

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF ENGINEERING SERVICES

OFFICE ENGINEER

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*Serious Drought.
Help save water!*

April 23, 2014

03-ED-193-R6.0/12.7

03-3M9204

Project ID 0300020533

Addendum No. 1

Dear Contractor:

This addendum is being issued to the contract for CONSTRUCTION ON STATE HIGHWAY IN EL DORADO COUNTY NEAR GEORGETOWN FROM 0.2 MILE WEST OF SLIGER MINE ROAD TO MAIN STREET.

Submit bids for this work with the understanding and full consideration of this addendum. The revisions declared in this addendum are an essential part of the contract.

Bids for this work will be opened on Wednesday, April 30, 2014.

This addendum is being issued to revise the *Notice to Bidders and Special Provisions*.

In the Special Provisions, DIVISION V "SURFACINGS AND PAVEMENTS," Section 39, "HOT MIX ASPHALT," is added as attached.

To *Bid* book holders:

Inquiries or questions in regard to this addendum must be communicated as a bidder inquiry and must be made as noted in the *Notice to Bidders* section of the *Notice to Bidders and Special Provisions*.

Submit the *Bid* book as described in the *Electronic Bidding Guide* at the Bidders' Exchange website.

http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/oe/electronic_bidding/electronic_bidding.html

Inform subcontractors and suppliers as necessary.

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This addendum, EBS addendum file and attachment are available for the Contractors' download on the Web site:

http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/oe/project_ads_addenda/03/03-3M9204

If you are not a *Bid* book holder, but request a book to bid on this project, you must comply with the requirements of this letter before submitting your bid.

Sincerely,



JODY JONES
District Director

Attachment

Replace section 39-1.31 with:

39-1.31 WARM MIX ASPHALT TECHNOLOGY OPTION

39-1.31A GENERAL

39-1.31A(1) Summary

You may produce HMA Type A, Type B, or RHMA-G using an authorized warm mix asphalt (WMA) technology. For Department-authorized WMA technologies, go to the METS Web site.

AASHTO T 324 (Modified) is AASHTO T 324, "Hamburg Wheel-Track Testing of Compacted Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA)," with the following parameters:

1. Target air void content is 7 ± 1 percent
2. 4 test specimens
3. 6-inch gyratory compacted test specimen
4. Test temperature is 122 ± 2 degrees F
5. Impression measurements at every 100 passes
6. Inflection point as the number of wheel passes at the intersection of the creep slope and the stripping slope
7. Testing shut off after 25,000 passes
8. For RHMA test specimens:
 - 8.1. Superpave Gyratory Compactor ram pressure may be increased to a maximum 825 kPa
 - 8.2. Specimens may be held at a constant height for a maximum 90 minutes

HMA samples must be prepared under California Test 304, except the samples must be cured in a forced air draft oven at 275 degrees F for 4 hours \pm 10 minutes.

39-1.31A(2) Definitions

WMA: HMA produced at temperatures no greater than 275 degrees F.

HMA with WMA technology: HMA produced using additives to aid with mixing and compaction of HMA produced at temperatures greater than 275 degrees F.

39-1.31A(3) Submittals

39-1.31A(3)(a) General

With the JMF submittal as specified in section 39-1.03C, submit:

1. For WMA water injection foam technology:
 - 1.1. Name of technology
 - 1.2. Laboratory Procedure LP-12 test result for foamed bitumen expansion ratio dated within 12 months of submittal
 - 1.3. Laboratory Procedure LP-12 test result for foamed bitumen half-life dated within 12 months of submittal
 - 1.4. Optimum foaming water content
 - 1.5. Proposed HMA production temperature range
2. For WMA additive technology:
 - 2.1. Name of technology
 - 2.2. Percent admixture by weight of binder and percent admixture by total weight of HMA as recommended by the manufacturer
 - 2.3. Methodology for inclusion of admixture in laboratory-produced HMA
 - 2.4. Proposed HMA production temperature range

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The 4th and 5th paragraphs of section 39-1.03C do not apply. Instead submit:

1. California Test 371 test results for dry strength for untreated plant-produced HMA
2. California Test 371 test results for tensile strength ratio for untreated plant-produced HMA
3. California Test 204 test results for plasticity index if untreated plant-produced HMA test result determined under California Test 371 is below the specified HMA mix design requirements
4. California Test 371 test results for treated plant-produced HMA if untreated plant-produced HMA test result determined under California Test 371 is below the specified HMA mix design requirements
5. AASHTO T 324 (Modified) test results data showing number of passes with rut depth for plant-produced HMA
6. AASHTO T 324 (Modified) test results data showing number of passes at inflection point for plant-produced HMA

39-1.31A(3)(b) Prepaving Conference

With the JMF submittal, submit a list of names participating in the prepaving conference. Identify each participant's name, employer, title, and role in the production and placement of WMA or HMA with WMA technology.

39-1.31A(3)(c) Tests and Samples

The 6th paragraph of section 39-1.03C does not apply.

At production start-up and within $\pm 1,000$ tons of the halfway point of production of HMA produced using WMA technology, submit samples split from your HMA production sample for California Test 371 and AASHTO T 324 (Modified) test to the Engineer and METS, Attention: Moisture Test.

With the JMF submittal, at JMF verification, at production start-up, and for each 10,000 tons of HMA produced, submit California Test 371 test results and AASHTO T 324 (Modified) test results for mix design and production to the Engineer and electronically to:

Moisture_Tests@dot.ca.gov

With the JMF submittal, at JMF verification, at production start-up evaluation, and for each 10,000 tons of HMA produced, submit 1 tested sample set from the AASHTO T 324 (Modified) test to the Engineer.

39-1.31A(3)(d) Daily Production Log

Submit the log of production data, daily and upon request.

39-1.31A(4) Quality Control and Assurance

39-1.31A(4)(a) General

Not Used

39-1.31A(4)(b) Technical Representative

A technical representative from the WMA technology supplier must be present during the first 3 days of production and placement of WMA or HMA using WMA technology. The technical representative must advise you, the Engineer, and the HMA producer regarding the HMA mix operation as it relates to the WMA technology.

The technical representative must advise the HMA producer regarding HMA plant and HMA plant process-controller modifications necessary for integrating WMA technology with HMA plant. HMA plant modifications and WMA technology equipment, scales, and meters must comply with the Department's Materials Plant Quality Program (MPQP).

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39-1.31A(4)(c) Prepaving Conference

Schedule a prepaving conference with the Engineer at a mutually agreed time and place. Make arrangements for the conference facility. Be prepared to discuss:

1. HMA production and placement
2. Method for incorporating WMA technology and any impacts on HMA production and placement including requirements for compaction and workmanship
3. Contingency plan

The following personnel must attend the prepaving conference:

1. Project Manager
2. Superintendent
3. Technical representative for WMA technology
4. HMA plant manager
5. HMA plant operators
6. HMA paving foreman

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39-1.31A(4)(d) Quality Control Testing

In addition to the requirements specified in section 39-2.02B for Standard construction process and section 39-4.02C for QC/QA construction process and for Method construction process, perform sampling and testing at the specified frequency and location for the following additional quality characteristics:

Minimum Quality Control

Quality characteristic	Test method	Minimum sampling and testing frequency	Requirement			Sampling location	Maximum reporting time allowance
			HMA Type				
			A	B	RHMA-G		
Moisture susceptibility (minimum dry strength, psi)	California Test 371	First production day and 1 per every 10,000 tons	120	120	120	Loose mix behind the paver. See California Test 125	15 days
Moisture susceptibility (tensile strength ratio, %)	California Test 371		Report Only	Report Only	Report Only		
Hamburg wheel track (minimum number of passes at 0.5 inch average rut depth) PG-58 PG-64 PG-70 PG-76	AASHTO T 324 (Modified)		10,000 15,000 20,000 25,000	10,000 15,000 20,000 25,000	15,000 20,000 25,000 --	Loose mix behind the paver. See California Test 125	7 days ^a
Hamburg wheel track (inflection point minimum number of passes) PG-58 PG-64 PG-70 PG-76	AASHTO T 324 (Modified)		10,000 10,000 12,500 15,000	10,000 10,000 12,500 15,000	10,000 12,500 15,000 --		

^a Submit test data and 1 tested sample set.

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39-1.31A(4)(e) Engineer's Acceptance

In addition to the requirements specified in section 39-2.03A for Standard construction process, section 39-3.02A for Method construction process, and section 39-4.04A for QC/QA construction process, the Engineer samples HMA for acceptance testing and tests for the following additional quality characteristic:

HMA Acceptance

Quality characteristic	Test method	Requirement			Sampling location
		HMA Type			
		A	B	RHMA-G	
Moisture susceptibility (minimum dry strength, psi)	California Test 371	120	120	120	Loose mix behind the paver. See California Test 125
Moisture susceptibility (tensile strength ratio, %)	California Test 371	Report Only ^a	Report Only ^a	Report Only ^a	
Hamburg wheel track (minimum number of passes at 0.5 inch average rut depth)	AASHTO T 324 (Modified)				
PG-58		10,000	10,000	15,000	
PG-64		15,000	15,000	20,000	
PG-70		20,000	20,000	25,000	
PG-76		25,000	25,000	--	
Hamburg wheel track (inflection point minimum number of passes)	AASHTO T 324 (Modified)				
PG-58		10,000	10,000	10,000	
PG 64		10,000	10,000	12,500	
PG-70		12,500	12,500	15,000	
PG-76		15,000	15,000	--	

^aThe Department does not use California Test 371 tensile strength ratio test results from production to determine specification compliance.

39-1.31B MATERIALS

39-1.31B(1) General

Not Used

39-1.31B(2) Foaming Bitumen

If water injection is used by the WMA technology, the foamed bitumen must have the following quality characteristics:

Quality Requirements for Foaming Bitumen

Quality characteristic	Test method	Requirement
Expansion ratio (minimum)	LP-12	4
Half-life (seconds minimum)	LP-12	4

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For Laboratory Procedure LP-12, go to the METS Web site.

39-1.31B(3) Hot Mix Asphalt

39-1.31B(3)(a) General

Not Used

39-1.31B(3)(b) Mix Design

For WMA additive technology, produce HMA mix samples for your mix design using your methodology for inclusion of WMA admixture in laboratory produced HMA. For WMA water injection foam technology, the use of foamed asphalt for mix design is not required.

HMA mix design must comply with the following quality characteristics:

Hot Mix Asphalt Mix Design Requirements

Quality characteristic	Test method	HMA Type		
		A	B	RHMA
Moisture susceptibility (minimum dry strength, psi)	California Test 371	120	120	120
Moisture susceptibility (tensile strength ratio, %)	California Test 371	70	70	70
Hamburg wheel track (minimum number of passes at 0.5 inch average rut depth)	AASHTO T 324 (Modified)			
PG-58		10,000	10,000	15,000
PG 64		15,000	15,000	20,000
PG-70		20,000	20,000	25,000
PG-76		25,000	25,000	--
Hamburg wheel track (inflection point minimum number of passes)	AASHTO T 324 (Modified)			
PG-58		10,000	10,000	10,000
PG 64		10,000	10,000	12,500
PG-70		12,500	12,500	15,000
PG-76		15,000	15,000	--

If the determined test results under California Test 371 or AASHTO T 324 (Modified) for untreated plant produced HMA are less than the minimum requirement for the mix design, determine the plasticity index of the aggregate blend under California Test 204. Choose from the antistripping treatments based on plasticity index as shown in the following table:

Hot Mix Asphalt Antistripping Treatment Options

Quality characteristic	Test method	Treatment requirement
Plasticity index from 4 to 10 ^a	California Test 204	Dry hydrated lime with marination Lime slurry with marination
Plasticity index less than 4		Liquid antistripping Dry hydrated lime without marination Dry hydrated lime with marination Lime slurry with marination

^a If the plasticity index is greater than 10, do not use that aggregate blend.

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Mix design for treated plant-produced HMA must comply with the mix design requirements, except if the tensile strength ratio test result for treated plant produced RHMA-G is less than the mix design requirement for tensile strength ratio, the minimum tensile strength ratio requirement is waived, but you must use any of the following antistrip treatments:

1. HMA aggregate lime treatment – slurry method
2. HMA aggregate lime treatment – dry lime method
3. Liquid antistrip treatment using 0.5 percent liquid antistrip

39-1.31B(3)(c) Job Mix Formula Verification

HMA produced for JMF verification must be produced using the WMA technology shown in the JMF submittal.

Perform the AASHTO T 324 (Modified) test for compliance with the mix design requirements. Submit test data and one tested sample set from the AASHTO T 324 (Modified) test.

The Engineer may verify that the HMA complies with the mix design requirements for AASHTO T 324 (Modified) and California Test 371.

If you request, the Engineer verifies RHMA-G quality requirements within 5 business days of sampling. The 2nd sentence in the 8th paragraph of section 39-1.03E does not apply.

39-1.31B(4) Production

39-1.31B(4)(a) General

For the Standard and QC/QA construction processes, HMA produced using WMA technology must be produced at a temperature between 240 and 325 degrees F.

For the Method construction process, HMA produced using WMA technology must be produced at the temperatures specified in section 39-1.08.

HMA additives used for antistrip treatment and WMA technologies may be either in a liquid or dry state.

The HMA plant must have a sampling device in the feed line connecting the additive storage to the additive metering system. The sampling equipment must comply with California Test 125.

39-1.31B(4)(b) Proportioning Warm Mix Asphalt Technologies

HMA plants using WMA technology must comply with the Department's MPQP.

Proportion all ingredients by weight. The HMA plant process controller (PPC) must be the sole source of ingredient proportioning control and be fully interfaced with all scales and meters used in the production process. The addition of the HMA additive must be controlled by the PPC.

Weighing and metering devices used for the production of additive enhanced HMA must comply with the requirements of the MPQP. If a loss-in-weight meter is used for dry HMA additive, the meter must:

1. Comply with the requirements of the MPQP
2. Have an automatic and integral material delivery control system for the refill cycle

Calibrate the loss-in-weight meter by:

1. Including at least 1 complete system refill cycle during each calibration test run
2. Operating the device in a normal run mode for 10 minutes immediately before starting the calibration process
3. Isolating the scale system within the loss-in-weight feeder from surrounding vibration
4. Checking the scale system within the loss-in-weight feeder for accuracy before and after the calibration process and daily during mix production
5. Using a 15-minute or 250-pound-minimum test run size for a dry ingredient delivery rate of less than 1 ton/hr
6. Complying with the limits of Table B, "Conveyor Scale Testing Extremes," in the MPQP

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Produce additive enhanced HMA by using either a continuous mixing or a batch type HMA plant.

Liquid ingredient additive, including a normally dry ingredient made liquid, must be proportioned with a mass flow meter at continuous mixing plants. Use a mass flow meter or a container scale to proportion liquid additives at batch mixing plants.

Continuous mixing plants using HMA additives must comply with the following:

1. Dry ingredient additives for continuous production must be proportioned with a conveyor scale or a loss-in-weight meter.
2. HMA PPC and ingredient measuring systems must be capable of varying all ingredient feed rates proportionate with the dry aggregate delivery at all production rates and rate changes.
3. Liquid HMA additive must enter the production stream with the binder. Dry HMA additive must enter the production stream at or before the mixing area.
4. If dry HMA additives are used at continuous mixing HMA plants, baghouse dust systems must return all captured material to the mix.
5. HMA additive must be proportioned to within ± 0.3 percent of the target additive rate.

Batch mixing plants using HMA additives must comply with the following:

1. Metered HMA additive must be placed in an intermediate holding vessel before being added to the stream of asphalt binder as it enters the pugmill.
2. If a container scale is used, weigh additive before combining with asphalt binder. Keep the container scale separate from other ingredient proportioning. The container scale capacity must be no more than twice the volume of the maximum additive batch size. The container scale's graduations must be smaller than the proportioning tolerance or 0.001 times the container scale capacity.
3. Dry HMA additive proportioning devices must be separate from metering devices for the aggregates and asphalt binder. Proportion dry HMA additive directly into the pugmill or place in an intermediate holding vessel to be added to the pugmill at the appropriate time in the batch cycle. Dry ingredients for batch production must be proportioned with a hopper scale.
4. Zero tolerance for the HMA additive batch scale is ± 0.5 percent of the target additive weight. The indicated HMA additive batch scale weight may vary from the preselected weight setting by up to ± 1.0 percent of the target additive weight.

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39-1.31B(4)(c) Production Data Collection

The HMA PPC must produce an electronic log of production data consisting of a series of snapshots captured at a maximum of 1-minute intervals throughout daily production. Each snapshot of production data must be a register of production activity at that time and not a summation of the data over the preceding interval to the previous snapshot. The amount of material represented by each snapshot is the amount produced during the 0.5-minute interval before and the 0.5-minute interval after the capture time. Collect and hold data for the duration of the contract and submit the electronic media, daily and upon request. The snapshot of production data must include the following:

1. Date of production
2. Production location
3. Time of day the data is captured
4. HMA mix type being produced and target binder rate
5. HMA additive type, brand, and target rate
6. Temperature of the binder and HMA mixture
7. For a continuous mix operation, the rate of flow of the dry aggregate calculated from the wet aggregate flow rate as determined by the conveyor scale
8. For a continuous mix plant operation, the rate of flow of the asphalt meter
9. For a continuous mix plant operation, the rate of flow of HMA additive meter
10. For a batch plant operation, actual batch weights of all ingredients
11. Dry aggregate to binder ratio calculated from metered ingredient output
12. Dry aggregate to HMA additive ratio calculated from metered output

Electronic media must be presented in a comma-separated values (CSV) or tab-separated values (TSV) format. Captured data, for the ingredients represented by production snapshot, must have allowances for sufficient fields to satisfy the amount of data required by these specifications and include data titles at least once per report.

39-1.31C CONSTRUCTION

You must request adjustments to the plant asphalt binder set point based on new RAP stockpiles average asphalt binder content. Do not adjust the HMA plant asphalt binder set point unless authorized.

The specified temperatures in section 39-1.11 for transporting, spreading and compacting of HMA apply to HMA produced using WMA technology. For the Method construction process, the specified temperatures in section 39-3.04 for transporting, spreading, and compacting of HMA apply to HMA produced using WMA technology.

39-1.31D PAYMENT

Not Used

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