EIA-222-F.

Foundation design shall conforming to EIA-222-F and soil conditions reported in the materials handout.

Foundation recommendations contained within soils reports are general in nature and are made without benefit of tower reaction information.

Other Quality Details

When galvanized steel pipes are used for tower legs, certification from the steel manufacture is required to certify the minimum standard for galvanization has been done for both inside and outside the pipe.

The Tower manufacturer shall indicate in the drawings how drainage of moisture from the steel pipes has been accomplished.

OTHER CODES

Where the requirements of an industrial or government standard which is outlined below is in conflict with another industrial standard which is also outlined below, the more demanding requirement shall apply.

Electronics Industries Association (EIA)

The tower and all tower mounted appurtenances installed by this specification shall meet or exceed the specifications found in ANSI/TIA/EIA standard ANSI/TIA/EIA-222-F-1996, (EIA-222-F) entitled "Structural Standards for Steel Antenna Towers and Antenna Supporting Structures", dated June 1996, including all TIA/EIA-222-F Annexes.

California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 24, Part 2, California Building Code

The tower and all its appurtenances shall be classified as an Essential Facility, Exposure C and in Seismic Zone 4, per CCR Title 24, Part 2, California Building Code - 1995.

California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 24, Part 3, California Electric Code

The tower and all its appurtenances shall meet or exceed the requirements of CCR Title 24, Part 3 - California Electric Code.

National Electric Code - National Fire Protection Association (NFPA-70)

The tower and all its appurtenances shall meet or exceed the requirements of the National Electrical Code, NFPA-70, 1996.

California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 8. Industrial Relations.

The tower and all its appurtenances shall meet or exceed the requirements of CCR Title 8, Division 1. Department of Industrial Relations, Chapter 4. Division of Industrial safety, Subchapter 7. General Industry Safety Orders.

SPECIFICATIONS

Tower Type

The tower shall be a free standing, open lattice, three-legged tower and shall be orientated with the westerly outside face aligned to 15°/195° (± 5°) clockwise from True North.

Dimensions of Tower

The tower shall have a height of 24.4 m (± 0.3m) with a face width at its upper most level of 1.5 m (± 0.15 m) and a face width at ground level of 4 m (± 0.15 m).

Tower Loading

All members of the structure shall be considered primary members for the purpose of establishing allowable compressive stresses per AISC, except those members whose sole function is to reduce the effective slenderness ratio (kl/r) of primary members.

The tower shall have a safety factor for uplift as described in EIA-222-F.

Foundations shall be designed with sufficient reserve capacity to match the least tower leg reserve capacity.

Combined tower wind loads and antenna loads shall be applied in combination such that the maximum axial forces are produced in girders, diagonals, and legs. Multiple analyses shall be necessary to ensure that worst case design conditions have been investigated per EIA-222-F.

Tower Protective Coatings

The tower and all above ground appurtenances installed by this specification shall contain a protective coating, as reference in EIA-222-F.

Under no circumstances shall any coating on any metal member or fastener be cathodic relative to the base material.

Zinc-rich paint, shall be used to touch up damaged galvanizing. Touch up may be done by either a spray or brush application.

All painting shall be performed in the shop using an acrylic latex paint specifically formulated for application to galvanized material.

Field painting shall be limited to touch-up of paint damaged during transportation and erection, paint shall be the same as was used in the shop to touch-up damaged paint and provide the same protection as original shop painting.

Grounding-

A 16 mm diameter, copper plated steel, 2.4 m minimum length ground rod shall be installed within 1.5 m of each tower leg. Each ground rod shall be exothermically welded to its respective Class II copper main conductor, which shall be exothermically welded to each respective tower leg.

Microwave Antennas-

The tower shall be required to support the following: microwave antennas, ice shields, waveguide circuit runs and microwave antenna mountings, at the locations, heights and azimuths indicated.

ANTENNA 1

Antenna size 3 m
Center line height of antenna 9 m
Azimuth from true North, clockwise 100°
Operating frequency 6 GHz
Location of distant end of MW path future
Antenna type Parabolic
Antenna manufacturer Andrew Corp.
Antenna manufacturer model UHX10-65E
Radome requirements Included
Radome manufacturer Andrew Corp.
Ice shield required Yes
Ice shield size Minimum 1.2 m x 3 m
Second antenna strut required Yes
Antenna mount type Pipe 114.3 mm O.D.
Antenna mount style ... 1.8 m minimum x 114.3 mm dia.
Antenna mount location East leg

ANTENNA 2

Antenna size 1.2 m
Center line height of antenna 11.3 m
Azimuth from true North, clockwise 120°
Operating frequency 6 GHz
Location of distant end of MW path future
Antenna type Parabolic
Antenna manufacturer Andrew Corp.
Antenna manufacturer model UHX10-65E
Radome requirements Included
Radome manufacturer Andrew Corp.
Ice shield required Yes
Ice shield size Minimum 1.2 m x 3 m
Second antenna strut required Yes
Antenna mount type Pipe 114.3 mm O.D.
Antenna mount style ... 1.8 m minimum x 114.3 mm dia.
Antenna mount location East leg

ANTENNA 3

Antenna size 3 m
Center line height of antenna 6.7 m

Azimuth from true North, clockwise 285°
 Operating frequency 6 GHz
 Location of distant end of MW path Tejon passive
 Antenna type Parabolic
 Antenna manufacturer Andrew Corp.
 Antenna manufacturer model UHX10-65E
 Radome requirements Included
 Radome manufacturer Andrew Corp.
 Ice shield required No
 Ice shield size N/A
 Second antenna strut required Yes
 Antenna mount type Pipe 114.3 m O.D.
 Antenna mount style ... 1.8 m minimum x 114.3 mm dia.
 Antenna mount location Center West face

UHF and VHF Antennas

The tower shall be required to support the following: UHF and VHF antennas, UHF and VHF coaxial circuit runs and UHF and VHF antenna mountings at the heights and locations indicated.

ANTENNA 4

Antenna mounting height 18.3 m
 Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
 Antenna length below mounting position . 0.6 m
 Antenna mount location North Leg
 Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 345°
 Antenna type Omni
 Antenna manufacturer Kreco
 Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 5

Antenna mounting height 18.3 m
 Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
 Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
 Antenna mount location North Leg
 Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 45°
 Antenna type Omni
 Antenna manufacturer Kreco
 Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 6

Antenna mounting height 18.3 m
 Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
 Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
 Antenna mount location East Leg
 Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 105°
 Antenna type Omni
 Antenna manufacturer Kreco
 Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 7

Antenna mounting height 18.3 m
 Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
 Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
 Antenna mount location East Leg

Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 165°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 8

Antenna mounting height 1.83 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location Southwest Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 225°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 9

Antenna mounting height 1.83 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location Southwest Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 285°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 10

Antenna mounting height 12.2 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location North Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 345°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 11

Antenna mounting height 12.2 m
Antenna length above mounting position.. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location North Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 45°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 12

Antenna mounting height 12.2 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location East Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 105°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco

Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 13

Antenna mounting height 12.2 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location East Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 165°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer mode CO41A

ANTENNA 14

Antenna mounting height 12.2 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location Southwest Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 225°
Antenna type Omn
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 15

Antenna mounting height 12.2 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location Southwest Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 285°
Antenna type Omn
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 16

Antenna mounting height 6.1 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location North Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 345°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

ANTENNA 17

Antenna mounting height 6.1 m
Antenna length above mounting position .. 4.6 m
Antenna length below mounting position .. 0.6 m
Antenna mount location North Leg
Antenna mount type 1.8 m Outrigger 45°
Antenna type Omni
Antenna manufacturer Kreco
Antenna manufacturer model CO41A

Basic Design Wind Speed

The tower specified basic wind speed (velocity, V) for the structure location shall be a minimum of 193 km/h. All antenna and appurtenances wind loading calculations shall be developed using EIA-222-F, wind loading values for microwave antennas shall used EIA-222-F annex B.

Under wind pressures up to 56.3 km/h (34474 Pa), all horizontal members shall be capable of supporting a 136 kg vertical load at mid-span, in addition to all other design loads.

The area, for winding loading, and ice loading calculations, of each VHF/UHF antenna and its associated outrigger shall be calculated as 0.93 m² when developing the tower basic wind speed loading, and when developing the tower ice loading.

Tower Twist

The maximum limit of tower twist at the antenna attachment point shall not exceed 2.0° at an elevation of 24.4 m, and shall not exceed 0.45° at an elevation of 12.2 m, and shall not exceed 0.27° at elevations below 9.1 m per EIA-222-F. All the microwave antennas to be installed on the tower shall be considered as part of a Cross-Polarization Limited Systems.

The twist requirement shall be maintained through wind speeds to 112.6 km/h. The tower twist at all antenna mounting elevations shall be determined by analytical methods and shall be noted on the formal type-written detailed stress analysis.

Tower Sway

The maximum limit of tower sway at the antenna attachment point shall not exceed 2.0° at an elevation of 24.4 m, and shall not exceed 0.6° at an elevation of 12.2 m, and shall not exceed 0.4° at elevations below 9.1 m per EIA-222-F. All the microwave antennas to be installed on the tower shall be considered as part of a Cross-Polarization Limited Systems. The sway requirement shall be maintained through wind speeds to 112.6 km/h. The elevations shall be determined by analytical methods and shall be noted on the formal type-written detailed stress analysis.

Tower Deflection

The tower deflection limits are to be held both vertically and horizontally. Deflection must be determined at each specific point on the tower where an antenna is attached.

Ice Loading

The tower ice loading requirements shall include as a minimum 12.7 mm of solid radial ice, per EIA-222-F.

Microwave Antenna Mounting Structure

A microwave antenna mounting structure shall be furnished and installed at each microwave center line height for each antenna at its respective azimuth, as identified in Microwave Antenna section above.

The microwave antenna mounting structure shall consist of a vertically positioned galvanized steel pipe of 101.6 mm inside diameter per ASTM A53-96. The angle, of this steel pipe shall be true vertical ($\pm 2^\circ$) in all planes.

The microwave antenna mounting structure shall be secured to its respective tower leg with a minimum of two u-bolts, or a minimum four bolt assemblies, at both its upper end and at its lower end.

The microwave antenna mounting structure shall be mounted at the tower corner or tower face as the antenna azimuth and location information indicates in Section 4.2.2.

The microwave antenna mounting structure shall consist of a vertical pipe, measuring a minimum of 1.8 m, and a maximum of 3 m in length (or longer if ice shield mounting is included).

Pipe mounts shall be positioned to prevent the antenna feed horn assembly from being directly opposite a tower member. Pipe mount positioning shall not prevent direct waveguide installation to any antenna.

Each microwave antenna mounting structure shall include two associated microwave antenna stiff arm supports locations within 3.7 m of the respective microwave antenna. The stiff arm locations shall be within 25 degrees of the antenna's horizontal center line. The stiff arm support locations shall meet the support requirements as listed by the microwave antenna manufacture, in their latest microwave antenna installation bulletin. The stiff arm support location shall be adequate to maintain the respective microwave antenna within 3 DB of the antenna beam width through winds up to 112.6 km/h, and survive winds up to 201 km/h without damage.

Mounts and stiff-arm support locations shall meet or exceed the standards specified by the antenna manufacturer in their latest installation bulletin.

Antenna mounts shall be positioned to allow the indicated antenna to be adjusted in horizontal azimuth continuously from + 18 degrees through - 18 degrees of the indicated antenna azimuth.

Antenna mounts shall be positioned to allow the indicated antenna to be adjusted in vertical altitude angle continuously from + 3 degrees through - 9 degrees of zero horizontal angle.

Microwave Antenna Waveguide and VHF Antenna Coaxial Cable Circuit Runs

The tower shall also be required to support the following listed individual microwave antenna waveguide and VHF / UHF coaxial cable circuit runs and their respective support systems.

For parabolic type antennas the waveguide circuit runs and their respective support systems shall extend from ground level to the heights indicated and terminate 0.6 m below the antenna horizontal center line position of the respective antennas, and terminate 0.6 m vertically from the rear of the respective antenna mounting position.

Microwave waveguides and VHF coaxial cables listed below are manufacturer by Andrew Corp.

Antenna Number	Height Above Ground level	Size	Model Number
1	9 m	51.1 mm x 29.5 mm	EW63
2	11.3 m	51.1 mm x 29.5 mm	EW63
3	6.7 m	51.1 mm x 29.5 mm	EW63
4	18.3 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
5	18.3 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
6	18.3 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
7	18.3 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
8	18.3 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
9	18.3 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
10	12.2 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
11	12.2 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
12	12.2 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
13	12.2 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
14	12.2 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
15	12.2 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
16	6.1 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A
17	6.1 m	28 mm	LDF5-50A

Vertical Waveguide and Coaxial Cable Rigid Support System

The tower shall contain a vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system shall be easily accessed from the tower climbing ladder.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system shall be fabricated from and supported by rigid steel members, cables are not acceptable.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system shall be located within 508 mm of the located tower climbing ladder.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system shall support all listed waveguides and coaxial cables.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system vertical run support bars shall be positioned a maximum of each 762 mm of run for the waveguide and coaxial cable supports.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system horizontal run support bars shall be positioned a maximum of each 762 mm of run.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system vertical run supports to the tower shall be positioned a maximum of each 6.1 m of vertical run.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system horizontal run supports to the tower shall be positioned a maximum of each 6.1 m of horizontal run.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system supports shall be made to attach waveguide clamp heads equal to or better than the Microflect Company, Inc. waveguide support system.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system supports shall be equal to or better than the Microflect Company, Inc. waveguide support system.

The vertical waveguide and coaxial cable rigid support system shall terminate at ground level at the tower position closest to the equipment building.

Fixed Ladder

The tower shall contain a fixed ladder centrally located within the tower.

The fixed ladder shall conform to CCR Title 8, Chapter 4, Subchapter 7, Group 1, Article 4, Section 3277 - Fixed ladders, inclusive.

The fixed ladder's clear climbing space shall conform to CCR Title 8, Chapter 4, Subchapter 7, Group 1, Article 4, Section 3277 - Fixed ladders, inclusive.

The fixed ladder shall be fabricated of steel. Step bolts shall not be used. The maximum allowable spacing of the horizontal step rungs will be 305 mm. The minimum diameter of the step rungs will be 19 mm and will support a concentrated load of 136 kg. The minimum allowable spacing of the side rails shall be 406 mm.

A clear climbing space shall be maintained on the climbing side of the ladder and extending a minimum of 762 mm from the center of the ladder climbing rungs (at a right angle to the climbing rungs).

A clear climbing space shall be maintained on the climbing side of the ladder and extending a minimum of 381 mm from the center line of the ladder climbing rungs (parallel to the climbing rungs).

The fixed ladder system shall be fabricated from and supported by rigid steel members, cables are not acceptable.

FABRICATION

Field Fabrication

All fabrication, erection and identification of structural steel shall conform to AISC specifications, Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges, dated September 1, 1986.

Under no circumstances shall "dissimilar metals" be used in contact with one another.

Inside and outside surfaces of all hot-dipped galvanized steel shall be as specified in standards and methods listed elsewhere in this specification.

All welding processes and welding operators shall be qualified in accordance with AWS "Standard Qualification Procedure.

All materials shall be properly marked and match-marked for field assembly.

All materials shall be fabricated for a delivery sequence which will expedite erection and minimize field handling of materials.

Connections and Locking Devices

No field welding shall be permitted unless specifically approved in writing by the Engineer.

All members shall be connected with galvanized structural bolts unless otherwise approved.

Bolts, nuts and lockwashers in a quantity in excess of the actual bolt count and per the table below, for each size required shall be provided to the Engineer.

Table

Bolt Count	Excess	Minimum Excess
0-200	5%	1
200-500	4%	10
500-1000	3%	20
1000 and over	2%	30

The tower will be provided with the correct size and length of anchor bolts necessary to carry the anticipated tower loads.

If the tower loads require more than one bolt per leg, they shall be shop welded into a cluster with weldable rebar ties to eliminate the need for a template during field installation.

All threaded fasteners shall extend not less than 1 1/2 threads beyond nuts and locking devices.

Foundation Installation

Concrete for foundation installation shall conform to the requirements Section 12-2, "Concrete and Reinforcement" in these special provision.

Tower Erection

After materials have been unloaded, the Contractor shall inventory all parts per the bill of material and report to the Engineer that materials received agree with bill of materials; or there are shortages or damaged materials, in which case those items shall be listed.

Any members which sustain damage after delivery shall be reported the Engineer.

Correction of damage shall not be done by Contractor without approval of the Engineer.

Field modifications including welding or burning of holes in members is not acceptable.

The Contractor shall make all arrangements, and obtain all permits and licenses required for the construction of the communication tower.

Upon written request by the Contractor, the State will reimburse the Contractor for the costs of all permits and licenses related to the construction of the communication tower.

Set structural members accurately to lines and elevations indicated on the erection drawings.

The Contractor shall maintain a check of tower plumbness during all phases of the erection work.

Plumbness shall be measured by means of a transit placed so that the sight elevation angles are less than 45°.

At least two sights shall be made for each check, oriented at right angles to each other and taken within the shortest practical time interval.

At all times the tower shall be plumb within the tolerance specified in drawings.

After completion of tower construction, with all joints tight, and all appurtenances installed, the contractor shall make a final check of tower plumbness in the manner prescribed above.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for communication tower shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, including engineering and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing the communication tower, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Full compensation for any incidental materials and labor, not shown on the plans or specified, which are necessary to complete the communication tower and appurtenances shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for communication tower and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.17 TEMPORARY OFFICE FACILITY

The Contractor shall provide temporary office facility for the displaced Caltrans staff during the progress of this project. The office facility shall be located as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The temporary office facility shall be not less than 44 square meters with the dimensions a minimum of 3.6 meters by 12.2 meters. The temporary office facility shall include accessibility by a ramp conforming to the requirements of the American with Disabilities Act. Temporary office facility shall include the following:

1. Potable running water.
2. Electrical service.
3. Multiple (10) phone lines and phone service. Five lines are to be dedicated to the use of network computer equipment.
4. One restroom.
5. Air conditioning/Heating facilities.

If required the temporary office facility shall be equipped with a waste holding tank which shall be serviced weekly. The Contractor shall protect the existing telephone system that is located within the existing building. All computer will be relocated by State personnel

At the completion of the project, the temporary office facility shall become property of the Contractor and be removed from the jobsite

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval all proposals for the temporary office facility to be provided. The proposal shall specify the type of the temporary office facility.

SECTION 10-2 HIGHWAY PLANTING AND IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

10-2.01 GENERAL The work performed in connection with highway planting and irrigation systems shall conform to the provisions in Section 20, "Erosion Control and Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer not less than 72 hours prior to requiring initial access to the existing irrigation controllers. When the Engineer determines that access to the controllers is required at other times, arrangements will be made to provide this access.

10-2.01A COST BREAK-DOWN

The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer a cost break-down for the contract lump sum items of highway planting and irrigation system.

Cost break-downs shall be completed and furnished in the format shown in the samples of the cost break-downs included in this section. Unit descriptions of work shown in the samples are the minimum to be submitted. Additional unit descriptions of work may be designated by the Contractor. If the Contractor elects to designate additional unit descriptions of work, the quantity, value and amount for those units shall be completed in the same manner as for the

unit descriptions shown in the samples. The units and quantities given in the samples are to show the manner of preparing the cost break-downs to be furnished by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall determine the quantities required to complete the work shown on the plans. The quantities and their values shall be included in the cost break-downs submitted to the Engineer for approval. The Contractor shall be responsible for the accuracy of the quantities and values used in the cost break-downs submitted for approval.

No adjustment in compensation will be made in the contract lump sum prices paid for highway planting and irrigation system due to any differences between the quantities shown in the cost break-downs furnished by the Contractor and the quantities required to complete the work as shown on the plans and as specified in these special provisions.

The sum of the amounts for the units of work listed in each cost break-down for highway planting and irrigation system work shall be equal to the contract lump sum price bid for the work. Overhead and profit shall be included in each individual unit listed in each cost break-down. Cost break-downs shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval within 15 working days after the contract has been approved. Cost break-downs shall be approved, in writing, by the Engineer before any partial payment for the items of highway planting and irrigation system will be made.

Approved cost break-downs will be used to determine partial payments during the progress of the work and as the basis of calculating the adjustment in compensation for the items of highway planting and irrigation system due to changes ordered by the Engineer. When an ordered change increases or decreases the quantities of an approved cost break-down, the adjustment in compensation will be determined in the same manner specified for increases and decreases in the quantity of a contract item of work in accordance with Section 4-1.03B, "Increased or Decreased Quantities," of the Standard Specifications.

HIGHWAY PLANTING COST BREAK-DOWN

Contract No. 07-4E3004

UNIT DESCRIPTION	UNIT	APPROXIMATE QUANTITY	VALUE	AMOUNT
PREPARE PLANTING HOLE	EA	156		
CULTIVATE (TURF)	M2	165		
AMENDMENT	M3	22		
COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER (SLOW RELEASE)	KG	20		
PLANT (GROUP A)	EA	138		
PLANT (GROUP B)	EA	24		
PLANT (GROUP U)	EA	10		
PLANT (GROUP F)	EA	540		
TURF (SOD) (GROUP T)	M2	76		
MULCH	M3	10		
HEADER BOARD	M	9		

TOTAL _____

IRRIGATION SYSTEM COST BREAK-DOWN

Contract No. 07-4E3004

UNIT DESCRIPTION	UNIT	APPROXIMATE QUANTITY	VALUE	AMOUNT
CHECK, TEST	LS	LUMP SUM		
REMOVE EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES	LS	LUMP SUM		
CONTROL AND NEUTRAL CONDUCTORS	M	120		
25 mm ELECTRIC REMOTE CONTROL VALVE (RCV)	EA	1		
40 mm ELECTRIC REMOTE CONTROL VALVE (RCV)	EA	3		
6 STATION IRRIGATION CONTROLLER (WALL-MOUNTED)	EA	1		
20 mm PLASTIC PIPE (PR 200) (SUPPLY LINE)	M	176		
25 mm PLASTIC PIPE (PR 200) (SUPPLY LINE)	M	26		
32 mm PLASTIC PIPE (PR 200) (SUPPLY LINE)	M	20		
40 mm PLASTIC PIPE (PR 200) (SUPPLY LINE)	M	95		
100 mm CONDUIT	M	26		
150 mm CONDUIT	M	10		
SPRINKLER (TYPE C-3)	EA	63		
40 mm GATE VALVE	EA	2		
25 mm QUICK COUPLING VALVE (QCV)	EA	2		

TOTAL _____

10-2.02 EXISTING HIGHWAY PLANTING

In addition to the provisions in Section 20 of the Standard Specifications, work performed in connection with existing highway planting shall be in accordance with the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

10-2.03 EXISTING HIGHWAY IRRIGATION FACILITIES

In addition to the provisions in Section 20, "Erosion Control and Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications, the work performed in connection with the various existing highway irrigation system facilities shall conform to the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Existing irrigation facilities shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions to be removed shall remain in place until their use, as determined by the Engineer, is no longer required.

Existing irrigation facilities that are to remain, or are to be maintained as part of this contract, shall be protected from damage. If the Contractor's operations damage the existing irrigation facilities, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, repair or replace the damaged facilities as follows:

Repair or replacement of damaged facilities shall be completed within 10 working days of the damage.

Replaced irrigation facilities shall be new, and of equal or better quality than the damaged facility. Replacement irrigation facilities shall be compatible with the irrigation systems to remain.

After repair or replacement of the facilities is complete, the Contractor shall demonstrate to the Engineer that the repaired or replaced facilities operate properly. When remote control valves are repaired or replaced, the valves shall be tested with the irrigation controller in the automatic mode.

10-2.03A CHECK AND TEST EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES

Existing irrigation facilities that are to remain, and that are within areas where clearing and grubbing or earthwork operations are to be performed, shall be checked for missing or damaged components and proper operation prior to performing the operations. Existing irrigation facilities outside of work areas that are affected by the construction work shall also be checked for proper operation.

The Contractor shall submit a written list of existing irrigation system deficiencies to the Engineer within 5 working days after checking the existing facilities.

Deficiencies found during checking existing facilities shall be corrected by the Contractor as directed by the Engineer. Corrective work ordered by the Engineer will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

When existing irrigation facilities are checked, existing backflow preventers to remain shall be tested for proper operation by a certified Backflow Preventer Tester. The tester shall hold a valid certification as a Backflow Preventer Tester from the county in which the device to be tested is located or, if the county does not have a certification program for Backflow Preventer Testers, the tester shall have a certificate from one of the following:

1. The American Water Works Association.
2. A county which has a certification program for Backflow Preventer Testers.

Testing for proper operation shall conform to the provisions of the county in which the testing is being performed or, if such procedures are not available, the tests shall conform to the provisions in the latest edition of the Guidance Manual for Cross-Connection Control Program, which is available from the California Department of Health Services, Division of Drinking Water and Environmental Management, 601 N. 7th Street, MS 92, P.O. Box 942732, Sacramento, CA 94234-7320, telephone: (916) 327-4097 or (916) 373-6111.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 5 days prior to testing existing backflow preventers.

One copy of the test results for each backflow preventer tested shall be furnished to the Engineer.

Existing backflow preventers shall be retested one year after the satisfactory completion of the first tests or 10 days prior to completion of the plant establishment period, whichever occurs first.

Full compensation for retesting existing backflow preventers shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Existing backflow preventers shall be tested in accordance with the requirements specified under "Irrigation Systems" elsewhere in these special provisions.

Length of watering cycles for use of potable water from water meters for checking or testing existing irrigation facilities shall be as determined by the Engineer.

Repairs to the existing irrigation facilities ordered by the Engineer after checking and testing the facilities, and any further repairs required thereafter as ordered by the Engineer, except as otherwise provided under "Existing Highway

Irrigation Facilities" elsewhere in these special provisions, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for checking and testing existing irrigation facilities, including testing existing backflow preventers, shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for irrigation system and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-2.03B REMOVE EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES

Existing irrigation facilities to be removed, shall be removed and disposed of, except for facilities that are more than 150 mm below finished grade may be abandoned in place. Removed facilities shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in accordance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

Immediately after disconnecting an existing irrigation facility to be removed or abandoned from an existing facility to remain, the remaining facility shall be capped or plugged, or shall be connected to a new or existing irrigation facility.

Full compensation for removing and disposing of existing irrigation facilities, and abandoning existing irrigation facilities, shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for irrigation system and no separate payment will be made therefor.

10-2.04 HIGHWAY PLANTING

The work performed in connection with highway planting shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-4, "Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

10-2.04A HIGHWAY PLANTING MATERIALS

PLANTS

Plants that are found to be in a root bound condition or have an underdeveloped root ball as determined by the Engineer will not be accepted.

MULCH

Mulch shall be wood chips.

COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER

Commercial fertilizer (slow release) shall be a pelleted or granular form, shall be a slow release type and shall have the following guaranteed chemical analysis:

Ingredient	Percentage
Nitrogen	16-21
Phosphoric Acid	6-8
Water Soluble Potash	4-10

10-2.04B PESTICIDES

Pesticides used to control weeds shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-4.026, "Pesticides," of the Standard Specifications. Except as otherwise provided in these special provisions, pesticide use shall be limited to the following materials:

- Cacodylic Acid
- Diquat
- Fluazifop-butyl
- Glyphosate
- Sethoxydim
- Oxadiazon - 50 percent WP (Preemergent)
- Oryzalin (Preemergent)
- Trifluralin (Preemergent)
- Ammonium Sulfate
- Magnesium Chloride

If the Contractor elects to request the use of other pesticides on this project, the request shall be submitted in writing to the Engineer not less than 10 working days prior to the intended use of the other pesticides. Except for the pesticides listed in the preceding paragraph, no pesticides shall be used or applied without prior written approval from the Engineer.

Glyphosate shall be used to kill stolon type weeds.

Oxadiazon shall be of the emulsifiable concentration or wettable powder type.

Ground cover plants shall be planted a minimum of 5 days and shall be watered prior to the application of preemergents.

A minimum of 100 days shall elapse between applications of preemergents.

Except for ground cover plants, preemergents shall not be applied within 450 mm of plants or within wild flower seeding areas.

Growth regulators shall not be applied within 2 m of trees, shrubs or vines.

No pesticides, except cacodylic acid, diquat, fluazifop-butyl, glyphosate or sethoxydim shall be applied within the limits of plant basins. Pesticides shall not be applied in such a manner as to allow the pesticides to come in contact with the foliage and woody parts of proposed plants.

PREPARE HOLES.—Holes for plants shall be excavated to the minimum dimensions shown on the plans.

Backfill material for plant holes shall be a mixture of soil and amendment as shown on the plans. Backfill material shall be thoroughly mixed and uniformly distributed throughout the entire depth of the plant hole without clods and lumps.

CULTIVATE.--Areas to be planted with turf (sod) shall be cultivated.

Immediately prior to cultivation, soil amendment and commercial fertilizer shall be added to the areas to be cultivated. Soil amendment shall be added at the rate shown on the plans and commercial fertilizer shall be applied at the rate of 3 kilograms per 100 square meters. Soil amendment and fertilizer shall be thoroughly mixed with the soil.

10-2.04C PLANTING

Commercial fertilizer shall be applied or placed at the time of planting and at the rates shown on the plans.

Commercial fertilizer (slow release) shall be mixed into the plant hole soil a minimum depth of 50 mm near the root ball of Plant (Group A,B, and U) plants.

Mulch for plant basins shall be placed so that the mulch does not come in contact with the plant stem.

Attention is directed to the requirements specified under "Irrigation Systems Functional Test" elsewhere in these special provisions regarding functional tests of irrigation systems. Planting shall not be performed in an area until the functional test has been completed on the irrigation system serving that area.

TURF (SOD).--Turf (sod) shall be placed in the areas designated on the plans as "Turf."

Sod shall be the same variety as existing turf and shall be healthy field grown sod containing not more than 12 mm thick thatch. The age of the sod shall be not less than 8 months nor more than 16 months.

Sod shall be grown in accordance with California agricultural codes. The sod shall be free from disease, weeds, insects, and nondesirable types of grasses and clovers. Soil upon which the sod has been grown shall contain less than 50 percent silt and clay.

Sod shall be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of 16 mm ± 6 mm, not including top growth and thatch.

A Certificate of Compliance for the sod shall be furnished to the Engineer in accordance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

Sod shall be protected with tarps or other protective covers during delivery and shall not be allowed to dry out during delivery or prior to placement.

Areas to be planted to sod shall be cultivated in accordance with the requirements specified under "Cultivate" elsewhere in these special provisions.

Weeds and debris shall be removed before cultivation and shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in accordance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

Soil amendment and commercial fertilizer shall be applied at the rates shown on the plans and in accordance with the requirements specified under "Cultivate," elsewhere in these special provisions.

After cultivation, installation of irrigation systems, and excavation and backfilling of plant holes are completed, areas to be planted to sod shall be fine graded and rolled. Areas to be planted to sod shall be graded to drain and shall be smooth and uniform prior to placing sod. Areas to be planted to sod adjacent to sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas shall be 40 mm ± 6 mm below the top grade of the facilities after fine grading, rolling and settlement of the soil.

Sod shall be placed so that ends of adjacent strips of sod are staggered a minimum of 0.6-m. Edges and ends of sod shall be placed firmly against adjacent sod and against sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas.

After placement of the sod, the entire sodded area shall be lightly rolled to eliminate air pockets and to ensure close contact with the soil. After rolling, the sodded areas shall be watered so that the soil is moistened to a minimum depth of 100 mm. Sod shall not be allowed to dry out.

If irregular or uneven areas appear before or during the plant establishment period, these areas shall be restored to a smooth and even appearance.

When the turf (sod) has reached a height of 50 mm the turf shall be mowed to a height of 25 mm. All turf (sod) edges, including edges adjacent to sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas, shall be trimmed to a uniform edge not extending beyond the edge of turf or the facilities. Mowed and trimmed growth shall be removed and disposed of outside the highway right of way in accordance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications. Trimming shall be repeated whenever the edge of turf exceeds 25 mm.

Mowing and trimming turf (sod) and disposing of mowed material, during the plant establishment period, will be paid for as provided under "Plant Establishment Work" elsewhere in these special provisions.

10-2.04D PLANT ESTABLISHMENT WORK

The plant establishment period shall be Type 2 and shall be not less than 180 working days.

One applications of commercial fertilizer (slow release) shall be applied to trees, shrubs, vines and ground cover areas when directed by the Engineer. Commercial fertilizer shall be applied at the rates shown on the plans and shall be spread with a mechanical spreader wherever possible.

The center to center spacing of replacement plants for unsuitable ground cover plants shall be determined by the number of completed plant establishment working days at the time of replacement and the original spacing in accordance with the following:

ORIGINAL SPACING (Millimeters)	SPACING OF REPLACEMENT GROUND COVER PLANTS (Millimeters)		
	Number of Completed Plant Establishment Working Days		
		126-190	
230		150	

Weeds within plant basins, including basin walls and ground cover, shall be controlled by hand pulling.

Weeds within ground cover, but outside of plant basins, shall be controlled by killing.

At the option of the Contractor, a growth regulator may be applied to mowed areas, provided the growth regulator is approved in advance by the Engineer and the growth regulator is applied in accordance with the requirements specified elsewhere in these special provisions. If a growth regulator is approved and applied, the growth regulator shall be at the Contractor's expense.

When ordered by the Engineer, one application of a preemergent pesticide conforming to the requirements specified under "Pesticides" elsewhere in these special provisions, shall be applied between 40 and 50 working days prior to completion of the plant establishment period. This work will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

When the Engineer determines that the plant stakes are inadequate to support the plants during the plant establishment period, the Contractor, at his cost, shall replace the plant stakes with a larger diameter stake adequate to support the plant. Plant stakes shall be removed at any time during the plant establishment period when ordered by the Engineer. Plant stakes shall be completely removed within 15 working days prior to completion of the plant establishment period.

The Contractor shall submit a watering schedule program, for each irrigation controller, to the Engineer for approval not less than 40 working days prior to the completion of the plant establishment period. If the Engineer determines the submitted watering schedule is unacceptable, the Contractor shall submit a revised watering schedule to the Engineer for approval within 5 working days after receiving notice that the previously submitted schedule is unacceptable.

Written instructions shall be given to the Engineer during the plant establishment period on the use and adjustment of the installed irrigation controllers. The approved watering schedule program shall be implemented by the Contractor not less than 10 working days prior to the completion of the plant establishment period. The programming shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to apply sufficient water as conditions may require to keep the plants in a healthy condition.

The final inspection, as specified in Section 5-1.13 of the Standard Specifications, shall be completed a minimum of 20 working days before the estimated completion of the contract.

Turf areas shall be mowed in accordance with the requirements specified under "Turf (Sod)" elsewhere in these special provisions.

Full compensation for mowing and trimming turf (sod) and disposing of mowed and trimmed material during the plant establishment period shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-2.05 IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Irrigation systems shall be furnished and installed in accordance with the provisions in Section 20-5, "Irrigation Systems," of the Standard Specifications, except materials containing asbestos fibers shall not be used.

Attention is directed to the requirements specified under "Obstructions" elsewhere in these special provisions, regarding work over or adjacent to existing underground facilities. Excavation for proposed irrigation facilities shall not be started until the existing underground facilities have been located.

Materials for irrigation systems, unless otherwise specified, shall be commercial quality.

Pipe supply lines shall be pressure tested in accordance with the provisions in Section 20-5.03H, "Pressure Testing," of the Standard Specifications, except the pipe (supply line) on the discharge side of the control valve shall be tested by Method B as specified in Section 20-5.03H(2), "Method B," of the Standard Specifications.

Primers and paints for application on metal and wood surfaces shall be the best quality grade of the type specified elsewhere in these special provisions and shall be manufactured by a recognized paint manufacturer. Thinners and coloring tints shall conform to the paint manufacturer's recommendations. Coatings shall not be thinned except as recommended by the paint manufacturer for application. Each application of paint shall be compatible with the previous application and shall be from paint made by the same manufacturer. Testing of primers and paints will not be required.

VALVE BOXES.--Valve boxes shall conform to the requirements in Section 20-2.24, "Valve Boxes," of the Standard Specifications, except as otherwise provided herein.

Valve boxes shall be fiberglass or reinforced plastic.

Covers for plastic valve boxes shall be glass fiber reinforced plastic or plastic.

Valve boxes shall be identified on the top surface of the covers by labels containing the appropriate abbreviation for the irrigation facility contained in the valve box as shown on the plans. Valve boxes that contain remote control valves shall be identified by the appropriate letters and numbers (controller and station numbers). Labels for valve boxes shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.03F, "Valves and Valve Boxes," of the Standard Specifications.

Label material shall be or polyurethane.

10-2.05A ELECTRIC AUTOMATIC IRRIGATION COMPONENTS

IRRIGATION CONTROLLERS

Irrigation controllers shall be single, solid-state independent controllers conforming to the following:

1. Irrigation controllers shall be fully automatic and shall be capable of operating a complete 14-day or longer irrigation program.
2. A switch or switches shall be provided on the face of the control panel that will turn the irrigation controller on or off and provide for automatic or manual operation. Manual operation shall allow cycle start at any desired station and shall allow activation of a single station.
3. The watering time of each station shall be displayed on the face of the control panel.
4. The irrigation controller and the low voltage output source shall be protected by fuses or circuit breakers.
5. The irrigation controller mechanism, panel, and circuit board shall be connected to the low voltage control and neutral conductors by means of plug and receptacle connectors located in the irrigation controller enclosure.
6. Each station shall have a variable or incremental timing adjustment with a range of 12 hours to a minimum of one minute.
7. Irrigation controllers shall be capable of a minimum of 2 program schedules.
8. Where direct burial conductors are to be connected to the terminals strip, the conductors shall be connected with the proper size open-end crimp-on wire terminals. No exposed wire shall extend beyond the crimp of the terminal and the wires shall be parallel on the terminal strip.

Attention is directed to the requirements specified in Section 10-3, "Electrical Systems," elsewhere in these special provisions, regarding electrical power for irrigation controllers.

ELECTRIC REMOTE CONTROL VALVES

Electric remote control valves shall conform to the following:

1. Valves shall be of, brass, bronze, or cast iron construction.

2. Valves shall be normally closed.
3. Valves shall be completely serviceable from the top without removing the valve body from the system.
4. Valves shall be equipped with a device that will regulate and adjust the flow of water and shall be provided with a manual shutoff. The manual shutoff for valves larger than 20 mm shall be operated by a cross handle.
5. Valves for each irrigation controller shall be the same model series and shall be compatible with the model series of the irrigation controller.
6. Valve solenoids shall operate on the low voltage AC current supplied from the irrigation controller.
7. Valves shall be angle pattern (bottom inlet) or straight pattern (side inlet) as shown on the plans.
8. Valves shall be provided with manual bleeding devices.
9. Valves shall be equipped with internal diaphragms installed in the valve body casting.
10. Valve inlets and outlets shall have threaded fittings.

PULL BOXES

Pull box installations shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.027I, "Conductors, Electrical Conduits and Pull Boxes," of the Standard Specifications.

CONDUCTORS

Low voltage as used in this subsection "Conductors" shall mean 36 V or less.

Low voltage control and neutral conductors in pull boxes and valve boxes, at irrigation controller terminals, and at splices shall be marked as follows:

1. Conductor terminations and splices shall be marked with adhesive backed paper markers or adhesive cloth wrap-around markers, with clear, heat-shrinkable sleeves sealed over the markers.
2. Non-spliced conductors in pull boxes and valve boxes shall be marked with clip-on, "C" shaped, white extruded polyvinyl chloride sleeves. Marker sleeves shall have black, indented legends of uniform depth with transparent overlays over the legends and "chevron" cuts for alignment of 2 or more sleeves.

Markers for the control conductors shall be identified with the appropriate number or letter designations of irrigation controllers and station numbers. Markers for neutral conductors shall be identified with the appropriate number or letter designations of the irrigation controllers.

New control and neutral conductors that are to replace existing control and neutral conductors shall be the same size and color as the existing control and neutral conductors being connected to.

The color of low voltage neutral and control conductor insulation, except for the striped portions, shall be homogeneous throughout the entire thickness of the insulation.

Prior to granting relief from maintenance and responsibility, as provided elsewhere in these special provisions, the functional test, as specified in Section 20-5.027J, "Testing," of the Standard Specifications, shall be satisfactorily completed, and instruction shall be given to the Engineer on the use and adjustment of the installed irrigation controllers.

10-2.05B IRRIGATION SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL TEST

Functional tests for irrigation controllers and associated automatic irrigation systems shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.027J, "Testing," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Tests shall consist of demonstrating to the Engineer, through one complete cycle of the irrigation controllers in the automatic mode, that the associated automatic components of the irrigation systems operate properly. If automatic components of the irrigation systems fail a functional test, these components shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense and the testing repeated until satisfactory operation is obtained.

Associated automatic components shall include, but not be limited to, remote control valves.

Upon completion of work on an irrigation system, including correction of deficiencies and satisfactory functional tests for the systems involved, the plants to be planted in the area watered by the irrigation system may be planted, provided the planting areas have been prepared as specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

10-2.05C PIPE

PLASTIC PIPE.--Plastic pipe supply lines shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) 1120 or 1220 pressure rated pipe with minimum pressure ratings (PR) as shown on the plans.

Schedule 40 plastic pipe supply lines shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: D 1785.

Plastic pipe supply lines and fittings that are 50 mm or larger in diameter on the supply side of control valves shall be the rubber ring gasket type, except when PR 315 plastic pipe supply line is required.

Plastic pipe supply lines less than 50 mm in diameter shall have solvent cemented type joints. Primers shall be used on the solvent cemented type joints.

Plastic pipe supply lines downstream from the remote control valves for Type B-2 sprinklers shall have a minimum cover of 150 mm.

Solvent cement for plastic pipe supply lines shall conform to the requirements of the local Air Quality Management District.

A nonhardening joint compound shall be used in lieu of the pipe thread sealant tape specified in Section 20-5.03E, "Pipe," of the Standard Specifications. Joint compounds shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

10-2.05D SPRINKLERS

Sprinklers shall be the type, pattern and material and shall have the operating characteristics listed in the "Sprinkler Schedule" shown on the plans.

Top of Sprinkler Type B-2 shall be installed 25 mm above finished grade.

10-2.05E FINAL IRRIGATION SYSTEM CHECK

A final check of the existing and new irrigation facilities shall be done not more than 20 working days prior to the acceptance of the contract.

Length of watering cycles for use of potable water from water meters for the final check of irrigation facilities will be determined by the Engineer.

Remote control valves connected to existing and new irrigation controllers shall be checked for automatic performance when controllers are in the automatic mode.

Unsatisfactory performance of irrigation facilities installed by the Contractor shall be repaired and rechecked at the Contractor's expense until satisfactory performance is obtained, as determined by the Engineer.

Repair or replacement of unsatisfactory performance of existing irrigation facilities shall conform to the provisions of "Existing Highway Irrigation Facilities" elsewhere in these special provisions.

Nothing in this section, "Final Irrigation System Check," shall be construed as relieving the Contractor of full responsibility to make good or repair the defective work or materials found at any time before the formal written acceptance of the entire contract by the Director.

Full compensation for checking the irrigation systems prior to the acceptance of the contract shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 11. (BLANK)

SECTION 12. BUILDING WORK

SECTION 12-1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

12-1.01 SCOPE

Building work described herein and as shown on the plans shall conform to the requirements of these special provisions and Sections 1 through 9 of the Standard Specifications. Sections 10 through 95 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply to the work in this Section 12 except when specific reference is made thereto.

The building work to be done consists, in general, of constructing a 310 m² Eastern Region Office with wood framing and trusses, metal roofing, exterior insulation and finish system, including related mechanical and electrical work, and such other items or details, not mentioned above, that are required by the plans, Standard Specifications, or these special provisions shall be performed, placed, constructed or installed at the Eastern Maintenance Station.

12-1.02 ABBREVIATIONS

Section 1-1.02, "Abbreviations," of the Standard Specifications is amended by adding the following:

AAMA	American Architectural Manufacturers' Association
ACI	American Concrete Institute
AGA	American Gas Association
AITC	American Institute of Timber Construction
AMCA	Air Movement and Control Association
APA	American Plywood Association

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ARI	American Refrigeration Institute
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers
CS	Commercial Standards (US Department of Commerce)
ESO	Electrical Safety Orders
FGMA	Flat Glass Marketing Association
FM	Factory Mutual
FS	Federal Specification
ICBO	International Conference of Building Officials
NAAMM	National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers
NBFU	National Board Fire Underwriters
NEC	National Electrical Code
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
PEI	Porcelain Enamel Institute
PS	Product Standard (US Department of Commerce)
RIS	Redwood Inspection Service
SCPI	Structural Clay Products Institute
SMACNA	Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association
SSPC	Steel Structures Paint Council
TCA	Tile Council of America
TPI	Truss Plate Institute
UBC	Uniform Building Code
UL	Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
WCLIB	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau (stamped WCLB)
WCLB	Grade stamp for WCLIB
WIC	Woodwork Institute of California
WWPA	Western Wood Products' Association

When reference is made to the Uniform Building Code (UBC) on the plans or in the special provisions, it shall be the 1997 Uniform Building Code as amended by the 1998 Title 24 California Building Standards Code.

12-1.03 GUARANTEE

The Contractor hereby unconditionally guarantees that the building work will be done in accordance with the requirements of the contract, and further guarantees the building work of the contract to be and remain free of defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from the date of acceptance of the contract, unless a longer guarantee period is required elsewhere in these special provisions. The Contractor hereby agrees to repair or replace any and all building work, together with any other adjacent work which may be displaced in so doing, that may prove to be not in accordance with the requirements of the contract or that may be defective in its workmanship or material within the guarantee period specified, without any expense whatsoever to the Department, ordinary wear and tear and unusual abuse or neglect excepted.

The performance bond for the contract, or a portion thereof, in the sum equal to one-half the contract price of the building work, shall remain in full force and effect during the guarantee period.

The Contractor further agrees, that within 10 calendar days after being notified in writing by the Department of any building work not in accordance with the requirements of the contract or any defects in the building work, he shall commence and prosecute with due diligence all work necessary to fulfill the terms of this guarantee, and shall complete the work within a reasonable period of time, and, in the event he fails to comply, he does hereby authorize the Department to proceed to have such work done at the Contractor's expense and he shall honor and pay the cost and charges therefor upon demand. The Department shall be entitled to all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, necessarily incurred upon the Contractor's refusal to honor and pay the above costs and charges.

12-1.04 COOPERATION

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.14, "Cooperation," and 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Work by State forces will be in progress within the contract limits during the working period for this contract.

The Contractor shall comply with all security policies and normal working hours of the State concerning the Eastern Maintenance Station.

The Contractor shall plan his work to minimize interference with State forces and the public. Interruptions to any services for the purpose of making or breaking a connection shall be made only after consultation with and for such time periods as directed by the Engineer.

12-1.05 SUBMITTALS

Working drawings, material lists, descriptive data, samples and other submittals specified in these special provisions shall be submitted for approval in accordance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Unless otherwise permitted in writing by the Engineer, all submittals required by these special provisions shall be submitted within 35 days after the contract has been approved.

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 5-1.01, "Authority of Engineer," of the Standard Specifications. The Engineer may request submittals for materials or products where submittals have not been specified in these special provisions, or may request that additional information be included in specified submittals, as necessary to determine the quality or acceptability of such materials or products.

Attention is directed to Section 6-1.05, "Trade Names and Alternatives," of the Standard Specifications. The second indented paragraph of the first paragraph of said Section 6-1.05 is amended to read:

Whenever the specifications permit the substitution of a similar or equivalent material or article, no test or action relating to the approval of such substituted material will be made until the request for substitution is made in writing by the Contractor accompanied by complete data as to the equality of the material or article proposed. Such request shall be made within 35 days after the date the contract has been approved and in ample time to permit approval without delaying the work, but need not be made in less than 35 days after award of the contract.

Work requiring the submittal of working drawings, material lists, descriptive data, samples, or other submittals shall not begin prior to approval of said submittal by the Engineer. Fifteen (15) working days shall be allowed for approval or return for correction of each submittal or resubmittal. Should the Engineer fail to complete his review within the time specified and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in review, an extension of time commensurate with the delay in completion of the work thus caused will be granted as provided in Section 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages," of the Standard Specifications.

Submittals shall be delivered to the locations indicated in these special provisions. If a specific location is not indicated, the submittal shall be delivered to the Office of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Fourth Floor, Mail Station 9, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, California 95816, telephone (916) 227-8252, or the submittals shall be mailed to the Office of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Mail Station 9, P. O. Box 942874, Sacramento, California 94274-0001.

Each submission of drawings, material lists and descriptive data shall consist of at least 5 copies. Two copies will be returned to the Contractor either approved for use or returned for correction and resubmittal.

Each separate item submitted shall bear a descriptive title, the name of the project, district, county, and contract number. Plans and detailed drawings shall be not larger than 559 mm x 914 mm.

The material list shall be complete as to name of manufacturer, catalog number, size, capacity, finish, all pertinent ratings, and identification symbols used on the plans and in the special provisions for each unit.

Parts lists and service instructions packaged with or accompanying the equipment installed in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. Required operating and maintenance instructions shall be submitted in triplicate.

Manufacturer's warranties for products installed in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

Unapproved samples and samples not incorporated in the work shall be removed from State property, when directed by the Engineer.

12-1.06 PROGRESS SCHEDULE

A progress schedule shall be submitted in duplicate for the building work in accordance with the requirements in Section 8-1.04, "Progress Schedule," of the Standard Specifications.

12-1.07 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

The Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer 2 copies of a Schedule of Values covering each lump sum item for building work. The Schedule of Values, showing the value of each kind of work, shall be acceptable to the Engineer before any partial payment estimate is prepared.

The sum of the items listed in the Schedule of Values shall equal the contract lump sum price for building work. Overhead, profit, bond premium, temporary construction facilities, and plant shall not be listed.

12-1.08 INSPECTION

All items covered or all stages of work that are not to remain observable must be inspected and approved before progress of work conceals portions to be inspected. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer not less than 72 hours in advance of when such inspection is needed.

12-1.09 OBSTRUCTIONS

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property," 7-1.12, "Responsibility for Damage," 7-1.16, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work and Materials," and 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 5 working days prior to performing any excavation or other work close to any underground pipeline, conduit, duct, wire or other structure. Regional notification centers include but are not limited to the following:

Underground Service Alert
Northern California (USA)
Telephone: 1(800)642-2444

Underground Service Alert
Southern California (USA)
Telephone: 1(800)422-4133

South Shore Utility
Coordinating Council (DIGS)
Telephone: 1(800)541-3447

Western Utilities
Underground Alert, Inc.
Telephone: 1(800)424-3447

12-1.10 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property," 7-1.12, "Responsibility for Damage," 7-1.16, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work and Materials," and 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications.

Operations shall be conducted in such a manner that existing facilities, surfacing, installations, and utilities which are to remain in place will not be damaged. Temporary surfacing, facilities, utilities and installations shall also be protected until they are no longer required. The Contractor, at his expense shall furnish and install piling, sheet piling, cribbing, bulkheads, shores, or whatever means may be necessary to adequately support material carrying such facilities, or to support the facilities themselves and shall maintain such support until they are no longer needed.

12-1.11 UTILITY CONNECTION

The Contractor shall make all arrangements, and obtain all permits and licenses required for the extension of and connection to each utility service applicable to this project, shall furnish all labor and materials necessary for such extensions which are not performed or provided by the utility, and shall furnish and install any intermediate equipment required by the serving utilities.

Upon written request by the Contractor, the State will pay all utility permits, licenses, connection charges, and excess length charges directly to the utility. Such request shall be submitted not less than 15 days before service connections are required.

The costs incurred by the Contractor for the extensions of utilities beyond the limits shown on the plans, and in furnishing and installing any intermediate equipment required by the serving utilities, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for any costs incurred by the Contractor to obtain the permits and licenses shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

12-1.12 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

The Contractor may obtain electrical power and water from existing State electrical power and water outlets within the contract limits free of charge for contract operations where such utilities exist, provided that such utility services are in service and are not required by the State for other purposes and subject to the provisions in the section "Cooperation" of these special provisions.

The Contractor shall make his own arrangements to obtain any additional electrical power and water or other utilities required for his operations and shall make and maintain the necessary service connections at his own expense.

When existing utility systems are being modified, periods of shutdown will be determined by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide adequate temporary lighting to perform the work and allow the Engineer to inspect the project as each portion is completed.

The Contractor shall provide and pay for telephone service he may require. State telephone facilities shall not be used.

12-1.13 SANITARY FACILITIES

When operational, State sanitary facilities will be available for use by the Contractor's employees, during normal State working hours. Tools shall not be cleaned nor shall cleaning liquids be disposed of in State sanitary facilities or sewers.

12-1.14 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for building work shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing the building work, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Full compensation for any incidental materials and labor, not shown on the plans or specified, which are necessary to complete the buildings and appurtenances shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

12-1.15 FIELD ENGINEERING

This section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for field engineering services to be performed by the Contractor.

Lines and grades.--Attention is directed to Section 5-1.07 "Lines and Grades," of the Standard Specifications.

Such stakes or marks will be set by the Engineer as he determines to be necessary to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work shown on the plans and as specified in these special provisions. In general, these will consist of the primary vertical and horizontal control points.

Stakes and marks set by the Engineer shall be carefully preserved by the Contractor. In case such stakes and marks are destroyed or damaged they will be replaced at the Engineer's earliest convenience. The Contractor will be charged for the cost of necessary replacement or restoration of such stakes and marks which in the judgment of the Engineer were carelessly or willfully destroyed or damaged by the Contractor's operations. This charge will be deducted from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.

All other stakes or marks required to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Existing utilities and equipment.--The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, the Contractor shall investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities and other construction.

Prior to construction, the Contractor shall verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary and septic sewers, storm sewer, and water or fire service piping.

Surveys for layout and performance.--The Contractor shall perform all surveys for layout and performance, reduce field notes, and make all necessary calculations and drawings necessary to carry out the work.

The Contractor shall locate and layout site improvements, and other work requiring field engineering services, including pavements, stakes for grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes and invert elevations by instrumentation and similar appropriate means.

Batter boards shall be located and laid out for structures, building foundations, column grids and locations, floor levels and, control lines and levels required for mechanical and electrical work.

Survey accuracy and tolerances.--The tolerances generally applicable in setting survey stakes for foundations, slabs, and underground work shall not exceed the following:

Survey Stakes or Markers	Tolerance
Rough grading or excavation	30 mm
Trimming or preparation of subgrade for roadways	15 mm
Roadway surfacing, steel or concrete pipe	6 mm
Structures or building construction	3 mm

Such tolerance shall not supersede stricter tolerances required by the plans or special provisions, and shall not otherwise relieve the Contractor of responsibility for measurements in compliance therein.

12-1.16 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State, materials and products in the inch-pound (imperial) system which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following requirements:

Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.

Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish all information necessary as required to the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision shall be final.

When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, a list of substitutions to be made shall be submitted for approval.

The following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325M	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x thread pitch	IMPERIAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
M16 x 2	5/8
M20 x 2.5	3/4
M22 x 2.5	7/8
M24 x 3	1
M27 x 3	1-1/8
M30 x 3.5	1-1/4
M36 x 4	1-1/2

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR REINFORCEMENT	
METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	IMPERIAL BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER TO BE SUBSTITUTED
10	3
13	4
16	5
19	6
22	7
25	8
29	9
32	10
36	11
43	14
57	18

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR WELDED PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT, ASTM DESIGNATION: A 185	
	US CUSTOMARY UNITS SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch ² x 100
MW9	W1.4
MW10	W1.6
MW13	W2.0
MW15	W2.3
MW19	W2.9
MW20	W3.1
MW22	W3.5
MW25	W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only
MW26	W4.0
MW30	W4.7
MW32	W5.0
MW35	W5.4
MW40	W6.2
MW45	W6.5
MW50	W7.8
MW55	W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only
MW60	W9.3
MW70	W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only
MW80	W12.4
MW90	W14.0
MW100	W15.5

The sizes in the following tables of materials and products are exact conversions of metric sizes of materials and products and are listed as acceptable equivalents:

CONVERSION TABLE FOR SIZES OF: (1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS, ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55, and (2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449	
DIAMETER	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
6, or 6.35	1/4
8 or 7.94	5/16
10, or 9.52	3/8
11, or 11.11	7/16
13 or 12.70	1/2
14, or 14.29	9/16
16, or 15.88	5/8
19, or 19.05	3/4
22, or 22.22	7/8
24, 25, or 25.40	1
29, or 28.58	1-1/8
32, or 31.75	1-1/4
35, or 34.93	1-3/8
38 or 38.10	1-1/2
44, or 44.45	1-3/4
51, or 50.80	2
57, or 57.15	2-1/4
64, or 63.50	2-1/2
70 or 69.85	2-3/4
76, or 76.20	3
83, or 82.55	3-1/4
89 or 88.90	3-1/2
95, or 95.25	3-3/4
102, or 101.60	4

CONVERSION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL			
UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS		HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED (GALVANIZED) SHEETS	
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT US STANDARD GAGE inch	METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT GALVANIZED SHEET GAGE inch
7.94	0.3125		
6.07	0.2391		
5.69	0.2242		
5.31	0.2092		
4.94	0.1943		
4.55	0.1793		
4.18	0.1644	4.270	0.1681
3.80	0.1495	3.891	0.1532
3.42	0.1345	3.510	0.1382
3.04	0.1196	3.132	0.1233
2.66	0.1046	2.753	0.1084
2.28	0.0897	2.372	0.0934
1.90	0.0747	1.994	0.0785
1.71	0.0673	1.803	0.0710
1.52	0.0598	1.613	0.0635
1.37	0.0538	1.461	0.0575
1.21	0.0478	1.311	0.0516
1.06	0.0418	1.158	0.0456
0.91	0.0359	1.006 or 1.016	0.0396
0.84	0.0329	0.930	0.0366
0.76	0.0299	0.853	0.0336
0.68	0.0269	0.777	0.0306
0.61	0.0239	0.701	0.0276
0.53	0.0209	0.627	0.0247
0.45	0.0179	0.551	0.0217
0.42	0.0164	0.513	0.0202
0.38	0.0149	0.475	0.0187

CONVERSION TABLE FOR WIRE		
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT USA STEEL WIRE THICKNESS	GAGE NO.
mm	inch	
6.20	0.244	3
5.72	0.225	4
5.26	0.207	5
4.88	0.192	6
4.50	0.177	7
4.11	0.162	8
3.76	0.148	9
3.43	0.135	10
3.05	0.120	11
2.69	0.106	12
2.34	0.092	13
2.03	0.080	14
1.83	0.072	15
1.57	0.062	16
1.37	0.054	17
1.22	0.048	18
1.04	0.041	19
0.89	0.035	20

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LUMBER	
METRIC NOMINAL SURFACE DRY SIZE	EQUIVALENT NOMINAL SURFACE DRY U S SIZE
mm	inch
51	2
102	4
152	6
203	8
254	10
305	12

CONVERSION TABLE FOR PLYWOOD	
METRIC	ENGLISH
mm	inch
6.4	1/4
7.9	5/16
9.5	3/8
11.1	7/16
11.9	15/32
12.7	1/2
15.1	19/32
15.9	5/8
18.3	23/32
19.1	3/4
22.2	7/8
25.4	1
28.6	1 1/8

CONVERSION TABLE FOR INSULATION R-VALUE	
METRIC	ENGLISH
(m ² K/W)	(HR FT ² F/BTU)
0.5	3
0.7	4
1.4	8
1.9	11
2.3	13
2.5	14
3.3	19
5.3	30

CONVERSION TABLE FOR VAPOR TRANSMISSION RATING	
METRIC	ENGLISH
(Perm-m)	(perm-inch)
0.29	0.02

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LOW PRESSURE	
METRIC	ENGLISH
(Pa)	(Inches of Water Column)
30	0.125
60	0.25
90	0.375
120	0.50
150	0.60
155	0.625
175	0.70
185	0.75
200	0.80
250	1.00
310	1.25

CONVERSION TABLE FOR PRESSURE	
METRIC (kPa)	ENGLISH (psi)
10	1.5
210	30
280	40
350	50
690	100
860	125
1040	150
1100	160
1210	175
1380	200
1730	250
2070	300
2170	315
2410	350
2590	375
2760	400
4830	700
5170	750
5520	800
13800	2000
17200	2500
20700	3000
27600	4000
34500	5000
137900	20000

CONVERSION TABLE FOR MIL THICKNESS	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch/1000)
0.10	4
0.10	5
0.50	20
0.75	30
1.00	40

CONVERSION TABLE FOR HVAC DUCTING.	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
100	4
125	5
150	6
175	7
200	8
225	9
250	10
300	12
360	14
410	16
460	18
510	20
560	22
610	24
660	26
710	28
760	30

CONVERSION TABLE FOR MECHANICAL PIPING		
METRIC (GSP, PVC, BSP, DUCTILE IRON)	METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
NPS 1/2	15	1/2
NPS 3/4	20	3/4
NPS 1	25	1
NPS 1 1/4	32	1 1/4
NPS 1 1/2	40	1 1/2
NPS 2	50	2
NPS 2 1/2	65	2 1/2
NPS 3	75	3
NPS 4	100	4
NPS 6	150	6

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LUBRICATION PIPING TUBING WALL THICKNESS	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
2.1	0.083
0.9	0.035

CONVERSION TABLE FOR HOSE/TUBING SIZES O. D.	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
6	1/4
10	3/8
13	1/2
16	5/8
19	3/4
22	7/8
25	1

CONVERSION TABLE FOR DRUM SIZES			
METRIC		ENGLISH	
L	kg	gallons	pounds
205	180	55	400
60	55	16	120
19	16	5	35

CONVERSION TABLE FOR POWER	
METRIC (kW)	ENGLISH (HP)
0.037	1/20
0.075	1/10
0.18	1/4
0.25	1/3
0.37	1/2
0.55	3/4
0.75	1
1.1	1 1/2
1.5	2
2.2	3
3.7	5
5.5	7 1/2
7.5	10
11	15
15	20
18.5	25
22	30
30	40
37	50
45	60
55	75
75	100
90	120
110	150

CONVERSION TABLE FOR IMPELLER BALANCE		
SYNCHRONOUS RPM	METRIC (g mm/kg)	ENGLISH (ounce- inch/pound)
720	94	0.059
900	73	0.046
1200	54	0.034
1800	41	0.026
3600	17	0.011

CONVERSION TABLE FOR ELECTRICAL CONDUIT	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
16	1/2
21	3/4
27	1
35	1 1/4
41	1 1/2
53	2
103	4

SECTION 12-2. SITEWORK

12-2.01 REMOVING PORTIONS OF EXISTING FACILITIES

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of removing portions of the existing facilities, including removal of existing work to gain access to or for new work, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable)

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

General.--The limits of removal shall be located and identified. Items to be removed and the interface of items to be removed and items to remain intact shall be identified and marked.

Prior to removing concrete or masonry, a saw cut approximately 25 mm deep shall be made along the limits of removal on all faces that will be visible in the completed work.

REMOVAL.--

General.--Removal shall be to the limits shown on the plans. Removal shall be done carefully to minimize damage to the portions to remain. Remaining portions that are damaged by the Contractor's operation shall be restored to original condition at the Contractor's expense.

Assemblies to be salvaged which require dismantling for removal shall be matchmarked before dismantling.

Existing apparatuses, devices, or accessories which would be functionally impaired by new construction or remodeling shall be moved, brought out to new surfaces, or provided with new access covers, as necessary to restore apparatuses, devices, or accessories to their original usefulness.

Piping and conduits to be abandoned shall be capped or plugged.

DISPOSAL.--

General.--Materials that are to be removed, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in accordance with the requirements in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside of the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

SALVAGE.--

General.--Materials or equipment shown on the plans to be salvaged shall remain the property of the State and shall be removed, cleaned and stockpiled at a location at the project site designated by the Engineer.

12-2.02 RELOCATING MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of relocating existing materials and equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable)

PART 3.- EXECUTION

RELOCATION.--

General.--Materials or equipment to be relocated shall be removed carefully to avoid damage to the materials or equipment or to the materials or equipment which are to remain. Assemblies to be relocated which require dismantling for removal shall be matchmarked before dismantling.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer prior to the relocation work in order that the materials or equipment. may be inspected for existing damage.

Materials or equipment to be relocated shall have all adhering concrete, mastics, earth or other deleterious materials removed and shall have all exterior surfaces cleaned.

Materials or equipment which are damaged by the Contractor's operations shall be replaced or restored to match the condition of the materials or equipment prior to the beginning of the Contractor's operations. Replacement or restoration of damaged materials or equipment shall be at the Contractor's expense.

Connections, anchorages and fasteners for relocated materials and equipment shall match existing and shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor. Assemblies which have been dismantled shall be reassembled to match the existing installation. Relocated materials and equipment shall be installed as required for new work.

Modifications to wiring and plumbing to accommodate relocated items shall be as shown on the plans. Ends of piping and conduits to be abandoned shall be capped.

Surfaces that are exposed to view upon removal or relocation of materials or equipment shall be patched. Bumps shall be removed and depressions filled, and the surface finished to match the existing surfaces. Depressions in concrete less than 25 mm deep shall be deepened to 25 mm minimum depth before filling with cement mortar.

DISPOSAL.--

General.--Materials from existing facilities to be reused in the work, in the opinion of the Engineer, is unsuitable for use shall become the property of the Contractor and disposed of as provided in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside of the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications. The unsuitable material shall be replaced as ordered by the Engineer and will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

12-2.03 EARTHWORK FOR BUILDING WORK

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing earthwork for building work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Earthwork for building work shall consist of structure excavation and structure backfill. Structure excavation shall include excavation for footings, foundations, and slabs, and trenches. Structure backfill shall include backfilling under slabs; backfilling under and around footings; backfilling for pipes and conduits; backfilling holes resulting from removal of existing facilities. In addition to structure excavation and structure backfill, earthwork for building work shall include any other earthwork, not mentioned, but necessary to complete the building work.

Attention is directed to the requirements of "Field Engineering" in Section 12-1, "General Requirements," of these special provisions.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Samples.--Samples of sand weighing not less than 11 kg, shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite for approval.

SITE CONDITIONS.--

Existing underground piping and conduit.--The location of existing underground piping and conduit is based on the best records available. Before beginning work, the Contractor shall accurately locate the piping and conduit involved in the work. If the location of the existing piping or conduit deviates from the location shown on the plans by more than 1.5 meters, or, if no elevations are indicated and the piping or conduit is more than 0.9 meter below grade, the cost of the additional excavation, backfill, piping or conduit, and removal and replacement of concrete, if any, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Existing surfaced or planted areas.--Existing surfaced or planted areas that are removed, broken or damaged by the Contractor's operations shall be restored to their original condition except as otherwise shown on the plans or specified herein.

Restoration materials shall be equal to or better than the original materials. Surfacing shall be replaced to match the material thickness, grades, and finish of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

BACKFILL MATERIALS.--

Structure backfill.--

Structure and trench backfill shall be free of organic and other deleterious material and shall be suitable for the required compaction. Gravel without sand matrix shall not be used except as free draining granular material beneath slabs and footings.

Select backfill.--

Select backfill shall conform to the requirements specified under "Aggregate Base," elsewhere in this Section 12-2.

Sand.--

Sand shall be clean, washed sand, free from clay or organic material graded such that 100 percent passes the 6 mm sieve, 90 percent to 100 percent passes the 4.75 mm sieve and not more than 5 percent passes the 75 µm sieve size.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION & RESTORATION.--

Sawcutting.--Prior to excavation or trenching, existing surfacing shall be removed to saw cut lines, or to existing wood dividers or expansion joints, if any. The saw cut shall be to a neat line and have a depth not less than 25 mm.

Restoration.--Surfacing shall be replaced to match the thickness, grades and finish of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

STRUCTURE EXCAVATION.--

General.--Unless otherwise noted, all excavation for building work shall be classified as structure excavation.

Footing excavation.--The bottom of excavation shall not be disturbed. The contractor shall excavate by hand to the final grade. The bottom of concrete footings shall be poured against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise noted, compaction of the bottom of footing excavation is not required unless the material is disturbed. The footing depths shown on the plans shall be changed to suit field conditions when directed by the Engineer. Solid rock at or near required depths shall not be disturbed. Unsuitable material shall be excavated down to firm bearing as directed by the Engineer. Work and materials required because of excavation in excess of the depths shown on the plans, when such excavation has been ordered by the Engineer, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Excavate to the elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of ± 12 mm. Limits of the excavation shall allow for adequate working space for installing materials and as required for safety of personnel. Such working space excavation shall be replaced in kind and compacted at the Contractor's expense.

Overdepth excavation for footings shall be backfilled with concrete or such other material recommended by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. Relative compaction shall be not less than 95 percent.

At locations and to the limits shown on the plans, material below the bottom of the foundation or footing shall be removed and replaced with select backfill in accordance with the placing and compacting requirements for backfill.

Excavation for pipes and conduits.--Pipes or conduits in the same trench shall have a minimum clear distance between pipes or conduits of 150 mm. Pipes or conduits shall have not less than 0.75 meter of cover from top of pipes or conduits to finished grade unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified.

Trenching shall be of sufficient depth to permit placing a minimum depth of 100 mm of compacted sand under all pipes and conduits.

Dewatering.--Excavations shall be kept clear of standing water. Water shall be removed by pumping if necessary. Water removed from excavation shall be carried away from the building site and disposed of in a manner that will not harm State or adjacent property.

STRUCTURE BACKFILLING.--

General.--Unless otherwise noted, all backfill for building work shall be classified as structure backfill. Backfill shall be placed and compacted in horizontal layers, not more than 150 mm thick prior to compaction, and to the lines and grades shown on the plans or to original ground.

Structure backfill.--After structures are in place and forms are removed, wood and other debris shall be removed from excavations before placing structure backfill.

Unless approved in writing by the Engineer, compaction of structure or select backfill by jetting or ponding will not be permitted.

Select backfill.--At the locations and to the limits shown on the plans, materials below the bottom of footings or foundations shall be removed and replaced with select backfill material in accordance with the placing and compacting requirements of structure backfill. The relative compaction shall be not less than 95 percent.

At the footings or foundations where material is removed and replaced, as described herein, a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent shall be obtained for a minimum depth of 150 mm below the bottom of the excavation.

Backfilling pipes and conduits.--Backfill placed under pipe and conduits shall be compacted sand, 100 mm minimum depth. Backfill material placed to a level 150 mm above tops of pipes and conduits shall be sand or fine earth and particles shall not exceed 13 mm in greatest dimension. For wrapped, coated, or plastic pipe or conduits, sand shall be used for backfill. Backfill material placed higher than 150 mm above tops of pipes or conduits shall consist of material free of stones or lumps exceeding 100 mm in greatest dimension except:

- (a) The top 300 mm of backfill under walks or paving shall consist of aggregate base material.
- (b) The top 150 mm of backfill in planted areas shall consist of topsoil.

COMPACTION.--

General.--Relative compaction shall be determined in accordance with California Test 216 or 231. Unless otherwise noted below, all backfill shall be compacted to a minimum relative compaction of 90 percent.

Compact original ground.--Original ground surface under fill with surfacing of concrete and asphalt concrete shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent for a minimum depth of 150 mm.

Subgrade preparation.--Preparation of subgrade material for placing aggregate base, surfacing, or slabs thereon shall include fine grading, compaction, reworking as necessary. The upper 150 mm of the subgrade shall have the same compaction as the fill to be placed over it.

The prism of backfill directly underneath the building foundation and sloping downward at 1:1 shall be compacted to 95 percent.

Structure backfill.--Structure backfill and select backfill shall be compacted to not less than 95% relative compaction. At locations and to the limits shown on the plans, material below the bottom of the foundation or footing replaced with structural backfill or select backfill shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent.

Trench backfill.--Trench backfill placed beneath slabs or paved areas shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent.

DISPOSAL.--

Surplus material.--Surplus material from the excavation shall be removed and disposed of outside the right-of-way in accordance with Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Inspection.--When the excavation is substantially completed to grade, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer. No concrete shall be placed until the foundation has been approved by the Engineer.

Testing.--The State will conduct compaction tests during the backfilling and compacting operations.

12-2.04 AGGREGATE BASE

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing, spreading and compacting aggregate base in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Aggregate base.--

Aggregate base shall be commercial quality aggregates consisting of broken stone; crushed gravel; natural, clean, rough-surfaced gravel and sand; or a combination thereof.

Aggregate base shall conform to the following grading as determined by California Test 202:

Sieve or Screen Size	Percentage Passing
25 mm	100
19 mm	90 - 100
4.75 mm	35 - 60
600 μm	10 - 30
75 μm	2 - 9

Aggregate base shall also conform to the following quality requirements:

Tests	California Test No.	Test Requirements
Durability Index	229	35 Min.
Resistance (R-Value)	301	78 Min.
Sand Equivalent	217	22 Min.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

SPREADING AND COMPACTING.--

Spreading.--Aggregate base shall be placed and compacted to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

Spreading and compacting shall be performed by methods that will produce a uniform base, free from pockets of coarse or fine material.

Compaction.--Relative compaction of each layer of compacted base material shall be not less than 95 percent, as determined by California Test 216 or 231.

12-2.05 FREE DRAINING GRANULAR MATERIAL

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and placing free draining granular material beneath slabs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Free draining granular material.--

Free draining granular material shall be clean, hard, durable, free-draining rock. The material gradation shall be such that all passes the 25 mm screen, and not more than 5 percent passes the 4.75 mm sieve as determined by California Test 202. Granular material shall be free from organic material, clay balls or other deleterious substances.

PART 3.- EXECUTION.--

SPREADING AND CONSOLIDATING.--

General.--Free draining granular material shall be placed, spread and consolidated by tamping or vibrating.

12-2.06 PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PART 1.- GENERAL.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and applying paint for pavement markings in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Pavement markings include, but are not limited to, word and symbol markings, and parking stall markings.

Alternatives.--At the option of the Contractor, striping tape may be placed instead of the painted pavement markings specified herein.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS.--

Paint.--

Paint shall be top commercial quality for pavement marking, formulated for the use intended, and manufactured by a nationally recognized manufacturer of paint and other coating products.

The kind of paint to be used (solvent or water borne) shall be determined by the Contractor, based on local air pollution control regulations and weather conditions.

PART 3.- EXECUTION.--

ALIGNMENT AND LAYOUT.--All necessary alignment and layout work shall be performed by the Contractor, in a manner that will not damage the pavement.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the width of parking stall markings shall be 105 mm.

EQUIPMENT AND OPERATION.--Mechanical means shall be used to paint pavement markings.

All equipment used in the application of paint shall produce pavement markings of uniform quality.

All spray equipment shall be the proper type and of adequate capacity for the work involved.

Air atomized spray equipment shall be equipped with oil and water extractors and pressure regulators, and shall have adequate air volume and compressor recovery capacity. Spray gun tip needle assemblies and orifices shall be the proper size.

Rapid dry paint shall be applied only with airless type equipment.

Stencils and hand spray equipment shall be used to paint word and symbol markings. Stencils shall be furnished by the Contractor. The stencil layout shall conform to the dimensions shown on the plans.

SURFACE PREPARATION.--Surfaces which are to receive paint shall be cleaned of all dirt and loose material.

APPLICATION.--Paint shall be applied only on dry surfaces, and only during periods of favorable weather, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

On new surfacing, paint shall be applied in 2 coats. The first coat shall be dry before application of the second coat is applied.

On existing surfacing, paint shall be applied in one coat.

Completed pavement markings shall have clean and well-defined edges, and shall conform to the dimensions shown on the plans or as specified in these special provisions.

Drips, oversprays, improper markings, and paint material tracked by traffic shall be immediately removed from the pavement by methods approved by the Engineer. All such removal shall be at the Contractor's expense.

APPLICATION RATES.--Each application of paint shall be applied at the rates recommended by the paint manufacturer for the type of surface involved.

PROTECTION.--Newly placed pavement markings shall be protected from damage by traffic or other causes until the paint is thoroughly dry.

DISABLED ACCESSIBLE PARKING STALL SYMBOL.--Each parking space reserved for persons with physical disabilities shall have a minimum 0.9 m x 0.9 m surface identification with the international symbol of accessibility. The symbol and border shall be white and the background shall be blue conforming to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 15090.

12-2.07 PARKING BUMPERS

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing precast concrete parking bumpers in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Parking bumpers.--

Parking bumpers shall be commercially available precast parking bumpers.

Parking bumpers shall be 1220 mm long, nominal 200 mm wide and 150 mm high with both top longitudinal corners continuously chamfered, and anchor holes 230 mm from each end.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Layout.--Arrangement of parking bumpers shall be coordinated with the layout of parking stalls and traffic aisles, providing the proper angle to engage wheels and proper location to prevent overtravel of vehicles.

Parking bumpers shall be anchored with two 19 mm diameter reinforcing bars 380 mm in length. The reinforcing bars shall be installed such that the top of the bars is flush with the top of the parking bumper.

12-2.08 DISABLED PARKING AND AUTHORIZATION SIGNS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing disabled parking and authorization signs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and sign fastening details shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Disabled parking stall identification sign.--

Disabled parking stall identification sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish and the international symbol of accessibility. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 15090. Symbol, lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 17886.

Van accessible sign.--

Van accessible sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish and the international symbol of accessibility. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 15090. Lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 17886.

Unauthorized parking sign.--

Unauthorized parking sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 15090. Lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 17886. Lettering shall be not less than 25 mm in height and shall read as shown on the plans.

Support post.--

Support post shall be commercial quality, standard weight, galvanized steel pipe. Pipe diameter shall be 35 mm.

Fastening hardware.--

Fastening hardware shall be galvanized or cadmium plated.

Concrete.--

Concrete for support posts shall be commercial quality concrete, proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use, with not less than 300 kilograms of cement per cubic meter.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Support posts shall be placed in holes excavated to the depth and cross-section shown on the plans. Posts shall be set vertical and shall be firmly embedded in concrete backfill. The top of the concrete backfill around the post shall be crowned to drain water.

Support posts shall be fitted with a rainproof top.

Sign shall be fastened rigidly and securely to the support post.

The Engineer will provide the Contractor with the necessary information for the unauthorized parking.

SECTION 12-3. CONCRETE AND REINFORCEMENT

12-3.01 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of constructing cast-in-place concrete facilities in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for admixtures, and vapor barrier shall be submitted for approval. Descriptive data shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for cement, reinforcement, and admixtures in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

CONCRETE MIXES.--

Concrete (structural work).--

Commercial quality concrete shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 350 kg/m³ of cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

Concrete (minor work).--

Commercial quality concrete for walkways and thrust blocks shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 300 kg/m³ of cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

CONCRETE MATERIALS.--

Cement.--

Cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 150, Types II, or III portland cement; or Type IP (MS) Modified cement. Type IP (MS) Modified shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 595 and shall be comprised of an intimate mixture of Type II Modified cement and not more than 20 percent of a pozzolanic material.

Aggregates.--

Aggregates shall be free from deleterious coatings, clay balls and other extraneous materials.

Admixtures.--

Admixtures used in portland cement concrete shall be included on the Department's current list of approved admixtures, and shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 494, Types A, B, D, F or G for chemical admixtures; ASTM Designation: C 260 for air-entraining admixtures; and ASTM Designation: C 618 for mineral admixtures, except loss on ignition shall not exceed 4 percent. Properties of admixtures shall be uniform in each lot.

FORM MATERIALS.--**Forms for exposed finish concrete.--**

Forms for exposed surfaces shall be plywood, metal or other panel type materials. Plywood shall be not less than 16 mm thick and without scars, dents, and delaminations. Forms shall be furnished in largest practical pieces to minimize number of joints.

Plywood shall conform to the requirements of U. S. Product Standard PS-1 for Exterior B-B (Concrete Form) Class I.

Forms for edges of slabs shall be nominal 50 mm solid stock lumber, plywood, or metal forms.

Form ties.--

Form ties shall be factory fabricated, removable or snapoff metal ties for use as necessary to prevent spreading of forms during concrete placement.

Form oil.--

Form oil shall be commercial quality form oil which will permit the ready release of the forms and will not discolor the concrete.

REINFORCING MATERIALS.--**Bar reinforcement.--**

Bar reinforcement shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 [420], or ASTM Designation: A 706/A 706M.

Bar supports.--

Bar supports for reinforcement shall be precast mortar blocks or ferrous metal chairs, spacers, metal hangers, supporting wires, and other approved devices of sufficient strength to resist crushing under applied loads.

RELATED MATERIALS.--**Anchor bolts, nuts, and washers.--**

Nonheaded anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M, with a minimum hook length of 6.2 diameters.

Headed anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 563M, Grade A.

Washers for anchor bolts shall be commercial quality.

Exposed anchor bolts, nuts, and washers shall be hot dipped galvanized.

Vapor barrier.--

Vapor barrier shall be commercial quality polyethylene sheets not less than 0.15 mm thick.

Keyed construction joint forms.--

Keyed construction joint forms shall be commercial quality, galvanized metal, factory fabricated construction joint forms. Forms shall produce a rabbeted key type joint.

Mortar.--

Mortar shall consist of one part cement to 2 parts clean sand and only enough water to permit placing and packing.

Curing compound.--

Curing compound shall be a non-pigmented curing compound with fugitive dye conforming to the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 309, Type 1-D, Class A.

ADMIXTURES.--

General.--Admixtures shall be used when specified or ordered by the Engineer and may be used at the Contractor's option to conserve cement or to facilitate any construction operation.

Calcium chloride shall not be used in any concrete.

Admixtures shall be combined with concrete materials by methods that produce uniform properties throughout the concrete.

If more than one admixture is used, said admixtures shall be compatible with each other so that the desirable effects of all admixtures will be realized.

Mineral admixtures may be used to replace up to 15 percent of Type II portland cement provided the weight of mineral admixture used is not less than the weight of cement replaced. Mineral admixtures shall not be used to replace Type IP (MS) Modified or Type III cements. Chemical admixtures may be used to reduce up to 5 percent of the portland cement except that the cement content shall not be less than 300 kg/m³. When both chemical and mineral admixtures are used with Type II cement, the weight of cement replaced by mineral admixture may be considered as cement in determining the resulting cement content.

Mineral admixtures will be required in the manufacture of concrete containing aggregates that are determined to be "deleterious" or "potentially deleterious" when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 289. The use of mineral admixture in such concrete shall conform to the requirements in this section except that the use of set retarding admixtures will not be permitted.

When the use of a chemical admixture is specified or is ordered by the Engineer, the admixture shall be used at the rate specified or ordered. If no rate is specified or ordered, or if the Contractor uses a chemical admixture for his own convenience, the admixture shall be used at the dosage normally recommended by the admixture manufacturer.

When air-entrainment is specified or is ordered by the Engineer, the air-entraining admixture shall be used in amounts to produce concrete having the specified or ordered air content as determined by California Test 504. If the Contractor uses air-entrainment for his own convenience, the average air content shall not exceed 4 percent and no single test shall exceed 5 1/2 percent.

Chemical admixtures and air-entraining admixtures shall be dispensed in liquid form. Dispensers shall have sufficient capacity to measure at one time the total quantity required for each batch. If more than one liquid admixture is used in the concrete, a separate measuring unit shall be provided for each liquid admixture and dispensing shall be such that the admixtures are not mixed at high concentrations. When air-entraining admixtures are used with other liquid admixtures, the air-entraining admixtures shall be the first to be incorporated into the mix. Unless liquid admixtures are added to premeasured water for the batch, they shall be discharged to flow into the stream of water so that the admixtures are well dispersed throughout the batch.

BAR REINFORCING STEEL.--

Bending.--Reinforcing steel bars shall accurately conform to the dimensions shown on the plans.

Bars shall be bent or straightened in a manner that will not crack or break the material. Bars with kinks or improper bends shall not be used.

Hooks, bends and splices shall conform to the provisions of the Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete of the American Concrete Institute.

MIXING AND TRANSPORTING CONCRETE.--

General.--When a truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be complete within 1 1/2 hours, or before 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, whichever comes first, after the introduction of cement to the aggregates.

Truck mixers or agitator shall be equipped with electrically or mechanically actuated revolution counters by which the number of revolutions of the drum or blades may readily be verified. The counters shall be of the continuous-registering type, which accurately register the number of revolutions and shall be mounted on the truck so that the Engineer may safely and conveniently inspect them from alongside the truck. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C or above, a time less than 1 1/2 hours may be required.

When non-agitating hauling equipment is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be complete within one hour after the introduction of cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, the time between the introduction of cement to the aggregates and discharge shall not exceed 45 minutes.

Each load of concrete for the work shall be accompanied by a trip ticket, a copy of which shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The trip ticket shall show volume of concrete, weight of cement and aggregates, quantity of each

admixture, quantity of water including water added at the jobsite, time of day the concrete is batched, and revolution counter readings on transit mix trucks at the times the truck is charged and unloaded.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

Existing concrete construction.--Where fresh concrete joins existing or previously placed concrete or masonry, the contact surfaces of the existing or previously placed material shall be roughened, cleaned, flushed with water and allowed to dry to a surface dry condition immediately prior to placing the fresh concrete. The roughened surface shall be no smoother than a wood trowelled surface. Cleaning of the contact surfaces shall remove laitance, curing compounds, debris, dirt and such other substances or materials which would prevent bonding of the fresh concrete.

Abrasive blast methods shall be used to clean horizontal construction joints to the extent that clean aggregate is exposed.

Exposed reinforcing steel located at the contact surfaces which is to be encased in the fresh concrete shall be cleaned to remove any substance or material that would prevent bonding of the fresh concrete.

Forms.--Forms shall be mortar tight, true to the dimensions, lines, and grades shown on the plans, securely fastened and supported, and of adequate rigidity to prevent distortion during placing of concrete.

Forms for exposed surfaces shall be constructed with triangular fillets not less than 19 mm x 19 mm attached so as to prevent mortar runs and to produce smooth straight chamfers at all sharp edges of the concrete.

Form fasteners shall be removable without chipping, spalling, heating or otherwise damaging the concrete surface. Form ties shall be removed to a depth of at least 25 mm below the surface of the concrete.

The inside surfaces of forms shall be cleaned of all dirt, mortar and foreign material. Forms shall be thoroughly coated with form oil prior to use.

Forms shall not be stripped until at least 40 hours after placing concrete.

Anchorage and embedded items shall be placed and rigidly secured at their planned locations prior to placing concrete.

Vapor barrier.--Vapor barrier shall be lapped 150 mm and securely taped at splices. Vapor barrier shall be protected with a 75 mm layer of clean uncompacted sand cover.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, vapor barrier shall be placed under portions of the floor slab scheduled to receive finish flooring.

Placing reinforcing steel.--Reinforcing steel bars shall be accurately placed to the dimensions shown on the plans.

Bar reinforcement shall be lapped at least 45 diameters.

Bars shall be firmly and securely held in position by means of wiring and approved bar supports. The spacing of supports and ties shall prevent displacement of the reinforcing or crushing of supports.

Tie wire shall be clear of concrete formwork and concrete surfaces.

All reinforcing steel shall be in place and inspected before concrete placement begins. Placing of bars on fresh layers of concrete will not be permitted.

Ground bar.--A continuous reinforcing steel bar shall be installed in the building foundation at the location indicated on the plans for the electrical ground bar. The use of epoxy coated reinforcing bar is not permitted. The end of the ground bar shall extend beyond the concrete surface and shall be protected from damage by construction operations.

PLACING CONCRETE.--

General.--Concrete shall be placed and consolidated by means of internal vibrators to form dense, homogeneous concrete free of voids and rock pockets.

Forms and subgrade shall be thoroughly moistened with water immediately before placing concrete.

Concrete shall be placed as nearly as possible to its final location and the use of vibrators for extensive shifting of the concrete will not be permitted.

Concrete shall be deposited and consolidated in a continuous operation within limits of construction joints, until the placing of the panel or section is completed.

When concrete is to be placed in large areas requiring more than two pours, concrete shall be placed in alternate long strips between construction joints and the final slab infilled.

FINISHING CONCRETE SURFACES.--

Finishing unformed surfaces.--Slabs shall be placed full thickness to finish elevation and leveled to screeds by use of long straightedges. The screeds shall be set to grade at approximately 1.8 meter centers. After leveling, screeds shall be removed and the surface shall be floated with wooden floats.

The floated surface shall be trowelled with steel trowels. Troweling shall form a dense, smooth and true finish. Walkways and outdoor slabs for pedestrian traffic shall be given a non-slip broom finish unless a different finish is called for on the plans or in these special provisions.

The application of cement dust coat will not be permitted.

Steel trowel finish and broom finish will not be required for slabs to be covered with ceramic tile.

Concrete floor surfaces to receive ceramic tile shall be floated to grade and then, before final set of the concrete, the floated surfaces shall be roughened with stiff bristled brushes or rakes.

Finished surfaces of floor slabs shall not deviate more than 3 mm from the lower edge of a 3-meter long straight edge.

Finishing formed surfaces.--Formed concrete surfaces shall be finished by filling holes or depressions in the surface, repairing all rock pockets, and removing fins. All surfaces of formed concrete exposed to view shall have stains and discolorations removed, unsightly bulges removed, and all areas which do not exhibit the required smooth, even surface of uniform texture and appearance shall be sanded with power sanders or other approved abrasive means until smooth, even surfaces of uniform texture and appearance are obtained.

Cement mortar, patching and finishing materials used to finish exposed surfaces of concrete shall closely match the color of surrounding surfaces.

CURING CONCRETE.--

General.--Freshly placed concrete shall be protected from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

Initial curing of floor slabs shall start as soon as free water has disappeared from the concrete surface. The concrete shall be kept continuously moist for not less than 7 days after the concrete has been placed.

Cotton mats, rugs, carpets, or sand blankets may be used as a curing medium to retain the moisture during the curing period. Curing materials that will stain or discolor concrete shall not be used on surfaces exposed to view.

Prior to placing the curing medium, the entire surface of the concrete shall be kept damp by applying water with a nozzle that so atomizes the flow that a mist and not a spray is formed, until the surface of the concrete is covered with the curing medium. At the expiration of the curing period, the concrete surfaces shall be cleared of all curing mediums.

Concrete surfaces, other than floor slabs, shall be kept moist for a period of at least 5 days by leaving the forms in place or by covering the exposed surfaces using moist rugs, cotton mats or other curing materials approved by the Engineer.

Walkways and thrust blocks may be cured with a curing compound.

PROTECTING CONCRETE.--

General.--Concrete shall not be placed on frozen or frost covered surfaces.

Concrete shall be protected from damage due to rain, freezing or inclement weather, and shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than 4°C for 72 hours. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide a written outline of his proposed methods of protecting concrete.

Vehicles, equipment, or concentrated loads weighing more than 140 kg individually and material stockpiles weighing more than 240 kg/m² will not be permitted on the concrete within 10 calendar days after placing.

12-3.02 DRILL AND BOND DOWELS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of drilling holes in existing concrete and installing and bonding bar reinforcing steel dowels into such drilled holes in existing concrete in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Bonding material.--

The bonding material shall be magnesium phosphate concrete, either single component (water activated) or dual component (with a prepackaged liquid activator), as approved by the Engineer.

Dowels.--

Dowels shall be bar reinforcing steel, as specified under "Cast-In-Place Concrete" in Section 12-3, "Concrete and Reinforcement," of these special provisions.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--The holes shall be drilled by methods that will not shatter or damage the concrete adjacent to the holes. The diameter of drilled holes shall be 13 mm larger than the nominal diameter of the dowels unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Immediately prior to placing the dowels, the holes shall be cleaned of dust and other deleterious materials, and the holes shall be dry.

Sufficient bonding material shall be placed in the hole so that no voids remain after the dowels are inserted.

Dowels which fail to bond or are damaged before new concrete is placed shall be removed and replaced.

Magnesium phosphate concrete shall be formulated for minimum initial set time of 15 minutes and minimum final set time of 25 minutes at 21°C. The materials, prior to use, shall be stored in a cool, dry environment.

Mix water used with water activated material shall be free from oil and impurities and contain not more than 2000 parts per million as Cl nor more than 1500 parts per million of sulfate as SO₄.

The quantity of water for single component type or liquid activator for dual component type to be blended with the dry component, shall be within the limits recommended by the manufacturer and shall be the least amount required to produce a pourable batter.

Magnesium phosphate concrete shall not be mixed in containers or worked with tools containing zinc, cadmium, aluminum, or copper metals.

The surface of any dowel coated with zinc or cadmium shall be coated with a colored lacquer before installation of the dowel. The lacquer shall be allowed to dry thoroughly before embedment of said dowels.

SECTION 12-4. (BLANK)

SECTION 12-5. METALS

12-5.01 BUILDING MISCELLANEOUS METAL

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing building miscellaneous metal in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Building miscellaneous metal shall consist of the following:

Miscellaneous bars, plates, and shapes including all anchors, fastenings, hardware, accessories and other supplementary parts necessary to complete the work.

REFERENCES.--

Codes and standards.--Welding of steel shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D 1.1, "Structural Welding Code-Steel" and D 1.3, "Structural Welding Code-Sheet Steel."

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Steel bars, plates and hot-rolled shapes.--

Steel bars, plates and hot-rolled shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M.

Bolts, studs, threaded rods, nuts and washers.--

Bolts, studs, threaded rods, and nuts for general application shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.
Washers shall be commercial quality.

Expansion anchors.--

Expansion anchors shall be ICBO approved for the purpose intended, integral stud type anchor or internally threaded type with independent stud, hex nut and washer.

Powder driven anchors.--

Powder driven anchors shall be plated, spring steel alloy drive pin or threaded stud type anchors for use in concrete or steel. Spring steel shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 227M, Class 1. The diameter, length and type of shank and the number and type of washer shall be as recommended by the manufacturer for the types and thickness of material being anchored or fastened.

Galvanizing.--

Items indicated on the plans to be galvanized shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. The weight of galvanized coating shall be at least 460 grams per square meter of surface area.

Painting.--

Building miscellaneous metal items not galvanized shall be cleaned and prime painted prior to erection in accordance with the requirements specified for steel and other ferrous metals under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

GENERAL.--

Powder driven anchors.-- Powder driven anchors shall be installed with low velocity powder actuated equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and State and Federal OSHA regulations.

DAMAGED SURFACES.--

General.-- Galvanized surfaces that are abraded or damaged at any time after the application of the zinc coating shall be repaired by thoroughly wire brushing the damaged areas and removing all loose and cracked coating, after which the clean areas shall be painted with 2 applications of unthinned zinc-rich primer (organic vehicle type). Aerosol cans shall not be used.

SECTION 12-6. WOOD AND PLASTICS

12-6.01 ROUGH CARPENTRY

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.-- This work shall consist of furnishing and installing materials and performing rough carpentry work including wood framing, furring, sheathing and subflooring, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Rough carpentry includes carpentry work not specified as part of other sections and which is generally not exposed.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product Data.--Manufacturer's material data and installation instructions shall be submitted for gypsum sheathing, framing hardware and underlayments.

Wood treatment data.--Chemical treatment manufacturer's instructions shall be submitted for the handling, sorting, installation, and finishing of treated materials.

For each type of preservative treatment used, certification by treating plant shall include type of preservative solution and pressure process used, net amount of preservative retained and conformance with the applicable standards of the American Wood Preservers Association.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Delivery and storage.--Materials shall be kept under cover and dry. All materials shall be protected from exposure to weather and contact with damp or wet surfaces with blocking and stickers. All lumber, plywood and other panels shall be stacked in such a manner to provide air circulation within and around the stacks.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

LUMBER.--

General.--Lumber shall be manufactured to comply with PS 20, "American Softwood Lumber Standard," and with applicable grading rules of inspection.

Softwood lumber shall be quality grade stamped or shall be accompanied by a certificate of inspection. Inspection certificates or grade stamps shall indicate compliance with the grading requirements of WWPA, WCLIB, RIS, or other approved lumber inspection agencies.

All lumber used shall be nominal sized and dressed S4S unless otherwise specified in these special provisions.

Framing lumber shall be solid stock lumber, Douglas Fir-Larch, and the grades indicated under WCLIB or WWPA rules. Moisture content shall not exceed 19 percent and shall be grade stamped "S-Dry."

DIMENSION LUMBER.--

Except as otherwise shown on the plans, lumber shall have the following grades.

Vertical framing lumber.--

Vertical framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 51 mm through 102 mm x 102 mm, shall be Construction grade or better.

Vertical framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 152 mm through 102 mm x 152 mm shall be No. 2 or better.

Horizontal framing lumber.--

Horizontal framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 102 mm and wider, including joists and rafters, shall be No. 2 or better.

Horizontal framing lumber, nominal 102 mm x 102 mm and wider, including joist and rafters, shall be No. 1 or better.

Exposed framing lumber.--

Exposed framing lumber which is not concealed and is to receive a stain or natural finish shall be the same grade and species as indicated for structural framing and hand selected for appearance.

Miscellaneous lumber.--

Miscellaneous lumber for support or attachment of other work including rooftop equipment curbs and support bases, cant strips, bucks, nailers, blocking, furring, grounds, stripping and similar members shall be not less than No. 2 or better.

Lumber in contact with concrete or masonry construction shall be pressure treated Douglas Fir or foundation grade Redwood, No. 2 or better.

TIMBERS.--

Timbers (nominal 127 mm or thicker).--

Timbers shall be No. 1 or better.

PLYWOOD PANELS.--

General.--Plywood panels shall comply with Voluntary Product Standard PS1, "U. S. Product Standard for Construction and Industrial Plywood." or American Plywood Association (APA), "Performance Standards and Policies for Structural Use Panels."

Plywood panels shall be Group 1 unless otherwise noted.

Each plywood panel shall be factory marked with APA or other trademark evidencing compliance with grade requirements.

Structural plywood wall sheathing.--

Structural plywood wall sheathing shall be APA RATED SHEATHING, Exposure 1. Thickness shall be as shown on the plans.

Structural plywood roof sheathing.--

Structure plywood roof sheathing shall be APA RATED SHEATHING, Exposure 1. Span rating and thickness shall be as shown on the plans.

Plywood backing panels.--

Plywood backing panels for mounting electrical or telephone equipment shall be 19 mm, plywood panels APA CD PLUGGED INT, Exposure 1, touch-sanded.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--

Rough Carpentry Hardware.--

Steel plates and rolled sections shall be mild, weldable steel, conforming to AISI grades 1016 through 1030 except 1017.

Nails, screws, bolts, nuts, washers shall be commercial quality. Exposed fasteners shall be hot dipped galvanized or stainless steel.

Joist hangers, clips and other standard framing hardware shall be ICBO approved, commercial quality, galvanized sheet steel or hot dipped galvanized, of the size shown on the plans.

Expansion anchors and powder driven anchors shall be as specified under "Building Miscellaneous Metal," in Section 12-5, "Metals," of these special provisions.

Building paper.--

Building paper shall be kraft type waterproofing building paper, Type I (No. 15) asphalt saturated roofing felt or high density, bonded polyethylene fiber building paper.

WOOD TREATMENT BY PRESSURE PROCESS.--

Preservative treatment.--

Preservative treatment shall be copper naphthenate, pentachlorophenol or water-borne arsenicals (ACA, CCA or ACZA).

The following items shall be treated:

Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers and waterproofing.

Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring and other similar members in contact with concrete or masonry.

All holes, daps and cut ends of treated lumber shall be thoroughly swabbed with 2 applications of copper naphthenate.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Wood framing.--Wood framing shall be in accordance with Chapter 23 of the Uniform Building Code as amended the 1995 Title 24 California Building Standard Code.

Framing members shall be of sizes and spacing shown on the plans. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, structural members shall not be spliced between supports.

Wood framing shall be accurately cut and assembled to provide closely fitted members. Framing shall be erected true to the lines and grades shown on the plans and shall be rigidly secured in place as shown and as required by recognized standards. Bracing shall be placed wherever necessary to support all loads on the structure during erection.

The size and spacing of fasteners and the edge distance for nails shall be as shown on the plans.

Nailing schedule shall be as shown on the plans and shall comply with the Uniform Building Code.

Wall coverings exposed to the weather shall have a backing of building paper applied weatherboard fashion to the framing or sheathing. Backing shall be lapped 50 mm at horizontal joints, 152 mm at vertical joints and 305 mm at building corners.

Plywood panels.--Plywood panels shall be attached to the framing as shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Wall and roof sheathing shall be nailed to the framing system and shall be continuous over 2 or more supports. Roof panels shall be installed with the long dimension across the supports, with end joints staggered 1.22 m. Wall sheathing shall have all edges blocked. Spacing between panels shall be 3 mm.

12-6.02 GLUED LAMINATED MEMBERS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work consists of furnishing and erecting pre-engineered, factory fabricated glued laminated members, including beams and headers, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's data, specifications and installation instructions for lumber, adhesives, fabrication process, preservative treatment, accessories and protection shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings.--Working drawings for glued laminated members shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings shall include erection drawings, if required, and a location plan which shows the position and identification of each glued laminated member.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Glued laminated members, including beams and headers, shall conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Standard A190.1, "Structural Glued Laminated Timber."

Glued laminated decking shall conform to American Standards Committee and Voluntary Standards PS 20.

Factory marks.--Glued laminated structural members shall be stamped with a APA EWS or similar mark which indicates that the member conforms to the requirements of ANSI Standard A190.1.

Such marks shall be placed on surfaces that will not be exposed in the completed work.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for glued laminated members in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, HANDLING.--

Protection.--Water resistant wrapping on glued laminated members shall remain in place until units are erected.

Laminated members that are to be stored prior to erection shall be stored on blocks well off the ground with individual member separated for air circulation. Wrapping shall remain intact, lower side of wrapping shall be slit or punctured to permit drainage of water which may accumulate.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

GLUED LAMINATED MEMBERS.--

Lumber.--

Glued laminated members shall be engineered, stress rated, factory laminated structural members with adhesive for wet use. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, structural glued laminated timber members shall be Combination 24F-V8 DF/DF for all cantilever beams and Combination 24F-V4 DF/DF for simple beam spans in accordance with AITC 117, "Design, Standard Specifications for Structural Glued Laminated Timber of Softwood Species."

Exposed members shall be of Architectural Grade and non-exposed members shall be of Industrial Grade complying with AITC 110.

Penetrating sealers.--

Penetrating sealers shall be the manufacturers standard translucent penetrating sealer which will not interfere with the application of wood stain and transparent finish or paint finish as shown on the plans.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Glue laminated members shall comply with ANSI/AITC A190.1 as indicated.

Members shall be shop-cut for connections and connecting hardware to greatest extent feasible, including drilling of bolt holes.

Members shall have location placement identification marks or symbols which correspond to the approved location plan and shall have stamps or marks which indicate the top of each member.

Camber.--Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the camber shall be the manufacturer's standard camber, but shall not exceed a 610 m radius.

Preservative treatment.--The entire surface of the members, including ends, shall be sealed with a penetrating sealer immediately following manufacture.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Miscellaneous steel connectors, anchors and accessories shall be installed as shown on the plans.

Members shall be erected so that a close fit and neat appearance of joints and structure as a whole will not be impaired.

Padded or non-marring slings shall be used when hoisting members. Corners shall be protected with wood blocking.

12-6.03 PRE-ENGINEERED WOOD TRUSSES

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of designing, fabricating, furnishing and erecting pre-engineered, factory fabricated wood trusses in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's data for lumber, metal plates, hardware and fabrication process shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings.--Complete working drawings, erection drawings, if required, and design calculations for the pre-engineered wood trusses and permanent bracing shall be submitted for approval. Submittals shall be approved prior to the start of fabrication.

Working drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown. Engineer's original signature shall be submitted, copies will not be accepted.

Working drawings shall show the lumber size, species and grades for all truss and temporary and permanent bracing members. Joint and connection details shall be shown.

Working drawings shall include a location plan which shows the location and identification of each truss.

Calculations for the design of the trusses and bracing shall include a list of applied loads and load combinations, including fire sprinkler system if required, with the resulting member forces and member stresses.

If the design calculations contain or consist of computerized or tabulated calculations, the values pertaining to the design shall be identified, described or indexed in such a manner that a design review can be performed.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for trusses in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

Codes and standards.--Wood trusses and permanent bracing shall be designed for the loads shown on the plans. The design shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Building Code (UBC), the "National Design Specification for Wood Construction" by the National Forest Products Association (NFPA), the "Timber Construction Standards" by the American Institute of Timber Construction (AITC) and the "Design Specifications for Light Metal Connected Wood Trusses" by the Truss Plate Institute (TPI).

Wood trusses with light metal plate connectors shall be designed and fabricated in accordance with the requirements of the UBC Section 2321.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Trusses shall be transported and handled in such a manner as to prevent damage due to warping, distortion and moisture.

Trusses shall be stored off the ground in such a manner to avoid damage from bending, overturning or other cause for which the truss is not designed to resist or endure.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Pre-engineered truss.--

Pre-engineered truss shall be factory fabricated pre-engineered truss sized to fit the location shown on the plans. Lumber sizes, species and grades shall be as shown on the approved working drawings. Lumber shall bear grade marks of a recognized grading association and the moisture content of the lumber shall be within the amount specified in the referenced specifications.

Connector plates.--

Connector plates shall be galvanized sheet steel conforming to ASTM Designation: A 446, Grade A. Zinc coating by hot dip galvanizing shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 525, G90. Minimum coated metal thickness shall be not less than 0.91 mm.

Steel plates and rolled sections.--

Steel plates and rolled sections shall be mild, weldable steel, AISI grades 1016 through 1030 except 1017.

Bolts, nuts and washers.--

Bolts, nuts and washers shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Truss and bracing members shall be accurately cut to length and shape to provide tightly fitted joints.

Connectors, framing anchors and other hardware accessories shall be coordinated for placement in the proper locations and positions.

Camber, if required by the design, shall be built into the trusses.

Each truss shall be stamped or marked with a location identification mark or symbol and with the name and address of the manufacturer.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION AND ERECTION.--

General.--Trusses shall be erected plumb and true and shall be secured rigidly in place in accordance with the truss manufacturer's recommendations.

Fasteners and connectors shall be placed as shown on the plans and as recommended by the truss manufacturer.

Longitudinal and transverse bracing shall be installed during erection to hold the trusses plumb and true and in a safe position until sufficient permanent construction is in place to provide full stability.

All permanent bracing shall be secured in place before any sustained permanent loads are applied to the roof truss system.

Materials loaded on the truss system shall be located in such a manner that the design load of the trusses is not exceeded in the area of placement of the loads.

12-6.04 CABINETS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing wood cabinets and plastic laminate surfaces, splashes and returns as shown on the plans and in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's product data for plastic laminates and cabinet hardware shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--Five samples shall be submitted for each of the items shown below:

Plastic laminate, 50 mm x 70 mm for each type, color, pattern and surface finish.

Working drawings.--Working drawings for cabinets showing location of cabinets, dimensioned plans and elevations, attachment devices and other components shall be submitted for approval. Working drawings shall bear the "WIC Certified Compliance Label" on the first sheet of the drawings.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Cabinets and swinging gate shall be manufactured and installed in accordance with the Manual of Millwork of the Woodwork Institute of California (WIC) requirements for custom grade.

Certificates of Compliance.--Prior to delivery to the jobsite, the cabinet manufacturer shall issue a WIC Certified Compliance Certificate indicating that the products he will furnish for this job and certifying that they will fully meet all the requirements of the grade or grades specified.

WIC Certified Compliance Label shall be stamped on all cabinet work.

Each plastic laminate top shall bear the WIC Certified Compliance Label.

Prior to completion of the contract, a WIC Certified Compliance Certificate for Installation shall be delivered to the Engineer.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Protection.--Cabinets shall be protected during transit, delivery, storage and handling to prevent damage, soiling and deterioration.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS.--

Manufacturers.--Subject to compliance with these specifications, high pressure decorative laminates shall be Consoweld Corp.; Formica Corp.; Nevamar Corp.; or equal.

MANUFACTURED UNITS.--

General.--Cabinets shall be fabricated to the dimensions, profiles, and details shown on the plans with openings and mortises precut, where possible to receive hardware and other items and work.

Fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work shall be completed to the maximum extent possible prior to shipment to the jobsite.

Laminate clad cabinets.--

Laminate clad cabinets shall be custom grade, flush overlay construction.

Laminate cladding shall be high pressure decorative laminate complying with NEMA LD 3. Color, pattern and finish shall be as shown on the plans. Laminate surface and grade shall be as follows:

Horizontal and vertical surfaces other than tops shall conform to GP-50 (1.27 mm nominal thickness).

Postformed surfaces shall conform to PF-42 (1.07 mm nominal thickness).

Laminated counter tops and splashes.--

Laminated counter tops and splashes shall be WIC custom grade.

Surface material shall be high pressure laminated plastic conforming to NEMA LD-3, 1.27 mm thickness.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, splashes shall be 102 mm high from the surface of the deck. Back splashes shall be continuous formed and coved. Side splashes shall be top set.

Laminated counter tops self edged, counter tops to receive sinks or plumbing fixtures shall have a bullnose.

The underside of tops and backsides of splashes shall be covered with an approved backing sheet.

CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORY MATERIALS.--

General.--Cabinet hardware and accessory materials shall be provided for cabinets.

Hardware shall be provided with standard US 32D metal plated finish.

Drawer slides.--

Drawer slides shall be side mounting full extension with fully enclosed rolling balls and rollers. Concealed slides and bearings, and positive stop. Capacity shall be not less than 35 kg, except capacity shall be not less than 45 kg for heavy duty drawers.

Shelf supports.--

Shelf supports shall be adjustable, semi-recessed, chrome finished pressed metal, heavy duty standards and support clip, with one inch adjustment increments.

Cabinet hinges.--

Cabinet hinges shall be stainless steel. Length of jamb leaf shall be 64 mm. The type of hinge shall be standard weight pivot hinge with nylon bearings.

Cabinet hinge manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

Cabinet catches.--

Cabinet catches shall be self aligning magnetic type in aluminum case with zinc plated steel strike.

Cabinet catch manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

Cabinet pulls.--

Cabinet pulls shall be 8 mm diameter satin stainless steel rod, with 33 mm projection and 75 mm center to center fastening.

Cabinet pull manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

FABRICATION.--

Shop assembly.--Nails shall be countersunk and the holes filled, molds shall be neatly mitered and all joints shall be tight and true.

As far as practicable, work shall be assembled at the mill and delivered to the building ready to be set in place. Parts shall be smoothly dressed and interior work shall be belt sanded at the mill and hand sanded at the building. After assembly, work shall be cleaned and made ready for the specified finish.

All work shall be prepared to receive finish hardware. Finish hardware shall be accurately fitted and securely fastened as recommended by the manufacturer. Finish hardware shall not be fastened with adhesives.

Drawers shall be fitted with dust covers of 6 mm plywood or hardboard above compartments and drawers except where located directly under tops.

Precut openings.--Openings for hardware, appliances, plumbing fixtures, and similar items shall be precut where possible. Openings shall be accurately located and templates used for proper size and shape. Edges of cutouts shall be smoothed and edges sealed with a water-resistant coating.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Cabinets.--Cabinets shall be installed without distortion so that doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Hardware shall be adjusted to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operation. Installation of hardware and accessory items shall be completed as indicated on the approved drawings.

Laminate tops.--Laminate tops shall be securely fastened to base units and other support systems as indicated on the approved drawings.

Cabinet hardware.--Doors for cabinets shall be equipped with one pair of hinges and one catch per leaf, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Each door leaf shall be equipped with one pull.

Drawers up to 610 mm wide shall have one pull and drawers over 610 mm wide shall have two pulls.

SECTION 12-7. THERMAL AND MOISTURE PRETECTION

12-7.01 INSULATION (GENERAL)

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Insulation materials shall be as specified in these special provisions, and shall be compatible with existing or new materials incorporated in the building.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials, manufacturer's descriptive data, location schedule, and time schedule shall be submitted for approval.

The list of materials to be used shall include the trade name, manufacturer's name, smoke developed and flame spread classification, resistance rating and thickness for the insulation materials and accessories.

Schedules.--A location schedule and time schedule shall be submitted for approval.

The location schedule shall show where each material is to be installed.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer at the jobsite with an accurate time schedule of the areas of the building to be insulated each day. The time schedule shall be submitted 3 working days in advance of the work.

Samples.--Samples of insulation material shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--All insulating materials shall be certified to comply with the California Quality Standards for Insulating Materials and shall be listed in the Department of Consumer Affairs publication "Consumer Guide and Directory of Certified Insulation Material."

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

General.--Insulating materials shall be delivered to the jobsite and stored in a safe dry location with labels intact and legible.

Insulating materials shall be protected from physical damage and from becoming wet or soiled.

In the event of damage, materials shall be repaired or replaced as necessary to comply with these specifications.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable.)

PART 3.- EXECUTION (Not applicable.)

12-7.01A BATT INSULATION

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing batt insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Batt insulation shall include faced and unfaced batts in walls and ceilings, acoustical batts for sound control.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--All batt insulation, including facings such as vapor barriers, shall have a flame-spread rating not to exceed 25 and a smoke density not to exceed 450 when tested in accordance with UBC Standard No. 8-1.

The flame-spread and smoke density limitations do not apply to facings on batt insulation installed between ceiling joists, or in roof-ceiling or wall cavities, provided the facing is installed in substantial contact with the surface of the ceiling or wall finish.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

INSULATING MATERIALS.--

General.--Fiberglass batts shall be thermal insulation produced by combining glass fibers with thermosetting resins to comply with ASTM Designation: C 665.

Wall insulation.--

Wall insulation shall be R-3.3 K• m²/W fiberglass batts with paper-laminate vapor-retarder membrane on one face. Insulation shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 665, Type II, Class C.

Ceiling insulation.--

Ceiling insulation shall be R-5.3 K• m²/W fiberglass batts with paper-laminate vapor-retarder membrane on one face. Insulation shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 665, Type II, Class C.

Acoustical insulation.--

Acoustical insulation shall be 89 mm, unfaced fiberglass insulation batts. Insulation shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 665, Type I.

VAPOR-RETARDERS.--

Paper-laminate vapor-retarder.--

Paper-laminate vapor-retarder shall be kraft paper sheets laminated together with asphalt or other vapor retarding compounds, scrim reinforced at edges of sheets.

AUXILIARY INSULATION MATERIALS.--

Insulation tape.--

Insulation tape shall be as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--The vapor retarder on faced batts shall be toward the interior and shall be fastened to provide a sealed retarder. Punctures and holes in the retarder shall be repaired.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified elsewhere in these special provisions, insulation shall be kept 75 mm to 100 mm clear of lighting fixtures and heat producing electrical appliances and equipment.

Installing batt type insulation.--Insulation batts shall be installed to completely fill the space between framing members. Apply a single layer of insulation of required thickness, unless otherwise shown on the plans or required to make up total thickness. Installation shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations and these special provisions.

12-7.01B EXTERIOR INSULATION AND FINISH SYSTEM

GENERAL.--This work consists of furnishing and installing an exterior insulation and finish system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, including color palette and texture sample, and installations instructions shall be submitted for approval.

Two 216 mm by 280 mm samples of the finished system mounted on exterior grade gypsum sheathing or backing board in the color and texture to be used on the project. Each sample will be prepared using the same tools and techniques to be used in the actual application.

Working drawings showing the wall layout, all details, connections, patterns and construction sequence shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Backing board.--

Backing board shall be water-resistant gypsum sheathing board or fiber reinforced sheathing board as recommended by the manufacturer.

Insulation board.--

Insulation board shall be expanded polystyrene, providing adequate thickness and shapes in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Base coat and fiberglass mesh.--

Base coat and fiberglass mesh shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for substantial impact resistance to wall surfaces.

Finish coat.--

Finish coat shall be an elastomeric or synthetic plaster material as recommended by the manufacturer.

Adhesives, primers, sealants and backer rods.--

Adhesives, primers, sealants and backer rods shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Exterior insulation and finish system may be panelized or field applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Backing board panels shall be installed with the long dimension either parallel or perpendicular to the framing members. The direction of placing the panels shall be the same on any one wall or partition assembly.

Nails or Type W steel drill screws shall be used to fasten backing board to wood framing. The spacing of nails shall not exceed 178 mm and screws shall not exceed 305 mm.

Joints between face panels shall be filled and finished with joint tape and at least 3 coats of joint compound. The finished surface of the joint compound shall be flat and true to the plane of the surrounding surfaces.

Following application of an adhesive coat, the insulation board shall be firmly attached to the backing board.

The insulation board shall be applied with the one edge oriented horizontally, with its joints offset with respect to the backing board, and using a running bond pattern. A period of 24 hours shall be allowed to elapse to allow the adhesive to form a positive bond.

Sculptured features shall be routed into the outside surface of the insulation board using a high-speed router and proper bit. The minimum thickness of the insulation board at any point in the routed groove or feature shall be not less than 19 mm.

The fiberglass mesh shall be applied to the insulation board using an adhesive compatible with the insulation board and fiberglass mesh.

The finish coat shall be applied in one or more coats to the final color and texture shown on the plans. The coating may be applied with a steel trowel or spray application in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

12-7.02 METAL ROOFING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing preformed metal roofing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Metal roofing system shall consist of underlayment, prefinished metal roof panels, vented ridge, diverters, concealed fasteners, sealants, and other accessories and components, not mentioned, which are required for a complete, securely fastened and weathertight installation.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--

Design Requirements.--The roofing system shall conform to the wind design requirements for uplift in Chapter 16 of the Uniform Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product Data.--Manufacturer's technical product data, installation instructions, and recommendations for each type of roofing material shall be submitted for approval.

Product data shall include the manufacturer's name and a complete material description of all components of the metal roofing system.

Samples.--Material samples shall include a 305 mm x 305 mm sample of the roofing panel and the vented ridge and a sample of each anchor clip and fastening device.

Working Drawings.--Working drawings showing the layout and details of the metal roofing shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings shall show the shape, size, thickness, and method of attachment for each component used in the work; the layout and spacing of fasteners; details of connections and closures; and details for expansion joints and weathertight joints.

Design calculations for the fastening system with the substrate shown on the plans shall be submitted to verify compliance with the design requirements.

Working drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown. The Engineer's signature shall be original.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the metal roofing system in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Delivery and handling.--Panels shall be protected against damage and discoloration.

Storage.--Panels shall be stored above ground, with one end elevated for drainage and protected against standing water and condensation between adjacent surfaces.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

SHEET MATERIAL.--

Base metal.--

Base metal shall be cold formed, 0.71 mm (24-gage), galvanized sheet steel with G90 coating, conforming to ASTM Designation: A 446, Grade A except where a higher strength is required for performance, extra smooth, or cold formed aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, commercial quality, sheet steel with AZ55 coating conforming to ASTM Designation: A 792, Grade 40, extra smooth.

Configuration.--

Metal roofing system shall have primary vertical ribs spaced at not less than 200 mm nor more than 305 mm, with 2 intermediate ribs located between the primary ribs. The depth of the primary ribs shall be between 19 mm and 42 mm in depth.

METAL FINISHES.--

General.--Coatings shall be applied before or after forming and fabricating panels, as required for maximum coating performance capability.

Colors or color matches shall be as shown on the plans or, if not otherwise shown, shall be as selected by the Architect from the manufacturer's standard color palette.

Fluoropolymer coating.--

Finish shall be the manufacturer's standard Kynar coating with a baked on primer (0.005 mm) and a finish coat of 0.02 mm nominal for a total dry film thickness of approximately 0.025 mm nominal.

Interior finish shall consist of a 0.004 mm epoxy primer and a backer coat.

MISCELLANEOUS METAL SHAPES.--

Flashings and diverters.--

Flashings and diverters shall be formed from the same material, gage and in the same finish as the roofing panels.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS--

Fastener clips.--

Fastener clips shall be noncorrosive ferrous metal fasteners as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer to resist the design loads.

Fasteners.--

Fasteners shall be as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer. Sheet metal screws shall not be used except to fasten trim and flashings.

Underlayment.--

Underlayment shall be as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer, but not less than 7 kilograms minimum asphalt impregnated fiber glass mat roofing felt.

Sealant and sealant tape.--

Sealant and sealant tape shall be as recommended by the roofing manufacturer.

Closures.--

Closures shall be rubber, neoprene, closed cell plastic or prefinished metal.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Unless otherwise shown on the plans, or specified herein, roof panels shall be fabricated in continuous lengths for the length of the roof, from ridge or peak to eave, except such length shall not exceed the manufacturer's maximum production length. Flashings shall be fabricated in the longest practical lengths.

Roofing panels shall be factory formed. Field formed panels are not acceptable.

PART 3.- EXECUTION.--**INSTALLATION.--**

Underlayment.--The roof and fascia panels shall be installed over underlayment. Underlayment shall be laid parallel to the eaves, shingle fashion with 152 mm edge laps and 305 mm end laps and shall be fastened as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels.--The roof system shall be installed and fastened in accordance with the details shown on the plans and the approved working drawings. Cutting and fitting shall present a neat and true appearance with exposed burrs removed. Openings through roof panels shall be cut square and shall be reinforced as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels shall be adjusted in place and properly aligned for the detailed conditions before fastening. Panels shall not be warped, bowed or twisted. The surface finish on the panels shall not be cracked, blemished or otherwise damaged.

Gaskets, joint fillers, sealants and sealing tape shall be installed where indicated on the approved drawings or as required for weatherproof performance of panel systems.

Fasteners shall not be driven through roof panels or batten covers.

Miscellaneous metal shapes.--Trim, fascia, flashings, vented ridges, caps, and other prefinished metal work shall be positioned to the correct alignment for each detailed condition. Metal work shall be securely attached to backing using fasteners at the spacing shown on approved working drawings.

Roof panels, trim, and other prefinished metal that are marred, punctured, incorrectly bent, or incorrectly installed will be considered damaged and shall be replaced with undamaged units.

The metal roofing system shall be installed weathertight. Closures shall be tight fitting and shall be provided at the ends of panels, at the boundary of the roof, and as indicated on the approved working drawings.

CLEAN UP AND CLOSE OUT.--

Clean up.--Adjacent surfaces shall be protected during the roofing system installation and sealant work. Excess sealant shall be removed as the installation progresses.

Roof panels, molding, trim, and other prefinished metal surfaces shall be cleaned after installation as recommended by the manufacturer. Exposed cuts shall be touched-up with a matching durable primer and paint as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Touch up.--Damaged paint surfaces shall be touched up by using an air dry touch up paint supplied by the metal roofing system manufacturer. Only a small brush shall be used for touching up. No spraying of touch up paint is to be performed.

Damaged units.--Panels and other components of the work which have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair shall be removed and replaced.

12-7.03 SHEET METAL FLASHING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing sheet metal flashing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Sheet metal shall include metal flashings, counterflashings, straps, and roof jacks.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Sheet metal work shall in accordance with the requirements in the latest edition of the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association "Standard Practice in Architectural Sheet Metal Work."

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Galvanized sheet steel.--

Galvanized sheet steel shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 361, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage), unless otherwise shown on the plans. Surfaces to be painted shall not have factory coatings on galvanizing that cannot be removed by paint thinner.

Sheet aluminum.--

Sheet aluminum shall be not less than 0.81 mm thick, mill finish, 3003-H14 alloy, conforming to ASTM Designation: B 209.

Solder.--

Solder shall conform to ASTM Designation: B 32, Alloy Grade Sn50.

Soldering flux.--

Soldering flux shall be acid type, conforming to Federal Specification: O-F-506C, Type I, Form A.

Lap joint sealant.--

Lap joint sealant for concealed locations shall be a non-drying butyl.

Flashing cement.--

Flashing cement shall be a bituminous plastic cement, asbestos free, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 4586, Type II.

Sealant.--

Sealant for exposed locations shall be a silicone sealant conforming to ASTM Designation: C 920.

Primer.--

Primer shall be as recommended by the sealant manufacturer.

Coal tar paint.--

Coal tar paint shall be coal-tar epoxy coating conforming to U.S. Corps of Engineers Specification: C-200 or Steel Structures Painting Council Paint Specification: SSPC-16-68T.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Sheet metal shall be assembled to Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association Standards.

Sheet metal shall be formed to the sizes, shapes and dimensions shown on the plans or as specified herein with angles and lines straight, sharp and in true alignment. The number of joints shall be kept to a minimum.

Angle bends and folds for interlocking the metal shall be made with full regard for expansion and contraction to avoid buckling or fullness in the metal after it is installed.

Joints in sheet metal work shall be closed watertight unless slip joints are specifically required. Watertight joints shall be mechanically interlocked and then thoroughly soldered for metals other than aluminum. Watertight joints in aluminum or between aluminum and other metals shall be sealed with acrylic sealant.

Sheet metal joints to be soldered shall be cleaned with steel wool or other means, pre-tinned and soldered watertight.

All joints shall be wiped clean of flux after soldering. Acid flux shall be neutralized by washing the joints with sodium bicarbonate.

Flashings shall have a 45 degree drip return at bottom edges. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, counterflashing shall extend not less than 100 mm over roofing or other materials protected by the counterflashing and shall be arranged so that roofing or materials can be repaired without damage to the counterflashing. Where reglets are indicated, counterflashing shall be fastened by lead wedges or snap-in flashing.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--Surfaces to receive sheet metal shall be clean, smooth and free from defects.

PROTECTION.--Aluminum surfaces to be in contact with concrete, mortar, or dissimilar metals shall be given a heavy coat of coal tar paint.

INSTALLATION.--

Roof penetration flashings.--All pipes, ducts, vents and flues passing through roofs shall be made waterproof with flashings of storm collars or counterflashings.

Roof penetration flashings shall be fabricated from galvanized sheet steel, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage). Size and shape shall be as shown on the plans.

12-7.04 SEALANTS AND CAULKING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and applying sealants and caulking which are required for this project, but not specified elsewhere, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the sealants and caulking in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions for all sealants shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--Color samples of all sealants shall be submitted for approval. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, colors will be selected by the Engineer from the manufacturer's standard colors.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

General.--All sealants, primers and accessories shall be non-staining to adjacent exposed surfaces. Products having similar applications and usage shall be of the same type and same manufacturer. Gun consistency compound shall be used unless otherwise required by the job conditions.

Acrylic sealant.--

Acrylic sealant shall be one compound, solvent release acrylic sealant.

Butyl sealant.--

Butyl sealant shall be one component, skinning type.

Silicone sealant.--

Silicone sealant shall be one component, low modulus building sealant. Sealant shall be tack-free in one hour, shall not sag or flow, shall be ozone resistant and capable of 100 percent extension without failure.

Joint sealant.--

Joint sealant shall be a two-part, non sag polysulfide base, synthetic rubber sealant formulated from liquid polysulfide polymer.

Backer rod.--

Backer rod shall be round, open or closed cell polyurethane. Backer rod shall be sized such that it must be compressed between 25 and 75 percent of its uncompressed diameter during installation in the joint.

Neoprene.--

Neoprene shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 542.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**APPLICATION.--**

General.--Unless otherwise shown on the plans, sealants shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Silicone sealants shall not be used in locations where painting is required.

Butyl sealants shall not be used in exterior applications, and acrylic sealants shall not be used in interior applications.

Sealants shall be applied in a continuous operation for the full length of the joint. Immediately following the application of the sealant, the sealant shall be tooled smooth using a tool similar to that used to produce concave masonry joints. Following tooling, the sealant shall remain undisturbed for not less than 48 hours.

SECTION 12-8. DOORS AND WINDOWS**12-8.01 HINGED DOORS**

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing hinged doors and frames in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions for fire rated assemblies and a door schedule shall be submitted for approval. The door schedule shall include a description of the type, location and size of each door.

PRODUCTS.--**Metal door.--**

Metal door shall be flush, seamless steel door factory prepared and reinforced to receive hardware and having cold rolled stretcher leveled sheet steel face sheets not less than 1.2 mm thick (18-gage). Face sheets shall be bonded with thermosetting adhesive to rigid board honeycomb or precured foam core; or face sheets shall be welded to all parts of an assembled grid of cold formed pressed metal stiffeners and framing members located around edges, ends, openings and at all locations necessary to prevent buckling of face sheets. Seams shall be tack welded, filled and ground smooth. Bottom edge and internal stiffeners of grid type core shall have moisture vents. Welds on exposed surfaces shall be ground smooth. Glazed openings shall be provided where shown on the plans.

Door shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

Glazing for doors.--

Glazing for doors shall be safety glass as specified under "Glazing" in Section 12-8, "Doors and Windows," of these special provisions. Glazing shall be not less than 5 mm thick.

Pressed metal frame.--

Pressed metal frame shall be not less than 1.5 mm thick (16-gage) sheet steel with integral stop, mitered corners, face welded and ground smooth corners. Frames shall be reinforced for all hardware and shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or an approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Doors and frames shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true and in such a manner that the doors operate freely without rubbing or binding. Clearance between frame and door shall be not more than 3 mm. The exterior frame shall be sealed weathertight.

Pressed metal frames shall be secured with clips and anchors as shown on the plans.

PAINTING.--Except for the primer application specified herein, doors and frames shall be cleaned, prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

12-8.02 ATTIC ACCESS DOORS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing attic access doors in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--**Attic access doors.--**

Attic access doors shall be factory assembled and factory prime painted steel. Door panel shall be 1.90 mm thick (14-gage) and door frame shall be 1.5 mm thick (16-gage). The door and frame assembly shall have standard screw driver operated cam locks, concealed springs or continuous piano hinge and inside release handle.

Attic access doors shall be by Babcock-Davis Hatchways, Bar-Co Access Doors, Inryco-Milcor, J.L. Industries, or equal.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Attic access doors shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The attic access door assemblies shall be painted to the match the color of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

12-8.03 ALUMINUM STOREFRONT**PART 1.- GENERAL**

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing aluminum storefront, including aluminum windows, aluminum doors and door frames with transom where shown on the plans, complete with all hardware and accessories necessary for a complete weathertight and operable installation, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Finishes.--Finish on all exposed areas of aluminum components shall be bronze anodized. Exposed surfaces shall be free from defects, scratches, streaks, or other surface blemishes.

Design Requirements.--The deflection of storefront system shall be limited to L/175 when subjected to the wind design requirements in Chapter 16 of the Uniform Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

SUBMITTALS.--

Working drawings.--Complete working drawings showing elevations of each door type; details of each frame type; typical and special details of construction; location installation requirements for hardware; size, shape, and thickness of materials; finishes; fastenings and method of anchoring; size and spacing of anchors; details of operating hardware; method and materials for weatherstripping; and details of installation.

Finish samples shall be a representative section of a specified window with the color finish specified applied to that section. Section shall be a minimum of 203 mm long complete with stops and glazing beads, fasteners and anchors for all substrates on the job.

Design calculations shall be submitted to verify compliance with the design requirements.

Working drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown. The Engineer's signature shall be original.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Entrance doors.--

Entrance doors shall be prefinished extruded 6063-T5 aluminum alloy, stile size as indicated on the plans.

Storefront frame.--

Storefront frame shall be prefinished extruded 6063-T5 aluminum alloy, frame size as indicated on the plans.

Glazing.--

Glazing shall conform to the requirements under "Glazing," in this Section 12-8, of these special provisions.

Storefront panel.--

Storefront panel shall be laminated sandwich of fiberboard core and 3 mm tempered hardboard with smooth aluminum skin. Sandwich shall be bonded under heat and pressure with top quality, permanently elastic neoprene contact adhesive.

Screws, fasteners, anchors and accessories.--

Screws, fasteners, anchors and accessories shall be noncorrosive metals compatible with aluminum. Finish shall match adjacent surfaces.

Sealant.--

Sealant shall be self-leveling, non-sag, single component, solvent type acrylic terpolymer, Federal Specification TT-S-230. Color shall match aluminum.

FABRICATION.--Door stiles and rails shall be securely joined and reinforced by means of structural corner assemblies, accurately machined and fitted to hairline joinery that develops the members. Joints shall be factory sealed weathertight. Doors shall be adjustable vertically and front to back. All cut-out operations for door hardware operation shall be accurately made and reinforced at the factory. Glass stops for doors shall be screw-on type with non-stretch neoprene beads.

Entrance door hardware, unless otherwise shown on the plans, shall be provided and installed as part of the work.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Protection.--Materials shall be delivered to the site of the work in original, unopened, unbroken containers, wrappings, or bags with labels intact and legible. Labels shall show the product name, brand, manufacturer, directions, color, and quality, all of which shall be legible at the time of use.

Materials and accessories shall be undamaged and shall be carefully stored off the ground to provide proper ventilation, drainage, and protection against weather, dampness, staining, soiling contamination, deterioration, chipping, and breakage.

Installation.--Entrance doors and storefront units shall be set straight, level, plumb and in true alignment in prepared openings in accordance with the installation instructions. Entrance doors and storefront shall be centered in the openings. Clearance between the unit and the building framing shall be from 4 mm to 6 mm at the sides and 13 mm at the top.

The installation shall be flashed and sealed weathertight.

Isolation coating shall be provided to separate adjoining incompatible materials.

Both inside and outside surfaces of metal shall be cleaned of all mortar, plaster, paint, and other foreign matter. Surfaces that are stained, discolored, or that cannot be satisfactorily cleaned and repaired shall be replaced with new materials at no additional cost to the State.

12-8.04 FOLDING PARTITIONS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing folding partitions in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Door assembly.--

Door assembly shall be factory fabricated partition of equal width, close stacking pairs of joining panels and a single fixed jamb. Panels shall be fabricated of a single piece wood core with a factory finished wood grain vinyl covering or a close grain hardwood veneer face laminated to a wood core with waterproof glue. Panels shall be continuously hinged and edge sealed against light and air transmission. The assemblies shall be top supported by a heavy duty extruded aluminum head track, trolley and concealed nylon rollers or ball bearing wheels. Handles, latches and necessary installation hardware shall be included. Metal parts shall match standard US 32D metal plated finish.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Folding partitions shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The folding partition shall operate smoothly and shall stack neatly and compactly.

12-8.05 FINISH HARDWARE

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing hardware items for doors in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's technical information and catalog cuts for each item of door hardware and a door hardware schedule shall be submitted for approval prior to installation.

Manufacturer's catalog cuts shall include catalog numbers, material, grade, type, size, function, design, quality and finish of hardware.

The door hardware schedule shall indicate the location and size of door opening, the door and frame material, and the size, style, finish and quantity of the hardware components required.

FINISHES.--Hardware shall be provided with standard US 32D metal plated finish.

KEYING INSTRUCTIONS.--New locks shall be compatible with the master key system of the existing facility and shall be keyed to the existing lock system in use.

Locks and cylinders shall be provided with six pin "O" cylinders and blank keys. Cylinders and blank keys shall be delivered to the Engineer for combining of cylinders and cutting of keys.

The Contractor shall provide cylinders for use during construction. Construction cylinders shall remain in place until permanent cylinders are installed. Construction cylinders shall remain the property of the Contractor.

Key bows shall be stamped "State of California" and "Do Not Duplicate."

PRODUCTS.--

GENERAL.--Door hardware equal in material, grade, type, size, function, design, quality and manufacture to that specified herein may be submitted for approval.

Butt hinges.--

Butt hinges shall be steel, 1 1/2-pair per door unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans. Nonremovable pins shall be provided at outswing exterior doors. Hinge size shall be 114 mm x 114 mm unless otherwise noted.

Standard weight hinges shall be:

Hager	BB 1191
McKinney	TB 2714
Stanley	BB 179
or equal.	

Mortise locksets and latchsets.--

Mortise locksets and latchsets shall be steel case with 32 mm x 203 mm face plate and 70 mm backset. Door and frame preparation for mortise locksets, latchset and privacy sets shall conform to ANSI A115.1.

Lever operated lockset shall be:

Best	35H 6FW 15H
Falcon	LM521 DG
Schlage	L9453P x 06
or equal.	

Lever operated latchset:

Best	35H 0N 15H
Falcon	LM101 DG
Schlage	L9010 x 06
or equal.	

Door closers.--

Door closer shall be concealed type with hold open feature.

Door closers shall be:

LCN	2010
Russwin	500C
Dorma	7800
or equal.	

Wall bumpers.--

Wall bumpers base diameter shall be 64 mm with a 25 mm projection.

Bumpers shall be:

Builders Brass	WC9
Quality	302
Trimco	1272-1/4-CCS
or equal.	

Automatic door bottom.--

Automatic door bottom shall be heavy duty, full mortise.

Bottom shall be:

Pemko	434 AR
Zero	360
or equal.	

Thresholds, rain drips, and door shoes.--

Thresholds, rain drips, and door shoes shall conform to the sizes and configurations shown on plans. Thresholds at door openings with accessibility requirements shall not exceed 13 mm in height.

Threshold, rain drip, and door shoe manufacturers shall be Pemko, Reese, Zero, or equal.

Threshold bedding sealant.--

Threshold bedding sealant shall conform to Federal Specification: SS-C-153.

Weatherstrip.--

Weatherstrip shall conform to the sizes and shapes shown on plans. Assemblies shall be UL listed and shall be provided where shown on the plans or as specified in these special provisions.

Weatherstrip and draft stop manufacturers shall be Pemko, Reese, Zero, or equal.

Door signs and name plates.--

Door signs and name plates shall be as specified under "Signs" in Section 12-10, "Specialties," of these special provisions.

EXECUTION.--

DOORS AND FRAMES.--Doors and frames shall be set square and plumb and be properly prepared before the installation of hardware.

INSTALLATION.--Hardware items shall be accurately fitted, securely applied, and adjusted and lubricated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Installation shall provide proper operation without bind or excessive play.

Hinges shall be installed at equal spacing with the center of the end hinges not more than 244 mm from the top and bottom of the door. Locksets and latchsets shall be 1024 mm from the finished floor.

Thresholds shall be set in a continuous bed of sealant material.

Door controls shall be set so that the effort required to operate doors with closers shall not exceed 3.9 kg maximum for exterior doors and 2.7 kg maximum for interior doors.

Door stops mounted elsewhere shall be securely attached with wood screws or expansion devices as required.

Backing shall be provided in wall framing at wall bumper locations.

The location and inscriptions for door signs and name plates shall be as shown on the plans.

Hardware, except hinges, shall be removed from surfaces to be painted before painting.

Upon completion of installation and adjustment, the Contractor shall deliver to the Engineer all dogging keys, closer valve keys, lock spanner wrenches, and other factory furnished installation aids, instructions and maintenance guides.

DOOR HARDWARE GROUPS AND SCHEDULE.--Hardware groups specified herein shall correspond to those shown on the plans:

GROUP 1

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated mortise lockset
- 1 each door closer
- 1 each wall bumper
- 1 each door shoe
- 1 each rain drip
- 1 each threshold
- 1 each weatherstrip

GROUP 2

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated mortise lockset
- 1 each door closer
- 1 each wall bumper
- 1 each threshold

GROUP 3

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated mortise lockset
- 1 each door closer
- 1 each wall bumper

GROUP 4

1 1/2-pair butt hinges
1 each lever operated mortise lockset
1 each wall bumper
1 each threshold (where shown on the plans)

GROUP 5

1 1/2-pair butt hinges
1 each lever operated mortise latchset
1 each door closer
1 each wall bumper

12-8.06 GLAZING

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing glazing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Glazing shall consist of glass for windows, doors and other glazed openings.

All glass shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 1036 and the classifications specified herein and shall be clear glass except as noted.

Safety glass shall be furnished and installed at all locations designated in Consumer Product Safety Commission's Safety Standard For Architectural Glazing Materials 16 CFR 1201.

SUBMITTALS.--A detailed list of glazing materials including glass, sheet, sealants, tapes, setting blocks, shims, compression seals, and glazing channels shall be submitted for approval. The list shall include a schedule of the materials to be used at each location.

LABELS.--Each individual pane of tempered glass shall bear an identification label in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1048.

PRODUCTS.--

Sheet glass, float glass, or plate glass.--

Sheet glass, float glass, or plate glass shall be Type I, Class 1, Quality q4 or better, double strength for panes to 0.93 m², 5 mm thick for panes between 0.93 m² and 2.6 m², and 6 mm thick for panes over 2.6 m², except as otherwise shown on the plans.

Safety glass.--

Safety glass shall conform to Consumer Product Safety Commission Safety Standard For Architectural Glazing Materials: 16 CFR 1201, and ANSI Standard Z97.1 and shall be one of the following:

Tempered glass.--

Tempered glass shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type 1, Quality q4 or better.

Laminated glass.--

Laminated glass shall be safety glass, 6 mm minimum thickness, fabricated from 2 pieces of Type I, Class 1, Quality q4 or better glass fused to plastic interlayers.

Insulating glass assemblies.--

Insulating glass assemblies shall be double pane units consisting of 2 pieces of glass separated by a spacer and hermetically sealed with double seal sealants. The entrapped air shall be at atmospheric pressure and maintained in a hydrated condition by a drying agent located in the spacer. Insulating glass assemblies shall have a 13 mm minimum air space.

Seals, caulks, putties, setting blocks, shims, tapes, compression seals, felt, spacers, and channels.--

Seals, caulks, putties, setting blocks, shims, tapes, compression seals, felt, spacers, and channels shall be top grade, commercial quality, as recommended by the glass or sheet manufacturer and shall conform to the requirements in the publications of the Flat Glass Marketing Association.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Glazing shall conform to the general conditions and applicable details in the publications of the Flat Glass Marketing Association.

Panes shall be bedded fully and evenly, set straight and square within panels in such a manner that the pane is entirely free of any contact with metal edges and surfaces.

For all panes on the exterior of the building, the glazing on both sides of window panes shall provide a watertight seal and watershed. Seals shall extend not more than 2 mm beyond the holding members. A void shall be left between the vertical edges of the panes and the glazing channel. Weep systems shall be provided to drain condensation to the outside.

Panes in assemblies using extruded gasket glazing shall be set in accordance with the assembly manufacturer's instructions using gaskets and stops supplied by the manufacturer.

Laminated glass shall be set on setting blocks.

Whenever welding or burning of metal is in progress within 4.6 m of glazing materials, a protective cover shall be provided over exposed surfaces.

REPLACEMENT AND CLEANING.--All broken or cracked glass and glass with scratches which reduce the strength shall be replaced before completion of the project.

Panes shall be kept clean of cement and plaster products, cleansers, sealants, tapes and all other foreign material that may cause discoloration, etching, staining, or surface blemishes to the materials.

Excess sealant left on the surface of the glass or surrounding materials shall be removed during the work life of the sealant.

Solvents and cleaning compounds shall be chemically compatible with materials, coatings and glazing compounds to remain. Cleaners shall not have abrasives that scratch or mar the surfaces.

All panes shall be cleaned just before the final inspection. All stains and defects shall be removed. Paint, dirt, stains, labels (except etched labels), and surplus glazing compound shall be removed without scratching or marring the surface of the panes or metal work.

SECTION 12-9. FINISHES

12-9.01 GYPSUM WALLBOARD

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and finishing gypsum wallboard in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Wallboard backing for use in restroom and shower areas shall be water-resistant gypsum backing board.

PRODUCTS.--

Gypsum wallboard.--

Gypsum wallboard shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 36.

Water-resistant gypsum backing board.--

Water-resistant gypsum backing board shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 630.

Joint tape and joint and finishing compound.--

Joint tape and joint and finishing compound shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 475.

Corner beads, metal trim and control joints.--

Corner beads, metal trim and control joints shall be galvanized steel of standard manufacture.

Fasteners.--

Fasteners shall be gypsum wallboard nails conforming to ASTM Designation: C 514 or steel drill screws conforming to ASTM Designation: C 1002.

EXECUTION.--

DELIVERY AND STORAGE.--Materials shall be delivered in original packages, containers or bundles bearing brand name, applicable standard of manufacture, and name of manufacturer or supplier and shall be kept dry and fully protected from weather and direct sunlight exposure. Gypsum wallboard shall be stacked flat with adequate support to prevent sagging or damage to edges, ends and surfaces.

INSTALLATION.--Wallboard panels to be installed on ceilings and soffits shall be installed with the long dimension of the panels perpendicular to the framing members. Wallboard panels to be installed on walls may be installed with the long dimension of the panels either parallel or perpendicular to the framing members. The direction of placing the panels shall be the same on any one wall or partition assembly.

Edges of wallboard panels shall be butted loosely together. All cut edges and ends shall be smoothed as needed for neat fitting joints.

All edges and ends of gypsum wallboard panels shall coincide with the framing members, except those edges and ends which are perpendicular to the framing members. End joints on ceiling and on the opposite sides of a partition assembly shall be staggered.

Except where closer spacings are shown on the plans, the spacing of fasteners shall not exceed the following:

Nails	175 mm
Screws	300 mm

Nails or Type W steel drill screws shall be used to fasten wallboard to wood framing.

Adhesives shall not be used for securing wallboard to framing.

Gypsum wallboard panels and gypsum wallboard finish over plywood sheathed shear walls shall be fastened to all framing members except at the following locations:

At internal angles formed by ceiling and walls; ceiling panels shall be installed first with the fasteners terminating at a row 175 mm from the walls, except for walls parallel to ceiling framing. Wall panels shall butt the ceiling panels. The top row of wall panel fasteners shall terminate 200 mm from the ceiling.

At internal vertical angles formed by the walls; fasteners shall not be installed along the edge or end of the panel that is installed first. Fasteners shall be installed only along the edge or end of the panel that butts and overlaps the panel installed first.

Fasteners shall be located at least 10 mm from wallboard panel edges and ends. Nails shall penetrate into wood framing at least 30 mm. Screws shall penetrate into wood framing at least 20 mm. All metal fasteners shall be driven slightly below surface level without breaking the paper or fracturing the core.

Metal trim shall be installed at all free edges of panels, at locations where wallboard panels abut dissimilar materials and at locations shown on the plans. Corner beads shall be installed at external corners. Control joints shall be installed at the locations shown on the plans.

Joints between face panels, the internal angles formed by ceiling and walls and the internal vertical angles formed by walls shall be filled and finished with joint tape and at least 3 coats of joint compound. Tape in the corners shall be folded to conform to the angle of the corner. Tape at joints and corners shall be embedded in joint compound.

Dimples at nail and screw heads, dents, and voids or surface irregularities shall be patched with joint compound. Each patch shall consist of at least 3 coats and each coat shall be applied in a different direction.

Flanges of corner beads, control joints and trim shall be finished with a least 3 coats of joint compound.

Each coat of joint compound shall be feathered out onto the panel surface and shall be dry and lightly sanded before applying the next coat. The finished surfaces of joint compound at the panel joints, internal angles, patches and at the flanges of trim, corner beads and control joints shall be flat and true to the plane of the surrounding surfaces and shall be lightly sanded.

Good lighting of the work area shall be provided during the final application and sanding of the joint compound.

Gypsum wallboard used as backing boards for tile or rigid sheet wall covering or wainscoting shall be water resistant. Joints in backing board shall not be taped or filled and dimples at the fastener heads shall not be patched. Edges of cuts and holes in backing board shall be sealed with a primer or sealer that is compatible with the wall covering or wainscoting adhesive to be used.

Surfaces of wallboard to be textured shall receive an orange peel texture.

12-9.02 CERAMIC TILE

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing ceramic tile in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Ceramic tile shall include glazed wall tile, floor tile, base tile, trim tile, setting materials, grouts and such other materials as maybe required for a complete installation.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, manufacturer's standard color palette, a list of materials to be used, and installation instructions for all materials required for the work shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--Samples shall include 5 individual samples of each type and color of tile and trim and shall be of the same size, shape, pattern and finish as the tile and trim to be installed.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Single source responsibility.--Each type and color of tile, grout and setting materials shall be obtained from a single source.

Master Grade Certificates.--Each shipment of tile to the project site shall be accompanied by a Master Grade Certificate issued by the tile manufacturer.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for bond coat materials, setting bed materials and grout in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Delivery.--Tile and packaged materials shall be delivered to the job site in sealed, unbroken, unopened containers with the labels intact.

Storage and handling.--Materials shall be stored and handled in such a manner as to prevent damage or contamination by water, freezing or foreign matter.

PROJECT CONDITIONS.--

Protection.--Tile work shall be protected and environmental conditions maintained during and after installation to comply with the reference standards and manufacturer's printed instructions.

Temperatures.--Unless otherwise specified in the manufacturer's installation instructions, the ambient temperature shall be maintained at not less than 10°C nor more than 38°C in tiled areas during installation and for 7 days after completion.

Tile shall not be installed when the temperature of the substrate is greater than 32°C or is frost covered.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS.--

Available manufacture's.--Subject to compliance with the specifications, tile shall be American Olean Tile Co., Inc.; Summitville Tiles, Inc.; United States Ceramic Tile Co.; or equal.

GENERAL.--

Ceramic tile.--Ceramic tile shall conform to the requirements in ANSI Standard: A137.1, "American National Standard Specifications for Ceramic Tile" for types and grades of tile indicated.

Ceramic tile shall conform to the "Standard Grade" requirements.

Tile installation materials.--Tile installation materials shall conform to the requirements in ANSI standard referenced with products and materials indicated for setting and grouting.

Tile color.--The tile color will be selected from the manufacturer's standard color palette.

Slip resistant tile.--Slip resistant tile shall have sufficient abrasives added such that the static coefficient of friction, wet or dry, shall be not less than 0.6 for walking surfaces and 0.8 for ramps when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1028.

TILE PRODUCTS.--

Wall tile.--

Wall tile shall be machine made, dust pressed white body clay, and shall have a glossy glaze finish, plain face, and cushion edges. Tile shall be 8 mm nominal thickness.

Wall tile shall be nominal 102 mm x 102 mm, installed on a cementitious backer board, using a tile bond coat and grout, shall conform to the requirements of Method W244, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

Ceramic tile trim shall match material, size and finish of field tile. Free edges of tiled areas of walls shall have bullnose type trim. Outside corners shall have bullnose type runner trim (not beads). Reentrant corners shall have cove type trim.

Floor tile.--

Floor tile shall be machine made, dust pressed, natural clay, flat slip resistant tile.

Floor tile shall be nominal 51 mm x 51 mm, installed on a mortar bed using a tile bond coat and grout and shall conform to the requirements of Method F112, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

Base tile.--

Base tile shall be similar to ceramic tile trim.

SETTING MATERIALS.--

Portland cement mortar installation materials.--

Materials for portland cement mortar installation shall conform to the requirements in ANSI Standard: A108.1 as required for installation method designated, unless otherwise indicated.

Membrane.--Membrane shall be asphalt impregnated felt conforming to ASTM Designation: D 226, Type I, or polyethylene film conforming to ASTM Designation: C 171, Type 1.1.2. Polyethylene film shall not be less than 0.1 mm thick.

Tile bond coat.--

Tile bond coat shall be latex-portland cement bond coat.

Latex-portland cement mortar bond coat shall be a prepackaged mortar mix, conforming to ANSI Standard: A118.4, incorporating a dry acrylic resin, and to which only water is added at the job site. Mortar shall be suitable for exterior use and be labeled for the type of tile to be installed.

GROUTING MATERIALS.--

Epoxy grout.--

Epoxy grout shall be a 2 part prepackaged epoxy mortar conforming to ANSI Standard: A118.3 and suitable for exterior use. Grout shall be labeled for the type of tile to be used.

Grout pigment.--

Grout pigment shall be chemically inert, fade resistant mineral oxide or synthetic type. Color shall be match tile.

SEALANTS.--

Sealant.--

Sealant for vertical expansion joints shall be a medium modulus silicone or polyurethane. Sealant for horizontal joints shall be a 2-part polyurethane type material with a Shore Hardness of 35 to 45. Color of exposed sealants shall match color of grout in tile adjoining sealed joints.

MORTAR BEDS.--

Cement mortar bed.--

Cement mortar bed for floors shall be proportioned of one part cement, 1/10 parts hydrated lime, 5 parts damp sand by volume and only enough water added to provide the necessary workability. Ingredients shall be dry mixed, water added, and materials blended to produce a stiff mix. Mortar bed shall be not less than 32 mm in thickness.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--

Sand.--

Sand shall be a natural or manufactured sand conforming to ASTM Designation: C 144, except that no more than 10 percent shall pass the No. 150 µm sieve.

Cement.--

Cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 150, Type I.

Hydrated lime.--

Hydrated lime shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 206, Type S, or ASTM Designation: C 207, Type S.

Water.--

Water shall be clean and potable.

Cementitious tile backer board.--

Cementitious backer board shall be a backing and underlayment panel composed of a concrete core with glass mesh reinforcing on both faces and conforming to the requirements of ANSI Standard: A118.9.

MIXING MORTAR AND GROUT.--

Mixing.--Mortar and grout shall be mixed to comply with the requirements of referenced standards and manufacturers for accurately proportioning of materials, water or additive content, mixing equipment and mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures need to produce mortars and grout of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for application intended.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

General.--Concrete substrate surfaces which are to receive a mortar bed shall not vary more than 5 mm in 2.4 m from the required plane and shall be true and square at intersection edges.

Surfaces to receive a mortar setting bed or a bond coat shall be cleaned adequately to assure a tight bond to the applied material. Such cleaning shall leave the surface thoroughly roughened and free from laitance, coatings, oil, sand, dust and loose particles.

The cleaned surfaces which are to receive a mortar bed shall be saturated with water just prior to placing mortar or the cleaned surfaces shall be coated with fresh neat cement slurry. If the surface is saturated with water, excess water shall be removed and the wetted surfaces uniformly dusted with portland cement. The slurry or wetted cement dust shall be broomed to completely coat the surface with a thin and uniform coating just prior to placing the mortar.

Substrates shall be inspected to insure that grounds, anchors, plugs, recessed frames, bucks, drains, electrical work, mechanical work, and similar items in or behind the tile have been installed before proceeding with installation of the tiles.

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Tile installation shall conform to applicable parts of ANSI 108 Series of the tile installation standards included under "American National Standard Specifications for the Installation of Ceramic Tile" and Tile Council of American, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

All tile shall be installed on a bond coat over a setting bed. The setting bed shall be a cured cement mortar bed or a cementitious backer board, or other cementitious material.

The back face of the tile shall be free of paper, adhesives, fiber mesh, resins, or other materials affecting the bond of the tile to the bedding material.

Tile sheets shall have permanent edge bonding or temporary mounting materials on the exposed face. Water soluble or absorbent adhesives shall not be used for edge bonding. Temporary mounting materials shall allow observation during tile setting operations.

Tile work shall extend into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures, to form a complete covering without interruptions, except as shown on the plans. Work shall be terminated neatly at obstructions, edges and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

Intersections and returns shall be accurately formed. Cutting and drilling of tile shall be performed without marring visible surfaces. Cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish or built-in items shall be carefully ground to produce straight aligned joints. Tile shall be closely fit to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures and other penetrations such that plates, collars, or covers overlap the tile.

Mortar bed placement.--The mortar bed, with or without reinforcement as shown on the plans, shall be placed, consolidated, and finished to the required thickness.

The surface of the mortar bed shall be true and pitched as shown on the plans, without high or low spots. The mortar bed surface shall not vary more than 3 mm in 2.4 m from a plane parallel to the finished tile surface when tile is installed on a cured mortar bed.

In no case shall the allowed tolerances result in offsets between adjoining tiles, low spots on finished tile surfaces than can pond water, or finished tile surfaces that are not plumb or not true.

Cement mortar beds to receive a tile bond coat shall be damp cured under cover for a minimum of 48 hours at a temperature of not less than 21°C.

Cementitious backer board.--Cementitious backer board shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of ANSI Standard: A118.11.

Tile bond coat.--The tile bond coat mortar shall be mixed according to the manufacturer's recommendations. The consistency of the mixture shall be such that ridges formed with the recommended notched trowel shall not flow or slump. Reworking will be allowed provided no water or materials are added. The setting bed surfaces shall be dampened before placing the bond coat as necessary tile installation, but the setting bed shall not be soaked.

The bond coat shall be placed on the setting bed surface with sufficient pressure to cover the surface evenly with no bare spots. The surface area to be covered with the bond coat shall be no greater than the area that can be tiled while the bond coat is still plastic. The bond coat shall be combed with a notched trowel as recommended by the manufacturer within 10 minutes before installing tile. Tile shall not be installed on a skinned over bond coat.

Installing tiles.--Tile shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and shall be set solid and shall be well bonded to the setting bed.

Tile set on a tile bond coat shall be installed in accordance with ANSI Standard: A108.5.

If tiles are cut, the cuts shall be made with saws. Cut edges shall be rubbed with an abrasive stone to bring the edge of the glaze slightly back from the body of the tile. Cuts shall be accurately made to neatly fit the tile in place. Cut edges shall not be butted against other tile. Cut tile shall be at least half the size of a full size tile.

Tile shall completely cover wall areas behind mirrors and fixtures.

Tile shall be installed so that the finished tile surface does not vary more than 3 mm in 2.4 m from the finished tile surface shown on the plans. In no case shall there be offsets in adjoining tiles, low spots on finished tile surfaces that can pond water, or finished tile surfaces that are not plumb or true in the completed tile work.

Tiles shall be firmly pressed into the freshly notched bond coat. Tile on interior surfaces shall be tapped and beat into a true surface and to obtain at least 80 percent coverage by the mortar on the back of each tile.

If tile is face mounted, the paper and glue shall be removed within one hour after tile is installed and all tiles that do not meet the requirements for joints and surface tolerance shall be adjusted or replaced.

Mortar that exudes into the grout spaces between tiles shall be removed to the bottom of tile.

Joints.--Joints between tile shall be continuous both vertically and horizontally. Joints shall be straight and of uniform and equal width. Where tiles on adjoining surface are the same size, the joints shall align, one with the other. Joint width shall be as recommended by the tile manufacturer.

Grouting tile.--Grout shall be mixed, applied and cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and ANSI Standard: A108.9 for epoxy grout.

Spacers, strings, ropes, pegs, glue, paper, and face mounting material shall be removed before grouting. Joints between glazed wall tile shall be wetted if they have become dry. Joints for epoxy grout shall be dry.

Grouting shall not begin until at least 48 hours after installing tile.

A maximum amount of grout shall be forced into the joints between tiles in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The grout shall be finished to the depth of the cushion for cushion edge tile and finished flush with the surface for square edge tile. All gaps and skips in the grout spaces shall be filled.

Mortar or mounting mesh shall not show through the grouted joints.

The finished grout shall have a uniform color and shall be smooth without voids, pinholes or low spots.

Expansion joints shall be kept free of grout or mortar.

Grout shall be protected from freezing or frost for a least 5 days after installation.

Expansion joints.--Expansion joints shall be installed at the perimeter of all tile floors and at all substrate control joints and changes in the substrate material.

All expansion joints shall be made with sealant over backer rods. The thickness of sealant at the center of expansion joints shall not exceed the width of the joint. Joint edges shall be primed as recommended by the sealant manufacturer.

Sounding tile.--Tiled surfaces shall be sounded with a metal bar or chain for improperly bonded tile or setting bed. Tile or setting bed that emits a hollow sound shall be replaced.

Replacement.--Cracked, chipped, broken, or otherwise defective tiles shall be removed and replaced. All tiles which differ more than 2 mm in elevation from adjacent tile edges shall be removed and replaced.

Curing.--After the installation of tile and the grouting of joints, the tile and grout shall be cured by keeping the surface continuously damp for at least 72 hours after grouting. Curing materials shall not stain the tile or grouted joints. Curing methods shall not erode away the grout.

CLEANING AND PROTECTION.--

Cleaning tile surfaces.--All exposed tile surfaces shall be cleaned of all grout haze upon completion of grouting. Acids and chemicals used to clean tile shall conform to the tile manufacturer's recommendations. Cleaners shall not be harmful to materials on surfaces of abutting floors, walls, and ceilings. Tile work shall be rinsed thoroughly with clean water before and after using acid or chemical cleaners. After cleaning and rinsing, tile surfaces shall be polished using a soft cloth.

Tile work shall be cleaned and polished again immediately prior to completion of the contract. All dirt, grime, stains, paints, grease, and other discoloring agents or foreign materials shall be removed.

Protection.--After grouting, horizontal tiled surfaces shall be closed to traffic, and all tiled surfaces shall be kept free from impact, vibration or shock, for at least 72 hours after.

Tile surfaces damaged by construction operations shall be retiled.

12-9.03 RESILIENT BASE

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing resilient base in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, color palette, and samples of resilient base shall be submitted for approval. Samples shall be not less than 50 mm in length.

PRODUCTS.--

Resilient base.--

Resilient base shall be manufacturer's best grade, rubber or vinyl base, with premolded internal and external corner pieces. The height shall be as shown on the plans.

The color shall be selected from the manufacturer's standard color palette.

Adhesive.--

Adhesive shall be as recommended by base manufacturer.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Bases shall be firmly and totally attached to walls with adhesive and shall be accurately scribed to trim, molding and cabinets. All joints shall be tight fitting. Bases between premolded corners or other termini may be installed continuous or installed using one m minimum standard manufactured lengths. Filler pieces shall be not less than 0.5 m.

12-9.04 VINYL COMPOSITION TILE

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing vinyl composition tile in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Vinyl composition tile shall consist of vinyl composition tile, edger strips, floor wax and tile manufacturer's recommended primers and adhesives.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, color and pattern samples shall be submitted for approval. Samples of tile shall be 305 mm x 305 mm in size.

PRODUCTS.--

Vinyl composition tile.--

Vinyl composition tile shall be semi-flexible, 2.38 mm minimum thick, 305 mm x 305 mm tile conforming to Federal Specification: SS-T-312, Type IV. Color and pattern shall be as shown on the plans.

Primer, leveling compound crack filler and adhesives.--

Primer, leveling compound crack filler and adhesives shall be waterproof types as recommended by the tile manufacturer.

Wax.--

Wax shall be water emulsion, self-polishing type containing not less than 16 percent wax solids, wetting agents, and a nonslip agent. The wax shall meet UL antislip standards.

Edger strips.--Edger strips shall be commercial quality, stainless steel or aluminum.

EXECUTION.--

PREPARATION.--Before placing adhesives, all surfaces to receive vinyl composition tile shall be made free of localized depressions or bumps. Bumps shall be ground flat. Holes, depressions and cracks shall be filled with crack filler or leveling compound.

Immediately prior to application of the tile flooring, the surface to be covered shall be thoroughly dry, free of paint, oil, grease, mortar, plaster droppings, scaly surfaces or other irregularities and shall be broom clean. Primer, when recommended, shall be thoroughly brushed on the surface at the rate recommended by the adhesive manufacturer and shall be completely dry before the application of adhesives.

The rooms where tile is to be installed shall be maintained at a temperature of at least 21°C for not less than 72 hours before installation, during installation and for 5 days after installation.

APPLICATION.--Tile shall be laid to a true, straight, smooth and even finished surface in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Joints shall be tight fitting. Floor covering shall be placed before floor mounted fixtures are installed. After tile has been set, the finished surface shall be rolled and crossrolled with a roller weighing 50 kg or more.

Edger strips shall be installed at free edges.

Where tile patterns between rooms differ, the pattern break at openings shall occur at the centerline of the common wall.

Upon completion of the tile application, all stains, surplus adhesive, dirt and debris resulting from the work shall be removed and the floor left broom clean. Tile shall be protected from damage at all times during construction. As a last order

of work, tile shall be washed with soap and warm water, rinsed, and then waxed in accordance with the tile manufacturer's printed instructions. Not less than 2 applications of wax shall be placed on the tile flooring.

12-9.05 CARPETING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing carpeting, carpet cushion, adhesives and accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Carpeting and carpeting materials shall be rated by the manufacturer as suitable for heavy pedestrian traffic and as suitable for use under chairs with casters.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for carpet, carpet cushion and adhesives, standard color and pattern line and installation instructions for all materials shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--Carpet colors will be selected from the manufacturer's standard color and pattern line by the Engineer. After the color and pattern have been selected, one sample of carpet and carpet cushion at least 610 mm x 610 mm in size shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Single source responsibility.--Materials shall be produced by a single manufacturer for each type of carpet.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Delivery.--Materials shall be delivered to the job site in original factory wrappings and containers, clearly labeled with identification of manufacturer, brand name, quality or grade, fire hazard classification, and lot number.

Storage.--Materials shall be stored in original undamaged packages and containers inside well ventilated area protected from weather, moisture, soiling, extreme temperatures, and humidity.

MAINTENANCE.--

Maintenance instructions.--Contractor shall furnish the manufacturer's instructions for maintenance of the installed work, including methods and frequency recommended for maintaining optimum condition under anticipated traffic and use conditions.

Extra materials.--After completion of the work, not less than 2 percent of each type and color of carpet, as well as usable scraps, shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. Accessories shall be furnished to properly complete the installation.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Carpet.--

Carpet shall be third generation nylon, continuous filament yarn with a woven polypropylene backing. Yarn shall be solution dyed. Carpet constructions shall be textured loop, 3 mm gage minimum, pile height shall be between 4 mm and 6 mm with a yarn weight of not less than 950 g/m². Carpet shall be permanently anti-static.

Cushion.--

Cushion shall be closed cell foamed rubber sheet, made from styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR), not less than 4 mm thick, weighing not less than 2105 g/m² with a top and bottom facing which will prevent liquid from being absorbed into the cushion.

Adhesives.--

Cushion to floor adhesive shall be pressure sensitive adhesive as recommended by the cushion manufacturer.
Carpet to cushion adhesive shall be a premium quality, multi-purpose carpet adhesive, compatible with the carpet backing and as recommended by the cushion manufacturer.

Primer, sealant, leveling compound and crack filler.--

Primer, sealant, leveling compound and crack filler shall be as recommended by the cushion manufacturer.

Seaming adhesive.--

Hot-melt seaming adhesive or similar product recommended by carpet manufacturer, shall be used for taping seams and butting cut edges at backing to form secure seams and prevent pile loss at seams.

Edger strips.--Edger strips shall be commercial quality stainless steel or aluminum.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**PREPARATION.--**

General.--Surfaces to receive carpet shall be free of cracks, localized depressions and bumps. Bumps shall be ground flat, holes, depressions and cracks shall be filled with leveling compound or crack filler.

Prior to installation of carpeting, the surface shall be dry broomed clean and free from paint, oil grease, mortar, plaster droppings, wax or other materials that will interfere with the adhesives.

New concrete shall be cured for not less than 30 days and free from parting or curing compound which interfere with the adhesives. Concrete surfaces shall be checked for dusting. Sealer shall be applied to dusting concrete surfaces.

Carpet, carpet cushion and adhesives shall be stored at a temperature not less than 19°C and a humidity not more than 65 percent for not less than 24 hours. Locations where carpet is to be installed shall be maintained between 19°C and 32°C for not less than 72 hours prior to and for 5 days following installation.

INSTALLATION.--

Applying primer or sealer.--Primer or sealer, when recommended by the manufacturer, shall be thoroughly brushed on the surface as recommended by the adhesive manufacturer and shall be thoroughly dry prior to application of adhesives.

Installing cushion.--Cushion shall be installed onto a continuous film of adhesive. Adhesive shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction. Cushion shall be installed in the longest length possible with consideration for traffic patterns and seam placement. Cushion seams shall be at right angles to the carpet seams and not directly under carpet seams.

When cushion adhesive is tacky, place cushion onto the adhesive and adjust as necessary to insure there is no gap at seams and full contact is made with adhesive. Air bubbles shall be smoothed out to provide a level surface.

Installing carpet.--Carpet installation, seaming techniques and seaming cement shall be in accordance with the carpet manufacturer's recommendation.

Carpet shall be spread full width on cushion for 24 hours prior to installation.

Seam edges shall be trimmed using appropriate seam cutting tools prior to applying adhesives. Seams shall not be cut where cutting tools will penetrate the carpet cushion.

Carpet adhesive shall be spread uniformly over the cushion in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. After sufficient time, carpet shall be firmly pressed into the adhesive using a roller weighing approximately 25 kg to ensure carpet has full contact with adhesive. Carpet shall be rolled in both directions.

Carpet shall be installed wall to wall in continuous lengths and widths as wide as possible; cut edges shall be trued and appropriately treated to form non-raveling seams where exposed. Excess carpet shall be trimmed to the wall using a wall trimmer adjusted to net trim.

Where carpet patterns or floor finish between rooms differ, pattern or material break shall occur at centerline of common wall; at door openings, the break shall occur at centerline of closed door.

Edger strips shall be installed at free edges.

CLEANING.--

General.--Debris and unusable scraps shall be removed and disposed of. Carpet shall be vacuumed using commercial machine with face-beater element.

Soiled spots, excessive adhesive or other unsightly material on the carpet shall be removed in accordance with the carpet manufacturer's recommendations. Where spots cannot be removed, carpet shall be replaced. Protruding face yard shall be trimmed using sharp scissors.

PROTECTION.--

General.--The Contractor shall protect the carpet from heavy traffic or wear for 24 hours after completion of installation.

Contractor shall provide protective methods and materials as needed to ensure that carpeting will be without deterioration or damage at time of project completion.

12-9.06 PAINTING

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of preparing surfaces to receive coatings, and furnishing and applying coatings, in accordance with the schedules and details shown on the plans, and these special provisions.

The coatings specified in this section are in addition to any factory finishes, shop priming, or surface treatment specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, a materials list, and color samples shall be submitted for approval.

Product descriptive data shall include product description, manufacturer's recommendations for product mixing, thinning, tinting, handling, site environmental requirements, product application and drying time.

Materials list shall include manufacturer's name, trade name, and product numbers for each type coating to be applied.

Color samples shall be manufacturer's color cards, approximately 50 mm x 75 mm, for each color of coating shown on the plans.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.--Coatings and applications shall conform to the rules for control of volatile organic compound emissions adopted by the air quality control district in the air basin in which the coatings are applied.

SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS.--Coatings shall not be applied when the air temperature is below 10°C (20°C for varnishes) or when the relative humidity exceeds 75 percent.

The surface to be coated shall be maintained at a minimum temperature of 7°C for a period of 24 hours prior to, and 48 hours after the application of the coating. Heating facilities shall be provided when necessary.

Continuous ventilation shall be provided during application of the coatings.

A minimum lighting level of 865 lux, measured 1 m from the surface to be coated, shall be provided while surfaces are being prepared for coatings and during coating applications.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING.--Products shall be delivered to the site in sealed, labeled containers and stored in a well ventilated area at an ambient air temperature of not less than 7°C. Container labeling shall include manufacturer's name, type of coating, trade name, color designation, drying time, and instructions for tinting, mixing, and thinning.

MAINTENANCE STOCK.--Upon completion of coating work, a full 3.8 liter container of each type and color of finish coat and stain used shall be delivered to the location at the project site designated by the Engineer. Containers shall be tightly sealed and labeled with color, texture, and room locations where used, in addition to the manufacturer's standard product label.

PRODUCTS.--

GENERAL.--The products shall be the best quality grade coatings of the specified types as regularly manufactured by nationally recognized paint and varnish manufacturers that have not less than 10 years experience in manufacturing paints and varnishes. Products that do not bear the manufacturer's identification as the best quality grade product shall not be used. Products for each coating system shall be by a single manufacturer and shall not contain lead type pigments.

Thinners, shellac, fillers, patching compounds, coloring tint, and other products required to achieve the specified finish shall be the manufacturer's best quality and shall be used as recommended.

EXECUTION.--

INSPECTION.--Surfaces to be coated at the jobsite shall be approved by the Engineer prior to the application of coatings. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 3 working days prior to the application of coatings.

SURFACE PREPARATION.--Surfaces scheduled to be coated shall be prepared in accordance with the following, except that the surfaces not specified herein shall be prepared as recommended by the coating manufacturer.

GENERAL.--Hardware, cover plates, light fixture trim, and similar items shall be removed prior to preparing surfaces for coating. Following the application of the finish coating, the removed items shall be reinstalled in their original locations.

GALVANIZED METAL.--Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Surfaces shall be cleaned of remaining surface treatments by hand cleaning. New surfaces shall be roughened by hand cleaning or light abrasive blasting.

Abraded or corroded areas shall be hand cleaned and spot coated with one coat of vinyl wash pretreatment. Abraded or corroded areas on new surfaces not scheduled to be painted shall be cleaned by solvent wash, hand cleaned, and given 2 spot applications of zinc rich paint.

STEEL AND OTHER FERROUS METALS.--Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Dirt, water soluble chemicals, and similar surface contamination shall be removed by detergent wash or steam cleaning. Mill scale and rust shall be removed by hand cleaning or abrasive blasting.

ALUMINUM AND OTHER NON-FERROUS METALS.--Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Dirt, water soluble chemicals, and similar surface contamination shall be removed by detergent wash.

GYPSUM BOARD.--Holes, cracks, and other surface imperfections shall be filled with joint compound or suitable filler prior to application of coatings. Taped joints and filled areas shall be hand sanded to remove excess joint compound and filler.

SHOP PRIMED SURFACES.--Dirt, oil, grease, or other surface contaminants shall be removed by water blasting, steam cleaning, or TSP wash. Minor surface imperfections shall be filled as required for new work. Mildew shall be removed by mildew wash. Chalking paint shall be removed by hand cleaning. The surfaces of existing hard or glossy coatings shall be abraded to dull the finish by hand cleaning or light abrasive blasting. Abrasive blasting shall not be used on wood or non-ferrous metal surfaces.

Chipped, peeling, blistered, or loose coatings shall be removed by hand cleaning, water blasting, or abrasive blasting. Bare areas shall be pretreated and primed as required for new work.

DEFINITIONS.--

DETERGENT WASH.--Removal of dirt and water soluble chemicals by scrubbing with a solution of detergent and water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

HAND CLEANING.--Removal of dirt, loose rust, mill scale, excess base material, filler, aluminum oxide, chalking paint, peeling paint, or paint which is not firmly bonded to the surfaces by using hand or powered wire brushes, hand scraping tools, power grinders, or sandpaper and removal of all loose particles and dust prior to coating.

MILDEW WASH.--Removal of mildew by scrubbing with a solution of detergent, hypochlorite-type household bleach, and warm water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

ABRASIVE BLASTING.--Removal of oil, grease, form release agents, paint, dirt, rust, mill scale, efflorescence, weak concrete, or laitance, by the use of airborne abrasives, and removal of loose particles, dust, and abrasives by blasting with clean air.

Abrasives shall be limited to clean dry sand, mineral grit, steel grit, or steel shot, and shall be graded to produce satisfactory results. Unwashed beach sand containing salt or silt shall not be used.

Abrasive blasting shall conform to the requirements of SSPC-SP6-85, Commercial Blast Cleaning, as defined in the Steel Structures Painting Council Manual.

Light abrasive blasting shall conform to the requirements of SSPC-SP7-85, Brush-Off Blast Cleaning, as defined in the Steel Structures Painting Council Manual.

SOLVENT WASH.--Removal of oil, grease, wax, dirt, or other foreign matter by using solvents, such as mineral spirits or xylol, or other approved cleaning compounds.

STEAM CLEANING.--Removal of oil, grease, dirt, rust, scale, or other foreign matter by using steam generated by commercial steam cleaning equipment, from a solution of water and steam cleaning compounds, and removal of all residues and cleaning compounds with clean water.

TSP WASH.--Removal of oil, grease, dirt, paint gloss, and other foreign matter by scrubbing with a solution of trisodium phosphate and warm water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

WATER BLASTING.--High pressure, low volume water stream for removing dirt, light scale, chalking or peeling paint. Water blasting equipment shall produce not less than a 13 800 MPa minimum output pressure when used. Heated water shall not exceed 66°C. If a detergent solution is used, it shall be biodegradable and shall be removed from all surfaces with clean water.

PROTECTION.--The Contractor shall provide protective devices, such as tarps, screens or covers, as necessary to prevent damage to the work and to other property or persons from all cleaning and painting operations.

Paint or paint stains on surfaces not designated to be painted shall be removed by the Contractor at his expense and the original surface restored to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

APPLICATION.--

GENERAL.--Coatings shall be applied in accordance with the printed instructions and at the application rates recommended by the manufacturer to achieve the dry film thickness specified in these special provisions.

Mixing, thinning and tinting shall conform to the manufacturer's printed instructions. Thinning will be allowed only when recommended by the manufacturer.

Coatings shall be applied only when surfaces are dry and properly prepared.

Cleaning and painting shall be scheduled so that dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly coated surfaces.

Materials required to be coated shall have coatings applied to all exposed surfaces, including the tops and bottoms of metal doors, and other surfaces not normally visible from eye level.

APPLICATION SURFACE FINISH.--Each coat shall be applied to a uniform finish. Finished surfaces shall be free of surface deviations and imperfections such as skips, cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, curtains, ropiness, improper cutting in, overspray, drips, ridges, waves, and variations in color and texture.

Each application of a multiple application finish system shall closely resemble the final color coat, except each application shall provide enough contrast in shade to distinguish the separate applications.

WORK REQUIRED BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.--Each application of material shall be cured in accordance with the coating manufacturer's recommendations before applying the succeeding coating. Enamels and clear finishes shall be lightly sanded, dusted, and wiped clean between applications.

Stain blocking primer shall be spot applied whenever stains bleed through the previous application of a coating.

TIMING OF APPLICATIONS.--The first application of the specified coating system shall be applied prior to any deterioration of the newly prepared surface. Metal surfaces shall be prepared and prime coated the same day that cleaning of bare metal is performed. Additional prime coats shall be applied as soon as drying time of the preceding coat permits.

Metal surfaces shall be prime coated within 12 hours of application of vinyl wash pretreatment.

Shellac sealer shall be allowed to dry at least 12 hours before applying the next coat.

Drying time between applications of water borne coatings shall be at least 12 hours.

APPLICATION METHODS.--Coatings shall be applied by brush, roller or spray. Rollers shall be of a type which do not leave a stippled texture in the paint film. Extension handles for rollers shall not be greater than 2 m in length.

If spray methods are used, surface deviations and imperfections such as, overspray, thickness deviations, lap marks, and orange peel shall be considered as evidence that the work is unsatisfactory and the Contractor shall apply the remainder of the coating by brush or roller, as approved by the Engineer.

DRY FILM THICKNESS.--

Vinyl wash pretreatment	0.007 mm to 0.13 mm, maximum.
Bituminous paint	0.1 mm, minimum.
Other primers, undercoats, sealers, and coatings	As recommended by the manufacturer.

BACKPRIMING.--The first application of the specified coating system shall be applied to all wood surfaces (face, back, edges, and ends) of wood materials that are not factory coated, immediately upon delivery to the project site, except surfaces of interior finish woodwork that adjoin concrete or masonry shall be coated with one application of alkyd exterior wood primer before installation.

All primed metal surfaces in contact with concrete or concrete block exterior walls shall be coated with a bituminous paint on those surfaces in contact with the wall.

PATCHES IN PREVIOUSLY COATED SURFACES.--Where patches are made on surfaces of previously coated walls or ceilings, the entire surface to corners on every side of the patch shall be coated with a minimum of one application of the finish coat.

FINISHING MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.--Shop primed mechanical and electrical components shall be finish coated in accordance with the coating system entitled, "Shop Primed Steel." Louvers, grilles, covers, and access panels on mechanical and electrical components shall be removed and coated separately.

Interior surfaces of air ducts which are visible through grilles or louvers shall be coated with one application of flat black enamel, to limit of the sight line.

Exposed conduit, piping, and other mechanical and electrical components visible in public areas shall be painted.

Both sides and all surfaces, including edges and back of wood mounting panels for electrical and telephone equipment shall be finish coated before installing equipment.

CLEANING.--Upon completion of all operations, the coated surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of dust, dirt, grease, or other unsightly materials or substances.

Surfaces marred or damaged as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be repaired, at his expense, to match the condition of the surfaces prior to the beginning of the Contractor's operations.

COATING SYSTEMS.--The surfaces to be coated shall be as shown on the plans and as specified elsewhere in these special provisions. When a coating system is not shown or specified for a surface to be finish coated, the coating system to be used shall be as specified for the substrate material. The number of applications specified for each coating system listed herein is a minimum. Additional coats shall be applied if necessary to obtain a uniform color, texture, appearance, or required dry film thickness.

SYSTEM 1- ALUMINUM AND OTHER NON-FERROUS METALS.--

- 1 pretreat coat: vinyl wash pretreatment
- 1 prime coat: aluminum primer
- 2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 2- GALVANIZED METAL.--

- 1 pretreat coat: vinyl wash pretreatment
- 1 prime coat: galvanized metal primer
- 2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 3- GYPSUM BOARD.--

- 1 prime coat: PVA wall sealer
- 2 finish coats: acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 4- SHOP PRIMED STEEL.--

- 1 prime coat : red oxide ferrous metal primer
- 2 finish coats: alkyd, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 5- STEEL AND OTHER FERROUS METALS.--

2 prime coats: red oxide ferrous metal primer
2 finish coats: alkyd, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

COLOR SCHEDULE.--Colors will be selected from the manufacturer's standard color palette.

12-9.07 FIBERGLASS REINFORCED PLASTIC PANELS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) panels and trim molding in accordance with details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, and finish options shall be submitted for approval.

Product descriptive data shall show the manufacturer's name and shall indicate conformance to these special provisions.

Installation instructions shall show the FRP panel manufacturer's recommended method of installation.

Finish options shall show the manufacturer's standard color palette for FRP panels and trim molding. Color shall be selected from the manufacturer's standard color palette by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

PRODUCTS.--

FRP panel.--

FRP panel shall be Class I flame-spread, minimum nominal thickness of 2 mm; Marlite, Class A/I FRP; Kemlite, Fire-X Glasbord; or equal.

Trim molding.--

Trim molding shall be manufacturer's standard vinyl molding with nailing flanges and a 9 mm deep channel of sufficient width to receive panels and sealant.

Adhesive and sealant.--

Adhesive and sealant shall be as recommended by the FRP panel manufacturer.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--The FRP panels and trim molding shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

Trim molding shall be nailed through the flange into solid wood backing. All nails shall be concealed by FRP panels in the completed installation. Trim shall be one continuous piece along each wall unless the wall length exceeds the manufacturer's standard trim length. If more than one piece is used on one wall, the pieces shall be approximately equal length, with no piece less than 1 m in length. All FRP panel edges shall be covered by a trim molding.

Panels shall be one continuous piece along each wall unless the wall length exceeds the manufacturer's standard panel length. If more than one panel piece is used on one wall, the pieces shall be approximately equal length, with no piece less than one meter in length.

CLEAN-UP.--Adjacent surfaces shall be protected from adhesive or sealant. Excess adhesive and sealant shall be removed as the installation progresses using a solvent or cleaning agent recommended by the FRP panel manufacturer.

12-9.08 ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE

GENERAL.--This work consists of furnishing and installing acoustic tile on ceilings in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions and 2 samples of the acoustic tile shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Acoustic tile.--

Acoustic tile shall be 305 mm x 305 mm x 15 mm minimum thickness, square edges, nondirectional natural fissured texture, factory applied, washable, off-white vinyl finish. Tile shall conform to ASTM E 1264 Type IV, Form 2. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC) range shall be between 0.60 and 0.75. Panels shall have a flame spread rating not exceeding 25.

Adhesives.--

Adhesives shall be as recommended by acoustic tile manufacturer.

EXECUTION.--

PREPARATION.--Surfaces to receive acoustic tile shall be clean, dry and level and shall be prepared in accordance with the adhesive manufacturer's recommendations.

INSTALLATION.--Tile shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Installation of tile shall be restricted to periods when the ambient room temperature is between 13°C and 35°C.

12-9.09 SUSPENDED CEILINGS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing suspended ceilings in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Suspended ceilings shall consist of lay-in acoustical ceilings panels and an exposed grid suspension system. Listed fire rated assemblies shall be installed where shown on the plans.

DESIGN.--The suspension system shall be designed to support the weight of ceiling panels, lighting fixtures, air terminals, service assemblies and such other items, not mentioned, which are supported by the suspended ceiling system.

The deflection of any component of the suspension system shall not exceed 1/360 of the span.

The suspension system shall be designed for seismic restraint in accordance with ASTM Designation: E 580.

Lighting fixture attachments shall be designed for a capacity of 100 percent of the lighting fixture weight acting in any direction.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions and complete working drawings of all supporting details, lighting fixture attachments, lateral force bracing, partition bracing and runner and panel layouts shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Acoustical panels.--

Acoustical panels shall be factory produced, lay-in panels, 610 mm x 1219 mm x 16 mm thick with non-directional natural fissured surface texture and factory applied, washable, off-white, vinyl finish. Panels shall conform to ASTM E 1264 Type IV, Form 2. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC) range shall be between 0.60 and 0.75. Panels shall have a flame spread rating not exceeding 25.

Suspension system.--

Suspension system shall be galvanized steel, tee shaped main runners and cross runners and wall molding angles or channels conforming to ASTM Designation: C 635, intermediate duty or heavy duty. Runners shall have exposed flanges approximately one inch wide and positive interlocks between main runners and cross runners. Wall moldings shall have a 19 mm wide exposed face. Runners and moldings shall be bonderized and shall have a flat off-white color, factory painted finish.

Wire hangers.--

Wire hangers shall be 2.7 mm (12-gage) minimum, galvanized, soft-annealed, mild steel wire.

Assembly devices, splices, intersection connectors and expansion devices.--

Assembly devices, splices, intersection connectors and expansion devices shall be as recommended by the suspension system manufacturer.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--The suspended ceiling shall be installed square, level and true in accordance with the approved working drawings, the manufacturer's installation instructions and the requirements of ASTM Designations: C 636 and E 580 and Uniform Building Code (UBC) Standard No. 25-2.

Hangers for the suspension system shall be spaced at not more than 1.2 m on centers and shall be saddle tied or wrapped around the main runner members.

Except as specified herein, all lighting fixtures, air terminals, services or other ceiling supported items shall be positively attached to the suspension system.

Lighting fixtures, air terminals, services or other items weighing less than 25 kg shall have, in addition to the requirements specified herein, two 2.7 mm (12-gage) hangers connected from the housing of the fixture, terminal, service or other items to the structure above. These hanger wires may be slack.

Lighting fixtures, air terminals, services or other items weighing more than 25 kg shall be supported directly from the structure above.

The ceiling shall be leveled to within 3 mm in 3.6 m.

MAINTENANCE STOCK.--Upon completion of the suspended ceiling work, one unopened carton of acoustical panels shall be delivered to a location at the project site designated by the Engineer.

SECTION 12-10. SPECIALTIES

12-10.01 TACKBOARDS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing tackboards in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, color and texture samples and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval. Color and texture will be selected by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

PRODUCTS.--

Tackboards.--

Tackboards shall be textured plastic coating on cotton-fabric, pressure laminated to 6 mm thick cork underlayment. Cork underlayment shall be bonded to a 6 mm thick hardboard backing. Tackboard dimensions shall be as shown on the plans.

Border moldings.--

Border moldings shall be factory applied, extruded clear anodized aluminum trim.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Tackboards shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true, and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

12-10.02 MARKER BOARDS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a marker boards in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

One felt eraser and 12 felt tipped liquid chalk markers of assorted colors shall be furnished for each marker board installed.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Marker board.--

Marker board shall conform to Porcelain Enamel Institute Standard PEI-S-104, and shall be porcelain enamel surface on 0.61 mm thick (24-gage) sheet steel pressure laminated to 6 mm thick tempered hardboard. Hardboard shall have a backing of 0.38 mm nominal thickness aluminum sheet. Enamel surface shall be suitable for marking with felt tipped liquid chalk markers and erasing with a felt eraser or dry cloth. The enamel surface shall be white in color.

Marker board dimensions shall be as shown on the plans.

Trim and marker tray.--

Trim and marker tray shall be factory installed, satin finish, clear anodized aluminum extrusions.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Marker boards shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

12-10.03 METAL TOILET PARTITIONS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing metal toilet partitions in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Metal toilet partitions shall consist of panels, doors, pilasters, headrails, urinal screens, fasteners, anchorages and hardware. Internal reinforcement shall be provided at all fasteners, anchorages, hardware and accessories.

Doors, panels, pilasters, and urinal screens shall have a factory applied, baked on enamel finish consisting of not less than one prime coat over a chemically pretreated base followed by at least one baked on enamel finish coat.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, standard color palette, installation instructions and working drawings shall be submitted for approval.

Colors will be selected from the manufacturer's standard color palette by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

Working drawings shall show the plan layout, door and panel elevations and all details required for the complete installation and anchorage of the partition system.

PRODUCTS.--

Doors and panels.--

Doors and panels shall be flush, 25 mm minimum thickness, formed of two 0.86 mm (22-gage) minimum thickness, galvanized steel sheets over a honeycomb core. Doors and panels shall have formed edges sealed with a continuous oval crown locking strip, and shall be mitered, welded and finished at the corners.

Doors shall have controlled action hinges, with vertical pintle and ball bearing roller operating on adjustable cams, or moving parts of nylon and stainless steel. Top pivots shall be recessed into edges of doors.

Doors shall be provided with slide bar latch and a combination coat-hat hook and door stop. Doors on stalls designed for use by the disabled shall also be provided with door pulls.

Pilasters.--

Pilasters shall be 32 mm thick, of the same construction as the doors and panels, except the galvanized face sheets shall be 1.0 mm (20-gage) minimum thickness, and shall have an adjustable, leveling base.

Headrails.--

Headrails shall be anodized aluminum, 25 mm x 38 mm minimum, with exposed ends capped.

Fasteners and anchorages.--

Fasteners and anchorages shall be stainless steel with vandal resistant heads.

Hardware.--

Hardware shall be highly polished chromium plated, cast alloy, or heavy duty anodized aluminum.

Pilasters anchors.--

Pilasters anchors shall be integral stud anchor type or internally threaded expansion sleeve type with single cone expander. Self-drilling type anchorage shall not be used.

Pilaster shoes.--

Pilaster shoes shall be one-piece, stainless steel, with concealed hold down clips, and of sufficient height to completely cover the base and anchors.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Metal toilet partitions shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb, and true and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Tops and bottoms of doors shall align with tops and bottoms of panels, and all horizontal lines shall be level.

Rigid backing shall be provided in walls to receive anchorages.

Panels shall be anchored with at least 3 brackets at each wall and pilaster. Two anchors shall be used to fasten each pilaster base to the floor.

Doors shall not bind during opening and closing. The clearance between the door edges and pilasters shall be uniform, equidistant, and shall not exceed 5 mm. Hinges shall be adjusted to hold doors ajar when unlatched. Doors on stalls designed for use by the disabled shall return to the closed position.

Drilling, cutting and fitting of wall and floor finishes shall be concealed by the completed installation.

CLEAN-UP.--Toilet partitions shall be cleaned, polished and free of all defects. Chipped, dented, scratched, or otherwise damaged work shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

12-10.04 SIGNS**PART 1.- GENERAL****SUMMARY.--**

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing signs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for sign materials, colors and graphics, and for fastening hardware and material shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS**Plastic signs (permanent room identification).--**

Plastic signs for permanent room identification for other than restrooms shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardent, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 25 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material, accompanied by Grade 2 Braille.

Grade 2 Braille dots shall be 2.5 mm on centers in each cell with 5 mm space between cells. Dots shall be raised a minimum of 0.6 mm above the background.

Plastic sign (restroom).--

Plastic sign for restroom shall be not less than 6 mm acrylic plastic. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 15090. Male/female symbol and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 17886.

Male restroom identification shall be a male symbol on an equilateral triangle with edges 305 mm long and a vertex pointing upward.

Female restroom identification shall be a female symbol on a 305 mm diameter circle.

Accessible building entrance sign.--

Accessible building entrance sign shall be not less than 3 mm acrylic plastic, not less than 102 mm x 102 mm , with the international symbol of accessibility.

Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 15090. Symbol and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595a, Color No. 17886.

Fastening hardware and material.--

Fastening hardware and material shall be as recommended by the sign manufacturer. Fasteners shall be noncorrosive.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Inscription.--Except for exit signs, sign messages shall be as shown on the plans.

Installation.--Plastic signs for room identification and restrooms shall be fastened or secured to clean, finished surfaces in accordance with the sign manufacturer's instructions. Signs shall be installed at a location and height as shown on the plans.

Fastening hardware and material shall be installed within the sign as shown on the plans.

12-10.05 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing fire extinguishers with mounting brackets in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

REFERENCES.--

General.--Fire Extinguishers shall conform to the requirements in California Code of Regulations, Title 19, Chapter 3, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Fire extinguishers shall be Underwriters Laboratories or Factory Mutual Laboratories approved for the type, rating and classification of extinguisher specified.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURER'S.--

Acceptable manufacturers.--Subject to contract compliance, manufacturers shall be J. L. Industries; Larsen's Manufacturing; Potter-Roemer; or equal.

COMPONENTS.--

Fire extinguisher.--

Fire extinguisher shall be fully charged, multi-purpose dry chemical type, with charge indicator, hose and nozzle, and attached service record tag. Fire extinguisher shall be of the capacity and type rating shown on the plans. Minimum 2A-10BC rating.

Mounting bracket.--

Mounting bracket shall be the manufacturer's standard painted, surface mounted type.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Fire extinguishers shall be installed in locations and at mounting heights indicated, or if not indicated, at heights to comply with applicable regulations of governing agencies.

Fire extinguisher mounting brackets shall be attached to structure, square and plumb, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

IDENTIFICATION.--

Bracket-mounted.--Extinguishers shall be identified with red letter decals spelling "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" applied to wall surface. Letter size, style and location as selected by the Engineer.

SERVICING.--

General.--Fire extinguishers shall be service, charged, and tagged not more than 5 days prior to contract acceptance.

12-10.06 TOILET AND SHOWER ACCESSORIES

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing toilet and shower accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions and details shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Toilet tissue dispenser.--

Toilet tissue dispenser shall be dual roll, surface mounted, stainless steel with satin finish, approximately 150 mm x 290 mm x 150 mm deep. Dispenser shall utilize standard toilet tissue rolls. The top roll shall automatically drop into place after the bottom roll is depleted. One dispenser per toilet stall.

Combination paper towel dispenser and waste receptacle.--

Combination paper towel dispenser and waste receptacle shall be semi-recessed unit of stainless steel with satin finish. The approximate size shall be 355 mm x 1880 mm x 190 mm deep with 102 mm skirt. The paper towel dispenser shall have a capacity of 1000 single fold paper towels. The waste receptacle shall have a capacity of not less than 37 liters. One unit per lavatory.

Toilet seat cover dispenser.--

Toilet seat cover dispenser shall be stainless steel with satin finish, approximately 210 mm x 320 mm x 48 mm deep, single pack. One dispenser per toilet stall.

Napkin receptacle.--

Napkin receptacle shall be wall hung, white enameled sheet steel napkin receptacle with hinged top and bottom, disposable liner, approximate 3.8 liter capacity container. One receptacle per women's toilet stall.

Clothes hook.--

Clothes hook shall be stainless steel clothes hook with 2 prongs.

Liquid soap dispenser.--

Liquid soap dispenser shall be surface mounted, heavy duty plastic dispenser for industrial use with a capacity of at least 710 mL. One dispenser per lavatory.

Mirror, wall hung.--

Mirror, wall hung shall be Number 1 quality, 6 mm thick, electrolytically copper plated float or plate glass mirror with nonmoisture-absorbing filler. Mirror shall have a heavy gage galvanized steel back and stainless steel frame. The frame shall have a satin finish and shall be mitered and welded and the corners shall be ground smooth. Fasteners shall not penetrate surfaces of the frame exposed to view. Mirror shall conform to Federal Specification: DD-M-411b and shall be guaranteed against silver spoilage for not less than 10 years.

Steel grab bars.--

Steel grab bars shall be stainless steel, 38 mm diameter bars and escutcheon covered integral mounting flanges.

Utility shelf.--

Utility shelf shall be stainless steel with satin finish.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Toilet and shower accessories shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Fasteners for mounting accessories shall be concealed and tamper proof.

Expansion anchors shall be used for mounting accessories on masonry or concrete walls.

Toilet and shower accessories shall be mounted after painting work is complete.

All toilet room accessories shall be mounted plumb, secure and rigid. Grab bars shall be supported adequately so the bars will withstand an applied load of 113 kg at any point.

12-10.07 MOP HOLDER

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a mop holder in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Mop holder.--

Mop holder shall hold 4 mops and shall be fabricated of heavy gauge stainless steel with a polished satin finish. Mop holder consists of spring loaded rubber cams on plated steel retainers. Mop holder shall be A&J Modes UJ13B; Bradley Model 9954; Bobrick Model B-223; or equal.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Mop holder shall be installed rigidly and securely.

SECTION 12-11. EQUIPMENT

12-11.01 PROJECTION SCREEN

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing projection screen in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval. Working drawings for the installation of the projection screen shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Projection screen.--

Projection screen shall be 1525 mm x 1525 mm, matte white or glass beaded, fiberglass. Both case and slat shall be 22-gage steel with enameled finish.

Screens shall be Bretford, Series 500; Da-Lite, Model B; Draper, Luma; or equal.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Projection screen shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true, and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

12-11.02 BREAKROOM EQUIPMENT

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing breakroom equipment as shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The color of breakroom equipment shall be white.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Refrigerator.--

Refrigerator shall be free standing, 2 door, no frost type, UL listed, 120-volt AC, single phase, 60 hertz, with upper freezer compartment, and 2 vegetable/fruit pans, nominal 0.42 m³ capacity, 2 interior adjustable shelves, door shelves, polystyrene inner cabinet liner. Refrigerator shall be of the following types: GE; Hot Point; Amana; or equal

Microwave Oven.--

Microwave oven shall have cook top light, nominal 1.0 cubic feet capacity oven, UL listed, 120 volts AC, single phase, 60 hertz, electronic touch controls, multiple power levels, digital display with clock function. Microwave shall be of the following type: GE; Hot Point; Amana; or equal.

EXECUTION.--

Installation shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

SECTION 12-12. FURNISHINGS

12-12.01 HORIZONTAL BLINDS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing horizontal blinds in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Horizontal blinds shall be standard, factory manufactured assemblies suitable for use on exterior wall windows.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, color chips, and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Horizontal blinds.--

Horizontal blinds shall be nominal 25 mm wide, spring tempered virgin aluminum alloy horizontal slats supported by braided polyester ladders. Braided ladders shall hold slats at equal spaces, parallel, straight, and shall provide tilt control and adequate overlap of slats. The distance between ladders shall not exceed 585 mm. Slat tilt shall be adjustable by a transparent wand. Blinds shall be adjustable to any height using lift cords.

Hardware shall be enclosed in a metal head and the opening hardware shall be clinched to the head. All metal parts shall have a corrosion resistant coating.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Horizontal blinds shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

SECTIONS 12-13. AND 12-14. (BLANK)

SECTION 12-15. MECHANICAL

12-15.01 MECHANICAL WORK

GENERAL.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing mechanical work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Mechanical work shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services required for providing heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing and natural gas distribution systems.

Earthwork, foundations, sheet metal, painting, electrical, and such other work incidental and necessary to the proper installation and operation of the mechanical work shall be in accordance with the requirements specified for similar type work elsewhere in these special provisions.

System layouts are generally diagrammatic and location of equipment is approximate. Exact routing of pipes, ducts, etc., and location of equipment is to be governed by structural conditions and obstructions. Equipment requiring maintenance and inspection is to be readily accessible.

Roof penetrations shall be flashed and sealed watertight in accordance with the requirements specified under "Sheet Metal Flashing" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions for plumbing fixtures, and component layout shall be included where applicable.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for the following:

- Access Door
- Air Conditioner A/C-1 (package unit)
- Air Conditioner A/C-2 (split unit)
- Backflow Preventer
- Balance Damper
- Ball Valve
- Ceiling Diffuser
- Cleanout through floor
- Cleanout through wall
- Compression Stop
- Damper
- Electric Water Cooler
- Exhaust Fan
- Fire Extinguisher
- Flexible Ductwork
- Floor Drain
- Flush Valve
- Gas Valve
- Gas Water Heater
- Gate Valve
- Hose Faucet
- Insulating Union
- Kitchen Sink
- Lavatory

Mop Sink
Piping
Return Register
Rigid Ductwork
Shop Drawings
Smoke Detector
Thermostat (office only)
Trap Primer
Urinal
Valve Box
Water Closet
Water Hammer Arrestor

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Operation and maintenance manuals.--Prior to the completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions with parts lists for the equipment specified herein shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The instructions and parts lists shall be indexed and bound in a manual form and shall be complete and adequate for the equipment installed. Inadequate or incomplete material shall be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

Operation and maintenance manuals shall be submitted for the following equipment:

Air Conditioner A/C-1 (package unit)
Air Conditioner A/C-2 (split unit)
Electric Water Cooler
Flush Valve
Smoke Detector
Thermostat (office only)
Trap Primer

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Mechanical work, including equipment, materials and installation, shall conform to the California Building Standards Code, Title 24, and to the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, Division of Industrial Safety (DIS).

WARRANTY.--

Warranties and guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

12-15.02 PIPE, FITTINGS AND VALVES

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing pipes, fittings and valves in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions. Pipe, fittings and valves shall include such plumbing and piping accessories and appurtenances, not mentioned, that are required for the proper installation and operation of the plumbing and piping systems.

All piping insulation and associated material shall be in accordance with the requirements specified under "Mechanical Insulation," in this Section 12-15.

The pipe sizes shown on the plans are nominal pipe size (NPS). No change in the pipe size shown on the plans shall be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

The pipe and fitting classes and material descriptions shall be as specified herein. No change in class or description shall be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Pipe, fittings and valves shall be installed in accordance with the requirements in the latest edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code, the manufacturer's recommendations and the requirements specified herein.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

PIPE AND FITTINGS --

Class Description

A1.--

Schedule 40 galvanized steel pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: A 53, with 1040 kPa galvanized malleable iron banded screwed fittings and galvanized steel couplings. The weight of the zinc coating shall be not less than 90 percent of that specified in ASTM Designation: A 53.

B2.--

Schedule 40 black steel pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: A 53, with 1040 kPa black malleable iron banded screwed fittings and black steel couplings.

Steel pipe coating, where required, shall be factory applied plastic. Pipe coating shall be Standard Pipe Protection, X-Tru-Coat (0.50 mm thick); Pipe Line Service Corporation, Republic; 3M Company, Scotchkote 205 (0.30 mm thick); or equal.

C1.--

Hub and plain end cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets conforming to Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute's Standard 301. Pipe, fittings and gaskets shall be of one manufacturer.

C2.--

Hubless cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets, corrugated stainless steel shields and stainless steel clamps conforming to Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute's Standard 301. Joint materials shall be furnished by pipe manufacturer.

H1.--

Type DWV hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 306, with DWV drainage fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters.

H2.--

Type K hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 88, with wrought copper or cast bronze solder joint pressure fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters. Solder shall be lead-free.

H3.--

Type L hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 88, with wrought copper or cast bronze solder joint pressure fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters. Solder shall be lead-free.

P1.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) gravity sewer plastic pipe and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3034, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 35, with integral bell and bell and spigot rubber gasketed joints or conforming to ASTM Designation: D2665 with solvent welded fittings. Rubber gaskets shall conform to ASTM Designation: F 477. Stainless steel clamps with rubber boots shall not be used.

P2.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) plastic pipe and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2241, Type I, Grade 1, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 21, rated for 1380 kPa working pressure at 23°C, National Sanitation Foundation approved. Pipe shall have bell ends conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3139 with triple edge rubber sealing ring. For pipe sizes NPS 2 diameter and smaller, plain end pipe with solvent welded fittings ASTM Designation: D 2241, Type I, Grade 1, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 21, rated for 1380 kPa may be used.

P3.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) standard weight pipe and fittings, Schedule 40, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 1785. Pipe shall meet or exceed requirements of National Sanitation Foundation Standard No. 14. Pipe shall have bell ends conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2672. For pipe sizes NPS 3 and smaller, plain end pipe with solvent welded fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2241, may be used.

P4.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) plastic pipe and fittings shall conform to AWWA Designation: C900, class 150, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 18. Pipe shall have bell end with a solid cross section elastomeric ring conforming to ASTM Designation: D 1869.

P5.--

Polyethylene plastic gas pipe and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 1248 and D 2513 with Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 11, rated for 415 kPa working pressure at 23°C, socket type fittings, joined by heat fusion.

P6.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) natural gas pipe, Class 315, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2513. Fittings shall be Schedule 40 conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2513, and shall be primed and glued. Primer shall conform to ASTM Designation: F656. Solvent cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: D2564. Approved adapters shall be used for transition to other pipe materials.

Unions (for steel pipe).--

Unions (for steel pipe) shall be 1730 kPa, threaded malleable iron, ground joint, brass to iron seat, galvanized or black to match piping.

Unions (for copper or brass pipe).--

Unions (for copper or brass pipe) shall be 1040 kPa cast bronze, ground joint, bronze to bronze seat with silver brazing threadless ends or 860 kPa cast brass, ground joint, brass to brass seat with threaded ends.

Unions (for brass waste and flush pipes).--

Unions (for brass waste and flush pipes) shall be slip or flange joint unions with soft rubber or leather gaskets. Unions shall be placed on the fixture side of the traps.

Insulating union.--

Insulating union or flange as applicable shall be suitable for the service on which used. Connections shall be constructed such that the 2 pipes being connected are completely insulated from each other with no metal to metal contact. Insulating couplings shall not be used. Insulating union shall be F. H. Maloney; Central Plastics; EPCO; or equal.

Insulating connection (to hot water tanks).--

Insulating connection (to hot water tanks) shall be 150 mm minimum, flexible copper tubing with dielectric union at each end and designed to withstand a pressure of 1040 kPa and a temperature of 93°C.

VALVES.--

Gate valve (NPS 2 1/2 and smaller).--

Gate valve (NPS 2 1/2 and smaller) shall be bronze body and trim, removable bonnet and non rising stem, Class 125 and same size as pipe in which installed. Gate valve shall be Crane, 438; Nibco Scott, T-113; Jenkins, 370; or equal. Gate valve in nonferrous water piping systems may be solder joint type with bronze body and trim. Valve shall be Kitz, 59; Nibco Scott, S-113; Jenkins, 1240; or equal.

Ball valve.--

Ball valve shall be two piece, minimum 2760 kPa WOG, bronze body and chrome plated or brass ball with full size port. Valve shall be Nibco Scott, T-580; Watts, B-6000; Kitz, 56; or equal.

Gas valve.--

Gas valve shall be natural gas service type, bronze body, quarter turn, flathead and rated for 860 kPa. Gas valve shall be Crane, American or equal.

FAUCET.--

Hose faucet.--

Hose faucet shall be compression type, angle pattern, wall flange at exterior locations, tee handle, NPS 3/4 female thread with hose end, rough chrome or nickel plated finish for locations inside building, rough brass finish for others. Hose faucet shall be supplied with an integral or nonremovable threaded outlet vacuum breaker which meets the requirements of the American Society of Sanitary Engineering (ASSE) Standard: 1011. Hose faucet shall be Nibco, No. 63VB; Chicago, No. 13T; or equal.

CLEANOUTS.--

Cleanout through wall.--

Cleanout through wall shall be cast iron cleanout tee type with polished stainless access plates. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout shall be Wade, No. W-8460; Smith, No. 4532; Zurn, No. 1445; or equal.

Cleanout through floor.--

Cleanout through floor shall have nonslip scoriated nickel bronze access plate and adjustable frame with square pattern top for ceramic tile and round pattern top for other finishes. Where floors are constructed with a membrane, access frame shall be provided with membrane clamping flange. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout shall be Wade, W-7000 Series; Smith, 4023 Series; Zurn, No. 1400; or equal.

Cleanout through floors in exterior locations shall be heavy duty, floating pipe type with cast iron cover. Cleanouts shall be Wade, No. W-8300-HF; Smith, No. 4253; Zurn, No. 1474; or equal.

Cleanout to grade.--

Cleanout to grade shall be cast iron ferrule type. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout to grade shall be Wade, No. W-8450; Smith, 4420; Zurn, No 1440; or equal.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.--

Water hammer arrestor.--

Water hammer arrestor shall be stainless steel body with bellows or piston. Arrestor compression chambers shall be pneumatically charged. Water hammer arrestors shall be tested and certified in accordance with the Plumbing and Drainage Institute Standard: PDI-WH201 and sized as shown on the plans.

Access door.--

Access door shall be 1.52 mm prime coated steel, face mounting square frame, minimum 300 mm x 300 mm door with concealed hinge and screwdriver latch.

Compression stop (exposed).--

Compression stop (exposed) shall be metal full free waterway, angle type, ground joint union, non-rising stem, molded rubber seat and wheel handle.

Compression stop (concealed).--

Compression stop (concealed) shall be long neck, built-in compression stops for required wall thickness, loose key and exposed parts polished chromium plated. Supplies shall be Chicago, 1771; California Brass, No. 172; or equal.

Wye strainer.--

Wye strainer shall be wye pattern, cast iron body and Type 304 stainless steel or monel strainer screen. The strainer screen shall have an open area equal to at least 3 times the cross sectional area of the pipe based on NPS and shall be woven wire fabric with 20 mesh or perforated sheet with 850 micron maximum diameter holes.

Backflow preventer (reduced pressure).--

Backflow preventer shall be factory assembled with 2 check valves, one pressure differential relief valve, 2 shutoff valves and 4 test cocks. Backflow preventer shall be reduced pressure principle devices listed by the County of Los Angeles Department of Health Services, Cross-Connection and Water Pollution Control Section, 2525 Corporate Place, Monterey Park, California 91754, Telephone (213) 881-4140.

Pipe hanger (for piping supported from overhead).--

Pipe hanger (for piping supported from overhead) shall be Grinnell, Model 269; Super Struct, C711; or equal.

Pipe wrapping tape and primer.--

Pipe wrapping tape shall be pressure sensitive polyvinyl chloride or pressure sensitive polyethylene tape having nominal thickness of 0.50 mm. Wrapping tape shall be Polyken, 922; Manville, Trantex VID-20; Scotchrap, 51; or equal.

Pipe wrapping primer shall be compatible with the pipe wrapping tape used.

Floor and wall plates.--

Floor and wall plates shall be chromium plated steel or plastic plates having screw or spring clamping devices and concealed hinges. Plates shall be sized to completely cover the hole.

Valve box.--

Valve box shall be precast high density concrete with polyethylene face and cast iron traffic rated cover marked "WATER," "GAS" or "CO-SS" as applicable. Extension shall be provided as required. Valve box shall be Christy, B3; Brooks Products Company, 3TL; Frazer, 3; or equal.

Floor drain.--

Floor drain shall be cast iron body and flashing collar, adjustable nickel bronze NPS 6 strainer head with seepage openings and caulk or no-hub outlet. Floor drain shall be round or square as shown on the Architectural plans. Floor drain shall be J. R. Smith, 2005/2010; Wade, W-1100; Zurn, Z-415; or equal.

Trap primer.--

Trap primer shall be brass pressure drop sensitive type primer valve with "O" ring seals. installed in the supply line and connected to the floor drain trap with NPS tubing. Trap primer shall be PPP Inc.; Prime-Rite; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

INSTALLATION OF PIPES AND FITTINGS.--

Pipe and fittings.--Pipe and fittings shall be installed in accordance with the following designated uses:

Designated Use	Pipe and Fitting Class
Potable water (CW and HW) in buildings	H3 or A1
Potable water underground within 1.5 m of the building	A1 or H2
Potable underground 1.5 m beyond the building	P2, P3, P4, A1 or H2
Sanitary drain piping above ground in building	H1, C1, or C2
Sanitary drain and vent piping underground within 1.5 m of the building	C1 or C2
Sanitary vent piping above ground in building	H1, C1, or C2
Sanitary drain pipe, 1.5 m beyond the building	C1, C2, or P1
Natural gas, above ground	A1 or B2
Natural gas, underground	B2 (plastic coated), P5 or P6

Installing piping.--Water piping shall be installed generally level, free of traps and bends, and arranged to conform to the building requirements.

Piping installed underground shall be tested as specified elsewhere in these special provisions before backfilling.

Public use areas, offices, rest rooms, crew rooms, storage rooms in office areas, hallway type rooms, and similar areas shall have concealed piping.

Piping shall be installed parallel to walls. All obstructions shall be cleared, headroom preserved and openings and passageways kept clear whether shown or not. Piping shall not interfere with other work.

Where pipes pass through exterior walls, a clear space around pipe shall be provided. Space shall be caulked water tight with silicone caulk.

Underground copper pipe shall have brazed joints. Underground plastic pipe shall be buried with No. 14 solid bare copper wire. Wire ends at pipe ends shall be brought up 200 mm and looped around pipe.

Exposed supply and drain piping in restrooms shall be chrome finished.

Gas piping shall not be installed under building concrete slabs or structure. An insulating connection and valve shall be installed above ground at each building supply.

Gas piping shall be pitched to equipment or to low point and provided with a 200 mm minimum dirt leg.

Plastic pipe used for natural gas shall be below grade outside of building only. Transition to Class B2 plastic coated shall be before meter, regulator, or building wall with approved metal to plastic transition fitting. PVC natural gas pipe shall be installed in accordance with International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials (IAPMO) Standard: IS10.

Forty-five degree bends shall be used where offsets are required in venting. Vent pipe headers shall be sloped to eliminate any water or condensation.

Vent piping shall extend a minimum of 200 mm above the roof.

Horizontal sanitary sewer pipe inside buildings shall be installed on a uniform grade of not less than 2 percent unless shown otherwise on the plans.

Drainage pipe shall be run as straight as possible and shall have easy bends with long turns.

Wye fittings and 1/8 or 1/16 bends shall be used where possible. Long sweep bends and combination Wye and 1/8 bends may be used only for the connection of branch pipes to fixtures and on vertical runs of pipe.

Water pipe near sewers.--Water pipe shall not be installed below sewer pipe in the same trench or at any crossing, or below sewer pipe in parallel trenches less than 3 m apart.

When a water pipe crosses above a sewer pipe, a vertical separation of at least 300 mm between the top of the sewer and the bottom of the water pipe shall be maintained.

When water and sewer pipe is installed in the same trench, the water pipe shall be on a solid shelf at least 300 mm above the top of the sewer pipe and 300 mm to one side.

Pipe sleeves.--The Contractor shall provide sleeves, inserts and openings necessary for the installation of pipe, fittings and valves. Damage to surrounding surfaces shall be patched to match existing.

PVC pipe sleeves shall be provided where each pipe passes through concrete floors, footings, walls or ceilings. Inside diameter of sleeves shall be at least 20 mm larger than outside diameter of pipe. Sleeves shall be installed to provide at least 10 mm space all around pipe the full depth of concrete. Space between pipes and pipe sleeves shall be caulked watertight.

Cutting pipe.--All pipe shall be cut straight and true and the ends shall be reamed to the full inside diameter of the pipe after cutting.

Damaged pipe.--Pipe that is cracked, bent or otherwise damaged shall be removed from the work.

Pipe joints and connections.--Joints in threaded steel pipe shall be made with teflon tape or a pipe joint compound that is nonhardening and noncorrosive, placed on the pipe and not in the fittings.

The use of thread cement or caulking on threaded joints will not be permitted. Threaded joints shall be made tight. Long screw or other packed joints will not be permitted. Any leaky joints shall be remade with new material.

Exposed polished or enameled connections to fixtures or equipment shall be made with special care, showing no tool marks or threads.

Cleaning and closing pipe.--The interior of all pipe shall be cleaned before installation. All openings shall be capped or plugged as soon as the pipe is installed to prevent the entrance of any materials. The caps or plugs shall remain in place until their removal is necessary for completion of the installation.

Securing pipe.--Pipe in the buildings shall be held in place by iron hangers, supports, pipe rests, anchors, sway braces, guides or other special hangers. Material for hangers and supports shall be compatible with the piping or neoprene isolators shall be used. Allowances shall be made for expansion and contraction. Steel pipe shall have hangers or supports every 3 m. Copper pipe NPS 1 or smaller shall have hangers or supports every 2 m and sizes larger than NPS 1 shall have hangers or supports every 3 m. Plastic pipe shall have hangers or supports every 1 m. Cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets shall be supported at each joint. Vertical pipes shall be supported with clamps or straps. Horizontal and vertical piping shall be securely supported and braced to prevent swaying, sagging or flexing of joints.

Hangers and supports.--Hangers and supports shall be selected to withstand all conditions of loading to which the piping and associated equipment may be subjected and within the manufacturer's load ratings. Hangers and supports shall be spaced and distributed so as to avoid load concentrations and to minimize the loading effect on the building structure.

Hangers and supports shall be sized to fit the outside diameter of pipe or pipe insulation. Hangers shall be removable from around pipe and shall have provisions for vertical adjustment after erection. Turnbuckles may be used.

Materials for holding pipe in place shall be compatible with piping material.

Hanger rods shall be provided with locknuts at all threaded connections. Hanger rods shall be sized as follows:

NPS Designator	Minimum Hanger Rod Diameter
1/2 to 2	10 mm

Wrapping and coating steel pipe.--Steel pipe buried in the ground shall be wrapped or shall be plastic coated as specified herein:

1. Wrapped steel pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned and primed as recommended by the tape manufacturer.
2. Tapes shall be tightly applied with 1/2 uniform lap, free from wrinkles and voids with approved wrapping machines and experienced operators to provide not less than 1.00 mm thickness.
3. Plastic coating on steel pipe shall be factory applied. Coating imperfections and damage shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
4. Field joints, fittings and valves for wrapped and plastic coated steel pipe shall be covered to provide continuous protection by puttying and double wrapping with 0.50 mm thick tape. Wrapping at joints shall extend a minimum of 150 mm over the adjacent pipe covering. Width of tape for wrapping fittings shall not exceed 50 mm. Adequate tension shall be applied so tape will conform closely to contours of fittings. Putty tape insulation compounds approved by the Engineer shall be used to fill voids and provide a smooth even surface for the application of the tape wrap.

Wrapped or coated pipe, fittings, and field joints shall be approved by the Engineer after assembly. Piping shall be placed on temporary blocks to allow for inspection. Deficiencies shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer before backfilling or closing in.

Thrust blocks.--Thrust blocks shall be formed by pouring concrete between pipe and trench wall. Thrust blocks shall be sized and so placed as to take all thrusts created by maximum internal water pressure.

Plastic pipe underground shall be provided with thrust blocks and clamps at changes in direction of piping, connections or branches from mains NPS 2 and larger, and all capped connections.

Union.--Unions shall be installed where shown and at each threaded or soldered connection to equipment. Unions shall be located so piping can be easily disconnected for removal of equipment. Unions shall be omitted at compression stops.

Insulating union and insulating connection.--Insulating union and insulating connection shall be provided where shown and at the following locations:

1. In metallic water and gas service connections into each building; within 300 mm of building wall or slab penetration. Insulating connections shall be installed above ground and before shut-off valve.
2. In water and gas service connections in ground at point where new metallic pipes connect to existing metallic pipes. Install valve box above insulating connection.
3. At points of connections of copper or steel water pipes to steel potable water heaters and tanks.

Bonding at insulating connections.--Interior water piping and other interior piping that may be electrically energized and are connected with insulating connections shall be bonded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. Bonding shall all be coordinated with electrical work.

Compression stop.--Each fixture, including hose faucets, shall be equipped with a compression stop installed on water supply pipes to permit repairs without shutting off water mains. Ball valves may be installed where shown on the plans or otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

INSTALLATION OF VALVES.--

Exterior valves.--Exterior valves located underground shall be installed in a valve box marked "Water." Extensions shall be provided as required.

INSTALLATION OF FAUCET.--

Hose faucet.--Faucet shall be installed with outlets 0.5 m above finished grade.

INSTALLATION OF CLEANOUTS.--

Cleanouts.--A concrete pad 0.5 m long and 100 mm thick shall be placed across the full width of trench under cleanout Wye or 1/8 bend. Cast iron soil pipe (C1 or C2) and fittings shall be used from Wye to surface. Required clearance around cleanouts shall be maintained.

Cleanout risers installed in tile and concrete floors, including building aprons and sidewalks, shall terminate in a cleanout through floor.

INSTALLATION OF MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.--

Water hammer arrestor.--Water hammer arrestor shall be installed so that they are vertical and accessible for replacement. Water hammer arrestor shall be installed with access door when in walls or there is no access to ceiling crawl spaces. Access door location shall be where shown on the plans or as approved by the Engineer.

Gas appliance connection.--Gas valve and flexible connector shall be provided for gas piping at each appliance. Appropriately rated gas cocks may be used in NPS 1/2 gas pipe. Cock or valve shall be within 1 m of the appliance.

Backflow preventer.--Backflow preventer assembly shall include a wye strainer, backflow preventer, fittings and pipe. Assembly components shall be the same size as the pipe in which they are installed unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Backflow preventer shall be installed a minimum of 300 mm above ground and shall be the same size as the pipe in which it is installed unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Flushing completed systems.--All completed systems shall be flushed and blown out.

Chlorination.--The Contractor shall chlorinate all potable water piping and facilities shall be flushed and chlorinated by disinfecting solutions.

Calcium hypochlorite granules or tablets, if used, shall not be applied in the dry form, but shall first be dissolved into a solution before application.

The Contractor shall take adequate precautions in handling chlorine so as not to endanger workmen or damage materials. All pipes and fittings shall be completely filled with water containing a minimum of 50 ppm available chlorine. Each outlet in the system shall be opened and water run to waste until a strong chlorine test is obtained. The line shall then be closed and the chlorine solution allowed to remain in the system for a minimum of 24 hours so that the line shall contain no less than 25 ppm chlorine throughout. After the retention period, the system shall be drained, flushed and refilled with fresh water.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The Contractor shall test piping at completion of roughing in, before backfilling, and at other times as directed by the Engineer.

The system shall be tested as a single unit, or in sections as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish necessary materials, test pumps, instruments and labor and notify the Engineer at least 3 working days in advance of testing. After testing, the Contractor shall repair all leaks and retest to determine that leaks have been stopped. Surplus water shall be disposed of after testing as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall take precautions to prevent joints from drawing while pipes and appurtenances are being tested. The Contractor shall repair damage to pipes and appurtenances or to other structures resulting from or caused by tests.

General tests.--All piping shall be tested after assembly and prior to backfill, pipe wrapping, connecting fixtures, wrapping joints and covering the pipe. Systems shall show no loss in pressure or visible leaks.

The Contractor shall test systems according to the following schedule for a period of not less than 4 hours:

Test Schedule		
Piping System	Test Pressure	Test Media
Sanitary sewer and vent	250 mm head	Water
Water (in building)	860 kPa	Water
Gas (except P6)	690 kPa	Air
Gas (P6)	350 kPa	Air
Water (outside)		Water

During testing of water systems, valves shall be closed and pipeline filled with water. Provisions shall be made for release of air.

Sanitary sewers shall be cleared of obstructions before testing for leakage. The pipe shall be proved clear of obstructions by pulling an appropriate size inflatable plug through the pipe. The plug shall be moved slowly through the pipe with a tag line. The Contractor shall remove or repair any obstructions or irregularities.

Sanitary sewer pipes beyond 1.5 m perpendicular to the building shall be tested for leakage for a period of not less than 4 hours by filling with water to an elevation of 1.2 m above average invert of sewer or to top of manholes where less than 1.2 m deep. The system shall show no visible leaks. The sewer may be tested in sections with testing water progressively passed down the sewer as feasible. Water shall be released at a rate that will not create water hammer or surge in plugged sections of sewer.

Testing backflow preventers.--Backflow preventers installed by the Contractor shall be tested at the completion of the supply system installation for proper operation by a certified Backflow Preventer Tester.

The tester shall hold a valid certificate as a Backflow Preventer Tester from the county in which the device to be tested is located or, if the county does not have a certification program for Backflow Preventer Testers, the tester shall have a certificate from one of the following:

1. The American Water Works Association.
2. A county which has a certification program for Backflow Preventer Testers. The certification under which the tester has been certified shall be acceptable to the water purveyor and the local agency having jurisdiction.

Testing for proper operation shall conform to the procedures of the county in which the testing is being performed, or, if such procedures are not available in the county, such tests shall conform to the provisions in the latest edition of the Guidance Manual For Cross Connection Control Program, which is available from the California Department of Health Services, Division of Drinking Water and Environmental Management, 601 N 7th Street, P.O. Box 942732, Sacramento, CA 94234.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 5 days prior to testing backflow preventers. Such tests shall be satisfactorily completed after installation of the backflow preventer assemblies and before operation of the systems.

One copy of all test results for each backflow preventer shall be furnished to the Engineer.

Full compensation for providing the certified Backflow Preventer Tester and for testing the backflow preventers shall be considered as included in the lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

12-15.03 MECHANICAL INSULATION

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing mechanical insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Piping insulation shall be installed on all potable hot water piping, above grade, in non-conditioned spaces.

P-trap, hot water supply pipes and angle valves for lavatories and sinks, except in janitor closets or similar enclosed spaces, shall be insulated for safety.

Duct insulation shall be installed on all rigid ductwork installed in concealed non-conditioned spaces.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Mechanical insulation shall conform to California State Energy Commission regulations and, where applicable, shall meet American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards.

All materials shall bear the label of the Underwriters Laboratory (UL) or other approved testing laboratory indicating that the materials proposed for use conform to the required fire hazard ratings.

Pipe safety insulation shall conform to Section 1504(b) of Title 24, Part 5, California Plumbing Code.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIAL.--

General.--All pipe insulation and wrapping material, including adhesives and jackets, located within buildings shall be certified to have a composite flame spread rating of not more than 25 and smoke development rating of not more than 450 when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: E 84.

Duct insulation and wrapping material, including adhesives and jackets, located within buildings shall be certified to have a composite flame spread of not more than 25 and smoke development rating of not more than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: E 84.

Alternative pipe insulation.--

Alternative pipe insulation shall be closed cell, elastomeric material in a flexible tubular form. Insulation shall have a service temperature range between -40°C and 93°C, a minimum vapor transmission rating of 0.29 Perm-m, and a minimum thermal resistance of R-0.5 K•m²/W.

Pipe safety insulation.--

Pipe safety insulation for P-traps, hot water supply pipes and angle valves shall be molded closed cell vinyl or closed cell foam with exterior vinyl surface. Pipe safety insulation shall be configured to protect against contact. Pipe safety insulation shall be Truebro Inc., Handi Lav-guard; Plumberex Specialty Products, Handy Shield; or equal.

External duct insulation.--

External duct insulation shall be 38 mm thick, 0.5 kg density glass-fiber blanket type. External duct insulation shall have aluminum jacket for outside installation. Material and coatings shall be fire resistive and shall be approved by the State Fire Marshal. External duct insulation shall be Fiberglas, Type PF-336; Ultralite, No. 100; Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Superfine; Johns-Manville, Microlite; Silvercote, Silvercel; or equal.

Adhesive.--

Adhesive shall be non-flammable type: Benjamin Foster Company, No. 85-20 Spark Safe; Goodloe E. Moore Company, Tuff Bond No. 6; Permacel, No. PA-310; 3M, No. 38 Insulation Adhesive; Swift's, No. 7228 brush type or No. 7336 spray type; Chicago Mastic, 17-461; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Insulation materials shall be neatly installed with smooth and even surfaces, jackets drawn tight and smoothly cemented down.

Insulation material shall not be installed until all pipes or surfaces to be covered are tested for leaks, cleaned and dried, and foreign materials, such as rust, have been removed.

Piping insulation.--Piping insulation shall be in accordance with the following, except that unions, unless integral with valves, and flexible connections shall not be insulated.

- a. Where insulation butts against flanges or is discontinued, insulation shall be tapered to pipe to allow for covering jacket to completely seal off end of insulation.

Insulation shall be extended on the valve bodies up to the valve bonnet.

Extend insulation continuous through pipe hangers and pipe sleeves. At hangers where pipe is supported, provide an insulated protection shield.

Alternate pipe insulation, where used, shall be installed on hot water piping before connections are made or the insulation may be slit lengthwise, applied to pipe and sealed with adhesive.

Pipe safety insulation.--Pipe safety insulation shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Duct insulation.--Ragged edges shall be repaired or taped. Coverings shall be neatly finished at joints and edges. Each joint shall have a 50 mm minimum lap.

Insulation shall be flush with but not cover control devices, damper controls or access doors.

Before insulation is wrapped around concealed ducts, an adhesive shall be spot applied at a maximum of 100 mm centers on each side of the ducts to prevent sagging of the insulation. Insulation shall be wrapped entirely around the ducts and shall be wired securely in place with No. 16 copper clad wire, metal bands at least 10 mm wide or plastic ties. Supports shall be spaced a maximum of 300 mm on centers. Metal bands shall be installed with the use of a banding machine. Seams in the insulation shall be taped.

The finished insulation covering shall be even and level and shall not contain humps.

12-15.04 PLUMBING FIXTURES

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing plumbing fixtures in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

General.--Plumbing fixtures shall be white in color and shall meet the following requirements:

Water closet (disabled accessible, 6 liters per flush, floor mounted with tank).--

Disabled accessible water closet shall be 6 liters per flush maximum, vitreous china, siphonable jet, 410 mm to 440 mm high elongated bowl, close coupled tank, floor mounted, with solid plastic open front elongated seat with check hinges. Tank shall be water pressurized air reservoir type. Water closet shall meet or exceed American Disabilities Act guidelines and ANSI Standards: A117.1 and A112.19.2. Flush handle shall be on open side of stall. Closet and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

	American Standard	Crane	Universal Rundle
Closet	"Cadet 17 EL1.6/PA" 2168.100 or 4086.800	"Hymont" 3-154E or 3-152 with 3-655	"Atlas 1.5" UR 4078-341 or UR 4078-342
Seat	Church 5321.070	Olsonite 95	Benke 527

Water closet (6 liters per flush, floor mounted with tank).--

Water closet shall be 6 liters per flush maximum, vitreous china, siphon jet, elongated bowl, close coupled tank, floor mounted, with solid plastic open front elongated seat with check hinges. Tank shall be water pressurized air reservoir type. Water closet shall meet or exceed ANSI Standard: A112.19.2. Closet and accessories shall be the following types or equal:

	American Standard	Crane	Kohler
Closet	"Cadet EL 1.6/PA" 2292.100	"Economiser" 3-604	"Wellworth" K-3458
Seat	Olsonite 95	Church 5321.070	"Lustra" K-4670-C

Urinal (disabled accessible).--

Urinal shall be vitreous china, wall hung, siphon jet or washout, top spud, integral shields, spreader and trap, with 380 mm maximum extension from wall. Urinal and valve shall meet American Disabilities Act guidelines and shall be of following types or equal:

	American Standard	Crane	Kohler
Urinal	"Allbrook" 6540.017	"Manhattan" 7-109	"Bardon" K-4960-T
Flush valve	Exposed, diaphragm type, chrome plated, with oscillating handle, integral control stop, adjustable tail piece and vacuum breaker suitable for use with top spud urinals.		

Lavatory (counter mounted).--

Lavatory shall be self-rimming vitreous china, integral perforated grid drain, drilled for 102 mm centers, nominal bowl size 254 mm x 457 mm, with single extra long lever mixing faucet. Lavatory shall be equipped with temperature controls to limit the hot water supply to 43°C. Lavatory shall be equipped with a flow limiting device that limits the flow rate of hot water to no more than 2 liters per minute. Lavatory and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

	American Standard	Eljer	Kohler
Lavatory	"Aqualyn" 0476.028	"Kathy" 051-3334	"Rondelle" K-2185
Drain	2411.015	803-052	K-7715
Supplies	Brass Craft FR1711C	801-0111	K-7606
Faucet	Moen 8425	-----	15592-5
Trap	NPS 1 1/4 chromium plated brass exposed bent tube adjustable 1.37 mm (17-gage) minimum thickness.		

Mop sink.--

Mop sink shall be acid resisting enameled cast iron, 711 mm x 711 mm outside dimensions, NPS 3 trap, vinyl coated rim guard, vacuum breaker faucet with hose and wall hook. Sink and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

	American Standard	Eljer	Kohler
Mop sink	"Florwell" 7740.020	"Custodial" 242-0050	"Whitby" K-6710
Strainer	7721.038	803-0630	K-9146
Faucet	8344.111	749-1450	K-8928

Kitchen sink.--

Kitchen sink shall be 18 gage, Type 304 polished stainless steel, self-rimming with faucet ledge, seamlessly drawn, with undercoating. Sink bowl shall be 430 mm x 430 mm x 190 mm (nominal). Kitchen faucet shall have 100 mm centers, single lever, and gooseneck spout.

Water heater (gas).--

Water heater shall be minimum capacity as shown on plans, designed for minimum 860 kPa, glass lined, and equipped with gas pressure regulator, magnesium anodes, cold water drop tube, high temperature energy shut-off device, valved drain, high density R-1.4 minimum foam insulation and finished with a steel jacket with baked enamel finish. Water heater shall meet the requirements of the California Energy Commission.

Water heater shall be equipped with an ASME labeled, tank mounted, pressure and temperature relief valve sized for maximum input.

Electric water cooler (disabled accessible, wall mounted).--

Electric water cooler shall be wall mounted, wheelchair accessible, and shall produce a minimum of 28 liters of 10°C water per hour based upon an inlet water temperature of 27°C and an ambient room temperature of 32°C. Cooler shall have self closing, front and side mounted pushbar actuators, shielded bubbler, automatic stream regulator, loose key stop, adjustable thermostat and cast brass P-trap.

Compressor shall be hermetically sealed, positive start with fan cooled condenser and shall be mounted above the cooler top. Cooler shall be provided with 3-wire grounded plug and cord.

Unit shall be split level model for two-level dispensing of cold drinking water.

Electric water cooler shall be Oasis, P8AMSLFL; Haws; Sunroc; Elkay; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.--**

General.--All finish for exposed metal on any fixture, including wall flanges, bolts, nuts and washer, shall be polished chrome plated.

Fixtures shall be sealed to wall or floor with silicone caulk bead.

All exposed metal surfaces on fixture supports shall be enameled to harmonize with fixtures.

Wall mounted fixtures shall be installed on concealed chair carriers designed to support weight of fixture from the floor, made for the specific fixture to be supported and for the particular installation conditions.

All fixtures shall be provided with accessible metal stop valves.

Hot water supply, trap and tailpiece on lavatories shall be wrapped with insulating material.

Flush valve fixtures designated on the plans as disabled accessible shall be installed so that the valve handle is on the widest side of the stall space.

FIXTURE MOUNTING HEIGHTS.--

General.--Unless otherwise noted, fixtures shall be mounted at the heights shown on the plans.

Mop sink.--Mop sink double faucet shall be mounted on wall above sink back with spout outlet face 1 m above floor.

Water heater.--Water heater shall be installed with seismic restraints, inlet ball valve and insulating connections, and NPS 3/4 pressure and temperature relief drain pipe.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The Contractor shall test piping in accordance with the requirements specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

All installed fixtures shall be tested for proper operation after all plumbing work has been completed.

12-15.05 HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS**PART 1.- GENERAL**

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and testing heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment and systems in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The performance rating and electric service of the HVAC equipment shall be as shown on the plans.

Temperature controls.--Thermostats, relays, and other sensor type control devices required for this work shall be furnished and installed by the supplier of the heating, ventilating and air conditioning equipment. All temperature control

wiring shall be furnished and installed in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 12-16, "Electrical," of these special provisions.

Codes and standards.--Equipment and systems shall conform to California State Energy Commission Regulations and, where applicable, shall be American Refrigeration Institute (ARI), American Gas Association (AGA), Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association, Inc. (SMACNA), and Air Movement and Control Association (AMCA) approved for performance ratings and application shown on the plans.

Any appliance for which there is a California standard established in the Appliance Efficiency Standards may be installed only if the manufacturer has certified to the Commission, as specified in those regulations, that the appliance complies with the applicable standards for that appliance. Space conditioning equipment may be installed only if the manufacturer has certified that the equipment meets or exceeds all applicable efficiency requirements listed in the Energy Efficiency Standards.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

HEATING AND COOLING UNITS.--

Air Conditioner, A/C-1(package unit).--

Air Conditioner, A/C-1 shall be standard, commercial quality, single package unit with weatherproof acoustically lined cabinet. The cabinet shall have convenient access panels and a baked-on enamel finish.

Unit shall be horizontal airflow, provided with positive pressure combustion and mechanical flue gas venting and furnace safety controls.

Compressor shall be hermetically sealed unit, vibration isolated, with short cycling protection, pressure relief valve, high and low pressure switches, liquid-line filter-dryer and crankcase heater.

Indoor air blower shall be adjustable V-belt drive type. The fan and fan motor shall provide the specified air flow, with wet coil, against the external static pressure as noted on the plans.

Motors shall have integral thermal overload protection.

Unit shall be provided with an economizer.

Air conditioner, A/C-2 (split unit).--

Air conditioner, A/C-2, (split unit) shall be cooling only, rotary type compressor, and shall consist of an outdoor condenser unit with an indoor fan/coil unit for each location identified on the plans. The condenser unit shall consist of a rotary type compressor, condensing coil, fan and all controls, tubing and appurtenances required for a complete operating system. The indoor fan coil units shall consist of an evaporating coil, expansion control device, propeller fan, and thermostat. In addition, the indoor unit shall come with a plug or local disconnect. The system shall provide heating or cooling as required by the thermostat. Units shall be Sanyo, Mitsubishi Electric, Toshiba, or equal.

FANS AND VENTILATORS.--

Exhaust fan (ceiling mounted).--

Exhaust fan shall be ceiling mounted, AMCA certified and shall be equipped with grille, backdraft damper and metal housing. Exhaust fan motor shall have integral thermal overload protection. Ceiling exhaust fan shall be Breidert, ILG, Penn, or equal.

HVAC CONTROLS.--

Thermostat (office only).--

Thermostat shall be 24-volt, 7-day programmable, electronic heating/cooling thermostat, and shall be provided with sub-base selector switches for "AUTO-HEAT-OFF-COOL" and fan "AUTO-ON". Thermostat shall be auto-changeover type, and have full temperature range setback capacity. Thermostat shall be Robertshaw, Energy Manager 2; Harper-Wyman Company, Pro-Stat; Honeywell, Chronotherm 111; or equal.

AUXILIARY HVAC COMPONENTS.--

Unless specified herein, all components shall be sized and have the characteristics as shown on the plans.

Rigid ductwork.--

Rigid ductwork shall be galvanized steel sheet metal conforming to the latest edition of the SMACNA "Low Velocity Duct Construction Standards." Galvanized steel shall be cleaned by washing with mineral spirit solvent sufficient to remove any oil, grease or other materials foreign to the galvanized coating.

Spiral duct.--

Spiral duct shall be prefabricated type.

Duct supports.--

Duct supports shall be hot-dip galvanized steel.

Flexible ductwork.--

Flexible ductwork shall be UL 181, Class 1 air duct rated and shall meet the requirements of NFPA 90-A. Duct shall have steel helix wire, flexible insulation, minimum thermal resistance of R-0.7 (m²*K/W), and flame resistant vapor barrier. Inner and outer surfaces shall be non-metallic. Outer surface shall be Copolymer or Mylar, factory applied.

Flexible connection.--

Flexible connection shall be prefabricated type and shall be commercial quality flexible glass fabric coated on both sides with neoprene or hypalon.

Ceiling diffuser (for gypsum board ceilings).--

Ceiling diffuser for gypsum board ceilings shall be rectangular or square type. Diffuser shall be steel with oven baked-on enamel bone white dull finish or extruded aluminum, equipped with a removable core and a standard flanged frame with sponge rubber or felt gasket. Diffuser shall have individually adjustable curved blades, counter-sunk screw holes, shall be surface mounted, with face velocity less than 3.05 m/s; Titus, 250; Air Mate, 400-O; Hart and Cooley, A40; or equal.

Return register (for gypsum board ceilings).--

Return register for gypsum board ceilings shall be rectangular or square, and shall be steel with oven baked-on enamel bone white dull finish or extruded aluminum, fixed bar type, die formed louvers set at 45 degrees, 13 mm spacing maximum, surface mounted; Titus, 335; Air Mate, 280; or equal.

Ceiling diffuser (for suspended ceilings).--

Ceiling diffuser for suspended ceilings shall be 610 mm square. Diffuser shall be steel with oven baked-on enamel bone white dull finish or extruded aluminum, perforated face hinged for easy access, and shall be fitted with fully adjustable air pattern controllers, a removable core, and a standard flanged frame; Titus, PAS; Air Mate, 700; or equal.

Return register (for suspended ceilings).--

Return register for suspended ceilings shall be 610 mm square, steel or extruded aluminum, perforated face hinged for easy access; Air Mate, 700RA; Titus, PAR; or equal.

Volume damper.--

Volume damper shall be opposed blade type, operable from face with screw driver or Allen-head wrench, shall be same manufacturer as diffuser or may be furnished as part of the diffuser.

Balance damper.--

Balance damper shall be butterfly type, 1.52 mm (16-gage) minimum galvanized steel blade, end bearings with steel shaft and locking and indicator operator. Balance damper shall be Ventlock, Young, Anemostat, or equal.

Refrigerant and condensate drain piping.--

Refrigerant and condensate drain piping shall be rigid, Type L copper tubing with brazed solder fittings. The suction line shall be insulated, with vapor barrier and shall be weatherproofed for exterior installation. Factory sealed tubing shall not be used.

Duct Smoke detector.--

The duct smoke detector shall be UL listed, photoelectric type, four-wire, compatible with the air conditioner controls, 24-VDC, solid state with LED annunciator and adjustable sensitivity. The detector shall have a pulsed infrared LED light source and silicone photodiode receiving element and be capable of detecting combustion products other than heat using a light sensing or smoke obscuring method. It shall have a five-second response delay to prevent a false alarm.

Duct smoke detector shall be externally mounted, weather protected, with sensor for air duct monitoring, FCI, PSD7155 and DH-51; Federal Signal; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.--**

Heaters.--Appliances shall be connected to a rigidly mounted gas pipe supply system by an AGA approved flex connector and gas valve.

Ventilators.--Exhaust ducts connected to exhaust fans shall be routed as shown on the plans and shall terminate in a weatherproof cap. Duct sizes shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

Condensate drains.--Air conditioning units shall be provided with condensate drain trap and piping. Outdoor piping shall extend as shown on the plans. Air gap shall be installed where required by code. Interior condensate drain piping shall be insulated with foam insulation.

Mounting heights.--Thermostats shall be installed as shown on the plans.

Air outlets.--Volume dampers shall be furnished and installed for all diffusers. Blocking shall be provided on all sides of air outlets between ceiling or wall joists. Collars shall be supplied for all outlets and shall be taped and sealed in place.

Vents.--Vents shall be securely fastened to the building construction, shall be provided with a collar at all ceiling penetrations and shall terminate with a weather cap fabricated of the same material.

Access door.--Balance Dampers shall be located where accessible from suspended ceilings or provided with an access door in gypsum board ceiling.

Ducts and vents.--Ductwork within the building shall be installed to clear lighting fixtures, doors, windows and other obstructions. Ductwork shall preserve head room and shall keep openings and passageways clear whether shown on plans or not.

Ductwork shall be installed and braced according to the latest edition of the SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards."

Slopes in sides at transitions shall be approximately one to five. The ductwork system shall not contain abrupt changes or offsets of any kind unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Where ducts pass through walls, floors or ceilings, galvanized sheet metal or steel angle collars shall be installed around the ducts.

Duct sections shall be connected by beaded sleeve-type couplings using joint sealer as recommended by the duct manufacturer. Duct sections shall be mechanically fastened with pop rivets or sheet metal screws and sealed with mastic or insulated, reinforced silver tape.

Flexible connections shall be provided at both supply and return ducts to air conditioner, A/C-1, package unit.

All standing seams and transverse joints of supply, return and exhaust ducts and seams around plenums, fan and coil housings shall be sealed with sealant and taped.

Duct Smoke detector.--Duct smoke detector shall be installed in supply and return air ducts for the air conditioning unit A/C-1 per manufacturer's instructions at the location shown on the plans. Smoke detector shall shut down A/C-1 upon detecting products of combustion.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Pre-test requirements.--Before starting or operating systems, equipment shall be cleaned and checked for proper installation, lubrication and servicing.

In each system, at least one air path, from fan to final outlet, shall have all balance dampers open. The final air quantities shall be achieved by adjusting the volume dampers or the fan RPM.

Final adjustments and balancing of the systems shall be performed in such a manner that the systems will operate as specified and as shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall replace or revise any equipment, systems or work found deficient during tests.

All automatic operating devices which are pertinent to the adjustment of the aforementioned air systems shall be set and adjusted to deliver the required quantities of air and at temperatures specified by the Engineer. All control work shall be done in collaboration with the control manufacturer's representative.

Project completion tests.--The Engineer shall be notified at least 3 working days in advance of starting project completion tests.

Upon completion of mechanical work and pre-test requirements, or at such time prior to completion as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall operate and test installed mechanical systems for at least 3 consecutive 8-hour days to demonstrate satisfactory overall operation.

SECTION 12-16. ELECTRICAL

12-16.01 ELECTRICAL WORK

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing electrical work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Electrical work shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services required to construct and install the complete electrical system shown on the plans and the work of installing electrical connections for the thermostats, motors, and controls specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

System layouts are generally diagrammatic and location of equipment is approximate. Exact routing of conduits and other facilities and location of equipment is to be governed by structural conditions and other obstructions, and shall be coordinated with the work of other trades. Equipment requiring maintenance and inspection shall be located where it is readily accessible for the performance of such maintenance and inspection.

Related work.--Earthwork, foundations, sheet metal, painting, mechanical and such other work incidental to and necessary for the proper installation and operation of the electrical work shall be done in accordance with the requirements specified for similar work elsewhere in these special provisions.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.—

Operation and maintenance manuals.--Prior to the completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions with parts lists for the equipment specified herein shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The instructions and parts lists shall be in a bound manual form and shall be complete and adequate for the equipment installed. Inadequate or incomplete material will be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--All work performed and materials installed shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code; the California Building Standards Code, Title 24, Part 3, "California Electrical Code," and the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, "Electrical Safety Orders," and all local ordinances.

Warranties and guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

TESTING.--

After the electrical system installation work has been completed, the electrical system shall be tested in the presence of the Engineer to demonstrate that the electrical system functions properly. The Contractor shall make necessary repairs, replacements, adjustments and retests at his expense.

12-16.02 BASIC MATERIALS AND METHODS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing conduits, conductors, fittings, and wiring devices in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Conduits, conductors, fittings, and wiring devices shall include those accessories and appurtenances, not mentioned, that are required for the proper installation and operation of the electrical system.

Related work.--Roof penetrations shall be flashed and sealed watertight conforming to the requirements specified under "Sheet Metal Flashing" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions for recessed junction and pull boxes, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

CONDUITS AND FITTINGS.--

Rigid steel conduit and fittings.--

Rigid steel conduit shall be threaded, full weight rigid steel, hot-dip galvanized inside and outside with steel or malleable iron fittings. Fittings shall be threaded unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans.

Split or three-piece couplings shall be electroplated, malleable cast iron couplings.

Insulated grounding bushings shall be threaded malleable cast iron body with plastic insulated throat and steel, lay-in ground lug with compression screw.

Insulated metallic bushings shall be threaded malleable cast iron body with plastic insulated throat.

Electrical metallic tubing (EMT) and fittings.--

Electrical metallic tubing shall be formed of cold rolled strip steel, electrical resistance welded continuously along the longitudinal seam with zinc coating outside and enamel or lacquer coating inside.

Couplings shall be electroplated, rain and concrete tight, gland compression type, steel body couplings with malleable iron nuts.

Connectors shall be electroplated, rain and concrete tight, gland compression type, steel body connectors with male hub, malleable iron nut and insulated plastic throat.

Flexible metallic conduit and fittings.--

Flexible metallic conduit shall be fabricated in continuous lengths from galvanized steel strip, spirally wound and formed to provide an interlocking design.

Fittings shall be electroplated screw-in type with malleable cast iron body and threaded male hub with insulated throat.

Liquid tight flexible metallic conduit and fittings.--

Liquid tight flexible metallic conduit shall be fabricated in continuous length from galvanized sheet steel, spirally wound and formed to provide an interlocking design with an extruded polyvinyl chloride cover.

Fittings shall be electroplated, malleable cast iron body, with cap nut, grounding ferrule, and connector body with insulated throat.

CONDUCTORS.--

Conductors.--

Conductors shall be stranded copper wire.

Conductor insulation types unless otherwise shown or specified, shall be as follows:

1. Conductors across hinges of control panel enclosures shall be Type MTW.
2. Conductors shall be type XHHW in wet and outdoor locations.
3. Conductors shall be type THHN in dry locations.

Wire connections and devices.--

Wire connections and devices shall be pressure or compression type, except that connectors for No. 10 AWG and smaller conductors in dry locations may be preinsulated spring-pressure type.

ELECTRICAL BOXES.--

Outlet, device and junction boxes.--

Unless otherwise shown or specified, boxes shall be galvanized steel boxes with knock-outs and shall be the size and configuration best suited to the application indicated on the plans. Minimum size of outlet, receptacle, switch or junction boxes shall be 100 mm square by 40 mm deep, except that switch boxes for the installation of single switches and outlet boxes for flush-mounted light fixtures shall be 50 mm by 75 mm by 40 mm deep.

Multiple switches shall be installed in standard gang boxes, unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans.

Cast metal boxes shall be cast iron boxes with threaded hubs and shall be of the size and configuration best suited to the application shown on the plans.

Flush-mounted boxes shall have stainless steel covers, one mm thick. Cover screws shall be metal with finish to match cover finish.

Unless otherwise shown or specified, surface-mounted boxes shall have galvanized steel covers with metal screws.

Weatherproof junction boxes shall have cast metal covers with gaskets.

Weatherproof switch and receptacle boxes shall have gasketed covers with gasketed hinged flaps to cover switches and receptacles.

Minimum size of outlet, receptacle, switch or junction boxes shall be 100 mm square by 40 mm deep, except that switch boxes for the installation of single switches and outlet boxes for light fixtures shall be 50 mm by 75 mm by 40 mm deep.

Sectional device plates will not be permitted.

Underground pull boxes.--

Pull boxes shall be high density reinforced concrete box with ultraviolet inhibitor polyethylene etched face anchored in concrete and fiberglass cover with hold down bolts. The polyethylene and fiberglass material shall be fire resistant and show no appreciable change in physical properties with exposure to the weather. No. 5 pull box shall be Brooks Products No. 5; Christy Concrete Products, N30; or equal.

Traffic rated pull boxes shall be high density reinforced concrete box with steel cover with hold down bolts and bonding strap. Pull box and cover shall be designed for H20 loading. No. 5 pull box shall be 320 mm by 610 mm.

RECEPTACLES AND SWITCHES.--

Ground fault circuit interrupter receptacles, (GFCI)--

Ground fault circuit interrupter receptacles shall be NEMA Type 5-20R, feed-through type, ivory color, 3-wire, 20-ampere, 125-volt AC, grounding type, specification grade, duplex receptacle with ground fault interruption. Receptacle shall detect and trip at current leakage of 5 milliamperes and shall have front mounted test and reset buttons.

Duplex receptacles.--

Duplex receptacles shall be NEMA Type 5-20R, 3-wire, 20-ampere, 125-volt AC, safety grounding, ivory color, specification grade receptacle suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

Snap switches.--

Snap switches shall be 20-ampere, 120/277-volt AC, quiet type, specification grade, ivory color switch with silver cadmium alloy contacts. Switch shall be suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

Motion sensor wall switches.--

Motion sensor wall switches shall be wall-mounted, 3-wire, 1500-watt incandescent or fluorescent, off-auto-on, passive infrared sensor switch with adjustable photocell override and time delay and shall operate on 120/277 volts. The sensor switch shall cover a minimum of 84 square meters of floor area, be suitable for installation in a single gang box, and shall have a field of view of not less than 170 degrees. The time delay setting shall be adjustable from 30 seconds to 20 minutes, initially set at 5 minutes. Light level adjustment shall be adjustable from 215 lux to 2153 lux, initially set at 753 lux.

Three-way toggle switches.--

Three-way toggle switches shall be 20-ampere, 120/277-volt AC, quiet type, specification grade, ivory color switch with silver cadmium alloy contacts. Switch shall be suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

Four-way toggle switches.--

Four-way switches shall be 20-ampere, 120/277-volt AC, quiet type, specification grade, ivory color switch with silver cadmium alloy contacts. Switch shall be suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--**Warning Tape.--**

Warning tape shall be 100 mm wide and contain the printed warning "CAUTION ELECTRICAL CONDUIT" in bold 19 mm black letters at 760 mm intervals on bright orange or yellow background. The printed warning shall be non-erasable when submerged under water and resistant to insects, acids, alkali, and other corrosive elements in the soil. The tape shall have a tensile strength of not less than 70 kg per 100 mm wide strip and shall have a minimum elongation of 700 percent before breaking.

Pull ropes.--

Pull ropes shall be nylon or polypropylene with a minimum tensile strength of 225 kg.

Watertight conduit plugs.--

Watertight conduit plugs shall be a hollow or solid stem expansion plugs complete with inner and outer white polypropylene compression plates and red thermoplastic rubber seal. Seal material shall be non-stick type rubber resistant to oils, salt, and alkaline substances normally available at the construction sites.

Anchorage devices.--

Anchorage devices shall be corrosion resistant, toggle bolts, wood screws, bolts, machine screws, studs, expansion shields, and expansion anchors and inserts.

Electrical supporting devices.--

Electrical supporting devices shall be one hole conduit clamps with clamp backs, hot-dipped galvanized, malleable cast iron.

Construction channel shall be 41 mm x 41 mm, 2.66 mm (12-gage) galvanized steel channel with 13 mm diameter bolt holes, 40 mm on center in the base of the channel.

Telephone outlet boxes.--

Telephone outlet boxes shall be 102 mm square boxes and plates with modular type telephone outlet. Boxes on stud walls shall have plaster ring.

Plates for flush mounting outlets in finished room shall be Type 430 stainless steel, 1 mm thick with satin finish.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**INSTALLATION.--**

Conduit, general.--Rigid steel conduit shall be used unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions.

Electrical metallic tubing may be used in furred spaces and for exposed work indoors above the switch height.

Unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans, flexible metal conduit shall be used to connect suspended lighting fixtures, motors, HVAC equipment, and other equipment subject to vibration in dry locations.

Unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans, liquid-tight flexible metal conduit shall be used to connect motors, HVAC equipment, and other equipment subject to vibration in wet locations.

Conduit installation.--Conduit trade sizes are shown on the plans. No deviation from the conduit size shown on the plans will be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

Conduit shall be concealed unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Conduits shall be tightly covered and well protected during construction using metallic bushings and bushing "pennies" to seal open ends.

A pull rope shall be installed in all empty conduits. At least one meter of pull rope shall be doubled back into the conduit at each termination.

Locations of conduit runs shall be planned in advance of the installation and coordinated with the ductwork, plumbing, ceiling and wall construction in the same areas and shall not unnecessarily cross other conduits or pipe, nor prevent removal of ceiling tiles or panels, nor block access to mechanical or electrical equipment.

Where practical, conduits shall be installed in groups in parallel, vertical or horizontal runs and at elevations that avoid unnecessary offsets.

Exposed conduit shall be installed parallel and at right angles to the building lines.

Conduits shall not be placed closer than 300 mm from a parallel hot water or steam pipe or 75 mm from such lines crossing perpendicular to the runs.

Single conduit runs shall be supported by using one hole pipe clamps. Where run horizontally on walls in damp or wet locations, conduit shall be installed with "clamp backs" to space conduit off the surface.

Multiple conduit runs shall be supported with construction channel secured to the building structure. Conduits shall be fastened to construction channel with channel compatible pipe clamps.

Expansion couplings shall be installed where conduit crosses a building separation or expansion joint.

All floor and wall penetrations shall be sealed water-tight.

Existing underground conduit to be incorporated into a new system shall be cleaned with a mandrel or cylindrical wire brush and blown out with compressed air.

Conduit terminations.--Rigid steel conduits shall be securely fastened to cabinets, boxes and gutters using 2 locknuts and specified insulating metallic bushing. Electrical metallic tubing shall be securely fastened to cabinets, boxes and gutters using specified connectors. Conduit terminations at exposed weatherproof enclosures and cast outlet boxes shall be made watertight using specified hubs.

Grounding bushings with bonding jumpers shall be installed on all type of conduits terminating at concentric knockouts and on all conduits containing service conductors, grounding electrode conductor, and conductors feeding separate buildings.

All future conduits terminated in underground pull boxes or exposed indoor and outdoor shall be provided with watertight conduit plugs.

Warning Tape.--Warning tape shall be placed over each conduit in a trench. Each warning tape shall be centered over the conduit and shall be placed over the 150 mm layer of sand covering the conduit as described elsewhere in these special provisions.

Conductor and cable installation.--Conductors shall not be installed in conduit until all work of any nature that may cause injury is completed. Care shall be taken in pulling conductors that insulation is not damaged. An approved non-petroleum base and insulating type pulling compound shall be used as needed.

Splices and joints shall be insulated with insulation equivalent to that of the conductor.

Provide 155 mm of slack at each outlet and device connection. If the outlet or device is not at the end of a run of wire, connection shall be made with correctly colored pigtails tapped to the runs with splices as specified herein.

Branch circuit conductors in panelboards and load centers shall be neatly trained along a path from the breaker terminals to their exit point. The conductors shall have ample length to transverse the path without strain, but shall not be so long as to require coiling, doubling back, or cramming. The path shall transverse the panelboard gutter spaces without entering a gutter containing service conductors and, unless otherwise shown on the plans, without entering the gutter space of any panelboard feeder.

All pressure type connectors and lugs shall be retightened after the initial set.

Splices in underground pull boxes and similar locations shall be made watertight.

Junction boxes in furred or accessible ceiling spaces shall be identified with felt-tip pen denoting the circuits contained in the box.

Conductor identification.--The neutral and equipment grounding conductors shall be identified as follows:

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Neutral conductor shall have a white or natural gray insulation except that conductors No. 4 and larger may be identified by distinctive white marker such as paint or white tape at each termination.

Equipment grounding conductor shall be bare or insulated. If insulated, equipment grounding conductors shall have green or green with one or more yellow stripes insulation over its entire length except that conductors No. 4 and larger may be permanently identified by distinctive green markers such as paint or green tape over its entire exposed insulation.

Feeder and branch circuit ungrounded conductors shall be color coded by continuously colored insulation, except conductors No. 6 AWG or larger may be color coded by colored tape at each connection and where accessible. Ungrounded conductor color coding shall be as follows:

SYSTEM	COLOR CODE
120/240V-Single phase	Black, blue
120/240V-Three phase	Black, orange, blue

Where more than one branch circuit enters or leaves a conduit, panel, gutter, or junction box, each conductor shall be identified by its panelboard and circuit number. All control conductors including control conductors of manufacturer supplied and field wired control devices shall be identified at each termination with the wire numbers shown on the plans, approved working drawings, and as directed by the Engineer where deemed necessary. Identification shall be made with one of the following:

1. Adhesive backed paper or cloth wrap-around markers with clear, heat shrinkable tubing sealed over either type of marker.
2. Self-laminating wrap around type, printable, transparent, permanent heat bonding type thermoplastic film markers.
3. Pre-printed, white, heat-shrinkable tubing.

Each terminal block shall have a molded marking strip attached with screws. The identifying numbers of the terminating conductors, as shown on the plans or on the submittal drawings, shall be engraved in the marking strip.

Outlet, device and junction box installation.--Where one or more threaded steel conduits are required to connect to an outlet, device, or junction box, the box shall be a cast metal box with threaded hubs. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, all other boxes shall be sheet steel boxes. Weatherproof outlet, device and junction boxes shall have cast metal covers with gaskets. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, all other boxes shall have standard galvanized covers.

All boxes shall finish flush with building walls, ceiling and floors except where exposed work is called for.

Raised device covers (plaster rings) shall be installed on all boxes concealed in concrete, masonry or stud walls.

No unused openings shall be left in any box. Knockout seals shall be installed as required to close openings.

Outlet, device, and junction boxes shall be installed at the locations and elevations shown on the plans or specified herein. Adjustments to locations may be made as required by structural conditions and to suit coordination requirements of other trades.

Boxes in stud walls and partitions shall not be mounted back to back. Through-wall boxes shall not be used.

Boxes installed in metal stud walls shall be equipped with brackets designed for attaching directly to the studs or shall be mounted on heavy gauge galvanized steel, snap-in box supports.

Fixture outlet boxes installed in suspended ceilings of gypsum board or lath and plaster construction shall be mounted on 1.52 mm (16-gage) metal channel bars attached to main ceiling runners.

Fixture outlet boxes for pendant-mounted fixtures installed in suspended ceilings supporting acoustical tiles or panels shall be supported directly from the structures above.

Underground pull box installation.--Electrical pull box covers or lids shall be marked "ELECTRICAL." Telephone service pull box covers or lids shall have plain, unmarked covers.

The bottom of pull boxes shall be bedded in 155 mm of clean, crushed rock or gravel and shall be grouted with 40 mm thick grout prior to installation of conductors. Grout shall be sloped to a 25 mm PVC pipe drain hole. Conduit shall be sealed in place with grout.

Top of pull boxes shall be flush with surrounding grade or top of curb. In unpaved areas where pull box is not immediately adjacent to and protected by a concrete foundation, pole or other protective construction, the top of pull box

shall be set at plus 30 mm above surrounding grade. Pull boxes shown on the plans in the vicinity of curbs shall be placed adjacent to the back of curb. Pull boxes shown on the plans adjacent to lighting standards shall be placed on the side of foundation facing away from traffic.

Anchorage.--Hangers, brackets, conduit straps, supports, and electrical equipment shall be rigidly and securely fastened to surfaces by means of toggle bolts on hollow masonry; expansion shields and machine screws, or expansion anchors and studs or standard preset inserts on concrete or solid masonry; machine screws or bolts on metal surfaces; and wood or lag screws on wood construction.

Anchorage devices shall be installed in accordance with the anchorage manufacturer's recommendations.

Mounting heights.--Electrical system components shall be mounted at the following mounting heights, unless otherwise shown on the plans. The mounting height dimensions shall be measured above the finished floor to the bottom of the device or component.

Thermostats	1.1 m maximum, office areas 1.25 m maximum, hallways
Wall switches	1.0 m maximum
Convenience outlets	510 mm minimum, office areas 1.25 m minimum, all other areas
Electric water cooler outlet	As recommended by the water cooler manufacturer.
Telephone and radio outlets	510 mm minimum

12-16.03 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing panelboards, disconnect switches, and related accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Related work.--Anchorage devices shall be as specified under "Basic Materials and Methods" elsewhere in this Section 12-16.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

SWITCHES.--

Air conditioner disconnect switch for A/C-1.--

Air Conditioner Disconnect switch shall be 3-pole, 240-volt, AC, 100-ampere, fused, heavy duty safety switch in a NEMA-3R enclosure. The fuses shall be sized to suit the air conditioning unit furnished.

Air conditioner disconnect switch for A/C-2.--

Air Conditioner Disconnect switch shall be 2-pole, 240-volt, AC, 60-ampere, fused, heavy duty safety switch in a NEMA-3R enclosure. The fuses shall be sized to suit the air conditioning unit furnished.

Nameplates.--

Nameplates shall be laminated phenolic plastic with white core and black front and back. Nameplate inscription shall be in capitals letters etched through the outer layer of the nameplate material.

Plywood backing panels.--

Plywood backing panels for mounting electrical or telephone equipment shall be 19 mm, APA plywood panels, C-D PLUGGED and touch-sanded, Exposure 1.

Paint.--

Plywood backing panels shall receive the following paint system: one prime coat, alkyd, interior wood primer and 2 finish coats, acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Plywood backing board.--Plywood backing board shall be securely fastened to walls or other vertical framing.

Surface to be coated shall be cleaned of all dirt, excess materials, of filler by hand cleaning.

Coatings shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions. Each coat shall be applied to a uniform finish, free of skips, brush marks, laps or other imperfections.

Existing panelboards.--Provide new circuit breakers, where required to match existing type unless otherwise shown on the plans. Provide mounting hardware, bus straps, and related materials for proper circuit breaker installation. Provide new panelboard identification nameplate with designation as shown for each panelboard. Remove existing nameplates where applicable. Provide new typewritten circuit directory reflecting changes made under the Contract.

Panelboard installation.--Set cabinets plumb and symmetrical with building lines. Train interior wiring as specified under "Conductor and Cable Installation" in "Basic Materials and Methods" of these special provisions. Touch-up paint any marks, blemishes, or other finish damage suffered during installation. Replace cabinets, doors or trim exhibiting dents, bends, warps or poor fit which may impede ready access, security or integrity.

Mounting height shall be 1.4 meters to the highest circuit breaker handle, measured above the finished floor.

Provide one 19 mm empty conduit from flush panelboard enclosure to a point above furred ceiling for each 16 circuits or fraction thereof in each panelboard.

Where "Future" or "Space" is indicated on the plans, branch connectors, mounting brackets, and other hardware shall be furnished and installed for future breaker.

A typewritten directory under transparent protective cover shall be provided and set in metal frame inside each cabinet door. Directory panel designation for each circuit breaker shall include complete information concerning equipment controlled, including room number or area designated on the plans.

Equipment identification.--Equipment shall be identified with nameplates fastened with self-tapping, cadmium-plated screws or nickel-plated bolts.

Nameplate inscriptions shall read as follows:

Item	Letter height, mm	Inscription
Panel C	8	PANEL C 240V, 3 PHASE, 3-WIRE,
Transfer switch	8	TRANSFER SWITCH
Disconnect switch for A/C-1	8	DISCONNECT SWITCH A/C-1
Disconnect switch for A/C-2	8	DISCONNECT SWITCH A/C-2
Panel A	8	PANEL A 120/240V, 1 PHASE, 3-WIRE

12-16.04 LIGHTING

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and connecting all lighting equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive information, photometric curves, catalog cuts, and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Lighting fixture lamps.--

Lighting fixture lamps shall be type and size as shown on the plans. Lamps shall be General Electric, Phillips, Sylvania, or equal. Fluorescent lamps, unless otherwise noted, shall be 4100K tri-phosphor with a CRI of 70 or greater.

Ballasts.--

Fluorescent ballast shall be high-frequency Electronic ballasts with power factor greater than 0.9, ballast factor at least 0.85, total harmonic distortion less than 20 percent, crest factor less than 1.7, sound rating A, complying with ANSI C 62.41 Category A for surge protection, FCC Part 18 for interference, public law 100-357 for efficacy, and shall be UL Listed, Class P.

Lighting fixtures.--

Lighting fixtures shall be as shown on the plans and as specified herein. Outdoor luminaires shall be listed and labeled "Fixture Suitable For Wet Locations" and "Tamper-proof".

F1.--

Ceiling-mounted fluorescent fixture with two 32-watt T8 lamps, electronic ballast and one-piece, clear acrylic, wrap-around diffuser. The fixture shall be Day Brite, Catalog No.; SWN232; Lithonia, Catalog No. LB 2 32 120; or equal.

F2.--

Static recessed, ceiling-mounted fluorescent fixture with two 32-watt T8 lamps, electronic ballast ceiling type G (Grid), flush aluminum, white door frame. The fixture shall be Lithonia, Series 2SP G 2 32 FW A12 120 GEE; Day-Brite, Catalog No. 2DG232-FA01; or equal.

F3.--

Wall mounted fluorescent fixture with one 32-watt T8 lamp, electronic ballast and clear prismatic lens. The fixture shall be Lithonia, Catalog No. _WC132A-120; Day-Brite, Catalog No. WB132CP; or equal.

H1.--

Outdoor, recessed square, tamper-proof flush screws, with 120 volt and 70 watt high pressure sodium luminaries and integral ballast. The luminaries shall be Devin Lighting Catalog No. D420CP-A65-70HPS; Rued Lighting Series RCA Catalog No. MRC0507-1; or equal.

Photoelectric unit, PC.—

Photoelectric unit shall be cadmium sulfide photoelectric control with capacity of 1200-watt incandescent or 1000-watt inductive or fluorescent load, mounting adapter, and II-NEMA twist lock receptacle; Fisher-Pierce, Ripple, or equal.

Lighting control station, LCD.--

Lighting control station shall consist of a lighting contractor, selector switch and pilot light in a surface mounted NEMA-12 enclosure with a hinged door.

Lighting contractor, L.C.--

Lighting contractor shall be electrically held, 2-pole combination lighting contractor with 120-volt AC coil and 20-ampere, double-break, silver alloy contacts; Square D Company, I.E., Westinghouse, or equal.

Selector switch, SS.--

Selector switch shall be rotary action, double-pole, 2-position, 10-ampere, 120-volt switch. Switch contacts shall have an inductive pilot duty rating of 60 amperes (make), 6 amperes (break) and 10 amperes (continuous) at 120 volts and 35 percent power factor. Selector switch shall have legend plate marked MANUAL-AUTO.

Pilot light, PL.--

Pilot light shall be panel mounted, heavy duty, oil tight indicating light with 120-volt, AC, LED lamp with red domed cap.

Terminal block, TB.--

Terminal block shall be 10-ampere, 300-volt, molded plastic with two or more mounting holes and two or more terminals in each cast block. The molded plastic shall have a high resistance to heat, moisture, mechanical shock, and electrical potential and shall have a smooth even finish. Each block shall have a molded marking strip attached with screws. Terminal blocks shall have tubular, high pressure clamp connectors.

Concrete.--

Concrete shall be as specified under "Cast-In-Place Concrete" in Section 12-3, "Concrete and Reinforcement," of these special provisions. The concrete shall be commercial quality Portland cement concrete containing not less than 337 kilograms of cement per cubic meter.

EXECUTION.--

LIGHTING FIXTURES.--Lighting fixtures shall be mounted securely in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Mounting methods shall be suitable for the particular type of ceiling or support at each location.

The Contractor shall provide all supports, hangers, spacers, channels, fasteners and other hardware necessary to support the fixtures.

Fixtures shall be set at the mounting heights shown on the plans, except heights shown shall be adjusted to meet conditions.

12-16.05 INTRUSION ALARM SYSTEM

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a complete and operational intrusion alarm system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions. The installed system must be compatible with the existing access control/alarm system at Eastern Regional Office located at 1940 South Workman Mill Rd. in Los Angeles County, California.

The system shall include all materials, whether mentioned or not, that are necessary for a complete and operational intrusion alarm system.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--

Design requirements.--The intrusion alarm system shall be a low voltage, direct current, zoned alarm system, and shall consist of a single master reporting control panel in the Maintenance Office building and Equipment Bay Areas. Alarm activity will be reported to a U.L. Listed monitoring company. This company will monitor and report the activity associated with installed devices to include magnetic contact switches, glass break discriminators, and keypad stations. Each zone shall be "supervised, Class B circuit." The end of line resistor shall be installed in the control panel and slave panels.

The alarm system shall self-test and report status of individual zones every twenty-four (24) hours.

The alarm system shall provide an automatically rechargeable back-up power supply system, 24 hour minimum, in case of building power interruption.

The alarm system components shall be U.L. or F.M. Listed. The system proposed shall be approved by the Federal Communication Commission (FCC).

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive information and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

Installation instructions shall include manufacturer and catalog reference, and model number of equipment to be furnished, conduit and conductor sizes, wiring diagram, and floor plan showing locations of multiple switch contact monitor and devices.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Installer qualification.--The installer of the security alarm system shall be licensed by the State Department of Consumer Affairs, Bureau of Collection and Investigative Services. License numbers and expiration dates shall be included on all correspondence.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Control panel.--

The control panel shall be a surface-mounted, locking cabinet, completely self-contained control panel suitable for 120-volt, AC, input power with separate terminals for all external wires.

The control panel shall meet the following requirements:

- Control panel, and identified slave panels, will be compatible with existing access control/alarm system devices at Eastern regional Office; and be U.L. Listed for Fire and Burglar reporting;
- Minimum eight (8) zones (capable of zone expansion);
- Digital dialer communicator;
- 12-volt auxiliary power supply (minimum 24 hours);
- Rechargeable battery (24 hour minimum);
- Battery charger;
- Low battery reporting;
- Silent alarm signaling;
- System connected to RJ31X or RJ38X telephone jack or equivalent;
- Line test every twenty-four (24) hours
- 120-volt, AC, input
- Front accessible control and indication digital keypad;
- U.L Listed for commercial use;
- Remote Control identification.

Magnetic contact switch.--

Magnetic door switch for pedestrian door shall be a 2-section, self-lock mounting type switch, and shall be compatible with the material of the door on which it is installed. The switch shall be epoxied in the switch housing. Magnetic contact switches shall be the type capable of being concealed on the top of the door frame.

Magnetic contact switches for the overhead vehicle doors shall be 2-section, extra heavy-duty, floor mounting type switch with stainless steel armored cable.

Switch shall be housed in a non-magnetic case.

Glass break discriminator.--

Glass break discriminator shall be an acoustic glass break detector. Detector shall respond to energy of breaking windows using piezo-electric crystal microphone. Sensor coverage pattern shall be directional, detecting breakage of uncovered glass in a 10.5 meters wide area at a distance of 3.5 meters minimum. The sensor shall be housed in a fire retardant ABS housing.

Keypad.--

Keypad shall be weatherproof 12 button keypad with 16 user codes capable of expansion to 120, surface-mounted, low voltage (12VDC/24VDC), vandal resistant device with programmable ability for user codes 1-6 digits. Keypad will have an EPROM memory for backup of all codes, have a relock time delay adjustable time from 1-90 seconds or on/off and have a tamper switch to detect unauthorized access to the keypad working mechanism. The keypad will have incorporated four (4) on-board relays for electric door locks, alarm shunting, forced door monitoring and door ajar monitoring.

PART 3. EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--

General.--The intrusion alarm system shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

The switch section without wires shall be recessed flush into the top edge of the door at the approximate center of the door, and the switch section with wires shall be recessed flush in the top section of the door frame. The two sections of the switch shall be mounted directly opposite each other to provide maximum sensitivity. The wiring from each magnetic switch shall be run to the control panel in the zone dedicated for the intrusion alarm circuit.

Magnetic contact switches for overhead doors shall be mounted as follows. The switch section mounted on the bottom edge of the overhead door shall be without wires. The switch section with wire shall be mounted on the floor directly below the switch part without wires. The wiring from each magnetic switch shall be run to the control panel in the zone dedicated for the intrusion alarm circuit.

The glass break discriminator shall be mounted on the ceiling at locations shown on the plans.

At pedestrian access doors the following devices are to be installed per manufacturer's instructions and work as an alarm intrusion detection system controlling ingress into designated areas. The digital keypad is to be mounted internally of the building and will read and process identifying numeric data assigned to each employee. Other components of the entry system will be mounted on the access door and will include a heavy duty cylindrical lockset (storeroom configuration).

Intrusion alarm zoning.—

Intrusion alarm panel zoning shall be as follows:

Eastern Regional Office Bldg. (Electrical Room, Control Panel item #12)

Zone 1: Pedestrian access door into facility from the ENTRY location to include: one Digital Keypad (item#1); one (1) Magnetic Contact Switch-Pedestrian (Delay Entry – 30 second delay) (item #2).

Zone 2: Glass Break Discriminators in Maintenance Clerk Areas (items #3 and #16).

Zone 3: Pedestrian Access Door and Glass Break Discriminator in Foyer Area (items #4 and #5)

Zone 4: Pedestrian Access Doors and Glass Break Discriminators in the Conference Room Area to include: two (2) Magnetic Contact Switches-Pedestrian (items #6 and #9) and two (2) Glass Break Discriminators (items #7 and #8).

Zone 5: Pedestrian Access Doors into Electrical Room to include: two (2) Magnetic Contact Switch-Pedestrian (items#10 and #11)

Zone 6: Pedestrian access door and Glass Break Discriminator in Break Room Area to include: one (1) Magnetic Contact Switch-Pedestrian (item #14) and one (1) glass Break Discriminator (item #13).

Zone 7: Pedestrian Access door into facility from the PATIO location to include: one (1) Digital Keypad (item #14) and one (1) Magnetic Contact Switch-Pedestrian (Delay Entry – 30 Second Delay) (item #15).

Zone 8: Glass Break Discriminators in Landscape Specialist and Contract Manager Room (item#17 and #18).

Zone 9: Glass Break Discriminators in Regional Admin Officer and Regional Manager Offices (items #19 and #20).

Conduit and conductors.--All intrusion alarm system wiring shall be installed in conduit system conforming to the requirements under "Basic Materials and Methods" elsewhere in these special provisions. Conduit size shall be as recommended by the intrusion alarm manufacturer, except that conduits shall be not less than 16 mm diameter. Within the office building areas, conduits shall be concealed in ceiling or walls. All other conduit shall be exposed.

All conductors and cables for the intrusion alarm system wiring shall be as recommended by the intrusion alarm system manufacturer.

All points of protection must be specifically identified by zone when reporting to the intrusion alarm panel. Those conductors in the Crew Building and Warehouse shall first be identified to the appropriate slave control panel and then to the master control panel in the Regional Office Building via the security JB for that building. All points of protection will then be transmitted to the access control/alarm system control panel in the District Office Complex for transmission to the monitoring company.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The operational test for the intrusion alarm system shall be performed by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer. The operational tests shall demonstrate that all functions of the system operate in the manner described in the

manufacturer's literature and demonstrate system stability under normal vibration and shocks to components. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing not less than 10 days in advance of performing the operational tests.

Monitoring.--The contractor shall provide monitoring services for the facility for one year after the acceptance of the contract. The services shall include a toll-free telephone line connecting to the 24-hour on call monitoring station. Monitoring station shall contact designated site representative in the event of alarm and dispatch an immediate on-site response to the alarm location if the site representative cannot be reached or verification of the cause of the alarm cannot be determined.

Monitoring services after the first year will be handled by the State.

DEMONSTRATION.--

Training.--The Contractor shall provide one hour of on-site training on the use, operation, and maintenance of the system for not more than 8 designated State employees. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing not less than 10 days in advance of proposed training class.