# Section 1 - BRIDGE SUPERSTRUCTURE

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<th>XS Sheet Numbers</th>
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<td>Description of Component</td>
<td>Precast Pretensioned Wide Flange Girders with debonded strands</td>
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## Standard Drawing Features

1) **Elevation:**
   - Girder Length “L” needs to be provided. If different girder lengths are used, fill out the table.
   - Shear stirrups spacing in regions A, B, C, etc, shall be provided and the table may be used. #5 stirrups are preferred. Caltrans studies have shown that #5@3” at “D” distance from girder ends satisfies girder web splitting force and the results of girder end strut & tie analysis.
   - Debonded length shall be provided in the table.
   - Number of Intermediate diaphragms should be designed based on MTD 11-8 and detailed accordingly.
   - Special details shall be provided if girder ends are not leveled (and remove plan note requiring ends to be leveled).

2) **Typical Girder Section:**
   - Girder Depth “D” shall be provided and may be shown on the table.
   - The spacing for #3 confinement reinforcement normally matches the stirrup spacing. Designer could relax the spacing requirements based on AASHTO LRFD Article 5.10.10.2 if the stirrup spacing is very small such as 3”. In such case, it will relax the congested area and allow for concrete flow to avoid pockets.

3) **Section A-A:**
   - The stirrup design for splitting resistance should be verified based on AASHTO LRFD 5.10.10 - Pretensioned Anchorage Zones. Other standard confinement details are provided for this area to develop the strands. End blocks are normally not needed unless design requires.

4) **Strand Template & Debonding Pattern:**
   - Designer is responsible for defining debonded strand locations and showing number of debonded strands and debonded strand lengths as shown on the table.

5) **Table:**
   - Table shall be used for specifying girder length, girder depth, number of strands, Jacking Force, concrete strength, mid-span deflections due to deck dead load and additional load such as rail. Additional top reinforcement at girder ends may be needed if temporary tensile stress exceeds the allowable stress as specified in AASHTO LRFD Bridge Specifications. If different girders exist, Girder A, B, C, symbols may be used to identify each of them. In some special cases, especially for long span bridges, prestress force may be controlled by strength limit state. In order to reduce initial concrete strength, the
designer could reduce the initial jacking force from max 75% to a lower percentage (such as 72%) to meet the requirements of service limit state. At same time, using extra area of strands to meet the requirements of strength limit state.

6) Strand Extension Hook Detail (At Bent):
   - Per EQ Committee’s request, the detail has been added and the designer shall determine numbers of required strands hooked according to the requirements of seismic design of precast bridge systems.

| Design/General Notes | Several notes, including the max tensile stress limit (75%) and the max temporary tensile stress limit (80%), have been moved to standard specifications. A note of adding temporary top prestressing strands is recommended by IQA to move to the User Guide. The note is “Temporary top prestressing strands may be added to reduce girder end stress and initial concrete strength. Debond top strands in center portion of the girder and bond strands 15’ at girder ends. Must provide access holes for cutting strands after diaphragms are cast and cured, but before the deck slab is placed.” |
| Additional Drawings Needed to Complete PS&E | This sheet works with XS 1-123-2 |
| Contract Specifications | Standard Specifications 2015 |
| Restrictions on Use of Standard Drawings | The project designer and project engineer are responsible for designing this sheet and stamping this sheet. |
| Special Considerations | The project designer and project engineer may modify this sheet based on project needs. Any dimension change to the typical section (related to the precast form) should be consulted with both the PS concrete committee and the precast industry (PCI West). |